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TRIP TO VIENNA (AUSTRIA)

1 MAY - 17 JUNE 1987

PLEASE RETAIN
ORIGINAL ORDER

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UN ARCHIVES

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JH/acb
8 June 1987

ITINERARY FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

| <u>Date</u> | <u>Itinerary</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Hours from GMT</u> | <u>Airline & Flt. Number</u> | <u>Equipmt</u> | <u>Stops</u> |
|---------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------|
| Sat. 13 June | LV: New York (JFK) ARR: Paris (Hotel Sofitel) | 1300 2245 | -4 +2 | AF 002 | SSC | 0 |
| Sun. 14 June | LV: Paris ARR: Amsterdam | 0835 0935 | +2 +2 | AF 910 | 727 | 0 |
| Sun. 14 June | LV: Amsterdam ARR: Berlin (GDR) | 1100 1300 | +2 +2 | IF 481 | TU3 (Y class only) | 0 |
| Mon. 15 June | Berlin (GDR) | | | | | |
| Tues. 16 June | LV: Berlin (GDR) ARR: Vienna (Hilton Hotel) | 1450 1705 | +2 +2 | OS 446 | DC9 | Prague 1 |
| Wed. 17 June | Vienna | | | | | |
| Thur. 18 June | LV: Vienna ARR: Geneva (Hotel Intercontinental) | 1040 1210 | +2 +2 | OS 211 | DC9 | 0 |
| Fri. 19 June | Geneva | | | | | |
| Sat. 20 June | Geneva | | | | | |
| Sun. 21 June | Geneva | | | | | |
| Mon. 22 June | Geneva | | | | | |
| Tue. 23 June | Geneva | | | | | |
| Wed. 24 June | LV: Geneva ARR: Zurich LV: Zurich ARR: Moscow (Immediate transfer to USSR Government Aircraft) LV: Moscow ARR: Minsk (Government House) | 1010 1055 1200 1715 | +2 +2 +2 +4 | SR 925 SU 266 | DC9 TU5 | 0 0 |
| Thur. 25 June | Minsk | | | | | |
| Fri. 26 June | LV: Minsk ARR: Kiev (Government House) | PM | +4 +4 | USSR Gov't Aircraft | | |

| <u>Date</u> | <u>Itinerary</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Hours from GMT</u> | <u>Airline & Flt. Number</u> | <u>Equipmt</u> | <u>Stops</u> |
|---------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------|----------------|
| Sat. 27 June | Kiev (Government House) | | +4 | | | |
| Sun. 28 June | LV: Kiev ARR: Moscow (Government House) | PM | +4 | USSR Govment Aircraft | | |
| Mon. 29 June | Moscow | | | | | |
| Tues. 30 June | Moscow | | | | | |
| Wed. 1 July | LV: Moscow ARR: New York (JFK) | 0855 1315 | +4 -4 | PA 65 (Transfer to 747 in F'furt) | 727 747 | Frankfurt 1 |

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COMPOSITION OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S PARTY

(Europe/USSR)
13 June - 1 July, 1987

The Secretary-General

Mrs. Pérez de Cuéllar

- * Mr. Diego Cordovez
Under-Secretary-General for Special Political Affairs
- ** Mr. Marrack Goulding
Under-Secretary-General for Special Political Affairs
- *** Mr. Vasiliy S. Safronchuk
Under-Secretary-General, Department of Political
and Security Council Affairs
- + Mr. Eugeniusz Wyzner
Under-Secretary-General, Conference Services
and Special Assignments
- ++ Mr. Vladimir Kolesnikov
Special Assistant to the Secretary-General
- Mr. Giandomenico Picco
Principal Officer
- Mr. John Hrusovsky
Chief Operations Officer
- Ms. Yanick Saint-Victor
Secretary to the Secretary-General
- Mr. Nicholas Panzarino
Operations Officer

-
- * Mr. Cordovez will join the Secretary-General's party in Geneva for departure to Moscow
 - ** Mr. Goulding will join the Secretary-General's party in Kiev
 - *** Mr. Safronchuk will join the Secretary-General's party in Moscow
 - + Mr. Wyzner will join Secretary-General's party in Amsterdam and remain with the party until the conclusion of the visit to Berlin (GDK).
 - ++ Mr. Kolesnikov will join the Secretary-General's party in Amsterdam and remain with the party until the conclusion of the visit to Berlin (GDK). He will rejoin the Secretary-General's party in Moscow and will remain with the party until the conclusion of the visit to Minsk and Kiev.

A U S T R I A

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De 08.30 a 16.30 horas

De 09.00 a 14.00 horas (público)

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CONFIDENTIAL

GP:bn cc: SG
File:
x/ref:
b/f: VD/AS
cc:
Extract: Mr. Goulding

NOTES OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S MEETING
WITH THE AUSTRIAN FEDERAL CHANCELLOR

held in Vienna
on 17 June 1987 at 16.50 hours

Present:

The Secretary-General
Mr. Giandomenico Picco
Ms. Joan Anstee

H.E. Dr. Franz Vranitzky
Federal Chancellor of Austria
Mrs. Eva Novotny, Federal
Chancellory
Ambassador Honefeld

The Chancellor raised the issue of the International Drug Conference.

The Secretary-General said that he had appealed for concrete follow-up.

The Chancellor said that organizations in the drug business were threatened by the dealers.

Ms. Anstee mentioned the case of Columbia where 21 out of 24 supreme court members had been killed.

The Chancellor said that wherever somebody was caught, the law enforcement agents had to be moved to another area.

The Secretary-General said that the follow-up mechanism should be established in Vienna.

The Chancellor said that he had met with Gen. Greindl that morning. He wanted to eliminate any shadow lying over his country and Cyprus.

The Secretary-General said that the Swedish decision to withdraw its contingent was irreversible. He was trying to offset it perhaps with larger contingents by countries which were already in the force, since any new contributor would have to be approved by Security Council.

- -

The Chancellor said that Austria was willing to enlarge its contingent

The Secretary-General said that this would be welcome and asked for some 50 more troops. The UN was studying the possibility of increasing its reimbursement to the troop contributors. He expressed appreciation to Austria for its continuous support.

The Chancellor asked whether the arms control efforts affected the UN.

The Secretary-General replied that an improvement in East-West relations would benefit everybody, but regretted that the Security Council had never addressed this issue.

The Chancellor expressed optimism about the chance of a successful conclusion of the disarmament negotiations on INF.

Final

THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S ADDRESS TO
THE AUSTRIAN LEAGUE OF THE UNITED NATIONS
VIENNA, 14 JUNE 1987

MR. PRESIDENT, EXCELLENCIES, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I TAKE PARTICULAR PLEASURE IN BEING HERE TODAY WITH YOU,
THE FRIENDS AND SUPPORTERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

I DO NOT INTEND TO REMIND YOU OF THE ORGANIZATION'S GOALS
OR TO DESCRIBE ITS ACTIVITIES TO YOU,

[SINCE I KNOW THAT YOU ARE FAMILIAR WITH THEM.]

I SHOULD LIKE SIMPLY TO THANK YOU FOR MAKING THE PUBLIC-AT-LARGE,
MORE FAMILIAR WITH THE UNITED NATIONS, AND FOR ENDEAVOURING,
THROUGH THE DISSEMINATION OF OBJECTIVE INFORMATION,
TO PUT AN END TO THE MISUNDERSTANDINGS AND PRÉJUDICES
TO WHICH IT-SOMETIMES-FALLS-VICTIM.

NOW, MORE THAN EVER, IT IS IMPORTANT
TO MOBILIZE PUBLIC OPINION IN THE ORGANIZATION'S FAVOUR,
AND TO PROMOTE A GREATER AWARENESS AMONG THE PUBLIC
OF THE NEED FOR MULTILATERAL CO-OPERATION
IN AN INCREASINGLY INTERDEPENDENT WORLD.
FULL USE WILL NOT BE MADE OF THE UNITED NATIONS,
UNTIL ITS FULL POTENTIAL IS WIDELY RECOGNIZED
AND IT-IS-ACCORDED THE SUPPORT WHICH THIS POTENTIAL MÉRITS.

HENCE THE IMPORTANCE OF THE ACTION THAT YOU ARE TAKING,
TO MAKE YOUR FELLOW COUNTRYMEN UNDERSTAND THE GOALS AND PROGRAMMES,
AND THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND PROBLEMS OF THE ORGANIZATION,
AND OF THEIR RELEVANCE TO AUSTRIANS
AND TO ALL THE WORLD'S INHABITANTS.

I BELIEVE THAT BROAD, POPULAR SUPPORT
CAN BE PARTICULARLY DECISIVE IN THE FOUR AREAS
THAT I HAVE DECIDED TO SPEAK ABOUT TODAY,
ALL OF WHICH, I FEEL, ARE VITALLY IMPORTANT
TO THE FUTURE OF OUR CIVILIZATION:

HUMAN RIGHTS IN GENERAL AND, MORE PARTICULARLY,
THE RIGHT FOR ADEQUATE NOURISHMENT, THE RIGHT TO SHELTER,
AND THE RIGHT TO PROTECTION FROM THE SERVITUDE OF DRUGS.

Pause

— THE UNITED NATIONS IS THE FIRST INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION
TO SET ITSELF THE GOAL OF UNIVERSAL OBSERVANCE OF HUMAN RIGHTS.
FROM THE OUTSET, IT SOUGHT TO DEFINE THIS IDEAL
AND TO EMBODY IT IN LAW.

OVER A PERIOD OF 40 YEARS IT HAS CARRIED OUT EXTENSIVE
NORMATIVE WORK.

FROM THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION TO
THE 1984 CONVENTION AGAINST TORTURE,
IT HAS ADOPTED OVER 60 INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS INSTRUMENTS.

SOME OF THESE INSTRUMENTS,
SUCH AS THE COVENANT ON CIVIL AND POLITICAL RIGHTS AND
THE CONVENTION AGAINST TORTURE,
ENTAIL AN ELEMENT OF EXTERNAL CONSTRAINT.

STATES PARTIES UNDERTAKE TO SUBMIT TO THE COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS REPORTS ON THEIR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INSTRUMENTS IN QUESTION, OR EVEN GO SO FAR AS TO AGREE THAT THE VICTIMS OF VIOLATIONS SHOULD HAVE DIRECT RECOURSE TO THE COMMISSION. INTERNATIONAL MONITORING MACHINERY IS THUS COMING INTO BEING.

WITH A VIEW TO FACILITATING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THESE LEGAL INSTRUMENTS, THE UNITED NATIONS PROVIDES APPROPRIATE TRAINING FOR NATIONAL OFFICIALS RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION. IT THUS MAINTAINS A DIALOGUE WITH GOVERNMENTS, WHICH ARE CO-OPERATING WITH INCREASING WILLINGNESS IN UNITED NATIONS HUMAN RIGHTS ACTIVITIES.

THE COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS APPOINTS EITHER EXPERTS OR SPECIAL RAPPORTEURS TO LOOK INTO CERTAIN SPECIFIC NATIONAL SITUATIONS, OR TO INVESTIGATE SUCH INCIDENTS AS DISAPPEARANCES, SUMMARY OR ARBITRARY EXECUTIONS, INSTANCES OF TORTURE AND MANIFESTATIONS OF RELIGIOUS INTOLERANCE. ONE OF YOUR FELLOW COUNTRYMEN HAS THUS DISTINGUISHED HIMSELF THROUGH HIS CONSCIENTIOUS AND OBJECTIVE WORK.

WE CAN TAKE SOME SATISFACTION IN THESE INDICATIONS OF PROGRESS IN MONITORING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS LAW. FOR THE PRESENT, HOWEVER, WE STILL FACE THE SHOCKING REALITY OF WIDESPREAD INFRINGEMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS.

THE ABHORRENT SYSTEM OF APARTHEID, RACIAL DISCRIMINATION AND OF OPPRESSION IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS AND ON VARIOUS GROUNDS HAVE NOT YET BEEN ERADICATED FROM THE EARTH.

THE SCALE OF VIOLATIONS OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS WHICH IS REPORTED TO THE UNITED NATIONS FROM DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE WORLD, TRULY CASTS SHAME UPON OUR ERA.

IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT THE NORMS THAT HAVE BEEN UNIVERSALLY ADOPTED SHOULD BE APPLIED EVERYWHERE IN THE WORLD, AND THAT THE HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS OF EVERY INDIVIDUAL BE RESPECTED.

I WOULD LIKE IN THIS CONNECTION TO PAY TRIBUTE TO AN AUSTRIAN, DR. KURT HERNDL, WHO AS HEAD OF THE CENTRE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS FOR THE PAST FIVE YEARS HAS MADE A VERY SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTION TO THE PROMOTION AND PROTECTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS.

FOR MY OWN PART, THE ISSUE OF HUMAN RIGHTS IS A MATTER OF DEEP PERSONAL CONCERN.

I BELIEVE THAT THIS ORGANIZATION CAN MAKE A UNIQUE AND GROWING CONTRIBUTION IN AN AREA WHICH TOUCHES EVERY INDIVIDUAL IN OUR MEMBER COUNTRIES.

WHETHER THROUGH THE PROCESSES OF INTERNATIONAL LAW, OR THE PRIVATE AND PATIENT DIPLOMACY OF GOOD OFFICES,

I SHALL CONTINUE TO DEVOTE A VERY SPECIAL PRIORITY TO HUMAN RIGHTS.

~~WE~~ MUST ALL UNITE OUR ENDEAVORS TO TRANSLATE INTO REALITY THE VISION WHICH INSPIRED THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION AND THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENANTS.

Pause

THE RIGHT TO ADEQUATE NOURISHMENT IS THE MOST FUNDAMENTAL OF ALL HUMAN RIGHTS. APPROXIMATELY 500 MILLION PEOPLE ARE SUFFERING FROM CHRONIC MALNUTRITION, THE MOST AFFECTED BEING SMALL CHILDREN IN RURAL AREAS. YET GLOBAL FOOD PRODUCTION IS SUFFICIENT TO FEED THE POPULATION OF THE WORLD. THE PROBLEM IS THAT IT IS BADLY DISTRIBUTED, AND FOOD SURPLUSES DO NOT REACH THE VICTIMS OF SHORTAGES IN TIME. THE SITUATION IS LIKELY TO DÉTÉRIORATE, BECAUSE IT IS EXPECTED THAT IN POOR COUNTRIES WITH HIGH POPULATION GROWTH RATES AND LOW AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIVITY, FOOD PRODUCTION PER INHABITANT WILL CONTINUE TO DROP. PARTICULARLY IN AFRICA, THE RESUMPTION OF RAINFALL HAS NOT BANISHED THE SPECTRE OF FAMINE.

IF THIS UNACCEPTABLE SITUATION IS TO BE ENDED, THE AGRICULTURAL SECTOR OF THE COUNTRIES AFFECTED MUST BE RESTORED AND STRENGTHENED. MANY COUNTRIES HAVE ALREADY GIVEN RENEWED PRIORITY TO AGRICULTURE / AND ENSURED THAT FARMERS RECEIVE GREATER REMUNERATION. HOWEVER, THE EFFORT REQUIRED IN ORDER TO RAISE AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIVITY AND MAKE PROGRESS TOWARDS FOOD SELF-SUFFICIENCY, IS TRULY GIGANTIC. BETTER AGRICULTURAL TECHNIQUES HAVE TO BE DEVELOPED; PEOPLE HAVE TO BE TRAINED TO USE THEM, AND BE GIVEN EASIER ACCESS TO CRÉDIT; THE MARKETING OF THEIR PRODUCTS MUST BE IMPROVED AND ROAD NETWORKS AND RURAL AREAS HAVE TO BE DEVELOPED.

VERY OFTEN, IT IS NECESSARY TO START BY RESTORING THE ECOLOGICAL BALANCE, WHICH HAS BEEN DESTROYED AS A RESULT OF THE FELLING OF TREES AND CULTIVATION METHODS THAT RESULT IN DESTRUCTION OF THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT, AND BY ESTABLISHING OR RESTORING IRRIGATION SYSTEMS. ALL THIS CALLS FOR A HIGH VOLUME OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES, WHICH THE COUNTRIES IN QUESTION DO NOT HAVE AT THEIR DISPOSAL, OVERBURDENED AS THEY ARE, BY THEIR DEBTS, AND SUFFERING FROM THE STEADY DETERIORATION IN THE TERMS OF TRADE AND PROTECTIONISM, ON THE PART OF THE INDUSTRIALIZED COUNTRIES. THE PEOPLES IN QUESTION DESIRE, AND ~~SHOULD HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY~~ TO FEED THEMSELVES. THEY MUST BE HELPED TO DO SO.

EVEN IF SUCH ASSISTANCE IS GRANTED, IT WILL YIELD RESULTS ONLY IN THE LONG TERM. IN THE MEANTIME, THE NEED FOR A FLOW OF FOOD AID FROM THE LARGEST PRODUCERS TO THE POOREST DEFICIT COUNTRIES, MUST BE ACCEPTED, AND STEPS MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT SUCH ASSISTANCE ACTUALLY REACHES THE MOST DISADVANTAGED POPULATION SEGMENTS, AND DOES NOT ACT AS A DISINCENTIVE TO LOCAL PRODUCTION. IN ANY EVENT, FOOD-AID MUST BE REGARDED AS A LAST RESORT, AND NOT REPLACE SO-CALLED TRIANGULAR OPERATIONS, IN WHICH FOOD IS TRANSPORTED WITHIN ONE AND THE SAME COUNTRY OR REGION FROM SURPLUS ZONES TO DEFICIT ZONES.

SUCH OPERATIONS PRESENT THE ADVANTAGE
OF BEING BOTH MORE RAPID AND LESS COSTLY AND, IN ADDITION,
OF NOT CHANGING THE RECIPIENTS' FOOD HABITS.
THE UPSURGE OF SOLIDARITY THAT TOOK PLACE
WHEN THE AFRICAN CRISIS WAS AT ITS WORST MUST NOT LOSE ITS FORCE.
HUNGER IS NOT INEVITABLE.
WE CAN VANQUISH IT, IF WE LOOK BEYOND OUR NORMAL HORIZON,
IF WE SHOW SOLIDARITY WITH THE UNDERNOURISHED
AND IF WE COME TO THE AID OF POOR, SMALL-SCALE FARMERS,
WHO ACCOUNT FOR MOST OF THE AGRICULTURAL OUTPUT OF
THE COUNTRIES IN DIFFICULTY.

Pause

JUST AS FUNDAMENTAL AS THE RIGHT TO ADEQUATE FOOD,
IS THE RIGHT TO HAVE A ROOF OVER ONE'S HEAD.
YET, APPROXIMATELY 1 BILLION PEOPLE DO NOT HAVE DECENT HOUSING AND
100 MILLION HAVE NO HOME AT ALL.
IN LATIN AMERICA ALONE, SOME 20 MILLION CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS
LIVE AND SLEEP ON THE STREET.
WHILE THE MOST SEVERE PROBLEM
IS IN THE MEGA-CITIES OF THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES,
HOMELESS PEOPLE ARE ALSO TO BE SEEN
ON THE STREETS OF THE RICHEST CITIES.

THE URBAN POPULATION WILL DOUBLE OVER THE COMING 20 YEARS
LARGELY IN THE DEVELOPING WORLD AND
UNLESS ADEQUATE MEASURES ARE TAKEN
THE HABITAT OF THE MAJORITY OF THE DWELLERS IN THESE CITIES
WILL BE LARGELY COMPOSED OF CORRUGATED IRON, PLANKS,
GRASS AND BEATEN-EARTH.
IN 1981, 40 PER CENT OF THEIR INHABITANTS
WERE ALREADY LIVING IN SHANTY TOWNS.
THE PROPORTION WILL BE 62 PER CENT IN THE YEAR 2000.

IN THESE SLUMS A WHOLE GENERATION IS GROWING-UP
ON THE PÉRIPHERY OF SOCIETY,
OUTSIDE, AND OFTEN HOSTILE, TO THE ESTABLISHED ORDER.
THE GREAT CITIES ARE THUS BECOMING HOTBEDS OF CRIME AND VIOLENCE.
SOCIAL HARMONY IS JEOPARDIZED,
AND SOMETIMES POLITICAL STABILITY AS WELL.

IT IS NO EASY-MATTER, TO-SOLVE-THIS-PROBLEM.
DEMOLISHING THE SHANTY TOWNS,
MERELY ^zTHRUSTS THE SQUATTERS INTO DEEPER MISERY AND
FURTHER REDUCES THEIR PROSPECTS OF IMPROVED HOUSING.
CONSTRUCTING SOCIAL HOUSING IS OFTEN TOO COSTLY A SOLUTION
FOR BOTH THE GOVERNMENTS AND THE PEOPLE AFFECTED.
MORE ^{ei}BASIC STEPS ARE REQUIRED.
AN ENDEAVOUR MUST BE MADE TO BRING URBANIZATION -
WHICH IS NOW CHAOTIC - UNDER CONTROL AND TO CURB MIGRATION
TO URBAN AREAS BY REVITALIZING THE COUNTRYSIDE.

UNLIKE THE SITUATION AFTER THE SECOND WORLD WAR,
FOUR FIFTHS OF THESE UPROOTED PEOPLE
ARE NOW IN THE THIRD-WORLD COUNTRIES,
WHICH HAVE LITTLE, BUT THEIR POVERTY, TO SHARE WITH THEM.
THEY OFTEN LIVE IN BORDER CAMPS
THAT BECOME BATTLEFIELDS IN THEMSELVES.
DEVELOPED COUNTRIES, WHERE THEY SEEK PERMANENT ABODE,
ARE THEMSELVES INCREASINGLY CONCERNED OVER THE REFUGEE INFLUX.

THE UNITED NATIONS IS DOING MUCH TO MITIGATE THE SUFFERING
OF THESE MILLIONS OF FAMILIES, WHO HAVE LOST EVERYTHING,
IN AN ATTEMPT TO GIVE THEM BACK THEIR FUTURE.
THE OFFICE OF THE HIGH COMMISSIONER
PROTECTS THEM FROM THE LEGAL POINT OF VIEW, AND,
SOMETIMES EVEN PHYSICALLY.
IT PROVIDES THEM WITH ESSENTIAL EMERGENCY RELIEF AND,
IN CONSULTATION WITH GOVERNMENTS,
IT SEEKS DURABLE SOLUTIONS TO THE REFUGEE PROBLEM,
WHETHER THROUGH VOLUNTARY REPATRIATION,
INTEGRATION INTO THE COUNTRY OF ASYLUM,
OR RESETTLEMENT IN ANOTHER HOST COUNTRY.

THE OFFICE OF THE HIGH COMMISSIONER NEEDS A HIGH VOLUME OF
FINANCIAL RESOURCES IN ORDER TO CARRY OUT SUCH ACTIVITIES.
UNLESS GREATER SOCIAL STABILITY IS ACHIEVED THAN PRESENTLY PREVAILS,
THAT REQUIREMENT WILL RISE IN THE FUTURE
TO KEEP PACE WITH THE FLOW OF REFUGEES.

THE DEVELOPED COUNTRIES MUST (RESIST THE TEMPTATION OF XENOPHOBIA
AND) DEVELOP MORE COMPASSIONATE POLICIES
ON THE ACCEPTANCE OF REFUGEES,
BUT WITHOUT CREATING HOSTILE ATTITUDES
ON THE PART OF THEIR POPULATIONS.
SUCH CO-OPERATION CALLS FOR SUPPORT FROM AN ENLIGHTENED PUBLIC
THAT IS WILLING TO OVERCOME PREJUDICES
AND READY TO HELP TO SAVE LIVES RUINED BY VIOLENCE OR WANT.
HERE, TOO, THE UNITED NATIONS ASSOCIATIONS
HAVE AN ESSENTIAL ROLE TO PLAY.

Pause

LASTLY, I SHOULD LIKE TO REFER BRIEFLY TO
THE ILLICIT DRUG PROBLEM
WHICH I WILL DISCUSS IN ANOTHER FORUM *to-morrow* ~~LATER TODAY~~.
ALTHOUGH DRUG ADDICTION IS FREELY CHOSEN
BEFORE IT BECOMES COMPULSIVE,
IT IS ONE OF THE MOST SERIOUS AFFRONTES TO THE DIGNITY
OF THE INDIVIDUAL, WHOSE HEALTH AND FREEDOM IT GRADUALLY DESTROYS.
THIS EVIL IS BECOMING MORE SERIOUS AND IT IS-SPREADING.
IF WE DO NOT REACT [/]NOW, AND IF WE DO NOT REDOUBLE OUR EFFORTS
TO CONTAIN THIS INTERNATIONAL SCOURGE,
WE RUN THE RISK OF SEEING THE FOUNDATIONS OF NATIONAL AND
INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL ORDER UNDERMINED.

THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS MEMBER STATES MUST AGREE ON WAYS OF STEPPING UP CONTROL OF THE ILLEGAL DRUG PRODUCTION AND TRAFFIC AND ON WAYS OF CO-ORDINATING SUCH CONTROL MORE CLOSELY AND MAKING IT MORE EFFECTIVE.

HOWEVER, STEPS TO REDUCE SUPPLY WILL NOT BE SUFFICIENT TO HALT THE PROGRESSION OF THE EVIL, UNLESS THEY ARE ACCOMPANIED BY STEPS TO REDUCE DEMAND.

WE MUST NOW PLACE EMPHASIS ON THE INDIVIDUAL,

WARN HIM OF THE RISKS HE IS RUNNING

AND HELP HIM TO RESIST THE TEMPTATION TO ESCAPE FROM

A SOCIETY INTO WHICH HE EITHER CANNOT OR DOES NOT

WISH TO INTEGRATE. SUCH PREVENTIVE ACTION,

CARRIED OUT BY MEANS OF INFORMATION AND DIALOGUE,

MUST CHIEFLY TAKE PLACE AT THE GRASS-ROOTS-LEVEL.

IT CALLS FOR COMMITMENT ON THE PART OF ALL THOSE

WHO ARE IN CONTACT WITH INDIVIDUALS IN PERIL.

ONCE AGAIN, THE UNITED NATIONS ASSOCIATIONS

CAN CONTRIBUTE TO THE GENERAL MOBILIZATION

THAT IS PROVING ESSENTIAL.

THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE THAT ^{begin to-morrow} ~~HAS BEGUN~~ HERE IN VIENNA,

WILL - I HOPE - GIVE A NEW IMPETUS

TO CO-OPERATION IN DRUG-ABUSE CONTROL AMONG ALL PARTIES.

IN ORDER TO ENSURE THAT THE CONFERENCE'S IMPACT IS NOT SHORT-LIVED,

I AM COUNTING ON YOU TO BRING ITS CONCLUSIONS

TO THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC AND TO TAKE ACTION

TO ENSURE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ITS RECOMMENDATIONS.

Pause

MY DEAR FRIENDS,

I HAVE DEALT HERE WITH ONLY FOUR SERIOUS PROBLEMS
THAT ARE A DIRECT THREAT TO HUMAN DIGNITY
AND THAT MÓRTGAGE THE FUTURE OF OUR CIVILIZATION.
THERE ARE MANY OTHERS THAT ARE WORTHY OF OUR JOINT CONSIDERATION.
I HAVE STRESSED THESE FOUR ASPECTS OF THE HUMAN CONDITION
BECAUSE THE TRAGEDIES THAT WE ARE WITNESSING
CAN ONLY BE ENDED WITH THE SUPPORT OF THE PEOPLES CONCERNED.
THE REAL QUESTION IS WHETHER WE CAN REMAIN INDIFFERENT
TO OPPRESSION, MISERY AND THE DEGRADATION OF THE INDIVIDUAL
SHOWN TO US DAILY BY THE MEDIA,
WITHOUT-OURSELVES-LOSING, SOME OF OUR SELF-RESPECT
AND OUR HUMANITY.
THE SMALL PLANET ON WHICH WE NOW LIVE
MAKES INTERNATIONAL-SOLIDARITY AN OBLIGATION FOR US.
THE UNITED NATIONS EXISTS
TO BRING THE BENEFIT OF THIS SOLIDARITY TO THE WHOLE WORLD.
IT IS UP TO ALL OF US TO ENSURE THAT THE ORGANIZATION ENJOYS
THE BROAD SUPPORT NECESSARY FOR THIS FORMIDABLE TASK.

NOT READ - SG SPOKE OFF THE CUFF

TOAST FOR LUNCHEON OFFERED BY
HIS EXCELLENCY THE FOREIGN MINISTER OF AUSTRIA
VIENNA, 17 JUNE 1987

EXCELLENCIES,
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I WISH TO THANK YOU FOR YOUR GENEROUS HOSPITALITY
AND PARTICULARLY FOR YOUR WARM WORDS OF WELCOME.

IT IS A GREAT PLEASURE FOR ME TO BE ONCE AGAIN IN VIENNA,
THE CAPITAL CITY OF ONE OF THE UNITED NATIONS' MOST STALWART SUPPORTERS.

AUSTRIA HAS BEEN ACTIVELY INVOLVED
IN THE SHAPING OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS THROUGHOUT THE MODERN ERA.●
IT WAS ENTIRELY NORMAL THEREFORE,
THAT VERY SOON AFTER THE CONCLUSION
OF THE MOST DESTRUCTIVE WAR IN HISTORY,
WHICH ENGULFED PRACTICALLY THE ENTIRE WORLD,
AUSTRIA SECURED OBSERVER STATUS
AT THE INFANT UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION.●
AUSTRIA HAS ENJOYED FULL MEMBERSHIP NOW FOR 32 YEARS
AND THROUGHOUT THIS TIME, HAS PLAYED A MOST ACTIVE PART
IN ALL ASPECTS OF THE ORGANIZATION'S WORK.●

AUSTRIA TODAY IS A COUNTRY OF ECONOMIC PROSPERITY AND
SOCIAL ADVANCEMENT ENHANCED BY A REMARKABLE CULTURAL HERITAGE.●
ITS PRESENT STATUS IS ILLUSTRATIVE OF THE BENEFITS TO BE GAINED
FROM FAR-SIGHTED AND FLEXIBLE NEGOTIATIONS.●
AS A NEUTRAL COUNTRY OF MODEST SIZE BUT GENEROUS FACILITIES,
AUSTRIA IS ADMIRABLY SUITED AS LOCUS
OF IMPORTANT INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS
SUCH AS THE TALKS ON MUTUAL AND BALANCED FORCE REDUCTION AND
THE THIRD REVIEW CONFERENCE ON SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION IN EUROPE
FOR WHICH AUSTRIA'S EXPERIENCE OFFERS IMPORTANT LESSONS.●

AUSTRIA HAS GIVEN EVIDENCE OF ITS COMMITMENT
TO THE GOALS OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER
IN THE STRONG AND CONSISTENT SUPPORT IT HAS EXTENDED
TO UNITED NATIONS, ITSELF, AND TO ITS MANY PROGRAMMES
AIMED AT STRENGTHENING THE PROSPECTS OF GLOBAL PEACE.

IN PERHAPS NO OTHER FIELD HAS THE AUSTRIAN CONTRIBUTION
TO THE UNITED NATIONS BEEN MORE CONSPICUOUS THAN IN PEACE-KEEPING.
TODAY, ONE BLUE HELMET IN EVERY ELEVEN IS WORN BY AN AUSTRIAN.
I HAVE NOTED WITH A GREAT DEAL OF SATISFACTION
THAT THIS IS A SOURCE OF PRIDE AMONG THE AUSTRIAN PEOPLE.

AUSTRIAN SOLDIERS HAVE SHOWN THEMSELVES WELL QUALIFIED
TO CARRY OUT THIS DELICATE AND VITAL TASK.

I SOMETIMES THINK THAT UNITED NATIONS PEACE-KEEPING
IS A VICTIM OF ITS OWN SUCCESS.

WHEN PEACE IS SUCCESSFULLY MAINTAINED

BETWEEN HOSTILE FORCES OVER AN EXTENDED PERIOD OF TIME

THE IMPORTANCE OF THE PEACE-KEEPERS ARE SOMETIMES FORGOTTEN.

THE UNITED NATIONS DISENGAGEMENT OBSERVER FORCE ON THE GOLAN HEIGHTS,
POSITIONED BETWEEN ISRAELI AND SYRIAN FORCES,

HAS BEEN REMARKABLY SUCCESSFUL IN PREVENTING RENEWED CONFLICT.

CALM HAS LONG PREVAILED. YET, IF THEY WERE PREMATURELY REMOVED,

LEAVING TWO HEAVILY ARMoured FORCES IN DIRECT CONFRONTATION,

THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY

COULD VERY SOON HAVE AGAIN A FIRST CLASS CRISIS ON ITS HANDS.

ANOTHER CASE IN POINT IS THE UNITED NATIONS FORCE IN CYPRUS.●
FOR MANY YEARS NOW, THE FORCE HAS SERVED AS AN EFFECTIVE BUFFER
BETWEEN THE TWO COMMUNITIES ON THE ISLAND.●

IT IS CURRENTLY UNDER THE JUDICIOUS COMMAND
OF AN AUSTRIAN MAJOR GENERAL AND

IT COUNTS AMONG ITS PARTICIPATING CONTINGENTS OVER 300 AUSTRIAN TROOPS.●

LET ME SAY THAT THE WILLINGNESS OF SUCCESSIVE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENTS
TO PROVIDE AUSTRIAN TROOPS

- WITH, I KNOW, FAR FROM ADEQUATE COMPENSATION -

IS AMONG THE REASONS FOR SUCCESS THAT THE FORCE HAS ENJOYED.●

IN THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL FIELDS TOO,
AUSTRIA HAS MADE MAJOR CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE REALIZATION
OF UNITED NATIONS GOALS.

ONE OF ITS MOST DISTINGUISHED PUBLIC OFFICIALS, I AM PLEASED TO SAY,
HAS UNDERTAKEN THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
OF THE UNITED NATIONS' ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE.

AUSTRIA HAS STRONGLY SUPPORTED THE HUMAN RIGHTS ACTIVITIES
OF THE ORGANIZATION, IN KEEPING WITH ITS NATIONAL POLICY OF RESPECT
FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AND ASSISTANCE TO THOSE WHOSE RIGHTS HAVE BEEN DENIED.

I WOULD NOTE THAT ANOTHER DISTINGUISHED AUSTRIAN
HAS JUST RELINQUISHED LEADERSHIP
OF THE UNITED NATIONS CENTRE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS,
A POST TO WHICH HE BROUGHT GREAT ABILITY AND COMMITMENT.

GIVEN THE MAGNIFICENT, NEW INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE CENTRE IN VIENNA AND THE LOCATION HERE OF THE VARIOUS UNITED NATIONS OFFICES ENGAGED IN COMBATTING DRUG ABUSE, IT WAS NATURAL AND APPROPRIATE THAT THIS CITY SHOULD BE CHOSEN AS THE SITE FOR THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE AGAINST DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING●

THIS CONFERENCE WILL BE HIGHLY SIGNIFICANT●

I AM CONFIDENT IT WILL RESULT IN A SOUNDER LEGAL BASIS FOR UNIFORM MEASURES AGAINST ILLICIT DRUG TRAFFICKING AND LEAD TO BETTER INTERNATIONAL CO-ORDINATION OF STEPS TO COMBAT DRUG ABUSE●

THIS TERRIBLE PROBLEM IS INTERNATIONAL IN SCOPE AND
INTERNATIONAL IN EFFECT.●

THE UNITED NATIONS MUST TAKE THE LEAD, AS IT IS DOING,
IN INTERNATIONAL EFFORTS TO BRING THIS PROBLEM UNDER CONTROL.●

I DO NOT NEED TO MAKE THE CASE FOR MULTILATERAL CO-OPERATION
IN DEALING WITH THE WORLD'S MAJOR PROBLEMS.●

I KNOW THAT I AM SPEAKING TO THE CONVINCED.●

FROM THIS FACT, I TAKE MUCH ENCOURAGEMENT.●

IT IS ONLY THROUGH THE FULL UTILIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM
AND OTHER MULTILATERAL ORGANIZATIONS

THAT WE CAN HOPE TO OVERCOME HUNGER AND MALNUTRITION,
PROTECT THE PRECIOUS ENVIRONMENT WHICH WE HAVE INHERITED,
AND ACHIEVE SUSTAINABLE GLOBAL DEVELOPMENT.●

A REDUCTION IN NUCLEAR ARMS IS IN THE FIRST INSTANCE
A BILATERAL RESPONSIBILITY OF THE MAJOR NUCLEAR POWERS.●
BUT THE MULTILATERAL CO-OPERATION IN OVERCOMING REGIONAL CONFLICTS
AND REDUCING DISTRUST AND CONTENTION IS OF ENORMOUS IMPORTANCE
IN ESTABLISHING CONDITIONS THAT WILL ENCOURAGE
BOTH NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL ARMS REDUCTIONS.●
THIS MUST BE A COMMON GOAL FOR ALL COUNTRIES
AS I KNOW IT HAS LONG BEEN FOR AUSTRIA.●

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

LET ME ASK YOU TO JOIN ME IN A TOAST
TO THE HEALTH OF THE FOREIGN MINISTER,
TO THE PROSPERITY OF THE AUSTRIAN PEOPLE,
AND TO THEIR ENDURING PARTNERSHIP
WITH THE ORGANIZATION IT IS MY HONOUR TO SERVE.

THANK YOU.

* * *

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1987/06/19
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Notes re Meeting in the Office
of the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs of Austria
Wednesday, 17 June

Participants:

The Secretary-General
Miss M.J. Anstee
Mr. G. Picco
Mr. F. Mayrhofer-Grunbuhel

Vice Chancellor Mock
Secretary-General T. Klestil
Ambassador H. Turk
Ambassador R. Wotava
Mr. P. Hohenfellner
Mr. G. Heible
Two Officials

UNOV

The Vice Chancellor welcomed the appointment of Miss Anstee as Director-General and emphasized the Government's readiness to afford her any assistance that may be required. Her and UNOV's success would be also Austria's success.

CYPRUS

Vice Chancellor Mock informed the Secretary-General that the Government had discussed the presence of the Austrian contingent in the light of the new budgetary policy. In spite of the budget cuts, agreement had been achieved to maintain the Austrian contingent at the disposal of the United Nations. This was seen as a moral obligation. However, it would be of great assistance to the Government if the United Nations could try to reimburse Austria for a reasonable part of the sum owed.

As to the political situation, the Vice Chancellor was very pessimistic and inquired about the Secretary-General's views.

The Secretary-General gave an extensive briefing on the political situation stating that the negotiating process was more or less stuck. He had floated a number of ideas, always covering all aspects of the problem. The common denominator of the two sides was still to be found in the two documents which had been agreed at top level meetings in Nicosia under his predecessor. His latest initiative was taken in February this year proposing a discrete low key formula for a meeting at the Under-Secretary-General level. It had not been accepted by the Turkish-Cypriot side.

The Secretary-General explained three major irritants with regard to Cyprus:

- a) the excessively large military presence of Turkish forces (more than 30,000 troops);
- b) the Turkish control of Varosha; and

c) the presence in the north of Turkish settlers. Although such presence could not be proven with 100% certainty, it was seen by the other side as a danger of altering the proportion of the population groups.

The three irritants contributed to a extremely distrustful situation. The Turkish military presence which could not be condoned by the United Nations led to a military build-up, a kind of local arms race that was very dangerous.

The Greek-Cypriot side did not realize that time was working against them and the Turkish-Cypriot side appeared to have little interest in a solution. He would meet with the Foreign Minister of Cyprus later in the day.

With regard to the financial position of UNFICYP, the Secretary-General had tried to cover at least part of the expenses in the general budget but unfortunately had not found agreement of the Security Council. The controller was now trying to find a formula to alleviate the position of the contributing countries. He hoped that this would be helpful to the Austrian Government in order not only to maintain its presence in Cyprus but also to strengthen it. He would keep the Government informed.

UNDOF

Vice Chancellor Mock raised the question of the Deputy Force Commander which had in the past alternated between Austria and Canada. Apparently now there was a decision to permanently assign this post to Canada. However, it would be helpful for Austrian public opinion if the present rotation could be maintained which would ensure that an Austrian Officer had a chance to fill this key position.

IRAN/IRAQ

In January the Secretary-General had appealed to the five permanent members of the Security Council to "live up to their responsibility". They had been working on a draft resolution using elements which he had provided to them. The elements included:

- a) a cease fire and withdrawal to the recognized international borders;
- b) an exchange of prisoners;
- c) an appeal to the parties to co-operate with the Secretary-General's mediation effort;
- d) provisions for reconstruction of the country; and
- e) a review of the implementation by the Council in the future.

When the Secretary-General left New York, it was his understanding that the five had more or less agreed and that they would be contacting the other members. It was doubtful, however, whether the Iranian side would accept a resolution with the above elements which in a way came closer to the Iraqi position (withdrawal). The Secretary-General did not involve himself in the drafting in order to maintain his position as a channel to both sides.

MIDDLE EAST

At the request of the Vice Chancellor the Secretary-General also gave a briefing on his efforts with regard to the Middle East. He had tried a similar approach to the five permanent members with a view to obtaining a meeting of minds for an international conference, but had been less successful in this instance.

When Vice Chancellor Mock expressed the view that the wide acceptance of the international conference constituted a step forward, the Secretary-General cautioned that not everybody meant "the same international conference". Only if there was clarification on a) the agenda, b) the relationship between the plenary and the bilateral talks and c) the participation, would it be clear that parties were speaking of the same conference.

Final

STATEMENT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL
AT THE OPENING OF THE INTERNATIONAL
CONFERENCE ON DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING
VIENNA, 17 JUNE 1987

EXCELLENCIES,

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I HEREBY DECLARE OPEN
THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING.
YOUR PRESENCE HERE IS NOT ONLY WELCOME, BUT CRUCIAL, AS WE GATHER TO DEAL
WITH ONE OF THE MOST VIRULENT SOCIAL PROBLEMS OF OUR ERA — THE GROWING PERIL OF
DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING.

LET ME EXPRESS DEEP APPRECIATION
TO THE GOVERNMENT AND PEOPLE OF AUSTRIA,
FOR HAVING MADE AVAILABLE TO THE UNITED NATIONS
THIS BEAUTIFUL NEW CENTRE FOR THE CONFERENCE.

I AM ESPECIALLY PLEASED BY THE LARGE NUMBER OF DISTINGUISHED REPRESENTATIVES,
OBSERVERS, AND GUESTS, FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD. *Pause*

X ALLOW ME ALSO TO EXPRESS MY GRATITUDE FOR THE DEDICATION AND WORK
OF MRS. TAMAR OPPENHEIMER, THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE CONFERENCE. *Pause*

THE FACT THAT SO MANY OF YOU ARE ATTENDING THIS FIRST GLOBAL CONFERENCE,
OF ITS KIND, BEARS CLEAR TESTIMONY TO THE UNDENIABLE FACT,
THAT THE DRUG PROBLEM CAN ONLY BE DEALT WITH SUCCESSFULLY,
THROUGH INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION

FOR WHICH THE UNITED NATIONS OFFERS A UNIQUE FACILITY.

THE DRUG PROBLEM SHARES THIS IN COMMON WITH OTHER GLOBAL DANGERS
WHICH THREATEN THE MODERN WORLD.

MUCH ATTENTION IS GIVEN BY GOVERNMENTS AND THE MEDIA

TO EFFORTS TO ACHIEVE SECURITY OF NATIONS.

PERHAPS IT IS TIME, THAT ALL OF US, GIVE ATTENTION AS WELL

TO SECURING OF HUMAN DIGNITY . THE CONFERENCE WHICH BEGINS TODAY,

AND ITS FOLLOW-UP, MUST BE A MAJOR STEP IN THIS DIRECTION.

WE ARE ALL AWARE THAT NARCOTIC DRUGS,
AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES, WHEN PROPERLY USED, ARE SAFE,
INDEED INDISPENSABLE, IN RELIEVING HUMAN SUFFERING.
HOWEVER, EXPERIENCE INCREASINGLY DÉMONSTRATES THAT,
WHEN THEY ARE MISUSED OR ABUSED, THEY BECOME A FORCE OF ÉVIL,
AND CAN ULTIMATELY DESTROY THE LIVES OF MILLIONS OF INDIVIDUALS
AND EVEN JEOPARDIZE THE SECURITY OF NATIONS.

THE FIRST SUCH VICTIMS ARE THE DRUG-ADDICTS-THEMSELVES, WHO,
LITTLE BY LITTLE, ARE SAPPED OF THEIR STRENGTH,
THEIR INTELLIGENCE AND THEIR WILL, AND WHOSE LIVES, ONCE SPOILED,
BECOME HELL ON EARTH.

THEIR FAMILIES ARE ALSO AFFECTED MATERIALLY AND EMOTIONALLY,
AS IS SOCIETY AS A WHOLE,
FOR WHICH THEY HAVE BECOME AN EXTREMELY COSTLY,
AND OFTEN DANGEROUS BURDEN.

FOR, MAKE/NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT, DRUGS BEGET VIOLENCE.

IN SOME STATES,

MORE THAN HALF OF THE CRIMES AND OFFENCES REFERRED-TO-THE-COURTS
ARE LINKED TO DRUG USE.

MOREOVER, THERE IS A CLEARLY ESTABLISHED LINK

BETWEEN SOME TYPES OF DRUG ABUSE AND THE NEW,

AND, ~~ALMOST~~ ^{él} INVARIABLY ^{él} FATAL, EPIDEMIC DISEASE OF AIDS.

IN ADDITION TO THE VICTIMS OF DRUG ADDICTION,
THERE ARE THE VICTIMS OF DRUG TRAFFICKING.
IN FACT, JUST AS DRUG-ADDICTS LOSE THEIR HEALTH AND FREEDOM,
SO MANY STATES ARE MARR'D BY CORRUPTION,
AND MAY EVEN FIND THEIR ~~INDEPENDENCE~~ ^{SECURITY} THREATENED.
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY ITSELF IS AT STAKE,
FOR DRUG TRAFFICKING IS FREQUENTLY TIED TO ILLEGAL ARMS DEALS,
SUBVERSION AND TERRORISM.
IN SHORT, WE ARE CONFRONTED BY AN ÉVIL,
WHICH IS NOT ONLY DESTROYING THE HUMAN BEING,
BUT ALSO UNDERMINING THE FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIETY
THROUGH CORRUPTION AND VIOLENCE.

AND THIS ÉVIL IS INCREASING RÁPIDLY.
DRUGS NOW COME IN MORE VARIETIES, ARE CHEAPER,
AND OFTEN MORE ^{PO}TENT AND DANGEROUS, THAN BEFORE.
DRUG ADDICTS NUMBER IN THE TENS OF MILLIONS
AND ARE RECRUITED FROM EVERY SOCIAL AND AGE GROUP.
ALMOST EVERY COUNTRY IS NOW AFFECTED,
INCLUDING THE PRODUCER COUNTRIES AND THE TRANSIT COUNTRIES,
WHICH RAPIDLY TURN INTO CONSUMER COUNTRIES.

AT THIS JUNCTURE, IT IS GROSSLY INADEQUATE
TO POINT THE FINGER OF BLAME AT A SO-CALLED PRODUCER,
CONSUMER, OR TRANSIT STATE.

ALL STATES NEED TO RE-EXAMINE AND RE-ENFORCE THEIR CAPACITIES,
IN AN-ALL-OUT OFFENSIVE AGAINST DRUG ABUSE IN ALL ITS ASPECTS.

IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES,

(WHICH ARE NATURALLY INTENT ON NATION-BUILDING)

THERE IS A SPECIAL NEED

TO PREVENT THE DETRIMENTAL EFFECTS OF DRUG ABUSE.

IN MANY OF THESE COUNTRIES,

THE YOUTH CONSTITUTE THE MAJORITY OF THE WORK FORCE,

AND THEIR INCAPACITATION THROUGH DRUG ADDICTION,

UNDERMINES THE VERY FABRIC OF THE SOCIETY, AND ITS ECONOMIC ENERGY.

FOR DEVELOPED COUNTRIES,

CONCERN ABOUT DRUG ABUSE HAS ALSO SUDDENLY EMERGED

AS ONE OF HIGHEST NATIONAL PRIORITY.

INCREASINGLY, IT IS RECOGNIZED AS A "FIFTH COLUMN",

CAPABLE OF SAPPING THE VITALITY, THE ECONOMY,

INDEED THE MORALITY OF THE COUNTRIES INVOLVED.

IT IS IN THE WIDER PERSPECTIVE OF THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY THAT WE MUST MANIFEST THE GROWING GLOBAL CONCERN AS THE WORLD NOW FACES UNPRECEDENTED LEVELS OF ADDICTION, CORRUPTION, ECONOMIC DESTABILIZATION AND TERRORISTIC ACTS, BROUGHT ON AS CONSEQUENCES OF ILLICIT TRAFFICKING WHICH NOW GENERATES BILLIONS OF DOLLARS A YEAR IN CRIMINAL PROFITS.

CLEARLY, THESE GRAVE CIRCUMSTANCES FOR THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY, FOR SOCIETIES IN GENERAL, AND FOR COUNTLESS INDIVIDUALS IN PARTICULAR, HAVE CREATED A HEIGHTENED AWARENESS. THERE IS AN URGENT NEED TO INTENSIFY GOVERNMENTAL, INTERGOVERNMENTAL, NON-GOVERNMENTAL, AND INDIVIDUAL EFFORTS TO DEAL WITH THIS PERVASIVE AND INSIDIOUS PROBLEM.

IT WAS IN RECOGNITION OF THIS NEED THAT I PROPOSED THE HOLDING OF THIS CONFERENCE, AND MUCH TO MY PLEASURE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY UNANIMOUSLY APPROVED THE SUGGESTION. IN DOING SO, THE ASSEMBLY CALLED ON THE CONFERENCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE AND BALANCED APPROACH TO FUTURE UNITED NATIONS ACTIVITIES TO DEAL WITH THE DRUG PROBLEM IN ALL ITS ASPECTS. THIS MEANS WE MUST ATTACK EVERY LINK, IN THE CHAIN OF DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING, FROM DEMAND TO SUPPLY.

THE ASSEMBLY'S DECISION REFLECTED A BROAD CONSENSUS
IN FAVOUR OF A BALANCED APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM,
TOGETHER WITH A DESIRE THAT OUR ORGANIZATION
UNDERTAKE A NEW AND MORE VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN, WITH AN ENLARGED CONCERN,
TO ENCOMPASS BOTH THE PREVENTION OF DRUG ABUSE
AND THE REHABILITATION OF ADDICTS.

IN THIS CONNECTION, I AM MORE AND MORE CONVINCED
THAT VASTLY GREATER EFFORTS ARE NEEDED,
TO REDUCE THE DEMAND FOR DRUGS.

I HAVE BEEN LED TO THIS CONCLUSION BECAUSE ^{EXPERIENCE}~~HISTORY~~, UNFORTUNATELY,
DEMONSTRATES THAT, AS LONG AS THE DEMAND PERSISTS,
WAYS WILL BE FOUND TO SATISFY IT,
DESPITE ALL OUR BEST EFFORTS TO CURTAIL THE SUPPLY.

IN THIS TASK, EVERY SOCIETY, EVERY GROUP,
INDEED EVERY INDIVIDUAL, HAS A CRITICAL ROLE TO PLAY.

THE MESSAGE MUST BE SENT OUT CLEARLY TO THE WORLD :

- THAT HABIT-FORMING DRUGS ARE DANGEROUS,
AND THAT INDIVIDUALS WHO TAKE DRUGS OR PROMOTE DRUG-TAKING,
MUST BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR ACTIONS.

ADULTS MUST MEET THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES
BY PROVIDING YOUTH WITH PROPER EDUCATION, LEADERSHIP,
AND SOUND ROLE-MODELS.
AND IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF EVERY ONE OF US
TO DISCOURAGE THE TAKING OF DRUGS,
AND TO PROMOTE POSITIVE ATTITUDES
AND ADEQUATE PEER PRESSURE TO STAY "DRUG-FREE".

IT IS PARTICULARLY IN THIS AREA
THAT NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS CAN MAKE A MAJOR CONTRIBUTION.
WITH THEIR VAST OUTREACH, AT THE COMMUNITY AND PERSONAL LEVEL,
THEY HAVE AN INCOMPARABLE CAPACITY FOR PROMOTING DEMAND REDUCTION.
IT IS MOST GRATIFYING THAT THESE ORGANIZATIONS
HAVE ALREADY TAKEN SUCH A STRONG LEAD IN THIS REGARD,
AND I AM DELIGHTED THAT SO MANY OF THEM
ARE PARTICIPATING IN THIS CONFERENCE.

EXCELENTÍSIMOS SEÑORAS Y SEÑORES:

LA COMUNIDAD INTERNACIONAL COMPRENDIÓ
A PRINCIPIOS DEL PRESENTE SIGLO
QUE NINGÚN PAÍS PODRÍA POR SÍ SOLO IMPEDIR EL USO INDEBIDO DE DROGAS.●
PARTIENDO DE ESE AXIOMA,
SE HAN IDO CREANDO PAULATINAMENTE MECANISMOS DE FISCALIZACIÓN
PARA RESTRINGIR LA DISPONIBILIDAD DE DROGAS,
A LA CANTIDAD INDISPENSABLE PARA MITIGAR EL DOLOR Y EL SUFRIMIENTO.●
LOS CONVENIOS VIGENTES SON APLICADOS
POR LOS DOS ÓRGANOS DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA FISCALIZACIÓN DE LOS ESTUPEFACIENTES, A SABER,
LA COMISIÓN DE ESTUPEFACIENTES Y LA JUNTA INTERNACIONAL DE
FISCALIZACIÓN DE ESTUPEFACIENTES.●
ADEMÁS, EL FONDO DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA FISCALIZACIÓN DEL USO INDEBIDO DE DROGAS
DESEMPEÑA UN PAPEL FUNDAMENTAL EN LA EJECUCIÓN DE PROGRAMAS
DE COOPERACIÓN TÉCNICA EN LOS ESTADOS
QUE NO ESTÁN EN CONDICIONES DE APLICAR LAS MEDIDAS NECESARIAS
CON SUS EXIGUOS RECURSOS.●

A LO LARGO DE LOS AÑOS,
HA EXISTIDO UNA COLABORACIÓN CERCANA CON NUESTROS COLEGAS
EN LA ORGANIZACIÓN MUNDIAL DE LA SALUD,
QUE DESEMPEÑA UN PAPEL VITAL EN EL CONTROL DEL ABASTECIMIENTO
Y EN EL TRATAMIENTO Y LA REHABILITACIÓN DE LOS DROGADICTOS,
COMO PARTE DE LA GAMA DE LOS ESUFERZOS QUE REALIZA
PARA LA CREACIÓN DE UN ESTILO DE VIDA SANO
PARA LAS PERSONAS EN TODO EL MUNDO ●
COMO USTED SEGURAMENTE LO SABEN,
LA O.M.S. HA ASUMIDO LA ASOMBROSA RESPONSABILIDAD
DE COORDINAR LA RESPUESTA GLOBAL AL SIDA, EPIDEMIA QUE,
COMO HE MENCIONADO, ESTA VINCULADA AL PROBLEMA DE LA DROGA ●

RESULTA POR DEMÁS SATISFACTORIO OBSERVAR EL APOYO
CADA VEZ MAYOR DE LOS ESTADOS MIEMBROS,
QUE CONTRIBUYEN GENEROSAMENTE A LOS PROGRAMAS QUE
EJECUTAN LAS NACIONES UNIDAS EN TODAS LAS PARTES DEL GLOBO ●
ESTOS ESTADOS, MEDIANTE SUS CONTRIBUCIONES
A LOS ESFUERZOS INTERNACIONALES,
ESTÁN DANDO PRUEBA CONCRETA DE QUE ESTÁN DECIDIDOS
A AYUDAR A ATENDER LAS NECESIDADES DE OTROS ESTADOS MIEMBROS
QUE SE ENFRENTAN A ASPECTOS CONEXOS DEL MISMO PROBLEMA ●

PARTICULARMENTE ALENTADOR ES EL RECIENTE COMPROMISO DEL GOBIERNO DE ITALIA, POR UN MONTO DE 300 MILLONES DE DÓLARES DE LOS EE.UU., CON DESTINO AL PROGRAMA DE COOPERACIÓN TÉCNICA DEL FONDO DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA LA FISCALIZACIÓN DEL USO INDEBIDO DE DROGAS. CONFÍO EN QUE ESE EJEMPLO MOVERÁ A LOS PARTICIPANTES EN ESTA CONFERENCIA A ACRECENTAR SU RESPALDO A NUESTROS PROGRAMAS. VARIOS ORGANISMOS DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS YA ESTÁN TRABAJANDO INTENSAMENTE EN NUMEROSAS FACETAS DEL PROBLEMA, Y ESTOY SEGURO DE QUE ESTARÁN DISPUESTOS A ATRIBUIR AÚN MAYOR PRIORIDAD A SUS RESPECTIVAS ACTIVIDADES EN EL FUTURO.

LOS PROGRAMAS DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS ABARCAN YA DIVERSAS INICIATIVAS NUEVAS PARA ATENDER ASPECTOS ESPECÍFICOS DEL PROBLEMA, INCLUIDA LA PRESTACIÓN DE SERVICIOS DE APOYO PARA CONTINUAR PERFECCIONANDO EL PROYECTO DE UNA NUEVA CONVENCIÓN PARA COMBATIR EL TRÁFICO ILÍCITO DE DROGAS. AL IGUAL QUE MUCHOS DE USTEDES, CONSIDERO MUY RELEVANTE QUE SE LLEVE A FELIZ TÉRMINO ESE INSTRUMENTO, PUES SUBSANA IMPORTANTES LAGUNAS DEL DERECHO INTERNACIONAL VIGENTE, ESPECIALMENTE EN RELACIÓN CON LA IDENTIFICACIÓN E INCAUTACIÓN DE LAS GANANCIAS MALHABIDAS DE LOS NARCOTRAFICANTES. ABRIGO LA FERVIENTE ESPERANZA DE QUE, CON EL APOYO DE TODOS LOS GOBIERNOS AQUÍ REPRESENTADOS, ESE IMPORTANTE INSTRUMENTO SE HARÁ REALIDAD EN BREVE, CON UNA AMPLIA RATIFICACIÓN Y UNA APLICACIÓN RIGUROSA.

AL EXAMINAR LA LABOR DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS, DEBO DESTACAR QUE, PARA QUE LA FUNCIÓN RECTORA DE LA ORGANIZACIÓN TENGA ÉXITO, NUESTROS PROPIOS EMPEÑOS DEBEN SER REFORZADOS Y SUSTENTADOS POR LOS DE LOS ESTADOS MIEMBROS.●

EN ÚLTIMO ANÁLISIS, LA DETERMINACIÓN Y LA DEDICACIÓN DE CADA GOBIERNO, TANTO DENTRO DE SUS PROPIAS FRONTERAS COMO EN COLABORACIÓN CON OTROS GOBIERNOS, SON ESENCIALES PARA ENFRENTAR ESTA AMENAZA.●

ESTO ME MUEVE A DECIR, EXCELENCIAS, SEÑORAS Y SEÑORES, QUE ESTAMOS EN ESPERA DE VUESTRA ORIENTACIÓN.●

LAS RECOMENDACIONES DIMANADAS DE ESTA CONFERENCIA RESPECTO DE NUESTRAS ACTIVIDADES FUTURAS TENDRÁN DECISIVA IMPORTANCIA PARA AMPLIAR EL PAPEL DE LA ORGANIZACIÓN.●

POR MI PARTE, VERÍA CON GRAN BENEPLÁCITO UNA MAYOR PARTICIPACIÓN DE TODOS LOS ELEMENTOS DEL SISTEMA DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS.●

LAS NACIONES UNIDAS YA HAN DEMOSTRADO QUE SU APORTACIÓN ES VITAL CUANDO SE TRATA DE LOS VERDADEROS PROBLEMAS DE NUESTRA ÉPOCA; NUESTROS ESFUERZOS POR COMBATIR LAS DROGAS ILÍCITAS CONSTITUYEN UN EJEMPLO CLÁSICO DE ESA CIRCUNSTANCIA.●

LA ORGANIZACIÓN QUEDA A LA ESPERA DE LOS RESULTADOS SUSTANTIVOS DE VUESTRAS DELIBERACIONES, PLENAMENTE DISPUESTA A LLEVAR A LA PRÁCTICA TODAS LAS MEDIDAS COMPLEMENTARIAS QUE SEAN MENESTER.●

A LA LUZ DE LAS CONCLUSIONES A QUE LLEGUÉIS EN ESTA CONFERENCIA, YO PRESENTARÉ RECOMENDACIONES ESPECÍFICAS A LA ASAMBLEA GENERAL.●

PODÉIS CONTAR CON MI CONSTANTE Y PROFUNDA DEDICACIÓN PERSONAL A ESTA LUCHA. PARA QUE ESTA CONFERENCIA LOGRE LOS RESULTADOS PARA LOS QUE FUE CONVOCADA, SE REQUIEREN MEDIDAS COMPLEMENTARIAS, BIEN MEDITADAS Y EFICACES, EN MUCHOS ÁMBITOS. EN LO QUE A LAS NACIONES UNIDAS SE REFIERE, ESTAMOS A VUESTRA DISPOSICIÓN.

COMO DIJE, NOS GUIAREMOS POR LAS RECOMENDACIONES A LAS QUE ESPERO LLEGARÉIS UNÁNIMEMENTE EN LOS DÍAS POR VENIR. JUNTOS PODEMOS Y DEBEMOS PONER FIN A ESTA FORMA CONTEMPORÁNEA DE ESCLAVITUD LLAMADA TOXICOMANÍA; JUNTOS PODEMOS PONER FIN A LA VIOLENCIA QUE HA ENGENDRADO; JUNTOS PODEMOS CUMPLIR NUESTRA OBLIGACIÓN DE CREAR UNA SOCIEDAD LIBRE DE DROGAS PARA LAS GENERACIONES FUTURAS; JUNTOS PODEMOS LOGRAR QUE LAS FUERZAS DE LA VIDA Y LA ESPERANZA TRIUNFEN SOBRE LAS FUERZAS DE LA MUERTE Y LA DESESPERACIÓN. LA COMUNIDAD MUNDIAL NOS HA ENCOMENDADO ESA RESPONSABILIDAD. CONFÍO EN QUE SEREMOS DIGNOS DE ELLA.

* * *

1597A/JT/12687

STATEMENT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL
AT THE OPENING OF THE INTERNATIONAL
CONFERENCE ON DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING
VIENNA, 17 JUNE 1987

EXCELLENCIES,
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I HEREBY DECLARE OPEN
THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING.
YOUR PRESENCE HERE IS NOT ONLY WELCOME BUT CRUCIAL, AS WE GATHER TO DEAL
WITH ONE OF THE MOST VIRULENT SOCIAL PROBLEMS OF OUR ERA—THE GROWING PERIL OF
DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING. ~~I SHOULD LIKE, AT THE OUTSET, TO EXPRESS
MY GRATITUDE FOR THE DEDICATION AND WORK OF MRS. TAMAR OPPENHEIMER,
THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE CONFERENCE.~~

LET ME EXPRESS DEEP APPRECIATION
TO THE GOVERNMENT AND PEOPLE OF AUSTRIA,
FOR HAVING MADE AVAILABLE TO THE UNITED NATIONS
THIS BEAUTIFUL NEW CENTRE FOR THE CONFERENCE.

I AM ESPECIALLY PLEASED
BY THE LARGE NUMBER OF DISTINGUISHED REPRESENTATIVES,
OBSERVERS, AND GUESTS, FROM ALL-OVER-THE-WORLD.

~~WHO ARE ATTENDING THIS FIRST GLOBAL CONFERENCE OF ITS KIND. ALLOW ME
ALSO TO EXPRESS MY GRATITUDE FOR THE DEDICATION AND WORK OF MRS TAMAR
YOUR PARTICIPATION BEARS CLEAR TESTIMONY~~ **OPENHEIMER, THE S.G.
OF THE CONF.**

**SUCH A
LARGE
THE FACT
THAT SO
MANY OF
YOU ARE
ATTENDING
THIS FIRST
GLOBAL
CONF.
ON THIS KIND**

TO THE UNDENIABLE-FACT, THAT,
THE DRUG PROBLEM CAN ONLY BE DEALT-WITH-SUCCESSFULLY;
THROUGH INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION,
FOR WHICH THE UNITED NATIONS OFFERS A UNIQUE FACILITY.
THE DRUG PROBLEM SHARES THIS IN COMMON WITH OTHER GLOBAL DANGERS
WHICH THREATEN THE MODERN WORLD.

MUCH ATTENTION IS GIVEN BY GOVERNMENTS AND THE MEDIA
TO EFFORTS TO ACHIEVE SECURITY OF NATIONS.
PERHAPS IT IS TIME, THAT ALL OF US, GIVE ~~THE~~ ATTENTION **AS WELL**
TO THE SECURING OF HUMAN DIGNITY. THE CONFERENCE WHICH BEGINS TODAY,
AND ITS FOLLOW-UP, MUST BE A MAJOR STEP ^{IN} IN THIS DIRECTION.



~~[IN ACHIEVING A VITAL ELEMENT IN SECURING HUMAN DIGNITY:
^{FREE}
PROGRESS TOWARD A WORLD OF DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING.]~~

WE ARE ALL AWARE THAT NARCOTIC DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES, WHEN PROPERLY USED, ARE SAFE, INDEED INDISPENSABLE IN RELIEVING HUMAN SUFFERING. HOWEVER, EXPERIENCE INCREASINGLY DEMONSTRATES THAT, WHEN THEY ARE MISUSED OR ABUSED, THEY BECOME A FORCE OF EVIL, AND CAN ULTIMATELY DESTROY THE LIVES OF MILLIONS OF INDIVIDUALS AND EVEN JEOPARDIZE THE SECURITY OF NATIONS.

THE FIRST SUCH VICTIMS ARE THE DRUG ADDICTS THEMSELVES WHO, LITTLE BY LITTLE, ARE SAPPED OF THEIR STRENGTH, THEIR INTELLIGENCE AND THEIR WILL, AND WHOSE LIVES, ONCE SPOILED, BECOME HELL ON EARTH. THEIR FAMILIES ARE ALSO AFFECTED MATERIALLY AND EMOTIONALLY, AS IS SOCIETY AS A WHOLE, FOR WHICH THEY HAVE BECOME AN EXTREMELY COSTLY AND OFTEN DANGEROUS BURDEN. FOR, MAKE NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT, DRUGS BEGET VIOLENCE. IN SOME STATES, MORE THAN HALF OF THE CRIMES AND OFFENCES REFERRED TO THE COURTS ARE LINKED TO DRUG USE. MOREOVER, THERE IS A CLEARLY ESTABLISHED LINK BETWEEN SOME TYPES OF DRUG ABUSE AND THE NEW, AND ALMOST INVARIABLY FATAL, EPIDEMIC DISEASE OF AIDS.

IN ADDITION TO THE VICTIMS OF DRUG ADDICTION,
THERE ARE THE VICTIMS OF DRUG TRAFFICKING ●
IN FACT, JUST AS DRUG ADDICTS LOSE THEIR HEALTH AND FREEDOM,
SO MANY STATES ARE MARRED BY CORRUPTION,
AND MAY EVEN FIND THEIR INDEPENDENCE THREATENED ●
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY ITSELF IS AT STAKE,
FOR DRUG TRAFFICKING IS FREQUENTLY TIED TO ILLEGAL ARMS DEALS,
SUBVERSION AND TERRORISM ●
IN SHORT, WE ARE CONFRONTED BY AN EVIL
WHICH IS NOT ONLY DESTROYING THE HUMAN BEING
BUT ALSO UNDERMINING THE FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIETY
THROUGH CORRUPTION AND VIOLENCE ●

AND THIS EVIL IS INCREASING RAPIDLY ●
DRUGS NOW COME IN MORE VARIETIES, ARE CHEAPER,
AND OFTEN MORE POTENT AND DANGEROUS THAN BEFORE ●
DRUG ADDICTS NUMBER IN THE TENS OF MILLIONS
AND ARE RECRUITED FROM EVERY SOCIAL AND AGE GROUP ●
ALMOST EVERY COUNTRY IS NOW AFFECTED,
INCLUDING THE PRODUCER COUNTRIES AND THE TRANSIT COUNTRIES,
WHICH RAPIDLY TURN INTO CONSUMER COUNTRIES ●

AT THIS JUNCTURE, IT IS GROSSLY INADEQUATE
TO POINT THE FINGER OF BLAME AT A SO-CALLED PRODUCER,
CONSUMER, OR TRANSIT STATE.●

ALL STATES NEED TO RE-EXAMINE AND RE-ENFORCE THEIR CAPACITIES,
IN AN ALL-OUT OFFENSIVE AGAINST DRUG ABUSE IN ALL ITS ASPECTS.●

IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES,

WHICH ARE NATURALLY INTENT ON NATION-BUILDING,

THERE IS A SPECIAL NEED

TO PREVENT THE DETRIMENTAL EFFECTS OF DRUG ABUSE.●

IN MANY OF THESE COUNTRIES,

THE YOUTH CONSTITUTE THE MAJORITY OF THE WORK FORCE,

AND THEIR INCAPACITATION THROUGH DRUG ADDICTION

UNDERMINES THE VERY FABRIC OF THE SOCIETY AND ITS ECONOMIC ENERGY.●

FOR DEVELOPED COUNTRIES,

CONCERN ABOUT DRUG ABUSE HAS ALSO SUDDENLY EMERGED

AS ONE OF HIGHEST NATIONAL PRIORITY.●

INCREASINGLY, IT IS RECOGNIZED AS A "FIFTH COLUMN",

CAPABLE OF SAPPING THE VITALITY, THE ECONOMY,

INDEED THE MORALITY OF THE COUNTRIES INVOLVED.●

IT IS IN THE WIDER PERSPECTIVE OF THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY THAT WE MUST MANIFEST THE GROWING GLOBAL CONCERN AS THE WORLD NOW FACES UNPRECEDENTED LEVELS OF ADDICTION, CORRUPTION, ECONOMIC DESTABILIZATION AND TERRORISTIC ACTS BROUGHT ON AS CONSEQUENCES OF ILLICIT TRAFFICKING WHICH NOW GENERATES BILLIONS OF DOLLARS A YEAR IN CRIMINAL PROFITS●

CLEARLY, THESE GRAVE CIRCUMSTANCES FOR THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY, FOR SOCIETIES IN GENERAL, AND FOR COUNTLESS INDIVIDUALS IN PARTICULAR, HAVE CREATED A HEIGHTENED AWARENESS● THERE IS AN URGENT NEED TO INTENSIFY GOVERNMENTAL, INTERGOVERNMENTAL, NON-GOVERNMENTAL, AND INDIVIDUAL EFFORTS TO DEAL WITH THIS PERVASIVE AND INSIDIOUS PROBLEM.

IT WAS IN RECOGNITION OF THIS NEED THAT I PROPOSED THE HOLDING OF THIS CONFERENCE, AND MUCH TO MY PLEASURE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY UNANIMOUSLY APPROVED THE SUGGESTION. IN DOING SO, THE ASSEMBLY CALLED ON THE CONFERENCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE AND BALANCED APPROACH TO FUTURE UNITED NATIONS ACTIVITIES TO DEAL WITH THE DRUG PROBLEM IN ALL ITS ASPECTS. THIS MEANS WE MUST ATTACK EVERY LINK IN THE CHAIN OF DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING, FROM DEMAND TO SUPPLY.

THE ASSEMBLY'S DECISION REFLECTED A BROAD CONSENSUS
IN FAVOUR OF A BALANCED APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM,
TOGETHER WITH A DESIRE THAT OUR ORGANIZATION
UNDERTAKE A NEW AND MORE VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN WITH AN ENLARGED CONCERN
TO ENCOMPASS BOTH THE PREVENTION OF DRUG ABUSE
AND THE REHABILITATION OF ADDICTS.
IN THIS CONNECTION, I AM MORE AND MORE CONVINCED
THAT VASTLY GREATER EFFORTS ARE NEEDED
TO REDUCE THE DEMAND FOR DRUGS.
I HAVE BEEN LED TO THIS CONCLUSION BECAUSE HISTORY, UNFORTUNATELY,
DEMONSTRATES THAT, AS LONG AS THE DEMAND PERSISTS,
WAYS WILL BE FOUND TO SATISFY IT
DESPITE ALL OUR BEST EFFORTS TO CURTAIL THE SUPPLY.
IN THIS TASK, EVERY SOCIETY, EVERY GROUP,
INDEED EVERY INDIVIDUAL HAS A CRITICAL ROLE TO PLAY.
THE MESSAGE MUST BE SENT OUT CLEARLY TO THE WORLD
- THAT HABIT-FORMING DRUGS ARE DANGEROUS
AND THAT INDIVIDUALS WHO TAKE DRUGS OR PROMOTE DRUG-TAKING
MUST BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR ACTIONS.

ADULTS MUST MEET THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES
BY PROVIDING YOUTH WITH PROPER EDUCATION, LEADERSHIP
AND SOUND ROLE MODELS.

AND IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF EVERY ONE OF US
TO DISCOURAGE THE TAKING OF DRUGS,
AND TO PROMOTE POSITIVE ATTITUDES
AND ADEQUATE PEER PRESSURE TO STAY "DRUG-FREE".

IT IS PARTICULARLY IN THIS AREA
THAT NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS CAN MAKE A MAJOR CONTRIBUTION.
WITH THEIR VAST OUTREACH, AT THE COMMUNITY AND PERSONAL LEVEL,
THEY HAVE AN INCOMPARABLE CAPACITY FOR PROMOTING DEMAND REDUCTION.
IT IS MOST GRATIFYING THAT THESE ORGANIZATIONS
HAVE ALREADY TAKEN SUCH A STRONG LEAD IN THIS REGARD,
AND I AM DELIGHTED THAT SO MANY OF THEM
ARE PARTICIPATING IN THIS CONFERENCE.

EXCELENTÍSIMOS SEÑORAS Y SEÑORES:

LA COMUNIDAD INTERNACIONAL COMPRENDIÓ
A PRINCIPIOS DEL PRESENTE SIGLO
QUE NINGÚN PAÍS PODRÍA POR SÍ SOLO IMPEDIR EL USO INDEBIDO DE DROGAS.
PARTIENDO DE ESE AXIOMA,
SE HAN IDO CREANDO PAULATINAMENTE MECANISMOS DE FISCALIZACIÓN
PARA RESTRINGIR LA DISPONIBILIDAD DE DROGAS
A LA CANTIDAD INDISPENSABLE PARA MITIGAR EL DOLOR Y EL SUFRIMIENTO.
LOS CONVENIOS VIGENTES SON APLICADOS
POR LOS DOS ÓRGANOS DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA FISCALIZACIÓN DE LOS ESTUPEFACIENTES, A SABER,
LA COMISIÓN DE ESTUPEFACIENTES Y LA JUNTA INTERNACIONAL DE
FISCALIZACIÓN DE ESTUPEFACIENTES.
ADEMÁS, EL FONDO DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS
PARA LA FISCALIZACIÓN DEL USO INDEBIDO DE DROGAS
DESEMPEÑA UN PAPEL FUNDAMENTAL EN LA EJECUCIÓN DE PROGRAMAS
DE COOPERACIÓN TÉCNICA EN LOS ESTADOS
QUE NO ESTÁN EN CONDICIONES DE APLICAR LAS MEDIDAS NECESARIAS
CON SUS EXIGUOS RECURSOS.

A LO LARGO DE LOS AÑOS,
HA EXISTIDO UNA COLABORACIÓN CERCANA CON NUESTROS COLEGAS
EN LA ORGANIZACIÓN MUNDIAL DE LA SALUD,
QUE DESEMPEÑA UN PAPEL VITAL EN EL CONTROL DEL ABASTECIMIENTO
Y EN EL TRATAMIENTO Y LA REHABILITACIÓN DE LOS DROGADICTOS,
COMO PARTE DE LA GAMA DE LOS ESUFERZOS QUE REALIZA
PARA LA CREACIÓN DE UN ESTILO DE VIDA SANO
PARA LAS PERSONAS EN TODO EL MUNDO.
COMO USTED SEGURAMENTE LO SABEN,
LA O.M.S. HA ASUMIDO LA ASOMBROSA RESPONSABILIDAD
DE COORDINAR LA RESPUESTA GLOBAL AL SIDA, EPIDEMIA QUE,
COMO HE MENCIONADO, ESTA VINCULADA AL PROBLEMA DE LA DROGA.

RESULTA POR DEMÁS SATISFACTORIO OBSERVAR EL APOYO
CADA VEZ MAYOR DE LOS ESTADOS MIEMBROS,
QUE CONTRIBUYEN GENEROSAMENTE A LOS PROGRAMAS QUE
EJECUTAN LAS NACIONES UNIDAS EN TODAS LAS PARTES DEL GLOBO.
ESTOS ESTADOS, MEDIANTE SUS CONTRIBUCIONES
A LOS ESFUERZOS INTERNACIONALES,
ESTÁN DANDO PRUEBA CONCRETA DE QUE ESTÁN DECIDIDOS
A AYUDAR A ATENDER LAS NECESIDADES DE OTROS ESTADOS MIEMBROS
QUE SE ENFRENTAN A ASPECTOS CONEXOS DEL MISMO PROBLEMA.

PARTICULARMENTE ALENTADOR ES EL RECIENTE COMPROMISO DEL GOBIERNO DE ITALIA, POR UN MONTO DE 300 MILLONES DE DÓLARES DE LOS EE.UU., CON DESTINO AL PROGRAMA DE COOPERACIÓN TÉCNICA DEL FONDO DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA LA FISCALIZACIÓN DEL USO INDEBIDO DE DROGAS. CONFÍO EN QUE ESE EJEMPLO MOVERÁ A LOS PARTICIPANTES EN ESTA CONFERENCIA A ACRECENTAR SU RESPALDO A NUESTROS PROGRAMAS. VARIOS ORGANISMOS DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS YA ESTÁN TRABAJANDO INTENSAMENTE EN NUMEROSAS FACETAS DEL PROBLEMA, Y ESTOY SEGURO DE QUE ESTARÁN DISPUESTOS A ATRIBUIR AÚN MAYOR PRIORIDAD A SUS RESPECTIVAS ACTIVIDADES EN EL FUTURO.

LOS PROGRAMAS DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS ABARCAN YA DIVERSAS INICIATIVAS NUEVAS PARA ATENDER ASPECTOS ESPECÍFICOS DEL PROBLEMA, INCLUIDA LA PRESTACIÓN DE SERVICIOS DE APOYO PARA CONTINUAR PERFECCIONANDO EL PROYECTO DE UNA NUEVA CONVENCIÓN PARA COMBATIR EL TRÁFICO ILÍCITO DE DROGAS. AL IGUAL QUE MUCHOS DE USTEDES, CONSIDERO MUY RELEVANTE QUE SE LLEVE A FELIZ TÉRMINO ESE INSTRUMENTO, PUES SUBSANA IMPORTANTES LAGUNAS DEL DERECHO INTERNACIONAL VIGENTE, ESPECIALMENTE EN RELACIÓN CON LA IDENTIFICACIÓN E INCAUTACIÓN DE LAS GANANCIAS MALHABIDAS DE LOS NARCOTRAFICANTES. ABRIGO LA FERVIENTE ESPERANZA DE QUE, CON EL APOYO DE TODOS LOS GOBIERNOS AQUÍ REPRESENTADOS, ESE IMPORTANTE INSTRUMENTO SE HARÁ REALIDAD EN BREVE, CON UNA AMPLIA RATIFICACIÓN Y UNA APLICACIÓN RIGUROSA.

AL EXAMINAR LA LABOR DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS, DEBO DESTACAR QUE, PARA QUE LA FUNCIÓN RECTORA DE LA ORGANIZACIÓN TENGA ÉXITO, NUESTROS PROPIOS EMPEÑOS DEBEN SER REFORZADOS Y SUSTENTADOS POR LOS DE LOS ESTADOS MIEMBROS. EN ÚLTIMO ANÁLISIS, LA DETERMINACIÓN Y LA DEDICACIÓN DE CADA GOBIERNO, TANTO DENTRO DE SUS PROPIAS FRONTERAS COMO EN COLABORACIÓN CON OTROS GOBIERNOS, SON ESENCIALES PARA ENFRENTAR ESTA AMENAZA.

ESTO ME MUEVE A DECIR, EXCELENCIAS, SEÑORAS Y SEÑORES, QUE ESTAMOS EN ESPERA DE VUESTRA ORIENTACIÓN. LAS RECOMENDACIONES DIMANADAS DE ESTA CONFERENCIA RESPECTO DE NUESTRAS ACTIVIDADES FUTURAS TENDRÁN DECISIVA IMPORTANCIA PARA AMPLIAR EL PAPEL DE LA ORGANIZACIÓN. POR MI PARTE, VERÍA CON GRAN BENEPLÁCITO UNA MAYOR PARTICIPACIÓN DE TODOS LOS ELEMENTOS DEL SISTEMA DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS. LAS NACIONES UNIDAS YA HAN DEMOSTRADO QUE SU APORTACIÓN ES VITAL CUANDO SE TRATA DE LOS VERDADEROS PROBLEMAS DE NUESTRA ÉPOCA; NUESTROS ESFUERZOS POR COMBATIR LAS DROGAS ILÍCITAS CONSTITUYEN UN EJEMPLO CLÁSICO DE ESA CIRCUNSTANCIA. LA ORGANIZACIÓN QUEDA A LA ESPERA DE LOS RESULTADOS SUSTANTIVOS DE VUESTRAS DELIBERACIONES, PLENAMENTE DISPUESTA A LLEVAR A LA PRÁCTICA TODAS LAS MEDIDAS COMPLEMENTARIAS QUE SEAN MENESTER. A LA LUZ DE LAS CONCLUSIONES A QUE LLEGUÉIS EN ESTA CONFERENCIA, YO PRESENTARÉ RECOMENDACIONES ESPECÍFICAS A LA ASAMBLEA GENERAL.

PODÉIS CONTAR CON MI CONSTANTE Y PROFUNDA DEDICACIÓN PERSONAL A ESTA LUCHA. PARA QUE ESTA CONFERENCIA LOGRE LOS RESULTADOS PARA LOS QUE FUE CONVOCADA, SE REQUIEREN MEDIDAS COMPLEMENTARIAS, BIEN MEDITADAS Y EFICACES, EN MUCHOS ÁMBITOS. EN LO QUE A LAS NACIONES UNIDAS SE REFIERE, ESTAMOS A VUESTRA DISPOSICIÓN.

COMO DIJE, NOS GUIAREMOS POR LAS RECOMENDACIONES A LAS QUE ESPERO LLEGARÉIS UNÁNIMEMENTE EN LOS DÍAS POR VENIR. JUNTOS PODEMOS Y DEBEMOS PONER FIN A ESTA FORMA CONTEMPORÁNEA DE ESCLAVITUD LLAMADA TOXICOMANÍA; JUNTOS PODEMOS PONER FIN A LA VIOLENCIA QUE HA ENGENDRADO; JUNTOS PODEMOS CUMPLIR NUESTRA OBLIGACIÓN DE CREAR UNA SOCIEDAD LIBRE DE DROGAS PARA LAS GENERACIONES FUTURAS; JUNTOS PODEMOS LOGRAR QUE LAS FUERZAS DE LA VIDA Y LA ESPERANZA TRIUNFEN SOBRE LAS FUERZAS DE LA MUERTE Y LA DESESPERACIÓN. LA COMUNIDAD MUNDIAL NOS HA ENCOMENDADO ESA RESPONSABILIDAD. CONFÍO EN QUE SEREMOS DIGNOS DE ELLA.

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1597A/JT/12687

ROUTING SLIP

FICHE DE TRANSMISSION

TO:
A: Yanick, Mr. Picco, Mr. Giuliani

FROM: Jenny
DE:

| Room No. - No de bureau | Extension - Poste | Date |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| 3802-D | 5034 | 12 June 87 |

| | | |
|-----------------|--|----------------------------|
| FOR ACTION | | POUR SUITE A DONNER |
| FOR APPROVAL | | POUR APPROBATION |
| FOR SIGNATURE | | POUR SIGNATURE |
| FOR COMMENTS | | POUR OBSERVATIONS |
| MAY WE DISCUSS? | | POURRIONS-NOUS EN PARLER ? |
| YOUR ATTENTION | | VOTRE ATTENTION |
| AS DISCUSSED | | COMME CONVENU |
| AS REQUESTED | | SUITE A VOTRE DEMANDE |
| NOTE AND RETURN | | NOTER ET RETOURNER |
| FOR INFORMATION | | POUR INFORMATION |

Attached is the finalized version
of the ^{ICD/T} ~~speech~~ speech in French,
which is to be used as a press
release.

It is, of course, subject to
revision and final clearance
in Vienna next week.

DECLARATION DU SECRETAIRE GENERAL A L'OUVERTURE DE LA CONFERENCE
INTERNATIONALE SUR L'ABUS ET LE TRAFIC ILLICITE DES DROGUES

VIENNE, LE 17 JUIN 1987

Excellences,
Mesdames, Messieurs,

Je déclare ouverte la Conférence internationale sur l'abus et le trafic illicite des stupéfiants. Votre présence aujourd'hui n'est pas seulement bien venue, mais elle est cruciale car nous sommes ici réunis pour aborder l'un des problèmes sociaux les plus aigus de notre époque - l'abus et le trafic illicite des drogues.

Permettez-moi tout d'abord de remercier vivement le Gouvernement et le peuple autrichiens d'avoir mis à la disposition de l'Organisation des Nations Unies ce splendide centre nouvellement construit. Je me réjouis sincèrement du grand nombre d'éminents représentants, observateurs et invités qui sont venus du monde entier pour assister à la première conférence mondiale de ce genre. Votre présence ici confirme, s'il en était besoin, qu'on ne peut espérer lutter avec succès contre le problème de la drogue, comme d'ailleurs contre d'autres fléaux qui menacent le monde moderne, que grâce à une coopération internationale, pour laquelle l'Organisation des Nations Unies est l'instrument idéal.

Nous savons tous que, s'ils sont utilisés à bon escient, les stupéfiants et les substances psychotropes ne présentent pas de danger. Ils sont d'ailleurs indispensables pour soulager la souffrance. Pourtant, l'expérience montre chaque jour davantage qu'en cas d'abus ou de mauvaise utilisation, ces substances acquièrent un pouvoir maléfique et peuvent finalement détruire l'existence de millions d'êtres humains et même mettre en danger la sécurité des nations.

Les premières victimes sont les toxicomanes eux-mêmes qui perdent peu à peu leur force, leur intelligence et leur volonté. Une fois qu'ils sont pris dans l'engrenage, leur vie devient un enfer. Les familles sont touchées, elles aussi, tant sur le plan matériel que sur le plan affectif, comme l'est également la société tout entière car les toxicomanes en viennent à représenter pour elle une charge extrêmement coûteuse et souvent dangereuse. En effet, la drogue engendre la violence. Dans certains Etats, plus de la moitié des crimes et infractions portés devant les tribunaux sont liés à la drogue. De plus, on a établi qu'il existe un lien entre certains types d'abus de stupéfiants et cette nouvelle maladie épidémique, le SIDA, dont l'issue est presque toujours fatale.

Outre les victimes de la toxicomanie, il faut compter les victimes du trafic des drogues. En effet, tout comme les toxicomanes perdent leur santé et leur liberté, de nombreux Etats sont touchés par la corruption et parfois leur indépendance est menacée. La sécurité internationale elle-même est en jeu car le trafic des stupéfiants est souvent lié aux ventes illégales d'armes, à la subversion et au terrorisme. En somme, il s'agit d'un mal qui, non content de détruire les individus, s'attaque aussi aux fondements de la société par le biais de la corruption et de la violence.

Or, ce mal ne cesse de se répandre. De nouveaux stupéfiants, moins coûteux, et souvent plus puissants et dangereux qu'auparavant, apparaissent tous les jours. Les toxicomanes se comptent par dizaines de millions et appartiennent à toutes les couches de la société, à tous les groupes d'âge. Presque tous les pays sont maintenant touchés, y compris les pays producteurs et les pays de transit qui se transforment rapidement en pays consommateurs.

Dans ces conditions, il est vain de pointer un doigt accusateur vers les Etats dits producteurs, consommateurs ou de transit. Il faut maintenant que tous les Etats réexaminent et renforcent les moyens dont ils disposent pour lancer une offensive sans merci contre l'abus des drogues sous toutes ses formes. Dans les pays en développement, qui ont naturellement à coeur l'édification de la nation, il est particulièrement important de prendre des mesures préventives contre les risques inhérents à l'abus des stupéfiants. Dans beaucoup de ces pays, les jeunes constituent la majeure partie de la population active et s'ils étaient dans l'incapacité de travailler du fait de la drogue, c'est le fondement même de la société qui serait atteint, ainsi que son potentiel économique. Dans les pays développés également, la question des drogues est soudain apparue comme l'une des priorités nationales de premier plan. Ce phénomène est considéré de plus en plus souvent comme une "cinquième colonne", capable de saper la vitalité, l'économie, voire la moralité des pays.

C'est maintenant dans le cadre plus large de la communauté internationale tout entière que nous devons manifester la préoccupation croissante de l'humanité face à la vague sans précédent de toxicomanie, de corruption, d'instabilité économique et de terrorisme découlant du trafic illégal, qui se chiffre aujourd'hui en milliards de dollars par an.

De toute évidence, les effets de la toxicomanie sur la communauté internationale, sur la société et sur un nombre incalculable d'individus, ont suscité une prise de conscience plus nette. Il faut de toute urgence redoubler d'efforts aux niveaux gouvernemental, intergouvernemental, non gouvernemental et individuel pour nous débarrasser de ce fléau omniprésent et insidieux.

C'est conscient de cette nécessité que j'ai proposé la convocation de cette conférence et, à mon grand plaisir, l'Assemblée générale a approuvé à l'unanimité ma suggestion. Elle a chargé la Conférence d'envisager, dans une perspective globale et équilibrée, les activités à organiser dans le cadre des Nations Unies pour aborder le problème des drogues sous tous ses aspects. Ce qui veut dire que nous devons nous attaquer à tous les maillons de la chaîne de l'abus et du trafic illicite des drogues, du producteur jusqu'au consommateur.

La décision de l'Assemblée procédait d'un large consensus des Etats en faveur d'une approche équilibrée du problème ainsi que de leur désir de voir l'Organisation entreprendre une nouvelle campagne plus vigoureuse, portant tant sur la prévention de l'abus des drogues que sur la réadaptation des toxicomanes. A cet égard, je suis de plus en plus convaincu qu'il faut déployer des efforts considérablement plus importants afin de réduire la demande. Je suis parvenu à cette conclusion parce que l'expérience prouve amplement, hélas, que, tant que la demande existera, les moyens de la satisfaire existeront aussi, et tout ce que nous pourrons faire pour réduire l'offre sera vain. Dans cette optique, chaque société, chaque groupe, chaque individu même, a un rôle capital à jouer. Il faut que le message soit bien compris partout dans le monde : les drogues asservissantes sont dangereuses et ceux qui les consomment ou poussent à les consommer doivent répondre de leurs actes. Les adultes doivent être à la hauteur de leurs responsabilités et fournir aux jeunes l'éducation et l'orientation appropriées ainsi que de bons modèles de comportement. Il incombe aussi à chacun de nous de dissuader les autres de se droguer, de promouvoir des comportements positifs et de susciter parmi les jeunes une influence assez forte pour dissuader leurs pairs de se droguer.

C'est surtout sur ce plan que la contribution des organisations non gouvernementales peut être décisive. Leur vaste rayonnement, au niveau des collectivités et des particuliers, leur donne en effet des moyens uniques pour favoriser une réduction de la demande. Il est des plus réconfortant de voir que ces organisations ont déjà résolument pris la tête du mouvement en ce sens et je suis heureux qu'elles soient si nombreuses à participer à cette conférence.

Au cours des années, une coopération étroite s'est établie avec nos collègues de l'Organisation mondiale de la santé qui, dans le cadre de ses efforts en vue de créer un style de vie sain pour tous, joue un rôle de premier plan dans le contrôle de l'approvisionnement et dans le traitement et la réadaptation des drogués. L'Organisation mondiale de la santé, comme vous le savez sans doute, a d'ores et déjà pris la lourde responsabilité de la coordination des recherches globales concernant le SIDA, cette épidémie qui, comme je l'ai souligné, est liée au problème de la drogue.

La communauté internationale s'est aperçue dès les débuts de ce siècle qu'aucun pays ne pouvait réussir tout seul à empêcher l'abus des drogues. Partant de ce principe, des mécanismes de contrôle à l'échelle mondiale ont progressivement vu le jour en vue de limiter l'offre de drogues à la quantité strictement nécessaire pour soulager la douleur et les souffrances. Les accords existants sont mis en oeuvre par les deux organes des Nations Unies chargés du contrôle des drogues : la Commission des stupéfiants et l'Organe international de contrôle des stupéfiants. De plus, le Fonds des Nations Unies pour la lutte contre l'abus des drogues occupe une place centrale pour l'exécution de programmes de coopération technique dans les Etats qui, faute de ressources suffisantes, ne peuvent prendre seuls les mesures nécessaires.

Il est aussi réconfortant de voir l'appui croissant des Etats Membres qui contribuent généreusement aux programmes que les Nations Unies mettent actuellement en oeuvre dans toutes les régions du monde. Par leur participation aux efforts de la communauté internationale, les Etats donateurs démontrent de manière concrète leur volonté d'aider d'autres Etats Membres qui se heurtent au problème de la drogue. C'est ainsi qu'en s'engageant récemment à verser une contribution de 300 millions de dollars des Etats-Unis au programme de coopération technique du Fonds des Nations Unies pour la lutte contre l'abus des drogues, le Gouvernement italien a fait un geste particulièrement méritoire. Je suis convaincu que les participants à cette conférence s'inspireront de cet exemple et augmenteront leur appui à nos programmes. Un certain nombre d'organismes des Nations Unies se sont déjà attaqués avec ardeur à la solution de maints aspects du problème et seraient disposés, j'en suis sûr, à accorder à leurs activités une priorité plus grande encore à l'avenir.

Les programmes des Nations Unies recouvrent déjà toute une série de nouvelles initiatives destinées à traiter de tel ou tel aspect précis du problème. Il s'agit notamment des services d'appui fournis pour la poursuite de l'élaboration du projet de convention contre le trafic illicite des drogues. Comme beaucoup d'entre vous, j'attache une grande importance à la mise au point de cet instrument qui comble une importante lacune dans le droit international actuel, surtout en ce qui concerne l'identification et la saisie des gains illicites des trafiquants. Je souhaite ardemment qu'avec l'appui de tous les gouvernements représentés ici, cet important document voie bientôt le jour, soit ratifié par le plus grand nombre de pays possible et soit strictement appliqué.

En examinant l'action des Nations Unies, je dois souligner que le succès de l'Organisation dans son rôle dirigeant suppose que nos propres efforts soient renforcés et appuyés par les Etats Membres. En dernière analyse, la détermination et l'action résolue de chaque gouvernement, à l'intérieur de ses frontières et en coopération avec les autres, sont essentielles pour venir à bout de cette menace.

Excellences, Mesdames, Messieurs, c'est donc vers vous que nous nous tournons pour vous demander conseil. Les recommandations que cette conférence formulera au sujet de nos activités futures seront capitales pour le développement du rôle de l'Organisation. Pour ma part, j'apprécierais vivement une participation maximum de tous les membres de la famille des Nations Unies. Les Nations Unies ont déjà montré que leur contribution est vitale lorsqu'il s'agit de résoudre les véritables problèmes de notre époque : nos efforts de lutte contre les drogues illicites en sont la meilleure preuve. L'Organisation attend l'issue de vos délibérations et est toute prête à mettre en oeuvre tous les mécanismes que vous jugerez nécessaires. Je présenterai des recommandations précises à cet égard à l'Assemblée générale au vu des conclusions auxquelles vous parviendrez ici.

Je tiens à vous assurer de mon engagement personnel, profond et constant dans cette lutte. Pour que cette conférence réponde à nos attentes, il faut que des mesures efficaces et soigneusement pesées soient prises dans de nombreuses instances. L'ONU, pour sa part, se tient à votre disposition. Comme je l'ai dit, nous serons guidés par les recommandations auxquelles, j'en suis convaincu, vous parviendrez à l'unanimité dans les jours qui viennent. Ensemble, nous pouvons et devons mettre un terme à cette forme moderne d'esclavage qu'est la toxicomanie; ensemble, nous pouvons mettre fin à la violence qu'elle engendre; ensemble, nous pouvons nous acquitter de l'obligation qui nous incombe de léguer aux générations futures une société sans drogue; ensemble, nous pouvons faire en sorte que les forces de la vie et de l'espoir triomphent des forces de la mort et du désespoir. Telle est la responsabilité que la communauté mondiale nous a confiée à nous tous qui sommes ici aujourd'hui. Je suis convaincu que nous nous montrerons dignes de la confiance placée en nous.

* * *

LIST OF PRIVATE TELEPHONE NUMBERS - UNOV

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Miss Margaret J. Anstee | 65 94 835 |
| Ms. Elisabeth Friedel | 85 22 735 |
| Mr. Friedrich Herold, Conference Services | 44 13 10 |
| Mr. Ferdinand Mayrhofer-Grunbuhel | 72 53 75 |
| Mr. Anthony O'Connell, Chief of Security | 23 10 055 |
| Mrs. Tamar Oppenheimer | 72 57 54 |
| Mr. Wolfgang Rudolph, Information Service | 48 64 72 |
| Mr. Kurt Stenzel, Driver | 67 17 143 |
| Mr. Axel Wuestenhagen, Information Service | 82 24 82 |
| Mr. Edward Zdrojowy, Protocol | 75 10 843 |

Residence: Hotel Vienna Hilton (tel. 75 26 52)

Press Review of Austrian Newspapers

16 June 1987

Secretary General's Visit to Vienna

DIE PRESSE (conservative) reports that Austrian Federal President Kurt Waldheim will give a dinner in honour of the Secretary-General later today which will also be attended by the President of the Austrian National Council, Leopold Gratz, and Foreign Minister Alois Mock. The paper notes that the Secretary-General, coming from a visit to the German Democratic Republic, will open the UN Drug Conference in Vienna and then go on to Geneva and to the Soviet Union. In Vienna, the paper reports, the Secretary-General will also meet with Chancellor Franz Vranitzky. Among the subjects to be discussed with his Austrian interlocutors will be Sweden's decision to withdraw its contingent from Cyprus and Austria's continuing participation in the peace-keeping operation.

ICDAIT

Most Austrian newspapers report on the forthcoming opening tomorrow of the International Conference on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking. KURIER (independent, mass circulation) reports that up to 60 Ministers are expected to participate at the Conference. Special reference is made to the Secretary-General's initiative in 1985 leading to the convening of the Conference which will demonstrate the international community's reaction on the world-wide increase of drug abuse and illicit trafficking.

WIENER ZEITUNG (Government paper) quotes the Secretary-General's statement that "drug abuse presents as destructive a threat to this and coming generations as the plagues which swept many parts of the world in earlier centuries. Unless controlled, its effect will be more insidious and devastating". The paper also stresses the fact that insufficient data were available on the number of drug addicts.

Austria/Refugees

DIE PRESSE and WIENER ZEITUNG report on a meeting of the Austrian Foreign Minister Alois Mock with the UN High Commissioner for Refugees, Jean-Pierre Hocke, who is at present paying an official visit to Austria. Mr. Mock noted at this occasion that Austria's "generous refugee policy" was seriously hampered by an increasingly restrictive attitude of some Western countries. In this context, the Austrian Foreign Minister referred to recent US action involving the deportation of previous refugees who have become US citizens.

16.6.87/AW



VEREINTE NATIONEN
Informationsdienst

INT. SEC
SECURITY of Human beings
Security of our youth

16 June 1987

REVIEW OF FRG MEDIA, 16 JUNE 1987

1) Main headlines:

"FRG navy vessel hit during East-Block exercise" (Süddeutsche Zeitung, liberal, Munich, first headline).

"Navy vessel hit in Baltic Sea" (Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung, conservative, second headline).

"German vessel hit" (Frankfurter Rundschau, left liberal, second headline).

The event referred to by these headlines concerns A FRGerman navy vessel which was hit five times on Monday, 15 June by Warsaw Pact naval forces during an exercise in the Baltic Sea. Three FRGerman sailors were injured. Papers report that FRGerman Government takes it that the whole affair happened by accident.

Other headlines deal with the Italian elections and repercussions of the Iran affair to President Reagan's term of office. Also headlined is a new Moscow offer to dismantle missiles in Europe.

2) Main commentaries:

Süddeutsche Zeitung: "Five hits too many". The paper maintains that the accidental bombardment of an FRGerman vessel could and should have been avoided by Warsaw Pact Forces by conducting their manoeuvres more cautiously.

Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung: Its lead commentary contains positive reflections on Gorbachev.

3) UN affairs:

All FRGerman newspapers and TV/Radio Stations report briefly on the visit of Secretary-General Perez de Cuellar to GDR and particularly on his meeting with Mr. Honecker.

Süddeutsche Zeitung also underlines that main topic of talk centers on international security. Süddeutsche Zeitung also carries a brief article on the 15th anniversary of the UN Declaration on Environment (Stockholm Conference).

Deutsche Welle carries information on the forthcoming opening of ICDAIT by the Secretary-General.

Wolfgang H. Rudolph
Director, UN Information Service

NB: There will be no FRGerman newspaper on Wednesday, 17 June 1987.

1987/06/16
0403d

Secretary-General's Visit to Vienna
16 - 18 June 1987

Accommodation at Hotel Vienna Hilton

| | |
|---|---------------|
| The Secretary-General Mrs. Pérez de Cuéllar | Suite 1801/02 |
| Mr. Giandomenico Picco, Senior Officer | Room 1811 |
| Ms. Yanick St. Victor, Secretary to the Secretary-General | Room 1518 |
| Mr. John Hrusovsky, Chief Operations Officer | Room 1803 |
| Mr. Nicholas Panzarino, Operations Officer | Room 1809 |

Office: Room 1810

Hotel Vienna Hilton telephone number: 75 26 52



1987/06/12
0403d

Secretary-General's Visit to Vienna
16 - 18 June 1987

Guest List

Luncheon by Vice Chancellor Mock
Hotel Sacher, Wednesday 17 June

Vice Chancellor Mock
The Secretary-General
Mr. Picco
Miss Anstee
Mrs. Oppenheimer
Mr. Mayrhofer-Grunbuhel
Amb. Klestil (Secretary-General for Foreign Affairs)
Amb. Schmidt (Director-General for Development Co-operation)
Amb. Türk (Legal Council)
Amb. Wotawa (Permanent Representative to UNOV)
Mr. Hohenfellner (Head, UN Office)
Ms. Sauer (Austria Press Agency)

Also invited are the following personalities attending ICDAIT (attendance of luncheon not confirmed):

Prime Minister Dato Seri Dr. Makathir Mohamad of Malaysia
Deputy Prime Minister Sonté of Thailand
Foreign Minister Guillermo Bedregal Gutierrez of Bolivia
Foreign Minister Stoltenberg of Norway
Foreign Minister Allan Wagner of Peru

GUEST LIST FOR DINNER BY PRESIDENT WALDHEIM FOR SECRETARY-GENERAL
AND MRS. PÉREZ DE CUÉLLAR, VIENNA HOFBURG, TUESDAY, 16 JUNE, 8 PM

President and Mrs. Waldheim

Secretary-General and Mrs. Pérez de Cuéllar

Mr. and Mrs. Gratz, President National Council

FM and Mrs. Mock

Amb. and Mrs. Morelli Pando, PERU

Min. of Interior Blecha

Mayor and Mrs. Zilk

Miss Anstee

Mr. and Mrs. Blix, DG IAEA

Mr. and Mrs. Siazon, DG UNIDO

Mr. and Mrs. Mayrhofer-Grünbühel

Mr. Picco

Mr. and Mrs. Loibl, Director of Cabinet

Mr. and Mrs. Zeleny, Office of the Chancellor

SG for Foreign Affairs and Mrs. Klestil

Mr. and Mrs. Reidinger, Police President

Amb. and Mrs. Wotava, Per.Rep. to UNOV

Amb. and Mrs. Hennig, Foreign Policy Adviser to the Fed. President

Amb. and Mrs. Cornaro, Chief of Protocol

Mr. and Mrs. Nigisch, Office of the Chancellor

Mr. and Mrs. Christian, Spokesman of the Fed. President

Mr. and Mrs. Scheide, Office of the Chancellor

Mr. and Mrs. Schönherr, APA

Mrs. Humes

Mr. Bradford Morse

Mr. Ludwig Steiner, Deputy to the National Council, Foreign Policy
Spokesman of ÖVP



10
Deputy Minister of Public Health & Head of the
Chinese Delegation to the International Conference
on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking

Mr. Gu Yingqi

requests the pleasure of the company of

Mr. & Mrs. Javier Perez de Quellar

at a buffet dinner

on Monday 22nd June 1987 at 7:30 p.m.

Pötschlinsgasse 42
1180 Vienna

R. S. V. P. (Regrets only)
Tel. 471364

Please bring this card with you.

A l'occasion de la Conférence Internationale sur
l'Abus et le Trafic Illicite des Drogues

LE PRESIDENTE DE LA DELEGATION S. E. MONSIEUR SERGIO GARCIA RAMIREZ

L'Ambassadeur du Mexique

et Madame de Cuevas Cancino

prient S.E. le Secrétaire Général, Javier
Pérez de Cuellar et Madame

de leur faire l'honneur de venir à une

réception à l'Ambassade

le jeudi, 18 juin 1987 à 19 heures

*Rennegasse 4
1010 Vienne*

en cas d'empêchement
66-17-76 - 79



*The Secretary-General of the United Nations
has the honour to request the presence of*

*at a reception given on the occasion of the
International Conference
on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking
on Wednesday, 17 June 1987, from 6.30 to 8.30 p.m.
at the Vienna International Centre
F-Building, Main Floor*

Regrets only
(Tel. 2637, ext. 4090) p.m.

*Please present this invitation, together with
personal identification, at the entrance.*



20

*El Ministro de Relaciones Exteriores y Culto
de la Republica de Bolivia*

*tiene el honor de invitar a l Excmo Señor
Javier Perez de Cuellar, SG de la ONU
a una Recepción el 18 de junio
a horas 12³⁰ en Austria Center Restaurant
junio de de 1987*

R. L. V. P.

NO

*The Delegation of the United States
of America
to the
International Conference on Drug Abuse
and Illicit Trafficking
requests the pleasure of your company
at a Viennese wine garden dinner (Heuriger)
on June 17, 1987 at 8:00 p.m.*

*Regrets Only
36-31-52 Ext. 253*

*Heuriger Reinprecht
Gobenzlgasse 22
19th District, Grinzing
Vienna*

- PLEASE PRESENT THIS CARD -



L'honorable Jake Epp

ministre de la Santé nationale et du Bien-être social du Canada

vous prie de lui faire l'honneur de venir à une réception

au Restaurant V.I.C.

le jeudi 18 juin 1987 à 18h30

R.S.V.P.

533-3691

Tenue de ville ou

Costume national

The Honourable Jake Epp
Minister of National Health and Welfare of Canada
requests the pleasure of your company at a reception
at the V.I.C. Restaurant
on Thursday, June 18, 1987, at 6:30 p.m.

R.S.V.P.
533-3691

Lounge Suit or
National Dress

DER VIZEKANZLER
UND BUNDESMINISTER FÜR AUSWÄRTIGE ANGELEGENHEITEN
GIBT SICH DIE EHRE,

Seine Exzellenz den Generalsekretär der
Vereinten Nationen, Herrn Javier Pérez de Cuellar,
zum Mittagessen

AM Mittwoch, 17. Juni 1987, UM 13 15 UHR

ZU BITTEN.

U. A. W. G.
TELEPHON 9015 KL.

p.m.

Hotel Sacher

HUBER & LERNER, WIEN I

CONFERENCIA INTERNACIONAL SOBRE EL USO INDEBIDO
Y EL TRAFICO ILICITO DE DROGAS
Centro Austria de Viena, 17 a 26 de junio de 1987

Miércoles 17 de junio de 1987 (10.30 horas)

Primera sesión plenaria

NOTA PARA EL SECRETARIO GENERAL

1. Apertura de la Conferencia por el Secretario General
de las Naciones Unidas

Declaro abierta la Conferencia Internacional sobre el Uso Indebido y el
Tráfico Ilícito de Drogas.

[Declaración del Secretario General.]

NOTA PARA EL SECRETARIO GENERAL

2. Elección del Presidente

Invito a los representantes a que procedan a la elección del Presidente de la Conferencia.

Como ustedes saben, se han celebrado consultas intensivas con miras a llegar a la recomendación de un candidato único para el cargo de Presidente de la Conferencia. El informe de las consultas previas a la Conferencia indica, sin embargo, que no se llegó a un acuerdo y, en consecuencia, no se ha presentado a la Conferencia ninguna recomendación sobre este asunto.

En estas circunstancias, será necesario proceder a la elección del Presidente por votación secreta, de conformidad con el artículo 42 del reglamento provisional de la Conferencia.

A este respecto, se han presentado oficialmente a la Secretaría dos candidaturas para el cargo de Presidente de la Conferencia, a saber, la del Excelentísimo Sr. Guillermo BEDREGAL-GUTIERREZ, de Bolivia, que ha sido apoyada por el Grupo Latinoamericano, y la del Excelentísimo Sr. Honorable MAHATHIR MOHAMAD, de Malasia, que ha sido apoyada por el Grupo Asiático.

Los funcionarios de conferencias distribuirán ahora las cédulas electorales.

Solicito a los representantes que utilicen únicamente las cédulas electorales que se están distribuyendo. En la cédula ha de indicarse el nombre del candidato por el cual se desea votar. Las cédulas que contengan más de un nombre se declararán nulas.

Invito a los representantes de Argelia, Australia, Colombia, Checoslovaquia y Filipinas a desempeñarse como escrutadores y a acompañar a los funcionarios de conferencias mientras recogen las cédulas electorales.

* * *

[Un escrutador acompañará a cada funcionario de conferencias, que procederá a recoger las cédulas en la sala de conferencias.

Antes de recoger las cédulas, los funcionarios de conferencias mostrarán al escrutador la urna vacía.

Una vez recogidas las cédulas, los escrutadores y los funcionarios de conferencias volverán al podio y esperarán unos momentos para dar la oportunidad de depositar sus cédulas a aquéllos que han llegado tarde.]

* * *

Las cédulas han sido recogidas. No se aceptarán más cédulas. La votación está cerrada.

Se procederá al escrutinio. Se suspende la sesión durante 15 minutos.

* * *

Los resultados de la votación son los siguientes:

[Por favor, léase el informe de los escrutadores.]

* * *

Habiendo obtenido la mayoría necesaria, el Excelentísimo Sr. de ha sido elegido Presidente de la Conferencia.

Felicito sinceramente al Excelentísimo Sr. y le invito a asumir la Presidencia.

Pido al Jefe de Protocolo se sirva escoltar al Presidente al podio.

[Después de felicitar al Presidente, el Sr. Pérez de Cuéllar ocupará el asiento a la derecha del Presidente.]

[Declaración del Presidente con motivo de su elección.]

0009K

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON DRUG ABUSE
AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING
Austria Center Vienna, 17-26 June 1987

Wednesday, 17 June 1987 (a.m.)
1st plenary meeting

NOTE FOR THE PRESIDENT OF THE CONFERENCE

[Statement by the President of the Conference upon his
election]

Messages from Heads of State or Government

Before proceeding to the next item on the agenda for this morning, I should like to inform representatives that I have received ____ messages from Heads of State or Government on the occasion of the opening of the Conference with the request that they be communicated to the Conference.

If there is no objection, in accordance with past practice, I would propose that the delegations concerned be given an opportunity, at this stage, to read the messages on the understanding that any further messages that might still be received on the occasion of the opening of the Conference would be circulated in the Conference Hall in the languages in which they were provided.

It is so decided.

In accordance with the decision just taken, I shall now give the floor to the delegations concerned in the order in which the messages were received.

I give the floor to the representative of the Holy See, who will read a message from his Holiness the Pope.

[A list of speakers will be provided for the President]

I thank the representative of _____.

3. Statement by the Secretary-General of the Conference

I have the honour to call on the Secretary-General of the Conference, Mrs. Tamar Oppenheimer, to make a statement.

[Statement by Mrs. Oppenheimer]

I thank Mrs. Oppenheimer for her important statement and wish to express, on behalf of the Conference, our deep appreciation for her energetic efforts towards the achievement of the goals and objectives of the Conference.

* * *

4. Report by the Presiding Officer of the pre-Conference
consultations

We shall now proceed to the consideration of item 4 of today's programme, entitled "Report by the Presiding Officer of the pre-Conference consultations".

It gives me great pleasure to invite the Presiding Officer of the pre-Conference consultations, His Excellency Mr. Enrique Parejo González of Colombia, to address the Conference.

* * *

I thank Mr. Parejo González for his report. On behalf of the Conference, I wish to express our appreciation to him and all those who participated in the pre-Conference consultations for their relentless efforts.

[Whenever the Secretary-General of the United Nations intends to leave]

Before proceeding with our work, I should like to inform you that the Secretary-General of the United Nations has to leave now because of other pressing engagements.

May I take this opportunity to thank the Secretary-General, on behalf of the Conference, for the important initiative he took in proposing the convening of this Conference and for his presence here today. The Secretary-General's personal interest and constant support are greatly appreciated.

[Pause to allow the Secretary-General to leave the podium escorted by the Chief of Protocol]

5. Organizational and procedural matters

I now invite representatives to turn to the report of the pre-Conference consultations contained in document A/CONF.133/L.1. I hope that, in view of the general agreement reached during the consultations, the Conference will be able to act expeditiously on the recommendations contained in the report.

(a) Adoption of the rules of procedure

In paragraph 4 of the report, it is recommended that the Conference should adopt the provisional rules of procedure as set out in document A/CONF.133/2.

May I take it that the Conference adopts that recommendation?

It is so decided.

(b) Adoption of the agenda and allocation of items

In paragraph 5 of the report, it is recommended that the Conference should adopt the provisional agenda as set out in document A/CONF.133/1.

May I take it that the Conference adopt that recommendation?

It is so decided.

We now turn to the allocation of items recommended in paragraph 6 of the report.

May I take it that the Conference approves that allocation of items?

It is so decided.

With regard to the recommendations made by the pre-Conference consultations in paragraphs 14 and 15, relating to the organization of work of the Main Committee, may I take it that the Conference decides that both the Comprehensive Multidisciplinary Outline of Future Activities in Drug Abuse Control (A/CONF.133/4) and the provisional draft declaration (A/CONF.133/PC/10/Corr.1) be referred to the Main Committee and that the Committee should take into account the tentative time-table annexed to document A/CONF.133/3/Add.2 for the organization of its work?

It is so decided.

(c) Organization of work

We now turn to paragraphs 7, 8 and 9, which contain recommendations regarding the organization of meetings, including the schedule of meetings, the closure of the list of speakers, the closure of the general debate, the duration of statements and the right of reply.

May I take it that those arrangements regarding the organization of work are adopted by the Conference?

It is so decided.

With regard to the decision we have just taken concerning statements in the general debate that "statements should be limited to seven minutes for representatives of each State and three minutes for other participants", I appeal to all participants for their co-operation. There is a large number of speakers listed so far and, even with the strict observance of the time limits, it will be difficult to accommodate everyone within the time constraints in which we have to conclude our work. Undoubtedly, we will have to resort to extended meetings. Accordingly, the decision taken by the Conference will have to be applied strictly and, in the event that a statement goes beyond the allowed time, I shall have no choice but to interrupt the speaker.

In order to expedite the work of the Conference, I would suggest that all interventions other than statements in the general debate be delivered from the floor.

I hear no objection, it is so decided.

I should therefore like to suggest that those participants who have prepared long statements for the general debate consider adjusting them, so that their oral interventions may comply with the time-limits set by the Conference. Of course, those participants may make arrangements for their full statements to be distributed to all delegations, if they so wish.

(d) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee

We now come to the appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee.

In paragraph 10, it is recommended that, in conformity with rule 4 of the rules of procedure, the Conference should appoint the Bahamas, China, Fiji, Ghana, the Netherlands, Rwanda, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United States of America and Venezuela as members of the Credentials Committee, on the understanding that, if one those States is not present, the Conference should replace it by another State from the same regional group.

May I consider that the Conference wishes to proceed in accordance with that recommendation?

It is so decided.

I therefore declare these States appointed members of the Credentials Committee of the Conference.

(e) Adoption of the report of the Conference

In paragraph 11, it is recommended that the report of the Conference should consist of the decisions of the Conference, a brief account of the events leading to the convening of the Conference and the proceedings, including a summary of the general debate in plenary meetings and a repertorial account of the work of the Main Committee and of the action taken on its recommendations in plenary meetings.

May I consider that the Conference adopts that recommendation?

It is so decided.

In paragraph 12, it is further recommended that each regional group should designate two persons to serve as "friends of the Rapporteur-General", who will assist the latter in preparing the draft report of the Conference.

May I take it that the Conference adopts that recommendation?

It is so decided.

May I request the Chairmen of the regional groups who have not yet done so to inform the Secretary of the Conference of the names of the "friends of the Rapporteur-General" designated by their respective groups by the end of the afternoon.

(f) Election of officers other than the President

We now turn to the question of the election of officers other than the President.

Under rule 6 of the rules of procedure, the Conference shall elect two Vice-Presidents for Co-ordination, 24 other Vice-Presidents, a Rapporteur-General and a Presiding Officer for the Main Committee established in accordance with rule 44.

In this connection, however, I understand that further consultations are needed to arrive at an agreed slate.

I therefore proposed that we consider the question of the election of officers other than the President at the beginning of this afternoon's meeting, before the start of the general debate.

As a result, the Main Committee will start its work in the course of this afternoon, immediately after the question of the election of officers other than the President has been considered in the plenary.

The next meeting will take place this afternoon at 3 p.m.

The meeting is adjourned.

CONFERENCE INTERNATIONALE SUR L'ABUS
ET LE TRAFIC ILLICITE DES DROGUES
Austria Center de Vienne, 17-26 juin 1987

Mercredi 17 juin 1987 (10 h 30)

Première séance plénière

NOTE A L'INTENTION DU SECRETAIRE GENERAL

Point 1 de l'ordre du jour. Ouverture de la Conférence par le
Secrétaire général de l'Organisation des
Nations Unies

Je déclare ouverte la Conférence internationale sur l'abus et le trafic
illicite des drogues.

[Déclaration du Secrétaire général]

NOTE POUR LE SECRÉTAIRE GENERAL

Point 2 de l'ordre du jour - Election du Président

J'invite maintenant les représentants à procéder à l'élection du Président de la Conférence.

Comme vous le savez, des consultations intensives ont eu lieu en vue de parvenir à une recommandation sur un candidat unique aux fonctions de président de la Conférence. Toutefois, le rapport sur les consultations préalables à la Conférence indique que l'accord à ce sujet ne s'est pas fait et la Conférence n'est donc saisie d'aucune recommandation.

Dans ces conditions, il va falloir procéder à l'élection du Président au scrutin secret, conformément à l'article 42 du règlement intérieur provisoire de la Conférence.

Deux candidatures aux fonctions de président de la Conférence ont été officiellement présentées au secrétariat : celle de S. E. M. Guillermo BEDREGAL-GUTIERREZ (Bolivie), approuvée par le Groupe latino-américain, et celle de S. E. l'Honorable MAHATHIR MOHAMAD (Malaisie), approuvée par le Groupe asiatique.

Les fonctionnaires de conférence vont maintenant distribuer les bulletins de vote.

Je demanderai aux représentants de n'utiliser que les bulletins de vote qui leur ont été remis et d'y inscrire le nom de la personne pour laquelle ils souhaitent voter. Les bulletins comportant plus d'un nom seront déclarés nuls.

J'invite les représentants de l'Algérie, de l'Australie, de la Colombie, des Philippines et de la Tchécoslovaquie à faire office de scrutateurs et à accompagner les fonctionnaires des conférences chargés de recueillir les bulletins de vote.

* * *

[Un scrutateur accompagnera chaque fonctionnaire des conférences qui recueillera les bulletins de vote dans la salle de la Conférence.

Avant de ramasser les bulletins, les fonctionnaires des conférences devront montrer aux scrutateurs que les urnes sont vides.

Après avoir ramassé les bulletins de vote, les scrutateurs et les fonctionnaires des conférences devront revenir à la tribune et attendre un moment pour permettre aux retardataires de venir déposer leurs bulletins.]

* * *

Les bulletins de vote ont été ramassés. Aucun autre bulletin ne sera accepté. Je déclare le scrutin clos.

Il est maintenant procédé au décompte des voix. La séance est suspendue pendant 15 minutes.

* * *

Les voix se sont réparties comme suit :

[Veuillez lire le rapport des scrutateurs.]

* * *

S. E. M. _____ de _____ a obtenu la majorité requise et est élu Président de la Conférence.

Je présente mes sincères félicitations à S. E. M. _____ et l'invite à prendre la présidence.

Puis-je demander au Chef du protocole de bien vouloir accompagner le Président jusqu'au podium.

[Après avoir félicité le Président, M. Pérez de Cuéllar occupera le siège à la droite de celui-ci.]

[Déclaration du Président à l'occasion de son élection.]



NATIONS UNIES

JOURNAL

CONFÉRENCE INTERNATIONALE SUR L'ABUS ET LE TRAFIC ILLICITE DES DROGUES

N° 1

PROGRAMME DES SEANCES ET ORDRE DU JOUR

Mercredi 17 juin 1987

10 h 30 - 13 heures Première séance plénière Salle plénière
(salle A)

1. Ouverture de la Conférence par le Secrétaire général de l'Organisation des Nations Unies (1).
2. Election du Président (2).
3. Déclaration de la Secrétaire générale de la Conférence.
4. Rapport du Président des consultations préalables à la Conférence (A/CONF.133/L.1).
5. Questions d'organisation et de procédures (A/CONF.133/3 et Add.1 et 2. A/CONF.133/L.1) (3) :
 - a) Adoption du règlement intérieur (A/CONF.133/2);
 - b) Adoption de l'ordre du jour (A/CONF.133/1);
 - c) Organisation des travaux;
 - d) Election des membres du Bureau autres que le Président;
 - e) Nomination des membres de la Commission de vérification des pouvoirs.

15 heures - 18 heures Deuxième séance plénière

Salle plénière
(salle A)

Coopération internationale dans la lutte contre l'abus des drogues :
débat général (4) :

CANADA
ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE
NORVEGE
AUTRICHE
REPUBLIQUE FEDERALE D'ALLEMAGNE
FINLANDE
BOLIVIE
DANEMARK
BAHAMAS
COLOMBIE

Texte des discours prononcés lors du débat général

Pour faciliter le travail d'interprétation et celui des autres services du Secrétariat, les représentants qui ont préparé le texte de leur intervention voudront bien en fournir 25 exemplaires.

Ces exemplaires devront être remis au fonctionnaire des conférences à la séance à laquelle le discours sera prononcé. Les délégations qui désirent faire distribuer le texte de leur intervention à tous les participants voudront bien en remettre 250 exemplaires au fonctionnaire des conférences.

Les délégations qui souhaitent communiquer le texte de leurs interventions à la presse voudront bien en faire déposer au moins 100 exemplaires au comptoir des documents destinés à la presse (01 J 565) une demi-heure au moins avant l'heure à laquelle le discours doit être prononcé.

GRANDE COMMISSION

15 heures-18 heures

Première séance

Salle F

1. Déclaration d'ouverture du Président.
2. Election des trois Vice-Présidents et du Rapporteur.
3. Organisation des travaux (A/CONF.133/L.1, A/CONF.133/Add.2).
4. Recommandations concernant un schéma multidisciplinaire complet pour les activités futures se rapportant aux problèmes de l'abus et du trafic illicite des drogues (5) :
 - a) Projet provisoire de déclaration (A/CONF.133/PC/10/Corr.1);
 - b) Examen du schéma multidisciplinaire complet pour les activités futures de lutte contre l'abus des drogues (A/CONF.133/4).

AUTRES SEANCES

| | | |
|----------|--|------------------------------|
| 9 heures | Groupe des pays d'Europe orientale | Salle OE F 244 |
| 9 heures | Groupe des pays d'Amérique latine | Salle de conférence II (CIV) |
| 9 h 30 | Groupe des pays d'Europe occidentale et autres pays | Salle 02 B 631 |

PROGRAMME DU FORUM DES ONG

La séance d'ouverture officielle du Programme du Forum des ONG commence à 14 h 30 (salle de conférence E). Cette réunion, qui est la première d'une série de tables rondes, s'intitule "Predicting Changes in the Drug Abuse Situation" (Quelle sera l'évolution de la situation en ce qui concerne l'abus des drogues ?). Le Groupe d'experts qui aura pour Président le Dr. Donald M. Smith (Canada), ancien Président de la Commission des stupéfiants des Nations Unies et Vice-Président du Conseil international sur les problèmes de l'alcoolisme et des toxicomanies, sera composé du Dr. C. Roberts Schuster (Etats-Unis d'Amérique), Directeur du National Institute on Drug Abuse, et du Dr. Bruno G. Claver (Côte d'Ivoire), Chef des services neuropsychiatriques. Tous les participants à la Conférence sont cordialement invités à assister à cette réunion, de même qu'à toutes les autres activités du Programme du Forum des ONG.

NOTES

Dispositions en vue de la séance d'ouverture

La séance d'ouverture de la Conférence se tiendra le mercredi 17 juin à 10 h 30 dans la Salle plénière (salle A, B, C) située au deuxième étage de l'Austria Center. Les participants voudront bien prendre place avant 10 h 15.

Places attribuées pour la séance d'ouverture

Comme les missions permanentes auprès de l'Organisation des Nations Unies à Vienne en ont déjà été informées, chaque délégation disposera de trois sièges à une table et de trois sièges de conseillers. En outre, 420 sièges pour les autres membres des délégations ont été installés dans la Salle plénière (salle de conférence A). Les invités pourront également prendre place dans la salle de conférence A après avoir présenté leur invitation à l'entrée.

Les organismes des Nations Unies, les institutions spécialisées et les organisations intergouvernementales disposeront d'un siège à une table dans la Salle plénière.

Dans la salle de conférence B, 250 places à des tables seront à la disposition des membres de la presse et des autres médias.

Les représentants des organisations non gouvernementales prendront place dans la salle de conférence C où 520 sièges seront mis à leur disposition.

Inscription

Les participants qui ne se sont pas encore inscrits sont priés de se présenter dès que possible entre 9 heures et 18 heures, dans le hall d'entrée de l'Austria Center pour le faire. A la première séance plénière, seules les personnes munies d'un laissez-passer délivré par le Bureau d'inscription ou d'une invitation spéciale seront admises dans la Salle plénière.

Présentation des pouvoirs des représentants des Etats

Les délégations qui n'ont pas encore présenté leurs pouvoirs sont priées de les présenter dès que possible au bureau du Secrétaire de la Commission de vérification des pouvoirs, M. Alexander Borg-Olivier, Conseiller juridique, salle C 141, (au deuxième étage de l'Austria Center), poste 982.

Liste des participants

La liste provisoire des participants contient les noms des participants communiqués au Secrétariat (A/CONF.133/Mis.1). Des additifs seront publiés à mesure de la réception d'informations complémentaires.

Afin de permettre au Secrétariat de publier une version définitive de la liste des participants, les délégations sont priées de présenter par écrit, à Mme Mora Henskens, au Bureau d'enregistrement, toute modification éventuelle à la liste provisoire.

Liste des orateurs

Les délégations qui souhaitent s'inscrire sur la liste des orateurs pour le débat général sont priées de se mettre en rapport avec Mme Hella Kohn Mills dans la Salle plénière ou dans la salle A 352 au deuxième étage de l'Austria Center, poste 972 ou 973.

Interprétation simultanée

Les discours prononcés dans l'une des langues officielles (anglais, arabe, chinois, espagnol, français ou russe) seront interprétés dans les autres langues officielles.

Les participants peuvent prononcer leurs discours dans une langue autre que les langues officielles. En pareil cas, toutefois, l'orateur doit faire assurer l'interprétation dans l'une des langues officielles. L'interprétation dans les autres langues officielles sera alors assurée par les interprètes officiels du Secrétariat.

Enregistrement des séances

Les séances plénières seront enregistrées. Les délégations qui souhaitent écouter l'enregistrement d'une séance déterminée devront en faire la demande au bureau du Coordonnateur des Services de la Conférence (bureau 02 C 138, poste 974 ou 975).

Distribution des documents

Les principaux documents seront disponibles en anglais, arabe, chinois, espagnol, français et russe.

Pendant la Conférence, les participants pourront se procurer les documents au comptoir de la distribution des documents, au rez-de-chaussée de l'Austria Center, où un casier sera réservé à chaque délégation. Ils y trouveront le premier jour :

- a) Un jeu des documents établis avant la session;
- b) Le premier numéro du Journal de la Conférence;
- c) Un formulaire sur lequel ils devront indiquer le nombre d'exemplaires des documents dont ils auront besoin pendant la session, en mentionnant la ou les langue(s) de travail voulue(s).

Le Service de distribution des documents fonctionnera tous les jours ouvrables depuis 8 h 30 jusqu'à une demi-heure après la fin de la dernière séance de la journée.

Tous les documents qui ont été distribués avant l'ouverture de la Conférence ne seront disponibles qu'en quantités limitées. Les participants sont donc priés d'apporter en séance leurs propres exemplaires. Ils sont invités instamment à apporter aussi les documents de base car, par mesure d'économie, le Secrétariat ne fait pas réimprimer les documents qui ont déjà fait l'objet d'une large diffusion avant la Conférence.

Les participants sont priés de remplir et de retourner le premier jour de la Conférence le formulaire mentionné plus haut concernant les documents dont ils auront besoin pendant la Conférence. Le Chef du groupe des documents se tient à la disposition des délégations pour leur fournir une assistance en matière de distribution des documents.

Il est rappelé aux participants que seuls les documents et publications officiels des Nations Unies et les annonces de réunions officielles peuvent être déposés dans les casiers des délégations. Les invitations officielles pourront également être distribuées au comptoir de distribution des documents.

Salles de réunions

La Conférence plénière se réunira dans la Salle plénière (salle A), située au deuxième étage de l'Austria Center.

La Grande Commission se réunira dans la salle F, située au rez-de-chaussée de l'Austria Center.

Dispositions relatives aux réunions de groupes régionaux et officieux

S'il est prévu d'organiser des réunions de groupes régionaux ou officieux, les demandes devront être adressées par le président du groupe ou par un coordonnateur au Coordonnateur des Services de la conférence (bureau 02 C 138, poste 974 ou 975) ou, pendant les séances, au fonctionnaire des conférences (dans la salle plénière, poste 512, ou dans la salle de réunions de la Grande Commission, poste 562). Comme les services d'interprétation et le nombre des salles de réunions sont limités, ces demandes seront satisfaites, conformément à la pratique des Nations Unies, dans la mesure où l'on disposera des services et des salles voulus.

Economat

Aux termes de l'Accord relatif à l'économat, conclu entre l'ONU et la République d'Autriche, les chefs des délégations des Etats Membres aux réunions de l'ONU et aux réunions convoquées par l'ONU, à l'exception des ressortissants autrichiens et des apatrides résidant en Autriche, ont droit à une carte d'admission à l'économat pendant la durée de la Conférence. En cas de départ d'un chef de délégation avant la fin de la Conférence, une carte sera délivrée à son suppléant. Les questions concernant la délivrance de ces cartes sont à adresser au bureau des cartes d'identité de l'ONU, bureau GOE10, poste 3907.

Ces cartes d'admission à l'économat doivent être pourvues de la photographie de leurs titulaires qui pourront s'adresser au fonctionnaire du bureau des cartes d'identité qui sera de service de midi à 16 heures à partir du jeudi 18 juin dans le bureau GOE10. Pour le reste de la Conférence, le bureau des cartes d'identité délivrera des cartes d'admission à l'économat aux personnes autorisées jusqu'au jeudi 26 juin à 16 heures. Les chefs de délégation ayant restitué leur ancienne carte d'admission à l'économat pourront la faire renouveler au bureau des cartes d'identité.

L'économat du CIV ayant été doté de caisses enregistreuses informatisées, les achats ne peuvent être effectués que moyennant la lecture par ce système des données personnelles pertinentes. C'est pourquoi, dès la réception de la carte d'admission, les titulaires sont priés de se rendre, pendant les heures d'ouverture de l'économat, au Service des usagers (Customers Service Counter) situé dans le bâtiment F (F-157), où l'on fera le nécessaire pour qu'ils puissent l'utiliser.

L'économat du CIV est situé dans le bâtiment F, niveau -1. Il est ouvert les lundi, mardi et mercredi de midi à 17 heures, le jeudi de midi à 18 heures et le vendredi de midi à 17 h 30. L'accès à l'économat est réservé aux détenteurs d'une carte d'admission valide, qui sont seuls habilités à y effectuer des achats.

Accueil

Une hôtesse d'accueil, installée près de l'entrée de la Salle des séances plénières (postes 462, 463, 464) fournira tous renseignements concernant la Conférence et prendra note des messages destinés aux participants, qu'elle se chargera, au besoin, d'envoyer chercher.

Stationnement des véhicules automobiles

Les représentants pourront garer leur voiture sur les aires de stationnement du garage de l'ACV. Sur demande, ils recevront une vignette (à concurrence de trois par délégation) valable pour toute la durée de la Conférence, qui leur donnera accès au parc de stationnement à partir du Hubertusdamm. Seuls les véhicules munis de cette vignette seront autorisés à stationner dans le garage. Les représentants sont priés de bien vouloir veiller à ce que leurs chauffeurs respectent les panneaux de signalisation concernant la circulation et le stationnement et se plient aux instructions des agents du service de sécurité de faction dans le complexe de l'ACV.

Une salle d'attente a été aménagée à l'intention des chauffeurs au buffet situé tout près de l'entrée principal de l'Austria Center.

Banques

Pour les opérations bancaires, l'agence de la Creditanstalt-Bankverein est à la disposition des délégations au rez-de-chaussée de l'Austria Center.

Devises

Les billets de banque, chèques de voyage et lettres de crédit peuvent être librement importés en Autriche; on peut toutefois éprouver des difficultés à échanger certaines monnaies. A leur départ, les personnes ayant séjourné en Autriche peuvent exporter les devises ou valeurs étrangères qu'elles avaient importées ainsi qu'une somme en monnaie autrichienne n'excédant pas 15 000 schillings.

Postes et télécommunications

Un bureau de poste, situé au rez-de-chaussée de l'Austria Center, assure tous les services postaux ordinaires.

Les appels téléphoniques de l'extérieur peuvent être, sur demande des participants, pris par le Bureau d'information situé au rez-de-chaussée (postes 1412/1413) et par l'hôtesse d'accueil qui se trouve à la sortie de la Salle des séances plénières au deuxième étage (postes 462, 463, 464). Pour les communications locales et les communications interurbaines et internationales automatiques, on peut utiliser les cabines téléphoniques payantes de l'Austria Center ou du bureau de poste.

Les télégrammes adressés aux participants sont déposés au bureau d'information et/ou auprès de l'hôtesse d'accueil et remis aussi rapidement que possible aux destinataires. Pour l'envoi de télégrammes et de télex, les participants doivent s'adresser au bureau de poste.

Service de voyage

L'Agence des Wagons-lits, service de voyages officiels de l'ONU, se tient à la disposition des participants pour tout ce qui concerne les déplacements, le tourisme, la location de voitures et les excursions. Un bureau d'accueil-voyage est situé au rez-de-chaussée de l'Austria Center et est ouvert tous les jours de 13 heures à 15 heures.

Liste de fonctionnaires responsables

La liste abrégée ci-après de fonctionnaires responsables a été établie pour l'information des participants (Central téléphonique de l'Austria Center : 23 45 82)

BUREAU DE LA SECRETAIRE GENERALE DE LA CONFERENCE

| | | <u>Bureau</u> | <u>Poste*</u> |
|--|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sous-Secrétaire générale, Secrétaire générale de la Conférence | Mme Tamar Oppenheimer | 03 A 448 | 4410* |
| | | 03 A 444 | 984, 985 |
| Assistant spécial de la Secrétaire générale | M. J. Schickert | 03 A 346 | 4107*, 991 |
| Secrétaire général adjoint de la Conférence | M. B. Jupp de Fondaumière | 03 A 450 | 403 |
| | | 03 A 448 | 4168* |
| Administrateur général, Bureau de la Sous-Secrétaire générale, Coordonnateur général des activités de lutte contre la drogue, Organisation des Nations Unies | M. Jay Long | 03 A 446 | 5502*, 985 |
| Coordonnateur de l'information | M. Joe Sills | 01 L 632 | 631, 5505* |
| Coordonnateur des Services de conférence | M. Friedrich W. Herold | 02 C 139 | 974, 3114* |

OFFICE DES NATIONS UNIES A VIENNE

| | | | |
|--|--|------------|-----------------|
| Secrétaire général adjoint Directeur général | Mme Margaret Anstee | VIC, E1436 | 5001/2* |
| | | 03 A 445 | 5003* |
| Assistant spécial du Directeur général | M. Ferdinand Mayrhofer- Gruenbuehel | VIC, E1420 | 4019/20* |
| Chef du protocole | M. Edward Zdrojowy | VIC, E1409 | 4090* |
| Chef de la sécurité | M. Anthony O'Connell | OE U 0341 | 801, 5517* |
| * * * * * | | | |
| Sous-Secrétaire général, Directeur exécutif, Fonds des Nations Unies pour la lutte contre l'abus des drogues | M. Giuseppe di Gennaro | OE 636 | 919, 920, 4101* |

* Il s'agit de numéros du CIV.

| | | <u>Bureau</u> | <u>Poste*</u> |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Directeur, Division des stupéfiants | M. Francesco Ramos Galino | 03 U 544 | 406 |

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| Secrétaire de l'Organe international de contrôle des stupéfiants | M. Abdelaziz Bahi | 03 U 543 | 451 |
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BUREAU DU SECRETAIRE DE LA CONFERENCE

| | | | |
|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Secrétaire de la Conférence | M. Jean Gazarian | 02 A 350 | 970 |
| Assistante du Secrétaire de la Conférence | Mme Kiyomi Ejima | 02 A 348 | 969 |
| Secrétaire adjointe de la Conférence | Mme Jeanne Condevaux | 02 A 351 | 971 |
| Assistante de la Secrétaire adjointe de la Conférence | Mme María Thompson | 02 A 352 | 972, 973 |
| Assistante (liste des orateurs en plénière) | Mme Hella Kohn Mills | 02 A 352 | 972, 973 |
| Secrétaire de la grande Commission | M. Paulsen Bailey | 03 A 450 | 402 |
| Assistants du Secrétaire de la grande Commission | Mme Margot Hartman | 03 A 450 | 404 |
| | Mme Renate Weidinger | 03 A 450 | 404 |
| Coordonnateur du rapport | M. Alfred Lehmann | 03 A 344 02 C 249 | 995 963 |
| Fonctionnaire chargée de l'inscription des participants | Mme Mora Henskens | Hall d'entrée | 5512* 494-497 |
| Fonctionnaires chargées de la documentation | Mme Françoise Just | OE F 138 | 911 |
| | Mme Jebon Szenttornyay | OE F 136 | 912 |

BUREAU DES AFFAIRES JURIDIQUES

| | | | |
|--|---------------------------|----------|-----|
| Conseiller juridique et Secrétaire de la Commission de vérification des pouvoirs | M. Alexander Borg-Olivier | 02 C 251 | 982 |
|--|---------------------------|----------|-----|

BUREAU DU DIRECTEUR GENERAL POUR LE DEVELOPPEMENT ET LA COOPERATION ECONOMIQUE INTERNATIONALE

| | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|--------|-----|
| Administrateur | Mme Rachel Mayanja | OE 634 | 922 |
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Bureau

Poste*

DEPARTEMENT DES AFFAIRES ECONOMIQUES ET SOCIALES INTERNATIONALES

| | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| Chargée de liaison, organisations non gouvernementales | Mme Virginia Saurwein | 01 N 135 | 945, 944 |
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| Chargée de liaison adjointe, organisations non gouvernementales | Mme Isel Rivero | 01 N 135 | 874 |
|---|-----------------|----------|-----|

DEPARTEMENT DE L'INFORMATION

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|
| Coordonnateur de l'information | M. Joe Sills | 01 L 632 | 931, 5505* |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|

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| Directeur, Service de l'information des Nations Unies, Vienne | M. Wolfgang Rudolph | 01 L 636 | 932, 5510* |
|---|---------------------|----------|------------|

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| Coordonnateur adjoint/ Accréditations | M. Axel Wuestenhagen | 01 L 636 | 5510*, 932 |
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| Fonctionnaire de l'information | Mme Paula Refolo | 01 L 634 | 933 |
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| Editrice (communiqués de presse) | Mme Shalini Dewan | 03 B 640 | 429 |
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|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------|-----|
| Chef de l'équipe radio-TV | M. Jorge Ulate-Segura | 03 U 552 | 436 |
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| Fonctionnaire chargé des moyens audiovisuels | M. Pedro Guillén | 03 U 546 | 439 |
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| Préposée aux documents | Mme Renate Henke | 01 J 565 | 934 |
|------------------------|------------------|----------|-----|

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| Liaison avec les organisations non gouvernementales | Mme Ingrid Lehmann | 01 F 131 | 869 |
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DEPARTEMENT DES SERVICES DE CONFERENCE

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| Assistante du Coordonnateur | Mme Monika Riedmann | 02 C 138 | 975, 3117* |
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Waldheim



SUBJECT: WALDHEIM'S TV SPEECH TO "FELLOW AUSTRIANS" ON 19 MAY 1987

Subject: Waldheims's TV speech to "fellow Austrians" on 19 May 1987

"Nothing, absolutely nothing", remained from accusations which connected him personally with war crimes in the Balkans, Federal President Kurt Waldheim declared Tuesday evening in a speech on Austrian television.

There was no such thing as collective guilt of a people, but there was an "onerous common inheritance", he said. For the post-war time he saw Austria as an outpost of freedom, social justice and human rights.

Waldheim who addressed the Austrian people "as a President as well as human being", pointed out that after the examination of thousands of documents in Yugoslavia by Austrian experts nothing of the accusations remained.

The U.S. delegation, which came to Vienna to inform the Austrian Government about the reasons to put the President on the watchlist had brought with them neither a single incriminating document nor the slightest proof for the "global accusations" put against him, Waldheim said.

Although the attacks on him were very offending, viewed from hindsight he had committed some mistakes and misjudgements too, the President conceded. They were mainly the result of his perplexity after the accusations raised against him.

Waldheim added that it was not easy to speak again and again about one's most difficult period of life.

He regretted deeply the outrages committed during the Balkan war, even though he certainly played no part in them, Waldheim said.

Waldheim said he apparently expressed himself inaccurately when he spoke of "doing one's duty", during the war. What he wanted to point out was the impossibility for his generation to choose freely. "Only a few succeeded in breaking the chains of compulsion, taking the risk to lose their own lives. I did not belong to them."

Out of that period sprang the obligation to draw the conclusions for the present by combatting racism, fanaticism and intolerance. He himself as a diplomat and UN Secretary-General had tried to achieve this, Waldheim declared.

The "never again", which the Austrians had vowed in front of the ruins of war was not valid only for the horror of the holocaust, but also for anti-Semitism as such.

The President expressed the hope that the U.S. visit of Chancellor Vranitzky would highlight the importance of a free and independent Austria "as an outpost of freedom, social justice and human rights".

Regards, Rudolph



Carl-August Fleischhauer

File:

741

Person file attached
a confidential note for
the file on a coordi-
nation with I had
with Mrs. Waldman. Attached
in Geneva on 7 May

S. L. R.

Geneva, 7 May 1987

CONFIDENTIAL

NOTE FOR THE FILE

Re: Mr. Kurt Waldheim

This morning I received the visit of Mrs. Waldheim-Natural, who came in the first place because she feels aggravated by a certain passage contained in UNAT Judgment 354 concerning her position as a staff member during her father's time as Secretary-General. Now that a request for revision of judgment 354 has been introduced, she thought about intervening in the proceedings and wanted my advice on that matter. I took a generally discouraging attitude, said however that I would come back to her because I did not have the particulars of the case ready in my memory.

Mrs. Waldheim then turned to the present difficulties of her father. She said many "friendly" diplomatic missions here in Geneva were pressing her to suggest to her father a request by Austria for an advisory opinion of the ICJ on the matter or an application by the United Nations against the USA. She had talked about this with her father and wanted to hear from me whether such steps were at all possible.

I replied in great clarity that this was not the case. Neither could Austria request an advisory opinion because such opinions could be requested only by international organizations, nor could the United Nations sue a State before the ICJ, the Court being open in contentious proceedings to States only. Mrs. Waldheim was intrigued by the idea that international organizations could request advisory opinions and suggested that the Secretary-General might do so, the clearing of a former Secretary-General obviously being in the interest of the Organization. I explained to her that under Article 96 of the Charter only the Security Council and the General Assembly had the right to request advisory opinions; they could also delegate that right to other United Nations organs and specialized agencies. While a sizable number of organs and specialized agencies had been so empowered by the General Assembly,

no authorization had been given to the Secretary-General or the Secretariat. Mrs. Waldheim then asked about the necessary majority in the General Assembly. When I stated that a simple majority of those present and voting was required, she asked about precedent cases and suggested that this might be very interesting for her father. Mrs. Waldheim then asked for literature about the matter and I indicated to her the Repertory of Practice, Article 96 and the commentaries on that provision, as well as Mr. Schwebel's article in the American Journal of 1983 or 1984 which dealt specifically with the question of the authorization of the Secretary-General. I left no doubt that I do not think that the seizure of the ICJ is politically or legally a viable option for Mr. Waldheim, particularly since, in addition to the difficulties surrounding the procedural ~~principles~~, prerequisites, the framing of the question would be extremely complicated (Article 2, paragraph 7!).

Carl. von Schickel

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

MEMORANDUM INTERIEUR

TO: The Secretary-General
A:

DATE: 1 May 1987

THROUGH: Mr. Virendra Dayal
S/C DE: Chef de Cabinet

REFERENCE:

FROM: Carl-August Fleischhauer
DE: The Legal Counsel

Confidential

SUBJECT: Mr. Kurt Waldheim
OBJET:

As a consequence of the recent decision of the US Government to include Mr. Waldheim on the "watchlist" of undesirable aliens you might be asked, here in New York as well as during your forthcoming visit to China and Mongolia, a number of questions:

1. You might be asked for comments on the recent decision of the US Government. My advice would be that this decision has been taken by the Government of a Member State of the United Nations. It is a decision of an administrative character and although it concerns a former Secretary-General does not directly involve the Organization. As Secretary-General of the United Nations it is not for you to comment on such a decision.
2. How would you react if Mr. Waldheim wants to come to New York during the forthcoming 42nd General Assembly? My advice is to reply with a reference to section 11 of the Headquarter agreement under which the "authorities of the United States shall not impose any impediments to transit to or from the Headquarters district of (1) representatives of Members...". It is therefore for Austria to decide whether its Head of State is to participate in the deliberations of the General Assembly. The Secretary-General plays no role at all in this respect.
3. What contacts, if any, are you going to have with Mr. Waldheim during the forthcoming drug conference which is to be held in Vienna? In my view you should state that your attitude will be determined by the fact that Mr. Waldheim is the constitutionally elected President of Austria, a Member State of the United Nations which is also one of the seats of the United Nations Secretariat.
4. What is your position with respect to the continuation of the disbursement of Mr. Waldheim's pension? Here you could reply that the pension of Mr. Waldheim is, as the pensions of Secretaries-General always are, is part of his terms of service determined by the General Assembly. The question is, therefore, one for the Assembly but not for the Secretary-General.

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

MEMORANDUM INTERIEUR

TO: The Secretary-General
A:

11 May 1987
DATE: _____

REFERENCE: _____

THROUGH:
S/C DE:

FROM: Margaret J. Anstee
DE: *Margaret J. Anstee*

SUBJECT:
OBJET:

Statement of the Austrian Federal Government

1. Further to my personal letter to you of 5 May, I have now received the full English translation of the statement made by the Austrian Federal Government of 28 April, which is attached.

STATEMENT OF THE AUSTRIAN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

of April 28' 1987

1. The Austrian Federal Government is dismayed at the decision of the US Department of Justice to place the Federal President Dr. Kurt Waldheim on the so-called "watch list", thereby excluding him from entering the United States as a private person. The administrative procedure applied is inexplicable and incomprehensible to the Austrian people and to the Austrian Federal Government. The allegations known against Dr. Kurt Waldheim are unproven. They are therefore rejected by the Federal Government.
2. In view of the traditionally excellent and friendly relations between the United States and Austria, the Austrian Federal Government regrets this decision of the US-authorities.
3. In the opinion of the Austrian Federal Government it is all the more essential, that decisions on further measures be taken on the basis of cool and careful consideration. The Austrian ambassador to the United States has already been recalled for consultations. Furthermore the US Department of Justice will be requested to fully reveal the basis of its decision.
4. The Federal Government will take all steps it deems necessary to protect the Head of State, the elected representative of the Republic, against unjustified allegations. This the Federal Government considers an obligation to our country.

P

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