

WORLD HEALTH
ORGANIZATION



ORGANISATION MONDIALE
DE LA SANTÉ

B. P. 1899
LÉOPOLDVILLE
République du Congo

25 January 1964

File

*With the compliments
of the
~~Senior WHO Representative~~
Senior Administrative Officer*

*Avec les compliments
du
Représentant en chef de l'OMS*

Mr A. Gilpin
Deputy Chief Civilian Operations
ONUC
Royal

MASTER LIST
WHO POSTS

ADVISORY TEAM AND OPERATIONAL TEAM

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATION-ALITY	PERM. ACTION WHO	LOD CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
A. <u>ADVISORY TEAM</u>								
I) <u>REGULAR BUDGET</u> (not reimbursable by ONUC) (MO All. No. 64/10/67 (ONUC/Civ. Ops. Project No. 40-09))								
1	100.1	Sr. WHO Representative	Dr A. Bellerive	Haiti	23.2.58	31.7.60	31.12.67	P.6/III
2	100.2	Sr. Nursing Adviser	Mrs. I. Markovic	Yugosl.	20.11.62	30.11.62	30.11.64	P.4/II
3	100.3	Sr. Sanitary Engineer	Mr A. Wilson	Haiti	17.8.60	2.8.63 (21.8.60)	31.8.64	P.4/II
4	100.4	Epidemiologist						P.4/
5	100.5	MCH Adviser	Dr Y. Sylvain	Haiti	30.4.61	11.5.61	30.4.65	P.4/II
6	100.6	Administrative Adviser	Mr S. Axell	Sweden	13.3.58	27.6.62	31.3.65	P.4/I
7	100.7	Public Health Adviser	Dr F. Doglio	Argentina	1.9.62 (27.4.61)	5.5.61	31.8.64	P.4/I
8	100.8	Public Health Adviser	Dr P. Ortliob	France	5.11.62	9.11.62	30.11.64	P.4/I
9	100.9	Sanitary Engineer	Mr F. Jeremie	Haiti	26.8.60	1.9.60	31.8.64	P.4/III
10	-	Driver	Mr C. Izama	Congo/Leo	(ONUC Local recruit)			L.2/II

TOTAL NUMBER OF POSTS: 9 + 1

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATION- ALITY	PERS. ACTION WEC	EOB CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
--------------	------------	---------------------	------	------------------	---------------------	--------------	--------------------	-------

A. ADVISORY TEAM (Continued)

II) MEJA (Not reimbursable by ONUC) WHO All. No. 64/51/67 (ONUC/Civ. Ops. Project No. 40-09)

1	51.1	Malaria Adviser	Dr. A. Girault	France	19.2.63	19.7.63	31.7.65	P.4/I
2	51.2	Entomologist	Mr. Morcos	UAR		27.3.64		P.3/I
3	51.3	Sanitary Engineer	Mr. D. Maretto	Italy	29.12.62	29.8.63	31.12.67	P.4/I

TOTAL NUMBER OF POSTS: 3

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATION- ALITY	PERJ. ACTION WHO	ECD CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
A. <u>ADVISORY TEAM</u> (continued)								
III) <u>TA</u> (Not reimbursable by ONUC) WHO All. No. 64/31/901 (ONUC/Civ. Ops. Project No. 40-09)								
1	31.1	Asst. Sr. WHO Represent.	Dr A.E. Brown	UK		28.9.62	31.12.67	P.5/VIII
2	31.2	Public Health Adviser	Dr. G. Nicolas	Haiti	20.8.60	21.8.60	31.8.64	P.4/III
3	31.3	Public Health Adviser	Dr. J. Delcos	France	1.10.62 (12.12.60)	13.12.60	30.9.64	P.4/II
4	31.4	Sanitary Engineer	Mr. S. Castrillon	Mexico	30.12.62	23.8.63	31.12.67	P.4/I
New TA (Contingency)								
5	31.5	Public Health Adviser	Dr. H.J. Voigt- berger	Germany	1.10.62 (15.2.61)	16.2.61	30.9.64	P.4/I
6	31.6	Public Health Adviser	Dr. G. Scalzo	Italy	18.4.62	27.4.62	30.4.64	P.4/I
7	31.7	Sanitary Engineer	Mr. D. Valery	Haiti	17.8.60	21.8.60	31.8.64	P.4/II
8	31.8	Sanitary Engineer	Mr. M. St. Victor	Haiti	2.9.60	8.9.60	31.9.64	P.4/II

TOTAL NUMBER OF POSTS: 8

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATION- ALITY	PERS. ACTION THC	JOB CONTO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
--------------	------------	---------------------	------	------------------	---------------------	--------------	--------------------	-------

A. ADVISORY TEAM (continued)

IV) CONGO FUND (Reimbursable by ONUC for the moment) WHO All. No. 64/70/31 (CONGO FUND PROJECT No. 40-09)
(To be "Special Fund" as soon as approved)

1	70.10	Sanitary Engineer	Mr. D. Reelfa	Netherl.	15.11.62	23.11.62	30.11.64	P.4/I
2	70.11	Hospital Administrator						P.3/
3	70.12	Nurse Training Officer	Mr. E. Turner	UK	29.8.55	5.10.62	31.12.68	P.3/II
4	70.13	Nurse Training Officer	Miss M. Hudson	Canada	12.1.63	24.1.63	31.1.65	P.3/I
5	70.14	Medical Training Officer						P.3/

TOTAL NUMBER OF POSTS: 5

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATION- ALITY	PERS. ACTION WHO	BOB CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
--------------	------------	---------------------	------	------------------	---------------------	--------------	--------------------	-------

A. ADVISORY TEAM (continued)

V) LIAISON UNIT (Reimbursable by UNUC) HQ Ali. No. 64/70/31 (Direct Administrative Support for technical assistance project)

1	70.1	Secretary						G.4/
2	70.2	Sr. Administrative Officer	Mr. P.J.M. Carvin	France	29.4.61	12.7.61	30.4.65	P.3/III
3	70.3	Administrative Officer	Mr. H. Tomyska	Austria	12.2.62	17.3.62	28.2.66	P.2/I
4	70.4	Secretary	Miss B. de Lafontaine	Switzerl.	4.4.60	26.9.60	30.4.64	G.4/III
5	70.5	Secretary	Mrs. E. Galatius	Denmark	18.8.58	22.8.61	31.7.65	G.4/VIII
6	70.6	Secretary	Mrs. M. Aebisher	Switzerl.	1.5.61	13.4.62	30.4.65	G.4/II
7	70.7	Secretary	Miss A. Marchon	Switzerl.	4.1.60	30.9.61	31.1.65	G.4/III
8	70.8	Personnel Officer	Mr. G. Poinai	Canada	HQS (Geneva)		-	P.4/VI
9	70.9	Accounts Clerk	Miss B. Harris		HQS (Geneva)			G.6/II

Total Number of Posts: 9

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERS. ACTION WHO	MOD CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
B. <u>OPERATIONAL ASSISTANCE GROUP</u> (Reimbursable by ONUC) WHO All. No. 64/70/31 (CONGO FUND Project No. 40-10)								
1	3/1	Microbiologist	Dr. I. Herman	Yugoslavia	1.10.61	11.10.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
2	3/2	"	Dr. R. Cavallo Serra	Argentina	8.5.62	16.5.62	7.3.64	\$ 7670
3	3/3	"	Dr. D. Karaivanov	Stateless	10.3.61	23.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
4	3/4	"	Dr. G. Bastin	Belgium	6.8.62	6.8.62	5.8.64	\$ 7670
5	3/5	"						\$ 7460
6	4/1	Biochemist	Mr. F. Rollier	Switzerland	5.2.61	6.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 6310
7	4/3	"	Mr. V. Bertoli	France	30.11.62	30.11.62	22.11.64	\$ 6310
8	5/1	Pharmacist	Mr. A.K. Maksad	Lebanon	11.12.60	15.12.60	31.12.64	\$ 6690
9	5/2	"	Mr. F.S. Khalil	UAR	10.6.62	11.6.62	9.6.64	\$ 6310
10	5/3	"	Mr. E.E. Farhi	Lebanon	26.3.61	4.4.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
11	5/4	"	Mr. A. Mulazzani	Italy	1.11.62	2.11.62	31.10.64	\$ 6310

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERS. ACTION WHO	EOD CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
12	6/2	Lab. Technician	Miss C. Weilland	France	17.2.61	18.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 5190
13	6/4	" "	Miss G. Gamba	Italy	5.3.61	6.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 5190
14	6/5	" " (K'djili)						\$ 4800
15	7/1	Doctor	Dr. S. Adrien	Haiti	5.2.61	11.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 9420
16	7/2	"	Dr. M. Laufer	Czechoslovakia	16.10.61	21.10.61	31.12.64	\$ 9420
17	7/3	"	Dr. R. Schoenberg	Poland	16.6.63	21.6.63	15.6.64	\$ 7460
18	7/5	"	Dr. U. Bucco	Italy	30.5.61	2.6.61	31.12.64	\$ 9420
19	7/7	"	Dr. A.C. Jain	India	20.3.61	31.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 9420
20	7/8	"	Dr. K. Jezierski	Poland	15.1.63	24.1.63	14.1.65	\$ 7670
21	7/10	"	Dr. G. Ramos Moritan	Spain	15.3.61	23.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 9420
22	7/11	"	Dr. J. Mischejda	Poland	19.2.61	2.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
23	7/12	"	Dr. L. Aleksandro- wicz	Poland	19.2.61	2.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
24	7/13	"	Dr. P. Czarnecki	Poland	21.2.61	2.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
25	7/14	"	Dr. J. Fast	Poland	2.3.61	16.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
26	7/15	"	Dr. S. Kasina	Poland	2.3.61	16.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
27	7/17	"	Dr. A. Nandi	India	19.6.63	21.6.63	18.6.64	\$ 7460
28	7/18	"	Dr. P. Sternberg	Germany	15.6.62	15.6.62	14.6.64	\$ 7670
29	7/20	"	Dr. V. Wachtfeidl	Czechoslovakia	14.1.63	17.1.63	13.1.65	\$ 7670

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERJ. ACTION MIO	MOD CCNGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
30	7/23	Doctor	Dr. T. Mrzesinski	Poland	12.4.62	18.4.62	11.4.64	\$ 7670
31	7/24	"	Dr. H. Zak	Czechoslovakia	17.10.62	26.10.62	16.10.64	\$ 7670
32	7/25	"	Dr. Y. Zaccaropoulos	Greece	13.1.62	15.1.62	12.1.65	\$ 7880
33	7/26	"	Dr. P. Weiss	France	16.2.62	17.2.62	15.2.64	\$ 7670
34	7/28	"	Dr. S. Navratil	Czechoslovakia	17.10.62	26.10.62	16.10.64	\$ 7670
35	7/29	"	Dr. J. Martorell Gilart	Spain	13.1.62	14.1.62	12.1.65	\$ 7880
36	7/31	"	Dr. W. Oziewicz	Poland	10.7.62	16.7.62	9.7.64	\$ 7670
37	7/32	"	Dr. A. Zephirin	Haiti	26.3.62	31.3.62	25.3.64	\$ 7670
38	7/33	"	Dr. E. Triendel	Austria	21.5.62	24.5.62	20.5.64	\$ 7670
39	7/34	"	Dr. F. Rosowski	Poland	5.6.62	11.6.62	4.6.64	\$ 7670
40	7/35	"	Dr. Z. Szacki	Poland	16.2.63	21.2.63	15.2.64	\$ 7460
41	7/36	"	Dr. M. Carsi Pasoual	Spain	14.7.62	15.7.62	13.7.64	\$ 7670
42	7/37	"	Dr. A. Oymak	Turkey	30.7.62	31.7.62	29.7.64	\$ 7670
43	7/38	"						\$ 7460
44	7/39	"	Dr. R. Niklewicz	Poland	11.3.63	15.3.63	10.3.64	\$ 7460
45	7/40	"	Dr. R. Smareglia	Italy	19.4.63	19.4.63	18.4.64	\$ 7460

SERIAL NO.	POST NO.	POSITION TITLE	NAME	NAT. ORIGIN	DATE OF BIRTH	DOB	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
46	8/3	Physician	Dr. S. P. S. S. S.	Poland	7.1.61	20.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 9420
47	8/2	Anesthetist	Dr. P. J. J.	Italy	10.1.61	13.4.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
48	9/3	"	Dr. F. S. S.	Spain	1.2.62	13.2.62	16.2.64	\$ 7670
49	9/4	"	"	"	"	"	"	\$ 7460
50	10/1	X-ray Technician	Miss S. S.	Switzerland	20.1.61	21.1.61	31.12.64	\$ 5150
51	10/2	X-ray Technician	Dr. J. S.	Belgium	23.11.62	21.11.62	19.11.64	\$ 6130
52	10/3	X-ray Technician	Mr. P. S.	UK	10.1.62	11.9.62	9.9.64	\$ 6310
53	11/2	Doctor	Dr. F. S.	Italy	12.1.64	13.1.64	11.1.65	\$ 7460
54	11/3	Hospital Administrator	Mr. J. S.	France	29.1.62	4.6.62	28.5.64	\$ 7670
55	11/4	Doctor	Dr. P. S.	Turkey	19.1.63	19.7.63	18.7.64	\$ 7460
56	11/5	"	Dr. R. S.	France	10.3.62	14.3.62	31.12.64	\$ 7670
57	11/6	"	Dr. J. S.	UK	1.5.63	2.5.63	30.4.64	\$ 7460
58	11/7	"	Dr. F. S.	Brasil	4.6.61	17.6.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
59	11/8	"	Dr. S. S.	Yugoslavia	24.2.63	8.3.63	23.2.64	\$ 7460
60	11/9	"	"	"	"	"	"	\$ 7460
61	11/10	"	Dr. J. S.	Spain	1.2.61	5.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
62	11/11	"	Dr. J. S.	Spain	6.1.61	7.1.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
63	11/12	"	Dr. A. S.	Philippines	7.6.63	12.6.63	6.6.64	\$ 7460

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERS. ACTION WHO	EDS C. NGC	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
64	11/13	Doctor	Dr. F. Borghesi	Italy	20.2.62	22.2.62	30.2.64	\$ 7670
65	11/16	"	Dr. A. Duvalse nt	Haiti	1.3.61	10.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
66	11/18	"	Dr. F. Quintana	Spain	12.1.61	23.1.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
67	11/19	"	Dr. P. Petrov	Stateless	27.1.61	4.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
68	11/21	"	Dr. A. Caballe Lanery	Spain	1.2.61	2.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
69	11/23	"	Dr. P. Colombo	Italy	18.2.61	23.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
70	11/24	"						\$ 7460
71	11/25	"	Dr. A. Miotto	Italy	10.2.61	16.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
72	11/26	"	Dr. L. Grunberg	Italy	31.7.62	1.8.62	30.7.64	\$ 7670
73	11/27	"	Dr. R. Robert	France	24.3.62	27.3.62	23.3.64	\$ 7670
74	11/28	"	Dr. A. Forero Acosta	Columbia	30.1.61	2.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
75	11/29	"						\$ 7460
76	11/30	"	Dr. L. Colas	Haiti	29.6.61	6.7.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
77	11/31	"	Dr. N. Fares Gu rguis	UAR	3.3.63	5.3.63	2.3.64	\$ 7460
78	11/33	"	Dr. Z. Islam	India	22.3.61	31.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
79	11/34	"	Dr. F. Gomez Gc asalvo	Spain	20.4.63	21.4.63	19.4.64	\$ 7460
80	11/35	"	Dr. J. Toboso	Spain	6.7.62	8.7.62	5.7.64	\$ 7670

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERS. ACTION MO	MOD CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
81	11/36	Doctor	Dr. J. Sancho Cirer	Spain	5.1.63	6.1.63	4.1.65	\$ 7670
82	11/37	"	Dr. J. Ochrymowicz	Poland	7.3.61	20.3.61	1.12.64	\$ 7880
83	11/38	"	Dr. A. Hornbanger	Austria	16.4.63	18.4.63	15.4.64	\$ 7460
84	11/39	"	Dr. P. Fernandez Cartagena	Spain	11.4.61	14.4.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
85	11/40	"	Dr. G. Aranda Alvarez	Bolivia	8.11.61	18.11.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
86	11/41	"	Dr. A. Garcia Morilla	Spain	21.3.61	27.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
87	11/42	"	Dr. H. Froewys	Austria	30.7.61	2.8.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
88	11/43	"	Dr. F. Dalmau de Cruz	Spain	13.3.61	23.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
89	11/44	"	Dr. J. Sanz-Gadea	Spain	27.7.61	31.7.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
90	11/45	"						\$ 7460
91	11/46	"	Dr. C. Rubinstein	Australia	1.9.62	6.9.62	31.8.64	\$ 7670
92	11/47	"						\$ 7460
93	11/48	"	Dr. J. Monclus Vela	Spain	9.2.63	10.2.63	8.2.65	\$ 7670
94	11/49	"	Dr. A.J.J. Mari-Calbet	Spain	8.4.61	12.4.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
95	11/50	"	Dr. J. Wierzbicki	Poland	30.5.63	7.6.63	29.5.64	\$ 7460
96	11/51	"	Dr. G. Colombetti	Italy	31.5.61	1.6.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
97	11/52	"	Dr. A. Valcourt	Haiti	1.8.61	10.8.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERS. ACTION WHO	EOD CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
98	11/53	Doctor	Dr. N. Rafiz	UAR	1.6.63	2.6.63	31.5.64	\$ 7460
99	11/54	"	Dr. M. Parent	Canada	7.7.63	10.8.63	6.7.64	\$ 7460
100	11/55	"	Dr. P. Martinez Gomez	Colombia	29.4.61	5.5.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
101	11/56	"	Dr. J.V. Pillet	Argentina	29.4.61	5.5.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
102	11/57	"	Dr. J. Gonzales Sobaco	Spain	23.7.62	29.7.62	22.7.64	\$ 7670
103	11/58	"	Dr. J. Gabo Ramon	Spain	18.10.61	21.10.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
104	11/59	"	Dr. G. Willich	Germany	5.6.61	9.6.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
105	11/60	"	Dr. M. Fleurant	Haiti	4.6.61	17.6.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
106	11/61	"						\$ 7460
107	11/62	"	Dr. S. Roc	Haiti	7.8.61	14.8.61	31.12.64	\$ 7670
108	11/63	"	Dr. J. Estimé	Haiti	22.12.61	23.12.61	21.12.64	\$ 7880
109	11/64	"	Dr. L. de Lucia	Italy	5.3.63	6.3.63	4.3.64	\$ 7460
110	11/65	"	Dr. F. Esquerdo Gomez	Spain	3.2.63	6.2.63	2.2.64	\$ 7460
111	11/67	"	Dr. D. Cipollini	Italy	15.2.63	16.2.63	14.2.64	\$ 7460
112	11/68	"						\$ 7460
113	11/69	"	Dr. F. Martin-Samos	Spain	12.3.61	20.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
114	11/70	"	Dr. N. Podarepoulos	Greece	13.3.61	27.3.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
115	11/71	"	Dr. A. Stolz	Austria	27.6.61	6.7.61	31.12.64	\$ 9420
116	11/72	"	Dr. P. Gallego Garbajosa	Spain	15.3.61	8.4.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
117	11/73	"						\$ 7460

SERIAL NO	POST NO	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERM. ACTION WHO	TO CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
118	11/74	Doctor	Dr. R. Nicolas	Haiti	2.7.61	13.7.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
119	11/76	"	Dr. I.S. Michaly	Stateless	13.10.61	21.10.61	31.12.64	\$ 7420
120	11/78	"	Dr. K. Fassolis	Greece	13.1.63	15.1.63	12.1.65	\$ 7670
121	11/80	"	Dr. J. Beynet	France	29.4.62	2.5.62	28.4.64	\$ 7670
122	11/81	"						\$ 7460
123	11/82	"	Dr. S. Jolibois	Haiti	3.4.62	3.4.62	4.4.64	\$ 7670
124	11/83	"	Dr. J. Rakotoarivelo	Madagascar	3.8.63	7.8.63	2.8.64	\$ 7460
125	11/84	"						\$ 7460
126	11/85	"	Dr. F. de Iriarte Irurzun	Spain	10.3.62	11.3.62	3.3.64	\$ 7670
127	11/86	"	Dr. S. Stanojevic	Yugoslavia	22.5.63	30.5.63	21.5.64	\$ 7460
128	11/87	"	Dr. Z. Darzi	Lebanon	11.4.63	12.4.63	10.4.64	\$ 7460
129	11/88	"	Dr. K. Caziras	Greece	5.5.62	6.5.62	4.5.64	\$ 7670
130	11/89	"	Dr. J. Nyst	Belgium	23.2.63	24.2.63	22.2.64	\$ 7460
131	11/90	"	Dr. J. Juan Alladio	Argentina	20.3.62	21.3.62	19.3.64	\$ 7670
132	11/91	"	Dr. C. Toussaint	Haiti	19.6.62	27.6.62	18.6.64	\$ 7670
133	11/92	"	Dr. S. Gueglia Saccione	Argentina	6.8.63	7.8.63	5.8.64	\$ 7670
134	11/93	"	Dr. H. Toro	Ecuador	3.7.62	11.7.62	2.7.64	\$ 7670

SERIAL No	POST No	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERB. ACTION MO	END CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
135	11/94	Doctor	Dr. J. Brevan	France	6.5.63	7.5.63	5.5.64	\$ 7670
136	11/95	"	Dr. A. Chevalier	Haiti	25.3.62	31.3.62	24.3.64	\$ 7670
137	11/96	"	Dr. G. Simpson	Haiti	3.9.62	14.9.62	2.9.64	\$ 7670
138	11/97	"	Dr. A. Potor	Stateless	10.4.62	13.4.62	9.4.64	\$ 7670
139	11/98	"	Dr. C. Rossi	Italy	20.3.62	21.3.62	19.3.64	\$ 7670
140	11/99	"	Dr. N. Tunga	Turkey	4.1.63	4.1.63	3.1.65	\$ 7670
141	11/100	"	Dr. C. Bravo Arenas	Peru	3.6.62	4.6.62	2.6.64	\$ 7670
142	11/101	"	Dr. G. Nasser	UAR	30.3.62	31.3.62	29.3.64	\$ 7670
143	11/102	"	Dr. J. Zawadowski	Poland	19.1.62	19.1.62	31.12.64	\$ 7880
144	11/103	"						\$ 7460
145	11/105	"	Dr. G. Sapio	Italy	6.3.62	7.3.62	5.3.64	\$ 7460
146	11/106	"	Dr. C. Karamoustakis	Greece	29.3.62	2.4.62	28.3.64	\$ 7670
147	11/107	"	Dr. V. Bianchini	Italy	23.4.62	23.4.62	22.4.64	\$ 7670
148	11/108	"	Dr. I. Perez Martinez	Spain	29.6.63	30.6.63	23.5.64	\$ 7460
149	11/110	"	Dr. R. Manning	Australia	26.5.62	30.5.62	25.5.64	\$ 7670
150	11/111	"	Dr. E. Zanotto	Italy	7.8.62	8.5.62	6.8.63	\$ 7460
151	11/112	"	Dr. A. Maslouf	UAR	24.7.62	25.7.62	23.7.64	\$ 7670
152	11/113	"	Dr. R. Finken	Netherlands	21.8.62	22.3.62	20.8.64	\$ 7670
153	11/114	"	Dr. R. Dupuis	France	9.6.62	10.6.62	8.6.64	\$ 7670
154	11/115	"	Dr. M. Chalkias	Greece	15.6.62	18.5.62	14.6.64	\$ 7670

SERIAL No	POST No	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERS. ACTION MO	MOD CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
155	11/116	Doctor	Dr. S. Rivere	Colombia	11.5.63	12.5.63	10.5.64	\$ 7460
156	11/117	"	Dr. S. Abiad	U.A.R.	3.7.62	4.7.62	2.7.64	\$ 7670
157	11/118	"						\$ 7670
158	11/120	"	Dr. H. Vacher Coponat	France	13.7.62	14.7.62	12.7.64	\$ 7670
159	11/122	"						\$ 7460
160	12/1	Sanitarian	Mr. G. Besson	France/UK	4.2.63	5.2.63	3.2.65	\$ 6310
161	12/2	"	Mr. P.W. Jolly	UK	3.2.61	5.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 6500
162	12/3	"	Mr. Z. Vagan	Israel	30.1.61	4.2.61	31.12.64	\$ 6500
163	12/4	"	Mr. C. Leneutre	France	25.1.61	26.1.61	31.12.64	\$ 6310
164	12/5	"	Mr. H. Grimard	Haiti	27.8.62	7.9.62	20.8.64	\$ 6310
165	12/6	"	Mr. J. Schwartz	Israel	3.4.63	5.4.63	2.4.64	\$ 6130
166	14/1	Dentist	Dr. G. Paret	Haiti	8.9.61	23.9.61	31.12.64	\$ 7880
167	14/3	"	Dr. A. Schwartz	France	3.7.62	4.7.62	2.7.64	\$ 6310
168	16/1	Nurse, PH (N'djili)	Miss J. Perron	Canada	21.7.63	31.7.63	20.7.64	\$ 6130
169	16/2	Nurse, Midwife "	Miss F. Rutledge	UK	7.10.62	12.10.62	6.10.64	\$ 6880

SERIAL No	POST No	FUNCTIONAL TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	PERS. ACTION DATE	EOB CONGO	END OF CONTRACT	GRADE
TEACHING STAFF - LOVANIUM UNIVERSITY (CONGO FUND PROJECT No. 40-10) WHO All. No. 64/70/31)								
170	15/1	Professor, Radiology	Dr. L.H. Drexler	Austria	6.3.61	7.3.61	31.7.64	P.4/II
171	15/2	Professor, ORL	Dr. R. Serth	Israel	23.10.61	28.10.61	31.7.64	P.4/I
172	15/3	Professor, Gynaecology and Obstetric	Dr. F. Goetz	Germany	13.1.62	17.1.62	31.7.64	P.4/I
173	15/4	Professor, Dermatology	Dr. C. Rossetti	Italy	24.7.61	28.7.61	31.7.64	P.4/I
174	15/5	Professor, Anaesthetist	Dr. L. Charles	Haiti	5.2.61	11.2.61	31.7.64	P.3/II
175	15/6	Professor, Bacteriologist	Dr. F. Gatti	Italy	19.12.60	18.1.61	31.7.64	P.4/III
176	15/8	Nurse Educator	Miss M. Guimond	Canada	30.6.62	18.7.62	31.7.64	P.3/I
177	15/9	PH Nurse Educator						P.3
178	15/10	Midwifery Educator						P.3

TOTAL NUMBER OF POSTS: 178

MEMBERS TO
 IT WAS OUR POLICY TO KEEP AGENT INCOME LEVEL BELOW COMPARABLE STAFF-
 FOLLOWING RATHER PROBLEM STOP SINCE INTRODUCTION AGENT CONTRACT
 TOTAL THE ATTORNEYS STOP MAIN REASON OBJECTION ANTICIPATION
 AGENT CONTRACT ATTORNEYS BEYOND THIS CL LEVEL FOR
 RM. WHO IS WITH YOUR IS PRIMO OBJECT TO ESTABLISHING
 TODAY FROM AMSTERDAM HAS BEEN GOO QUOTE
 317 ARMED, SEWARD FROM CONTROLLED. WAS FOLLOWING RECEIVED

LEO 1
 ONCE
 TTP
 1) M. Ahmad
 2) M. Gafar
 3) M. Bresto

ACTION	
CIVILIAN	MILITARY
10/21/40 10/21/40 10/21/40	

FIN 510/2
 40-09, 10-21

FACILITATE POSSIBLE EVENTUAL CONVERSION TO CONGOLESE CONTRACT
STOP THEREFORE A GAP WAS MAINTAINED BETWEEN AGENTS CF ALLOWANCES
PLUS ASSIGNMENT ALLOWANCE AND STAFFMEMBERS PERDIEM STOP WHEN
POST ADJUSTMENT SYSTEM BECOMES APPLICABLE TO STAFFMEMBERS
AND NOT LATER THAN AT END OF TRANSITION
PERIOD IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO REDUCE AGENT CONTRACT ALLOWANCES

P/3

SINCE POST ADJUSTMENT COMPARABLE STAFFMEMBERS WILL BE SUBSTANTIALLY
BELOW EQUIVALENT 1200 CF PER DAY EVEN IF PRESENT TENTATIVE
CLASS FOUR EVENTUALLY INCREASED STOP TO MAKE INEVITABLE REDUCTION
AGENT CONTRACT ALLOWANCES LESS DRASTIC AND DIFFICULT MUST AVOID
SETTING PRESENT
LEVEL TOO HIGH STOP SECUNDO NEW TOTAL FOR TWO ALLOWANCES 1200 CF

P/4

ALREADY PROPOSED BY TELEX 184 TO MCCAN AND DEFINITELY ESTABLISHED
EFFECTIVE ONE JANUARY BY TELEX 189 HENCE ONUC STATEMENT THAT
PRESENT ALLOWANCES 235 AND 512 FRANCS RESPECTIVELY ERRONEOUS
THESE WERE ACTUAL FIGURES ONLY UNTIL 31 DECEMBER 1963
STOP ONLY QUESTION LEFT ABNEYANCE BY TELEX 184 WAS DIVISION
OF TOTAL 1200

P/5

FRANCE BETWEEN DEARNESS AND ACCOMMODATION ALLOWANCE
PENDING ESTABLISHMENT ONUC DEDUCTION FOR FREE LODGING FROM STAFF-
MEMBERS PERDIEM STOP TERTIO WE NOW PROPOSE ESTABLISH EFFECTIVE
ONE JANUARY DEARNESS ALLOWANCE AT 500 AND ACCOMMODATION ALLOWANCE

AT 500 CF STOP LATTER AMOUNT EQUALS UNOC FREE LODGING DEDUCTION
FOR STAFFMEMBERS WITHOUT DEPENDANTS BUT WE MUST

P/6

HAVE UNIFORM RATE FOR ALL AGENTS AND USING 1050 CF FOR
ACCOMMODATION WOULD LEAVE ONLY 150 CF FOR DEARNESS BESIDES MANY
AGENTS ARE WITHOUT DEPENDANTS AND FREE LODGING CASES QUITE RARE
STOP BELIEVE 500 CF LODGING ALLOWANCE ADMINISTRATIVELY
ACIEPTABLE AND JUSTIFIED BY LOW TOTAL ALLOWANCE LEVEL AS COMPARED
TO PERDIEM

P/7/12

STOP ITU SHARE OUR REASONING STOP REQUEST YOUR EARLY CONCURRENCE
ARMSTRONG UNISANTE

UNQUOTE. BDD SINCE WWW WHH OOO AND III TTT UNW BASICALLY
RESPONSIBLE FOR TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT OF THEIR PERSONNEL AND
SINCE HEADQUARTERS BOTH AGENCIES CONCUR IN ABOVE, WE
REQUEST YOU BE GUIDED BY THEIR VIEWS ;

FIELDSEV *

COL 317 16 19 1200 1200 184 189 235 512 31 1943 184 1200
300 900 1050 150 900 *

NNN

CCN PRS P7 OK 50 EPT 50 *

Y0273 ZY444

GVA 81/75 23 1724 ;

ONUC

LEOPOLDVILLE ;

UNWHO 272 FOR ANMED RE YOU LEONISC 21 ADDITIONAL AMOUNT 150.274
DOLLARS REPRESENTED BY EXTENSION OF ALL FELLOWSHIPS TWO
AND HALF MONTHS 89.358 DOLLARS PRINTING OF THESIS 25.000
DOLLARS TRAVEL 1799 DOLLARS MEDICAL EXPENSES 3863
DOLLARS CONSULTANT AND TUTORS TO END ACADEMIC
YEAR 1963/64 31.054 DOLLARS STOP CTIVITIES ;
P2/25 ;

APPROVED BY DIRECTOR GENERAL STOP IN VIEW
OF EXCELLENT RESULTS OBTAINED FOR THIS PROJECT SHOULD APPRE-
CIATE YOU ALLOW ADDITIONAL AMOUNT OF 150.274 DOLLARS ;

SMITH UNISANTE *

COL 272 21 150.274 89.358 25.000 1799 3863 1963/64

31.054 150.274 *



CIV/OPS/120/64

22 January 1964

Dr. R. Bellerive

S.H. Ahmed

Report on Civilian Operations in 1964

We are in the course of preparing a report ... on civilian operations in 1963. The attached draft chapter on Health is based on material which you have submitted to us in the course of the year. I shall be grateful if you will let us have any amendments, additions or deletions which you consider necessary. Unless we hear from you to the contrary by one week, we shall assume that the draft has your approval.

I should emphasize that this report will deal primarily with work undertaken during 1963, although some reference may be made to plans for 1964 if significant changes are envisaged

UNITED NATIONS — NATIONS UNIES

INDICATE
PRIORITY

L T F	S V C Service	F F F F F Routine	S S S S S Priority	P R I O R I T E N A T I O N S
-------	------------------	----------------------	-----------------------	----------------------------------

Priorité Nations traffic
is strictly limited.

40-09

FIN 100(1-1)

N R

(Address es)

UNISANTE, GENEVA

(TEXT & SIGNATURE)

insert prefix &/or number as required

USE DOUBLE SPACING.

LEOMISC _____ SMITH FROM ARMED TRISCIUZZI REUR STATEMENT OF
OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 1962: PROJECT 40-05
SHOWS DOLLARS 807.607 OBLIGATION AGAINST AMOUNT INVOICED DURING
1963 OF DOLLARS 503.605. THEREFORE THE OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS, AS
OF 31 DECEMBER 1963 SHOULD AMOUNT APPROXIMATELY TO DOLLARS 304.002.
HOWEVER, YOUR STATEMENT SHOWS OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS OF DOLLARS
454.276. PLEASE CLARIFY. SHOULD EMPHASIZE THAT OUR PRESENT FINANCIAL
POSITION DOES NOT PERMIT US TO OBLIGATE ADDITIONAL AMOUNT OF DOLLARS
150.274.

cc: Dr. Bellerive
Mr. De Candia

T. O. R.

T. O. D.

BY: HP/dmp

Drafted by : H. Pichler
Authorized : T. Trisciuzzi
Date : 22 Jan. 1964

40-09

CIV.OPS./116/64

21 January, 1964

To: Dr. A. Bellerive, Senior WHO Representative
From: A. C. Gilpin, Deputy Chief, Civilian Operations
Subject: Project 40-09, Medical Advisory Services

..... I attach copy of the list of proposed sources of financing for posts under the above project, as finally agreed, and understand that you will submit this to your Headquarters in Geneva, for their consideration.

cc: Mrs. Buccianti

Regular Programme of Technical Assistance (WHO)

Senior WHO Representative
Senior Nursing Adviser
Senior Adviser on Sanitary Engineering
* Epidemiologist
Maternal and Child Welfare Adviser
Administrative Adviser
Public Health Advisers (2)
Sanitary Engineer

Malaria Eradication Special Account (WHO)

Malaria Adviser
Entomologist
Sanitary Engineer

United Nations EPTA Approved

Assistant Senior WHO Representative
Public Health Advisers (2)
Expert on Hospital Administration
Sanitary Engineers (2)

EPTA Contingency

Public Health Advisers (2)
Sanitary Engineer (1)

Congo Fund and other sources

Nurse Training Officer
Sanitary Engineer (2)
* Medical Training Officer
Public Health Nursing Officer

* Vacant post

Seen by M. Brooks
22-1-64 Am. S. Hobe Ahmed
Référence :
CA 100/010Léo
OPER 1 - 2

40-09
Léopoldville
13 janvier 1964

Quatrième rapport trimestriel
octobre-décembre 1963
présenté par
Seve Axell, OMS,
Conseiller administratif
auprès du
Ministère Central de la Santé publique
Léopoldville

1. Approvisionnement en médicaments, produits pharmaceutiques
et matériel sanitaire

A. "Quotas" d'importation

Les stocks normaux au Dépôt central médical et pharmaceutique (ci-après dénommé DCMP) permettaient l'approvisionnement total du pays pendant environ un an, mais à la fin de l'année 1963 ces stocks étaient extrêmement réduits. Etant donné que les importations payables en francs belges se sont élevées à 221 millions de francs par an en moyenne pour la période allant du 1er janvier au 30 juin 1960, ce qui correspond à peu près au total des achats effectués depuis l'Indépendance jusqu'à ce jour, on peut constater que si on veut suppléer au manque d'achats des 3 1/2 dernières années, il faut accorder une allocation rétroactive de 2 fois et demie FB 221 millions, soit FB 550 millions. Mais une telle demande ne correspond pas à la réalité.

Le quota recommandé au DCMP pour 1963, soit 150 millions d'anciens francs congolais était déjà insuffisant. En fait, le DCMP n'a reçu en 1963 qu'une allocation de 72 millions d'anciens francs bien que le Bureau de Coordination économique justifie cette recommandation au Ministère de l'Economie nationale de la manière suivante: "Comme il est extrêmement important d'approvisionner les hôpitaux gouvernementaux de toute la République en produits médicaux, nous vous serions obligés de bien vouloir allouer la plus grande partie possible au DCMP". La cause principale de cette réduction de l'octroi des quotas est que les responsables de l'aide américaine ont adopté une politique d'expectative et suspendu

toute assistance au DCMP/

La conséquence de cette pénurie est qu'aujourd'hui le DCMP peut seulement honorer environ un tiers des réquisitions faites par les provinces. Les réserves dans les hôpitaux sont virtuellement épuisées et on est souvent forcé de renvoyer les malades dans leurs villages. Dans ces conditions, il est inutile d'y affecter des médecins qui ne disposent pas des moyens indispensables pour soigner les malades.

L'entretien du matériel scientifique et chirurgical a été complètement négligé depuis l'Indépendance. Faute de soins nécessaires quoique limités, le pays risque de subir des pertes considérables et inutiles par la dégradation totale d'une énorme partie de cet équipement.

La pénurie en médicaments est aujourd'hui telle qu'aucune action d'ensemble ne peut plus être envisagée en matière de traitement et moins encore en matière de précautions, comme les programmes de lutte contre de grandes endémies et épidémies.

Les maladies vénériennes, par exemple, insuffisamment combattues, prennent dans un grand nombre de secteurs des proportions alarmantes. Des épidémies d'autres maladies pourraient éclater; dans ce cas, nous nous trouverions entièrement désarmés pour traiter les populations atteintes et lutter contre l'extension de ces épidémies à d'autres secteurs ou à d'autres populations.

Voici quelques exemples.

La statistique médicale de la Variolo major au Congo mentionne, en 1959, 368 cas et 44 décès, mais signale pour 1963, 4097 cas et 668 décès soit onze fois plus de cas et quinze fois plus décès.

Pour la maladie du sommeil, on notait pour tout le Congo 635 nouveaux cas en 1959. En 1963 jusqu'à décembre, dans seulement deux des 138 territoires (Kimvula et Tschofa) on a rapporté 392 nouveaux cas.

En automne 1962, Bukavu a envoyés des demandes urgentes de vaccin antirabique pour lutter contre un grand nombre de cas de rage. Comme le stock du DCMP était épuisé à ce moment, on a été obligé d'importer le vaccin. Le retard inutile dans l'exécution de cette demande, car le stock n'était pas en quantité suffisante, a coûté la vie à plusieurs personnes.

Y a-t-il d'autre justification technique que celle des immenses besoins en produits pharmaceutiques de quelque 3.200 formations médicales, devant assurer les soins médicaux à une population qui, en 1959, comptait 13.864.000 habitants et à la fin de 1963 plus que 15.000.000. Toutefois, afin d'éviter une interruption dans l'approvisionnement du DCMP, il faut être assuré que le DCMP recevra en 1964 FC 400 millions en devises, pour médicaments, soit FC 100 millions par trimestre, et FC 100 millions pour l'entretien et les nouvelles acquisitions de matériel scientifique et chirurgical, soit FC 25 millions par trimestre, au total FC 500 millions, ce qui correspond à 180 millions d'anciens francs congolais (avant la dévaluation) ou 139 millions de francs belges.

Le Conseiller administratif espère que la situation dangereuse exposée ci-dessus aura pour résultat une intervention rapide du Service de l'octroi des quotas en faveur du DCMP.

B. Contrevaleur des quotas accordés en 1964

Le DCMP a un fonds de roulement de 235 millions de francs congolais (avant la dévaluation) Cependant, ce fonds est actuellement immobilisé sous forme de stocks, de paiements et de lettres de crédit relatifs aux marchandises dont on n'a pas encore pris livraison, ainsi que sous forme d'avances à différentes organisations et personnes. Au cours du mois d'octobre, on a relevé des chiffres plus ou moins exacts à ce sujet. (Valeur en FC avant la dévaluation) :

stocks	FC 77.740.000
marchandises dont on n'a pas pris livraison	86.723.000
dettes actives	58.327.000
	<hr/>
total	FC 222.790.000
perte, baisse de qualité, etc: estimation	12.210.000
	<hr/>
total général	FC 235.000.000
	<hr/>

Selon la procédure adoptée, les provinces avancent au DCMP, au début de chaque année, les sommes qui lui permettent de régler la contrevaletur des devises mises à sa disposition au titre des quotas qui lui sont accordés pour la reconstitution de ses stocks.

Malheureusement, plusieurs clients n'ont transféré aucune avance et n'ont plus réglé leurs commandes de fournitures médicales. Il avait été impossible au DCMP de récupérer ces montants qui atteignent la somme énorme de FC 58,3 millions. Cependant, le Conseiller administratif a demandé à la Trésorerie Générale du Ministère des Finances de l'aider à recouvrir les dettes des provinces et organisations gouvernementales.

En ce qui concerne les nouvelles provinces, nous avons préconisé l'adoption de la solution suivante :
ou bien qu'une avance soit donnée pour payer les frais de la consommation moyenne de l'année;
ou bien qu'une quote-part, sur l'allocation budgétaire allouée par le Gouvernement central aux provinces, soit prélevée directement en faveur du DCMP. Pour rendre ces derniers paiements plus faciles à supporter aux provinces, ces déductions pourraient être échelonnées sur un certain nombre de mois.

Aujourd'hui, la situation financière du DCMP présente un solde créditeur mais les opérations d'achat sont impossibles à réaliser par manque de disponibilité en argent liquide.

Une partie du quota pour 1963, soit 172 millions de nouveaux francs congolais n'a pas pu être utilisée à cause d'une pénurie de contre-valeur. Il est indispensable qu'au moins la contrevaletur de ces 172 millions de nouveaux francs congolais, plus 15% pour le fret, soit au total NFC 200 millions, soit accordée au DCMP aussitôt que possible.

Au surplus, il faut prévoir un plan pour les opérations d'achat en 1964. Nous référant à l'Article 1.A, avant-dernier paragraphe, nous avons envisagé un chiffre minimum de FC 500 millions pour les besoins en devises du DCMP en 1964, soit 125 millions par trimestre. Comme il faut un minimum de six mois entre l'attribution des fonds et l'arrivée des marchandises, il est nécessaire que le DCMP reçoive une avance de FC 250 millions en janvier-février 1964.

En résumé : le minimum nécessaire serait une avance de FC 200 millions pour 1963 et 250 millions pour les premiers deux trimestres de 1964, soit un total d'environ FC 450 millions. Le Conseiller administratif a élaboré en détail cette demande et il peut affirmer que les chefs de service responsables abondent dans le même sens: il est d'une importance capitale en ce qui concerne la santé publique du Congo, que le DCMP reçoive en janvier-février 1964 cette contre-valeur d'environ 450 millions de FC.

Reste à savoir quelle sera la forme de cette avance. Le plus simple serait peut-être d'augmenter le fonds de roulement, de FC 235 à 700 millions. Après la dévaluation du 9 novembre 1963, ces 235 millions d'anciens francs congolais ne représentent plus que 650 millions de NFC, mais il faut calculer que les dettes actives de AFC 58,3 millions ne représentent plus qu'un tiers de leur valeur après la dévaluation et que nous ne sommes pas sûrs qu'on puisse récupérer la totalité de ce montant.

C. La comptabilité du DCMP

1. Nous référant au troisième rapport trimestriel de 1963, Article 1.C., nous avons noté que peu de changements ont été apportés à la question de veiller à une prompt exécution des écritures et de mettre à jour la tenue des livres. Cependant, le Ministre et le Secrétaire général de la Santé publique ont demandé à l'OMS de fournir un comptable international au DCMP, afin que ses effectifs puissent bénéficier des conseils d'un expert qualifié pendant une certaine période

2. Les négociations pour l'achat d'une facturatrice électromécanique continuent. Le système actuel est peu efficace (les retards de la comptabilité sont de l'ordre de plus de 5 mois) et le DCMP doit pouvoir disposer des moyens propres à assurer une facturation immédiate des fournitures, ce qui servira aussi à renforcer le contrôle des stocks.

D. Licences

1. En novembre 1963, le Conseil monétaire a autorisé le DCMP à disposer d'une licence ouverte en devises. Cette licence nous permettra d'acheter rapidement et d'une façon plus souple que par voie normale les pièces de rechange indispensables au fonctionnement des appareils médicaux de radiographie et d'électricité.

2. Le Directeur de l'Office des Licences a approuvé une demande du DCMP pour la prolongation de la validité des licences d'importation jusqu'à huit mois.

2. Banque mondiale

Le 28 octobre 1963, le Conseiller administratif était nommé délégué du Ministre de la Santé publique aux conférences, avec la délégation de la Banque Internationale de Reconstruction et Développement (BIRD ou Banque mondiale). L'objet de cette réunion était de rassembler tous les dossiers prêts au financement, afin de les inclure dans un programme général à soumettre à la Banque mondiale. Le Chef de mission de l'OMS p.i. et le Conseiller administratif ont discuté les problèmes avec le Chef de la délégation de la BIRD et il a été décidé d'envoyer un rapport sur la situation à la fin de l'année. Le rapport spécial suivra.

3. Tournée d'inspection

Le Conseiller Interprovincial en Santé publique, délégué dans les provinces du Kongo Central, du Kwango, de Maitland et dans la région de Kimwila, ainsi que le Conseiller administratif, ont fait une tournée d'inspection dans les provinces du Kwilu et du Kwango pour étudier la situation médicale et administrative dans les hôpitaux de Kikwit, Idiofa, Gungu, Kahemba, Panzi et Eshu. Un rapport spécial suivra.

4. Réforme monétaire

Le 9 novembre 1963, une ordonnance était promulguée, fixant les nouveaux taux de change du franc congolais. Elle est entrée en vigueur le lendemain et cette deuxième dévaluation a fixé le dollar au prix d'achat de FC 150 et de vente à FC 180 (avant la dévaluation \$ 1 valait FC 64)

5. Divers

A la demande du Ministre de la Santé publique, le Conseiller administratif a élaboré les rapports suivants :

- a) "L'organisation médicale au Congo"
- b) "La Commission chargée de l'examen de Foreami", (avant-projet d'un arrêt Ministériel)

(signé) Seve Axell

40-09

Ref. 4/64

7 January 1964

To : Mr. P.J.M. Carvin,
Administrative Officer, WHO

From : T. Trisciuzzi, Assistant Chief Administrative Officer
and Executive Officer, Congo Fund

Subject : Mr. J. Philippart

I have received a copy of your memorandum dated 30 December 1963 addressed to the ONUC Chief Finance Officer concerning the increase of total accommodation rate to be paid to Messrs. Philippart and Kamel during 1963.

I would like to remind you that all administrative questions involving Civilian Operations programmes, and in particular those involving a change in policy or procedure, should always be addressed to this office since we have the ultimate responsibility for budgetary control.

In the present case, no justification has been put forth for a retroactive increase of subsistence rates; therefore, I wish to inform you that your request cannot be granted.

c.c. Mr. De Candia

JAN 7 1964

INFO. COPY

10-05

PC/eg

Action To.....

File No.

le 30 décembre 1963

A : Monsieur T. De Candia, Chief Finance Officer, ONUC

De : P.J.M. Carvin, Administrateur

Objet: Monsieur J. Philippart

J'ai reçu ce matin la visite de Monsieur Philippart, technicien en radiologie médicale sous contrat d'Agent de l'OMS.

Monsieur Philippart et Monsieur Kamel, son collègue, ont des fonctions assez particulières; ils sont quelque fois appelés à séjourner plusieurs mois dans une Province pour entreprendre la révision des appareils de tous les hôpitaux possédant une installation de rayons X. Il est difficile de leur appliquer la règle définie d'un commun accord entre l'ONUC et l'OMS et dont la publicité a été organisée par l'Administrative Report No. 28, part A du 2 novembre 1962, qui devra être révisé d'ailleurs dès que nous saurons où nous en sommes avec les indemnités journalières.

Après avoir consulté le Représentant en Chef de l'OMS au Congo qui a marqué son accord, je vous propose de leur servir, pour tout voyage excédant un mois, l'indemnité de double logement qui est de FC 512 par jour en ce qui concerne les Agents. Ils percevront donc (pour 1963) 1248 FC par jour pendant 30/31 jours et 512FC par jour ensuite.

Je vous serais reconnaissant de me faire connaître votre accord.

8

cc: Monsieur Trisciuzzi, Asst CAO, ONUC
Monsieur J. Philippart
Monsieur F. Kamel

40-09
T 540/1
ACG/mep

CIV.OPS./1893/63

31 December, 1963

Dear David,

I am replying immediately to your letter of 27 December, with which you enclosed a letter dated 13 December from Dr. Candau to the Secretary General.

..... I hope that the attached notes will help you in preparing a reply to Dr. Candau.

With all best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

S. Habib Ahmed
Chief of Civilian Operations

Mr. David Owen
Executive Chairman
Technical Assistance Board
United Nations
New York, NY

cc: Dr. Bellerive

Notes on Dr. Candau's letter of 13 December 1963
to the Secretary-General

Operational staff

It should perhaps be emphasized to Dr. Candau that the Congo Fund is at present in deficit to the extent of \$6 million. Pending the results of the Secretary-General's appeal for contributions and depending thereon, the Congolese Government has agreed to contribute \$219,000 per month to the programme and guarantee a further \$2.6 million (subject to a review of the whole programme in January/February 1964). Awaiting the response to the Secretary-General's appeal, there is therefore as yet no firm assurance that we shall be able to implement the decision to set aside \$2.5 million to pay the cost of the WHO operational personnel in the Congo.

Advisory health services and training personnel

Since Dr. Candau did not send us a copy of his request to the Executive Chairman, it is impossible for us to comment on the four additional posts which he has apparently proposed for financing under EPTA. You will recall that, in our proposal for financing of the programme dated 8 November 1963, we had included six posts to be financed under approved EPTA and three by contingency allocations, and these were included in the Government's request. This total of nine posts compares with Dr. Candau's request for eight (four EPTA and four contingency).

With regard to the five training posts, assuming that we achieve our target for the Congo Fund, it will be possible to finance only three posts since two are shown as vacant, and, as you know, vacant posts are not included in the minimum target.

Dr. Candau's proposals for spreading the expenditure on local fellowships over the period 1963-1969 are acceptable, provided it is clearly understood that the expenditure in question is in local currency, and on the understanding that the Congolese Government will maintain its contribution in local currency. It should perhaps be borne in mind that, with the present inflationary trend, some further increase in the Congolese franc cost per head may have to be envisaged.

Liaison unit

With regard to the request to finance nine administrative and secretarial posts in the WHO liaison unit, it may be pointed out that, in our statement on "Programme coordination and administrative support on technical assistance and operational programmes in the Congo, budget estimates for 1964", a copy of which should by now be in the hands of WHO Headquarters, provision is made for two administrative officers, six internationally recruited secretaries, six locally recruited shorthand-typists, 15 drivers, three messengers and one telephone operator.

As a general comment, may we suggest that WHO should authorise Dr. Bellerive to discuss the WHO programme with us here on the spot. To do it through our respective headquarters tends to make for delay and misunderstanding.

ROUTING SLIP

Comments for the record should not be written on this slip. REFERRAL SHEET PT. 108 should be used instead.

TO:

Mr. S. Habib Ahmed
(Leopoldville)

	APPROVAL		YOUR INFORMATION
	MAY WE CONFER?		AS REQUESTED
	YOUR SIGNATURE		FOR ACTION
E	NOTE AND FILE		REPLY FOR MY SIGNATURE
	NOTE AND RETURN		PREPARE DRAFT
S	YOUR COMMENTS		ATTACH RELATED PAPER

Noted. my
18/11

23D

Mr. Zulueta

Rehman
Rehman

DATE:

12/XI/63

FROM:

Ralph J. Bunche



~~T. 541~~
~~T. 541/5~~
~~T. 541/10~~
40-09

12 November 1963

INFO. COPY

Blacks 222

Action To.....

File No.

Dear Dr. Candau,

As you already know from his letter to you of 5 November 1963, the Secretary-General referred to the Managing Director of the Special Fund your suggestion that nine teaching posts at the Nursing and Medical Schools of Lovanium University and five teaching posts relating to training of middle-level health personnel be taken by the Special Fund as a Special Fund project.

- ... I enclose a copy of a memorandum to me from Mr. Hoffman dated 6 November containing some preliminary observations on the proposal.
... I am also attaching a copy of the letter from Mr. Cohen to Mr. Rens to which reference is made in paragraph 3 of Mr. Hoffman's memorandum.

You will note that the nature and extent of the assistance to be rendered to the Congo by the Special Fund in the health field can be determined only after a specific request for such assistance has been received from the Congo Government.

Yours sincerely,

Ralph J. Bunche
Under-Secretary

Dr. M. G. Candau
Director General
World Health Organization
Palais des Nations
Geneva, Switzerland

cc: Mr. S. Habib Ahmed (Leopoldville) and enclosures
Mr. Myer Cohen

SPECIAL FUND



FONDS SPECIAL

UNITED NATIONS
NEW YORK

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. Ralph J. Bunche
Under-Secretary

Date: 6 November 1963

FROM: Paul G. Hoffman
Managing Director

FILE NO.: HF/310/CON(L) GEN

SENDER'S TELEPHONE EXTENSION: 683

SUBJECT: WHO 1964 Programme of Technical Assistance to the Congo

Thank you for your memorandum of 5 November on the above subject. I have examined the copy of the letter from Dr. Candau to the Secretary-General concerning the financing in 1964 of WHO's programme of technical assistance to the Congo and of the Secretary-General's reply to it.

Myer! I note that the Director-General of WHO expresses the hope of obtaining financial assistance from the Special Fund in 1964 for certain activities currently carried on by that organization in the Congo. I believe that this particular formulation of the problem is somewhat unfortunate since under our legislation, the Special Fund assists Governments on requests and not the programmes of Specialized Agencies as such. Nevertheless, we all recognize that the Congo has special needs, and we are prepared to do everything possible within our legislation to render assistance.

..... We have recently received a request from ILO containing an inquiry similar to the one which Dr. Candau put to the Secretary-General. I am attaching a copy of our reply to ILO which I believe can serve as a statement of our policy, our intentions, and our possibilities to assist. To the position set forth in the letter to ILO, I should add that there is no possibility whatsoever of assisting any project in the health field in the Congo as from 1 January 1964. If an appropriate request from the Government of the Congo should be submitted to us under the conditions set forth in the attached letter to ILO, it could be considered for possible approval in June 1964 or in 1965. However, at the present time, we have not received any request from the Government for assistance in the health field; and pending an examination of any such specific request, it is difficult to indicate how we could help. Nevertheless, a superficial examination of the type of assistance mentioned in Dr. Candau's letter to the Secretary-General leaves us with the impression that what is needed is a series of individual experts, normally provided under EPTA and not qualifying as a Special Fund project.

.../

We are inclined to the view that a project for the training of middle level personnel would qualify for Special Fund assistance if it could be established as an institution having local support, and envisaged as of a continuing character rather than of an emergency nature.

cc: Mr. Turner

SPECIAL FUND



FONDS SPECIAL

UNITED NATIONS
NEW YORK

TELEPHONE: PLAZA 4-1234

CABLE ADDRESS: SPECFUND NEW YORK

REFERENCE: SF/310/CON(L) 2

23 October 1963

Dear Mr. Rens,

I would like to acknowledge receipt of your letter of 21 October addressed to the Managing Director, concerning the future of certain training posts being carried on in the Congo by ILO under the 1963 approved programme of ONUC.

I understand from your letter that you are asking specifically whether four posts in the field of vocational training, presently carried on under this programme in the Congo, might be absorbed by the request to the Special Fund, presently under consideration, for assistance in the establishment of the National Institute of Vocational Training.

While I would very much like to be in a position to give you a definite answer on this, I regret that we cannot do so since we do not know at the present time which requests from the Government of the Congo to the Special Fund for assistance are likely to be recommended for approval at the session of the Governing Council to be held in June 1964.

It is possible that the Special Fund will be seized with requests from the Government of the Congo for assistance with projects in the fields of industrial vocational training, meteorological training, telecommunications training, civil aviation, medical education, and agriculture, - in addition to the two projects being recommended to the Governing Council for approval at its January 1964 session.

You will appreciate that there is no possibility that the Special Fund could recommend for approval of its Governing Council at the June 1964 session, any such large number of projects as this for the Congo.

Mr. Jef Rens
Deputy Director-General
International Labour Organisation
154, rue de Lausanne
Geneva, Switzerland



Before any decisions as to individual projects can be taken, it will be necessary to ascertain:

1. Available funds for the June 1964 programme.
2. A reasonable allocation of such funds for projects in the Congo.
3. The priority attached by the Government of the Congo to each of the requests, and
4. Evaluation of these requests in terms of their importance to the Congo.

In addition to the above factors, it would seem appropriate to consider whether institutions already in existence might have a prior claim from a timing point of view, subject always of course to their quality, over proposed new institutions. I mention this because the proposed National Vocation Training Institution in the Congo would be new.

Finally, with regard to institutions already in existence, although the Special Fund may decide to recommend further assistance, it does not follow that this assistance will be recommended at the same level and in the same form as is presently being given to the institution.

I have outlined the above problems at some length so that you will understand why it is not possible at this time to give the assurance requested in your letter with regard to the four vocational training posts.

We will communicate with you at a later date as soon as the position with regard to Special Fund assistance to projects in the Congo in 1964 is clearer.

Yours sincerely,

/s/ Myer Cohen

Myer Cohen
Director
Bureau of Operations

RECEIVED
CIVILIAN

WAL

RECEIVED 9 10 10

ACTION	
CIVILIAN MILITARY	
<i>Civ Ops</i>	

✓
✓
40-10
40-09
40-01
T- 540
T- 540/1

Mr. Ahmed

YC292 NY 28 8 2356Z ;

LTF

ONUC

LEO ;

6589 AMED YOUR 6362. COPY OF CANDAU LETER CONTAINING FULL
DEAILS POUCHED YOU FIFTH NOVEMBER ;

SEYMOUR "

COL 6589 6362 "8



INDICATE
PRIORITY

LTF

SVC
ServiceFFFFF
RoutineSSSSS
PriorityPRIORITE
NATIONSPriority Nations traffic
is strictly limited40-10
40-09

NR

(Address to)

UNATIONS NEW YORK

T540
T540/1

(TEXT & SIGNATURE)

Insert prefix &/or number as required

USE DOUBLE SPACING

ONJC 6362 BUNCHE, OWEN AND TURNER FROM AHMED. REUR 6532. WOULD BE
 GRATEFUL YOUR CABLEING US URGENTLY WIND PROPOSALS FOR EXPANDED, REGULAR
 AND CONTINGENCY FINANCING TO ENABLE US COMPLETE PREPARATION OF 1964
 PROPOSED PROGRAMME FOR POUCHING SATURDAY.

cc: Mr. M. Garsinville ✓

T.O.R.

T.O.D.

BY:

Drafted by : Ahmed

Authorized :

Date : 7.11.63

ACTION	
CIVILIAN/MILITARY	
CIVILIAN	MILITARY

40-10
→ 40-09
T-540/11

Mr. Ahmed

YC125 NY 250/245 6 1723Z ;

LTF

ONUC

LEOPOLDVILLE ;

6532 FROM BUNCHE OWEN TURNER TO AHMED RE YOUR 6312 (A)

RE PROJECT 40-10, 178 OPERATIONAL POSTS ANTICIPATED FOR CONGO

FUND FINANCING AND ASSUME CONTINUATION SWISS TEAM. (B)

YOUR SUMMARY WHO 1964 PROJECT 40-89 DIFFERS IN IMPORTANT DETAILS FROM CANDAU 22 OCTOBER LETTER ;

P2 ;

TO SECGEN TO WHICH SECGEN HAS REPLIED. COPIES THIS EXCHANGE BEING POUCHED TO YOU. (C) PLEASE REVIEW YOUR INTERIM PROPOSAL IN LIGHT THIS EXCHANGE AND ATTEMPT ARRIVE AT RECONCILIATION VIEWS WITH WHO THROUGH WHO SENIOR REPRESENTATIVE. (D) IN ARRIVING AT PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION MINIMUM WHO PROGRAMME ;

P3/52/50 ;

ACCORDING SEVERAL SOURCES OF FUNDS, IMPORTANT YOU BEAR IN MIND THAT GRAND TOTAL OF EPTA CATEGORY I AND CONTINGENCY CHARGES IN 1964 FOR ALL AGENCIES CANNOT EXCEED APPROXIMATELY DOLLARS 500,000 AND DOLLARS 350,000 RESPECTIVELY IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE COSTS. ALSO MUST REITERATE THAT 1964 CONTINGENCY FINANCING IS ONE TIME ;

P4/51/50 ;

EMERGENCY MATTER AND CONTINUING POSTS THUS FINANCED MUST BE TRANSFERRED TO OTHER NON EPTA SOURCES AS OF ONE JANUARY 1965 UNLESS ABSORBED WITHIN CATEGORY I 1965-66 TARGET OF DOLLARS 1.5 MILLION ON EPTA STANDARD FULL COSTING BASIS. (E) WISH ASSURE YOU THAT YOUR BEST RECOMMENDATIONS ON ENTIRE PROGRAMME ;

P5/47/45 ;

FINANCING INCLUDING SPECIFIC USE OF EPTA CONTINGENCY AS AMONG SEVERAL CLAIMANT AGENCIES WILL HAVE OUR SUPPORT ON ASSUMPTION OF COURSE THAT AGENCIES FULLY CONSULTED BY YOU, THAT GOVERNMENT CONCURS YOUR FINAL RECOMMENDATIONS, AND THAT YOU HAVE FIRM ASSURANCE GOVERNMENT'S FORMAL REQUEST WILL BE IDENTICAL "

1964 1963 1963-66 1.3 "



UNITED NATIONS — NATIONS UNIES

40-09

Priorité Nations traffic is strictly limited.

T. 540/1
T 100 (12-65)
O R 9 100

INDICATE
PRIORITY

L T F	S V C Service	F F F F F Routine	S S S S S Priority	P R I O R I T E N A T I O N S
-------	------------------	----------------------	-----------------------	----------------------------------

N R

(Address es)

UNATIONS NEWYORK

(TEXT & SIGNATURE)

insert prefix &/or number as required

USE DOUBLE SPACING.

ONUG 6353 BUNOHE OWEN TURNER FROM AHMED.
THANKS YOUR 6493/ REUR BBB WELCOME YOUR ASSUMPTION
FIVE MILLION DOLLAR HARD CURRENCY CONGO FUND. AGREE
YOUR SUGGESTED PROCEDURE FOR CONGO GOVERNMENT CONTRI-
BUTION. REUR DDD. WHO NINE ADMINISTRATIVE AND CLERICAL
POSTS ARE REPRESENTED BY SEVEN POSTS IN CONGO AND TWO
AT GENEVA HEADQUARTERS. ACCORDING TO YOUR CCC, LATER
TWO POSTS ARE TO BE CARRIED BY WHO THEMSELVES. FOR
PRACTICAL REASONS, SUCH ADMINISTRATIVE AND CLERICAL
PERSONNEL SHOULD BE ASSIGNED TO THE VARIOUS MISSION
OFFICES AS HERETOFORE RATHER THAN BE CENTRALLY LOCATED.
REUR EEE. DRAFT LIST 1964 FIELD ADMINISTRATION POSTS
PROVIDED SEYMOUR BY TRISCIUZZI BEING REVIEWED, THOUGH
STILL USABLE FOR OVERALL COSTING, TAKING ACCOUNT HOWEVER
EVENTUAL DECISION YOUR GGG AND HHH, ALSO YOUR CCC.
SOME SIGNIFICANT ADJUSTMENTS WILL BE MADE IN NUMBERS AND
GRADING ESPECIALLY REGARDING SUBSTANTIVE STAFF. REUR FFF.
AS PREVIOUSLY DISCUSSED BUDGET PROPOSALS FOR FIELD OFFICE
WILL BE SUBMITTED FROM OFFICE OF RESREP.

.../...

T. O. R.

T. O. D.

BY:

Drafted by :

Authorized :

Date :

UNITED NATIONS — NATIONS UNIES

/ INDICATE
PRIORITY

LTF		SVC Service	FFFFF Routine	SSSSS Priority	PRIORITE NATIONS
-----	--	----------------	------------------	-------------------	---------------------

Priorité Nations traffic
is strictly limited.

NR

(Address es)

(TEXT & SIGNATURE)

insert prefix &/or number as required

USE DOUBLE SPACING.

Page 2

REUR GGG AND HHM REGARDING FUNCTIONS NOW PERFORMED
BY ONUC FOR CIVOPS, BELIEVE APPROPRIATE THAT POSTS
CONCERNED BE TRANSFERRED TO OUR FIELD OFFICE BUDGET
ON 1 JANUARY 1964. THIS WOULD INCREASE OUR TOTAL
PROVISIONAL FIELD OFFICE BUDGET TO ABOUT 930 THOUSAND
DOLLARS.

cc : Mr. M. Dorsinville, Officer-in-Charge
Mr. C. Seward, Chief Administrative Officer

C 81471

T.O.R.

T.O.D.

BY:

Drafted by :

Authorized :

Date :

A.C. Gilpin

6/11/63 at 8,30

INDICATE
PRIORITY

LTF	SVC Service	FFFFF Routine	X	SSSSS Priority	PRIORITE NATIONS
-----	----------------	------------------	---	-------------------	---------------------

→ 40-09-10
40-10-40-01
Priorité Nations traffic
is strictly limited.

NR

(Address es)

UNATIONS NEWYORK

(TEXT & SIGNATURE)

insert prefix &/or number as required

USE DOUBLE SPACING.

ONUC 6312

BUNCHE INFO SEYMOUR FROM AHMED
UNDERSTAND CANDAU DEALING WITH YOU DIRECT ON FINANCING
WHO PROJECTS PARAGRAPH REF PROJECT 40-09, WE TENTATIVELY
PLAN FOLLOWING PRIMO THREE ADVISORY POSTS AND FOUR
OVERSEAS FELLOWSHIPS WHO REGULAR SECUNDO ONE ADVISORY,
TWO OPERATIONAL AND ONE TRAINING POSTS EPTA, PLUS
TWO ADVISORY OR TRAINING POSTS FOR WHICH WE REQUIRE
DETAILS TERTIO THREE ADVISORY OR TRAINING POSTS EPTA
CONTINGENCY FOR WHICH WE ALSO REQUIRE DETAILS QUARTO
FOUR ADVISORY, TWELVE OPERATIONAL AND TWO TRAINING POSTS
CONGO FUND OR OTHER SOURCES. PARAGRAPH REF PROJECT
40-10, WE PLAN 178 OPERATIONAL POSTS CONGO FUND OR OTHER
SOURCES PLUS TWENTY SWISS BILATERAL. PARAGRAPH PLEASE
CONFIRM ABOVE SOONEST AND CABLE FULL DETAILS, AS ENTIRE
PROGRAMME FINANCING EXERCISE WILL BE COMPLETED TODAY
EXCEPT FOR WHO

cc : Mr. Dorsinville, Officer in Charge
Dr. Brown, WHO

T. O. R.

T. O. D.

BY:

Drafted by : A.C. Gilpin
Authorized : 5/11/63 at
Date : 12.00

ROUTING SLIP

Comments for the record should not be written on this slip. REFERRAL SHEET PT.108 should be used instead.

TO:

Mr. S. Habib Ahmed —
Leopoldville

	APPROVAL		YOUR INFORMATION
	MAY WE CONFER?		AS REQUESTED
	YOUR SIGNATURE		FOR ACTION
E	NOTE AND FILE		REPLY FOR MY SIGNATURE
	NOTE AND RETURN		PREPARE DRAFT
S	YOUR COMMENTS		ATTACH RELATED PAPER



DATE:

5/XI/63

FROM:

/r Ralph J. Bunche



13.1
G 1/180/11 Congo

5 November 1963

Dear Dr. Candau,

I am grateful for your letter of 22 October 1963 in regard to the future financing of your Organization's assistance programme to the Republic of the Congo. I wish to thank you especially for your thorough and clear analysis of the background and present status of the programme, and for the helpful manner in which you approach the various problems to be immediately solved.

You have already heard, I believe, from members of your staff who have discussed the question here in New York that, as a result of recent and rather promising developments, we are now in a position to look with a reasonable degree of confidence to the future of the Civilian Operations Programme in the Congo. Funds from EPTA, the Special Fund and other conventional United Nations and specialized agencies sources are assured for the financing of the cost of many of the advisory and training aspects of the Programme. Special project agreements will be concluded soon with the United States Government for the financing of activities in the economic, fiscal, public works and police training fields, and we hope that it will be possible to enter into similar arrangements with other governments. Finally, a target of five million dollars has been established as the minimum foreign currency requirement of the Congo Fund in 1964 to cover the cost of the operational personnel engaged in the fields of health, education and judicial administration. I am hopeful that this target will be met in full by contributions from several Member Governments including the Government of the Republic of the Congo.

Operational staff

Half of the sum to be available under the Congo Fund, i.e. \$2.5 million will be used to pay the cost of operational personnel in the medical and public health fields. It is, therefore, possible to confirm to you now that the United Nations does wish the WHO to continue to serve as the administering agency for provision to the Congolese Government of operational medical personnel under the same financial reimbursement arrangements as obtained this year. In your letter, you show the number of posts involved as 180. The Resident Representative is programming at present on the basis of 178, representing total personnel actually employed at this time. I hope that this figure will be acceptable.

Dr. M. G. Candau
Director General
World Health Organisation
Palais des Nations
Geneva, Switzerland

Included in these operational posts are nine posts for the teaching staff which WHO provides at Levanium University. You have suggested that the possibility of financing these particular posts as a Special Fund project be explored. Your suggestion has been referred to the Managing Director of the Special Fund who will communicate with you on this matter.

Advisory Health Services and Training personnel

The priority character of all of the 25 posts which you propose as a minimum for inclusion in project 40-09 is fully recognized. I hope, as you do, that eight of these posts can be financed from EPTA funds in 1964. The Executive Chairman has undertaken to consider favourably the use of contingency financing for the four posts which are in excess of your Category I programme, with the understanding that contingency funds would not be available in 1965 for this purpose. His consideration will necessarily take into account the recommendations of the Resident Representative on the totality of contingency requests to be received from all of the organizations. In the meantime, urgent submission now of your essential requirements to the Executive Chairman would facilitate his final decision.

You have suggested, as a further means for the gradual transfer in 1964 of advisory and training posts from the Congo Fund to other sources, that five posts relating to training of middle-level health personnel be taken by the Special Fund as a Special Fund project. This proposal, together with the proposal for Special Fund financing of Levanium teaching staff is being notified to the Managing Director for his consideration.

There is no difficulty at all in assuring you that provision can be made for the continuation of 60 fellowships to medical students at Levanium, so long as the needs in this connexion can be financed with local currency.

Liaison Unit

My understanding is that the nine administrative and clerical posts in the WHO Liaison Unit, which you believe need to be continued into 1964, are the same posts which the Chief of Civilian Operations approved for ONUC financing as a supplement to ONUC central administrative services in 1963. We are now consulting the Resident Representative and the ONUC Administration on the probable relation of these posts to the local servicing arrangements to be provided centrally next year. The extent to which administrative and clerical posts needed to service medical personnel should be centrally located or assigned as in 1963 to the WHO Mission, could best be decided when the recommendations of the Resident Representative and the ONUC Administration have been received here.

It is foreseen that the funds to be utilized for local administration will consist of an amount to be provided in the TAB field budget and a global subsidy in conjunction with the contemplated United States project agreements. These sums combined will by no means reach the full level of cost incurred by the ONUC budget in 1963 for the same purpose. Since you intend in any event to approach your Executive Board and World Health Assembly for supplementary appropriations for 1964 which would enable you to take over the financing of nine of the advisory and training posts, I would ask that you consider the possibility of seeking supplementary appropriations for as large a part of this local administrative requirement as you may deem feasible.

Yours sincerely

U Thant
Secretary-General

cc: Mr. Hoffman
Mr. Owen
Mr. Turner
Dr. Coigny
Mr. Dorsinville
Mr. Ahmed

WORLD HEALTH
ORGANIZATION

Palais des Nations
GENEVA - SWITZERLAND
Télgr.: UNISANTE-Geneve



Tel.: 33 10 00 - 33 20 00 - 33 40 00

ORGANISATION MONDIALE
DE LA SANTÉ

Palais des Nations
GENÈVE - SUISSE
Télgr.: UNISANTE-Geneve

In reply please refer to:

Prérez de rappeler la référence: G 1/180/11 Congo

22 October 1963

[Dear U Thant,

As you know from my cabled message to which Dr Bunche has kindly replied, I am concerned by indications coming from Leopoldville that drastic reductions are foreseen in Civilian Operations in the Congo which could result in important and immediate curtailment of the health programme. These indications appear to be based on an assumption that adequate financing will not be available as from 1964.

I had in any case wished to review with you shortly, plans for the orderly and progressive transfer of health functions to Congolese staff as they become increasingly available from our several training efforts. The current budgetary examination is the time when we must accomplish this review if we are to ensure that the means are found to finish the work in which so much has been invested and which just now begins to show real promise for the future.

I should like to recall a bit of the history of our health efforts in the Congo in the past three years, to state briefly my evaluation of the present health situation and most importantly to set out the long-term plan to which all our training and staffing efforts have been geared.

[Historical Background]

[As Dr Bunche will recall] Shortly after the commencement of Civilian Operations in the autumn of 1960 an assessment was made of what personnel would be required as a minimum to control communicable disease and maintain the essential structure of the health services. It was the conclusion of this assessment that 490 medical doctors would be needed for these purposes, Katanga excluded. The United Nations undertook to finance from the Congo fund 130 health personnel, mostly doctors, plus some 20 - 25 advisory and supervisory personnel in Leopoldville and in the several provinces. It was expected that the balance of the 490 would be available from governmental and private sources.

[In a letter dated 9 June 1961 to Mr Hammarskjöld I reviewed the staffing situation at the end of the first year of operations. I reported

The Secretary-General
United Nations
New York
USA

The Secretary-General, United Nations, New York

22.10.1963

by mid-1961

that in contrast to the estimated minimum requirement of 450 doctors, only some 320 were present in the Congo from all sources including WHO, Red Cross, governmental, industry, missionaries and private practitioners. At that point in time the remainder of the Red Cross teams were about to be withdrawn and in consequence I requested, and obtained approval of, United Nations financing for 70 additional WHO operational medical personnel.)

A further count of medical doctors in the Congo a year later revealed that the situation had remained virtually stationary, the addition of the WHO personnel being off-set by the departure of the Red Cross teams. Present indications are that the numbers still remain about the same, and this notwithstanding the increased needs which have resulted from the fragmentation of the Congo into 16 provinces and the extension of the Civilian Operations to Katanga. (22)

Thus at no time in the three years history of the programme has the total number of medical doctors at work in the Congo even approached the minimum determined to be necessary to avoid the deterioration of essential public health services and medical care of the population.

Present health situation

There are still in the Congo 40 hospitals of over 100 beds each functioning without a single doctor; any further withdrawal of medical personnel would result in an immediate increase of the number of unstaffed hospitals. Moreover, a hospital doctor in fact serves a population of approximately 90 000 inhabitants of the surrounding area.

As outlined in a recent note of the WHO Representative in Leopoldville, it is estimated that taking into account the present shortage of staff, the mere withdrawal of those 70 WHO doctors whose contracts end on 31 December 1963 would mean that a population of more than 5,000 000, or about 1/3 of the total population of the country, would be without any medical coverage. (A)

Up to 1960, the preventive services maintained an effective barrier against the spread of communicable diseases through the activity of mobile teams headed by no less than 600 Belgian health technicians. Since 1960, these teams, left without adequate supervision and leadership, have disintegrated and their activity has virtually ceased; any problems posed by outbreaks of epidemic diseases have been dealt with as they occurred on a stop-gap basis. Tuberculosis and malaria have continued to spread. Existing foci of plague have given rise to individual outbreaks. There is no longer an efficient control against the natural spread of leprosy. Smallpox, of course, has become a greater threat, as systematic vaccination could no longer be carried out. Trypanosomiasis, which had been reduced to a very low level, is being more frequently reported to-day and in the long run will probably constitute the greatest risk for the health of the population in the infected areas. These major diseases together with malnutrition and the lack of sanitation exact a heavy toll among the population with very damaging effects on the country's economy and call for urgent public health action.

The Secretary-General, United Nations, New York

22.10.1963

This brief summary indicates
 [From this succinct report you will realize] the dramatic consequences which could result from any sudden curtailment in the health manpower in the Congo, a manpower which has since the inception of the programme been below the minimum security level. It is also to be recognized that a demand for medical care was created before independence which has become an essential and irreversible feature of the social attitude of the population. By meeting that demand we contribute not only to better health but also to social stability.

Progressive availability of Congolese doctors

In 1960, there were no Congolese doctors; national staff with some medical training consisted of "assistants médicaux". In the years 1960-1963, 138 of these "assistants médicaux" have been sent in four yearly groups for 3 1/2 years' training in medical faculties of France and Switzerland. It is assumed also that there will be 5 additional in 1964 and 1 more in 1965. In 1960, a small group of seven students was selected for medical studies of 6 years' duration in the same two countries. In 1961, the first two Congolese doctors graduated from Lovanium University. The table below shows the estimated number of Congolese physicians available during the period 1961-1970.

Year	Number of Congolese physicians available			
	From training abroad	From Lovanium	Total per year	Cumulative total
1961	-	2	2	2
1962	-	2	2	4
1963	-	3	3	7
1964	59	3	62	69
1965	54	3	57	126
1966	16	3	19	145
1967	5	8	13	158
1968	10	14	24	182
1969	1	21	22	204
1970	-	40	40	244

As may be seen, the three years 1961-1963 have been the most difficult period. The situation will show the first signs of improvement early in 1964 when the first graduated "assistants médicaux" will have returned. These graduates will undoubtedly be of great value because of their maturity and the clinical experience they have acquired previously. However, we should not expect that many of them will replace present

22.10.1963

expatriate doctors in bush hospitals since it [surely] is to this group that the Congo must look for the filling of senior administrative positions in the health services. To that end, this group will need a period of adaptation following their return to the Congo.

Operational Staff (Project 40-10, "Public Health Service", of Congo Government request to United Nations)

For all the reasons outlined above, it will be clear that no sizeable reduction in operational staff should take place before 1965 at the earliest, if we are to maintain even the present inadequate level of services. Ideally, we should keep as many of these people on the job as long as possible. In view of the practical budgetary problems which I know you face, I recognize that the ideal, in this case, may not be possible and, accordingly, I outline below my proposals for a planned phasing out over the seven year period 1964-1970. As will be noted, the reduction in expatriate staff is closely related to the progressively increased returns from the training programme, both the training of Congolese abroad as well as those who will be graduating from Lovanium University.

Proposed reduction of staff under Project 40-10 (Public Health Service)				
Year	Medical	Paramedical and other health personnel	Total	Percentage reduction of 200 posts approved for 1963
1963	166	34	200	-
1964	155	25	180	10%
1965	110	15	125	37.5%
1966	95	10	105	47.5%
1967	87	8	95	52.5%
1968	62	8	70	65%
1969	45	5	50	75%
1970	5	5	10	95%

[It is my understanding that the United Nations Special Fund may be prepared to give sympathetic consideration to the future financing of training programmes, which are now being met from the Congo Fund. Included in the 200 approved posts of operational staff are the teaching staff provided by WHO to the Medical School and Nursing School at the Lovanium University, totalling nine posts. I would propose that we take steps to explore the possibility of financing these posts from the United Nations Special Fund and, should this become possible in the course of 1964, the number of staff in project No. 40-10 "Public Health Service" could be correspondingly reduced.]

The Secretary-General, United Nations, New York

22.10.1963

Advisory health services and training personnel (Project No. 40-09 of Congo Government's request to United Nations)

I note the Congo Government submission for this project sub-divides the personnel under three sub-headings called "advisory", "operational" and "training". We have a somewhat different identification of the posts in WHO, but for purposes of this letter I think we can deal with the personnel of this project in total.

I believe it would be highly desirable to maintain the 28 posts listed in the submission. If the resources of the Congo Fund prove inadequate, however, I would be prepared to see the total reduced to a minimum of 25 posts, which might be financed as suggested below.

On the understanding that some further funds might be made available for the Congo under the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance, it would be my intention to discuss with the Government the submission of a request for contingency financing in 1964 of four additional posts in the public health administration project presently approved under the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and consisting of four posts, thus bringing the total for the project to eight posts, the continued financing in 1965 and 1966 to be requested by the Government in its submission for that biennium.

In addition to the three posts now being financed by WHO, I would be prepared to submit for consideration by the Executive Board and the World Health Assembly supplementary estimates for 1964 and to take other steps in order to finance nine additional posts from WHO resources, bringing the total number of posts so financed to twelve.

The remaining five posts out of the total of 25, for which financing will be required, all relate to the training of middle-level health personnel. Again, on the understanding that the United Nations Special Fund may be willing to provide future financing of training programmes in the Congo, I would propose to explore the possibility of these five posts being financed from that source.

Thus, to the extent necessary, and subject to the approval of the appropriate authorities in each case, the entire staff in project No. 40-09 could gradually in the course of 1964 be financed from sources other than the Congo Fund.

I have noted that this project also includes provision for the continuation of 60 subsidies to medical students at the Lovanium University. An analysis of future needs for such subsidies is presently being undertaken and I will communicate with you further about this shortly.

Liaison Unit

The nine administrative and clerical posts in the WHO Liaison Unit now being financed from the ONUC budget will need to be continued for such period and to such extent as required in relation to the gradual phasing out of the operational activity as suggested above.

we have provided
9
(EPTA-6
conting-3)

22.10.1963

Conclusion

I fully understand the practical budgetary problems with which you are faced and in recognition of them I have suggested above such economies as I believe can be made. I hope that the possibilities for additional financing from other sources mentioned above may be helpful also in meeting the total problem. For the health reasons which I have described, I am convinced that the staffing pattern which is outlined above for the future represents an irreducible minimum so long as our role in the Congo remains unchanged. You will understand that I could not accept the responsibility for the health services of the Congo with any less resources at my disposal. I believe that if governments were to become as sharply aware of the critical needs of the civilian programme as they already are of the military operation the resources would be found to maintain the essentials of that programme.

If I can be of any assistance to you in providing further details which would facilitate the search for financing I shall be most pleased to do so. The Director of our Liaison Office is at your disposal for this purpose and, if found necessary, I should be prepared to send a member of my staff to New York to provide further assistance.

Yours sincerely,

M. G. Candau, M.D.
Director-General

40-09

WORLD HEALTH
ORGANIZATION



ORGANISATION MONDIALE
DE LA SANTÉ

B. P. 1899
LÉOPOLDVILLE
République du Congo

OCT 21 1963

ACTION

REF. AEB/je

21 October 1963

TO	Trisciuzzi
1	
2	
3	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Completed
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Acknowledged
<input type="checkbox"/>	No Action Required
INITIALS	

To : Mr S. H. Ahmed, Chief of Civilian Operations

From : Dr A. E. Brown, Acting Senior WHO Representative

Subject : ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT FOR THE WHO MISSION IN LEOPOLDVILLE

Further to my memorandum of 10 October addressed to Mr Trisciuzzi giving the justifications for the administrative support for the WHO Mission in Léopoldville, I have been informed by my Headquarters that the understanding to charge post CG.45 (Personnel officer) and CG.46 (Accounting clerk) (both Geneva based) to ONUC was arrived at between Mr Siegel, ADG, WHO and Mr Turner, Comptroller in the UN. We consider that the maintenance of both of these posts is necessary for recruitment and general administration of the programme.

WORLD HEALTH
ORGANIZATION



ORGANISATION MONDIALE
DE LA SANTÉ

OCT 11 1963

ACTION

B. P. 1899
LÉOPOLDVILLE
République du Congo

REF. HT/mc

10 October 1963

Trisciuzzi 262

1	TO
2	✓
3	✓
4	✓
5	✓
6	✓
7	✓
8	✓
9	✓
10	✓
11	✓
12	✓
13	✓
14	✓
15	✓
16	✓
17	✓
18	✓
19	✓
20	✓
21	✓
22	✓
23	✓
24	✓
25	✓
26	✓
27	✓
28	✓
29	✓
30	✓
31	✓
32	✓
33	✓
34	✓
35	✓
36	✓
37	✓
38	✓
39	✓
40	✓
41	✓
42	✓
43	✓
44	✓
45	✓
46	✓
47	✓
48	✓
49	✓
50	✓
51	✓
52	✓
53	✓
54	✓
55	✓
56	✓
57	✓
58	✓
59	✓
60	✓
61	✓
62	✓
63	✓
64	✓
65	✓
66	✓
67	✓
68	✓
69	✓
70	✓
71	✓
72	✓
73	✓
74	✓
75	✓
76	✓
77	✓
78	✓
79	✓
80	✓
81	✓
82	✓
83	✓
84	✓
85	✓
86	✓
87	✓
88	✓
89	✓
90	✓
91	✓
92	✓
93	✓
94	✓
95	✓
96	✓
97	✓
98	✓
99	✓
100	✓

To : Mr T. Trisciuzzi, Assistant Chief Administrative Officer
and Executive Officer Congo Fund, ONUC

From : Dr A.E. Brown, Acting Senior WHO Representative in
the Congo

Subject : Administrative Support WHO Mission Léopoldville

There are 9 posts being directly paid out of the ONUC project fund.
They comprise 7 posts in Léopoldville and 2 posts in Geneva.

The Léopoldville posts comprise two Administrative Officers (P.3 and P.2) and five secretaries (G.4). The functions of those posts can be grouped in three units :

1. Secretariat of the WHO Representatives consisting of three secretaries whose main functions are to give secretarial assistance to the WHO Representatives and WHO experts, as well as taking care of mail operations, registry, filing and telephone exchange. Also the arrangements for travel of WHO fellows are being done by this unit.
2. Senior Administrative Officer (Personnel and Finance Officer) assisted by one secretary. The functions consist mainly in administration in general for thirty WHO staff members and 173 operational staff, as well as matters concerning personnel and finance in relation with WHO, HQS, in Geneva, ONUC HQS, other UN Agencies and local authorities.
3. Administrative Officer (General Services) assisted by one secretary. The functions comprise mainly relations with the central administration and outside authorities, such concerning General Services (transport and travel arrangements within the Congo) and assisting in general arriving and departing staff and staff posted with various formalities. Assistance to and replacement of the Senior Administrative Officer in case of absence.

From the above, it can be seen that administrative support is given to all WHO personnel in all matters concerning interpretation and application of Staff Rules and administrative procedures, as well as the provisions contained in the Agent contract.

./.

In addition, about 140 vehicles belonging to UNICEF and ONUC are being taken care of administratively, as well as other technical equipment.

The basis for the above administrative structure was laid down in Dr Candau's letter to Mr Hammersjokold on 5.9.1960, suggesting two administrative officers and two secretaries. It was understood at that time that one of the two administrative officers would be entrusted an advisory function with the Ministry of Health. In the course of 1961, through correspondence exchanged between this Mission, ONUC HQS and WHO HQS in Geneva, three units comprising the following staff were formed :

1. Secretariat to the WHO Representation with two secretaries
2. Administration with one secretary
3. Liaison Unit with one secretary.

In August 1961, it was agreed that the post of medical liaison officer (P.4) should be suppressed and replaced by one administrative liaison officer (P.2). Also in May 1961, one additionnal secretary was approved to give particular assistance to the experts of the Advisory Team. This situation took effect towards the end of 1961 at the time when this Mission consisted of about 20 members of the Advisory Team and 130 operational staff.

In March 1963, the Liaison Unit was transferred from the Royal Building to the Central Ministry of Health.

Even if a reduction in operational staff should be envisaged, administrative support as it exists at present should be maintained for the following reasons :

1. Its establishment in 1961 was based on a minimum requirement for about 150 Advisory Team and operational staff members, and about 80 vehicles then new and in good condition.
2. With the reduction of ONUC personnel, administrative workload of this Mission is increasing accordingly.
3. It cannot be expected that Government services should take over certain administrative services, as even the staff recruited on agent contracts are subject to WHO rules and procedures.
4. In order to bring the organization of this Mission on a more normal footing, the establishment of one additionnal secretarial post had been requested in June 1963 and Chief, Administrative Management, HQS, Geneva, has visited this Mission in view of a re-organization.

Any further details, particularly regarding the two posts in Geneva should come from our HQS, whom we are also consulting on this matter.

40-09
7-10-63
L-104/63

3 August 1963

To: Mr. Geoffrey K. J. Anandhree
Under-Secretary in charge of Congo Civilian Operations
From: A. C. Gilpin, Acting Chief, Civilian Operations
Subject: Programs and Budget 1964/65

Attached please find five copies of each of the following documents, which complete the Programs and Budget for 1964/65:

Project 50-03	-	Judiciary
" 40-10	-	Public Health Service
" 40-09	-	Advisory Health Services and Training
" 50-11	-	Erratum

I am also sending, under separate cover, five bound volumes of the complete programs, as requested in Mr. Ahmed's cable.

Civ. Ops. 895/63

le 21 juillet 1963

Monsieur le Premier Ministre,

J'ai l'honneur de vous soumettre, ci-joint, un projet de programme relatif à la Santé publique pour l'année 1964-1965, qui a été préparé sur la base des consultations ayant eu lieu avec le Ministre intéressé.

Des exemplaires supplémentaires de ce projet de programme sont adressés, par courrier séparé, au Bureau de la Coordination économique qui prendra les dispositions nécessaires pour recueillir les vues et observations du Ministre sur le projet avant qu'il ne soit transmis, avec votre accord, aux Opérations civiles des Nations Unies pour action.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le Premier Ministre, les assurances de ma très haute considération.

S. Habib Ahmed
Chef des Opérations civiles

Son Excellence
Monsieur Cyrille Adoula,
Premier Ministre de
la République du Congo,
Léopoldville.

cc. M. le Directeur du B.E.C.
Dr. Bellerive

40-09
1-100 (64.65)