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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 30, 1995 - Mr. Léon Mugesera, who is thought to be the main instigator of the genocide in Rwanda, and who found refuge in Canada, was on Thursday arrested in Canada, following an international arrest warrant issued by the Rwandese Minister for Justice. He is expected to be extradited to Rwanda to be brought to justice. Mr. Mugesera on October 1992 held an MRND political rally at Kabaya, in Gisenyi prefecture, during which he called for the massacre of ethnic Tutsis "by throwing them into the river Nyabarongo to go to Abyssinia where they come from".

According to Radio Rwanda, other countries harbouring Rwandese criminals should follow suit.

- Delegates of the Rwandese Anglican Church led by Bishop Norman Kayumba were on Thursday received for talks by the Minister for Work and Social Welfare, Mr. Pie Mugabo, and discussed the process of national reconciliation among Rwandese citizens. Mr. Mugabo asked the Church to assist the survivors of massacres and in the bringing to justice of perpetrators of the genocide.

- The Prefect of Cyangugu on Thursday chaired a security meeting to discuss the situation of security in Cyangugu prefecture. The meeting decided to reinforce measures to counter the attacks carried out by Interahamwe elements from the Zairian Idjwi island in Lake Kivu. According to the military commandant of the area, Major Alex Kagame, the Interahamwe use rapid motor boats offered to them by France, in their attacks.

- A representative of the UN high Commissioner for Human Rights on Friday visited Byumba prefecture and held talks with the Byumba prefect, Mr. Déogratias Kayumba on matters of human rights in the area. He offered US \$ 50,000 assistance to rebuild the office of the public prosecutor for Byumba prefecture.

- The Rwandese Foreign Minister, Mr. Anastase Gasana on Saturday returned home from the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) 61st ministerial conference in Addis Ababa, in Ethiopia. In his interview with Radio Rwanda, Mr. Gasana announced that the OAU had decided to simplify the terms of payment of Rwanda's contributions arrears owed to the OAU since 1990, amounting to US \$ 810,000.

Mr. Gasana also said that the OAU conference had asked all countries in possession Rwandese property, to return it to Rwanda. He equally pointed out that Rwanda would take part in a regional conference on refugees, to be held in Bujumbura, in Burundi, from the 15th to the 17th of next February, 1995.

# INFORMATION BULLETIN FROM UN RADIO/RWANDA

Below are excerpts from an editorial published in the Rwandese Weekly "Le Messenger" in the issue No 48 of 19 January 1995.

Title: "What is the use of the penalisation policy?"

"As we are waiting for details on what is known as the armed attack on Nyamasheke commune, and when we are still expecting clarifications on the regrettable incidents that occurred at Nshili, in Gikongoro prefecture, where so-called Interahamwe are reported to have massacred people, and this strangely leading to the arrest of the military commander in charge of that area, Major Philbert Rwigamba, we certainly believe without doubts that the other acts of killings of people attributed to ordinary Interahamwe may have been carried out by the "New Interahamwe". The ordinary Interahamwe were accused, but UNAMIR and eyewitnesses in Gikongoro were shocked to see the RPF soldiers massacring people in broad daylight. Those killings would be still attributed to Interahamwe if the UNAMIR had failed to issue a report incriminating those soldiers for the massacre, because UNAMIR was there this time. We heard that Major Rwigamba was arrested just because when they came to ask for his help, he was flirting in Butare town."

"On the day following the Nyamasheke attack, which left only fishermen killed, a search for collaborators, soldiers and weapons, took place in Kigali since early in the morning. Soldiers prevented us from leaving our homes, and many of us suspected that a Government dignitary had been assassinated and some of us were going to pay for it as it happened following the death of President Habyarimana. After the Nyamasheke attack, Radio Rwanda reported that it was just an act of banditry, while the foreign media reported that it was an attack by the soldiers of President Habyarimana. Which of them is lying and what is his interest in so doing? On the following day, they started searching everything, every piece of paper, the roofs, under the mattresses, causing panic among the population. They had no legal paper attesting that they were mandated by the Government and even the Interior Minister Seth Sendashonga knew the news of the search operation when he arrived at the Ministry headquarters at 8 hours. What sort of search operation is that, that the Ministry of Interior is not informed about? The Minister for Public service as well as private citizens were not informed about the operation."

"It is strange that the international community was told that the operation aimed at arresting deserting soldiers and that weapons were seized. Were soldiers hiding in those pieces of paper soldiers searched and read? "

"If it is true that the soldiers of Habyarimana attacked, what strategies do we have? Are we going to fight to the last man? What strategies do we have to ensure that nobody will be wrongly accused of being a collaborator? "



## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 31, 1995 - The director and journalist of the Rwandese Weekly "Intumwa - Le Messenger", Mr. Edouard Mutsinzi was on Sunday night, at about 8 p.m, nearly killed by a group of unidentified people, armed with pistols, knives and axes, who hit him on the head, and left him unconscious, where he and his wife were at a bar called "Terminus", in Nyamirambo, north of the capital Kigali. According to eyewitnesses and his wife who managed to hide under a nearby parked car, the attackers were in civilian clothes, except for one of them who wore military uniformed trousers, and it was not easy to tell whether they were soldiers or civilians.

Mr. Mutsinzi is hospitalised in the Kigali clinic, held by UNAMIR medical staff, and was reported on Monday to be still in an unconscious state, with brain injuries, and one side paralysed, and he underwent on Monday a surgical operation in the head.

The attack lasted only three minutes and when security forces came, it was too late and the attackers had fled. Investigations have been undertaken by security forces to determine the identity of the attackers.

- A new health policy was launched on Monday in Rwanda with the setting up of health districts, which are to include a hospital surrounded by health centers.

- The Rwandese National Gendarmerie on Monday announced the decision ordering those driving without required driving permits to stop from driving until they would get driving permits, as a measure to bring an end to increased road accidents.

The National Gendarmerie also gave car owners without required insurance licences one month to get them, and that beyond that period, they would not be allowed to use their cars.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 26, 1995 - An official ceremony to integrate 1011 soldiers including 73 military officers of the former Rwandese Government army into the new Rwandese Government army, the Rwandese Patriotic Army, after a 4-month political retraining, was on Wednesday held at Gako military camp, south of Rwanda, in presence of Rwandese senior dignitaries, including the Rwandese Head of State, Mr. Pasteur Bizimungu, the Vice-President and Minister for Defense, Major-General Paul Kagame, the Prime Minister, Mr. Faustin Twagiramungu, and the Speaker of the Rwandese Parliament, Mr. Juvenal Nkusi, a representative of UNAMIR, the UNAMIR Deputy Force Commander, Brigadier-General Anyidoho and foreign diplomats accredited to Kigali.

993 other soldiers of the former Rwandese Government army are being retrained in Rubona, in Butare prefecture, and will join the new Rwandese army in the near future.

In his address on the occasion, MGen Paul Kagame announced that the former acting Army Chief of Staff, Colonel Sam Kaka, was appointed by the Government to be the army Chief of Staff, and Colonel Marcel Gatsinzi of the former Rwandese army was appointed to be his Deputy Army Chief of Staff. Colonel Deogratias Ndirwami of the former Rwandese army was appointed to be the Chief of Staff of the National Gendarmerie and the former acting chief of Staff of the National Gendarmerie, Colonel Kayumba Nyamwasa was appointed to be his Deputy Chief of Staff of the National Gendarmerie.

A number of other senior military officers of the former Rwandese Government army were equally appointed to senior posts in the office of the army Chief of Staff and the Ministry for Defense.

Speaking at the ceremony, MGen Kagame welcomed the new soldiers. He reminded that the problems of Rwanda did not begin either in 1990 with the outbreak of the war or in April in 1994, but long before with discrimination when a part of the population was barred from joining the army. He indicated that war should not be confused with genocide. He said that "some people have been saying that there should be a general amnesty for those who committed genocide, and this carries the danger of perpetuating the culture of impunity, and protecting criminals."

He pointed out that "even if we may forgive, we should not forget what happened, in order for us not to repeat what happened." He warned the new integrated soldiers that "someone who was

undergoing the reorientation programme in Gako who would find himself in troubles for committing crimes, should understand that this is a new situation of transparency."

In his speech at the ceremony, Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu announced that the gesture of the Government to integrate those soldiers was to be seen as an effort for reconciliation. He asked the armed forces to put an end forever to the culture of violence, not to use the gun of the Government to kill the citizens they are supposed to protect, emphasizing that reconciliation cannot be possible without security.

Mr. Twagiramungu also indicated that the Arusha Peace Agreement stipulation on the formation of a national army could not be implemented as it was, and the former Government army soldiers would be integrated in the new army only on an individual basis, and could not expect to be integrated massively.

He reminded the armed forces that "you must know that you are not an army of the Head of State, of the Vice-President, ethnic group or region, but an army of every Rwandese. The army should not be characterised by greed for wealth or acts of revenge, but by patriotism.

In his address, the Rwandese Head of State, Pasteur Bizimungu rejected any possibility of holding talks with members of MRND and CDR political parties he accused of being responsible for the genocide, saying that signing agreements with criminals would amount to committing suicide. He said that "some foreigners are asking us to negotiate with those criminal parties as a precondition to get assistance, while those very countries are still chasing the Nazis and since 1945, and when they ask us to cooperate with criminals, they are just hitting us the second time."

He also said that those who want to support criminals to return home by force must know that Rwanda will not be alone to face the consequences.

Also speaking at the ceremony, Brigadier-General Anyidoho asked Rwandese armed forces to commit themselves to security in the country.

- A night curfew was on Tuesday imposed on Cyangugu and Gikongoro prefectures from 19 hours to 6 hours, by the local security meetings headed by local prefects, following increased acts of insecurity in the area.

- The US Cultural Center in Kigali was reopened on Wednesday in a ceremony held jointly by the US ambassador in Kigali, Mr. David Lawson, and the Rwandese Minister for High Education and Scientific Research, Mr. Joseph Nsengimana.

- An Australian Parliamentary delegation on Wednesday arrived in

Kigali to explore areas of cooperation between the Australian Parliament and the Rwandese Parliament.

- The heads of Kivuye and Cyumba communes in Byumba prefecture on Tuesday met their Ugandan counterparts of bordering region to discuss matters of security. They decided that people passing on their common border from and to either country, must have required documents, and the Ugandan authorities pledged to investigate reported acts of stealing of corrugated iron roofs of houses in the Rwandese bordering communes by infiltrating Ugandan citizens.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda



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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 25, 1995 - An official ceremony is to be held on Wednesday, 25 January 1995, at Gako military camp, in Kigali rural prefecture, south of Rwanda, to integrate 2,242 soldiers of the former Rwandese Government army into the new Rwandese Government army, the Rwandese Patriotic Army, after a five-month retraining.

In an editorial read on Radio Rwanda on Tuesday, the journalist asked the to-be integrated soldiers to dissociate themselves from the former Rwandese Government army. He presented the initiative of the current Rwandese Government to integrate those soldiers as a gesture of reconciliation.

- A cabinet meeting was held on Tuesday under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda. The cabinet meeting was informed on the results of the Geneva round-table on the rebuilding of Rwanda. The cabinet meeting thanked the Rwandese Government delegates for their performance, and the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) in particular for preparing the round-table, as well as the donor community for their commitment to assist in the rebuilding of Rwanda.

The cabinet meeting also discussed the possibility for re-opening the National University of Rwanda (UNR) and decided to postpone the date of its re-opening which was previously planned for this 29 January, 1995, until the Government succeeds in gathering enough resources for the functioning of the University.

- The Cabinet director in the Ministry for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Ms Christine Umutoni on Tuesday strongly criticised some NGOs, the UNHCR, and WFP, for practising discrimination among returning refugees, "by treating the returning recent Rwandese refugees the same way as the returning ancient Rwandese refugees while their problems are not alike. All the former refugee families receive each a 10-day ration before starting their new life, while the returning recent refugees have homes and property and the returning ancient refugees have no homes and often no livelihood, and are abandoned to themselves."

- The Rwandese Minister for High Education and Scientific Research, Mr. Joseph Nsengimana on Tuesday received for talks the delegates of a Canadian agency CIRDI, based in Kenya, who came to assess ways of assisting the research projects in the National University of Rwanda. Those projects include a research center on traditional

medicines, CURPHAMETRA, a research center on technology, IRST, and a genocide museum .

- Uganda Airlines Company on Tuesday relaunched its flights to Kigali. The flight was inaugurated by the Rwandese Minister for Transport and Communications, Madam Immaculee Kayumba. The Company will carry out two flights a week, on Tuesdays and Fridays.

- A seminar of 10 Rwandese legal experts was held on Tuesday in Hotel des Diplomates in Kigali to discuss ways of gathering compensatory allowances for the victims of the genocide. The Legal experts proposed that part of the property of the authors of massacres be used by the Government as indemnity to those victimised by the genocide.

Prepared by Manasse MUGABO *Mugabo*  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 24, 1995 - The Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Monday returned home in Rwanda from Switzerland where he led a delegation of the Rwandese Government which took part in a round-table with aid donors on the rebuilding of Rwanda. In his interview with Radio Rwanda, Mr. Twagiramungu announced that the donor community had pledged to release about US\$ 600 million to Rwanda and that was an indication that his Government enjoyed the support of the international community.

Mr. Twagiramungu told journalists that the donor community asked in return the Rwandese Government to ensure conditions of security in Rwanda, and to speed up the repatriation process of Rwandese refugees, and to work for all Rwandese nationals.

- The Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Anastase Gasana, on Sunday arrived in Addis Abeba in Ethiopia, to take part in the 61st ministerial conference of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU). The Tanzanian Foreign Minister who held talks with Mr. Gasana on the occasion, informed him that he had visited the camps of Rwandese refugees in Tanzania and many of them had expressed the desire to return home but needed military escort because of the intimidation acts of Interahamwe militia.

Mr. Gasana also held talks with the Tunisian Foreign Minister whose country is assuming the presidency of OAU. He asked Tunisia to help persuade Zaire to return to Rwanda the property stolen by former Rwandese Government officials.

- The Rwandese Minister for Information, Mr. Jean Baptiste Nkuriyingoma on Monday presided over the ceremony to open a one-week seminar for Government and private journalists at Centre Iwacu in Kigali on the role of the press in national reconciliation. In his speech on the occasion, Mr. Nkuriyingoma indicated that the press in Rwanda had the primary responsibility to help achieve the Government's objective of national reconciliation.

- A landmine on Sunday exploded at Kamembe, in Cyangugu prefecture, leaving one person killed. Interahamwe elements infiltrating from Zaire are suspected to have planted the landmine.

- The prefect of Kibungu prefecture on Monday began a tour of the communes in the region to calm the population after rumours spread by infiltrated Interahamwe elements about imminent attacks by

Interahamwe living in Tanzania, caused some inhabitants to flee to Tanzania.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo *Mugabo*  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 23, 1995 - The Rwandese Minister for Public Works and Energy, Mr. Charles Ntakirutimana on Friday revealed that Uganda had announced to be ready to export to Rwanda electricity power to step up electricity supply in Rwanda.

- A head of "cellule" in Shyorongi commune, in Kigali rural prefecture, was killed on Thursday night by a group of unidentified gunmen armed with handgrenades and guns, and who managed to flee. Three suspects were arrested in connection with the incident and are being held in Muhima prison.

- a French plane on Saturday brought to Rwanda school materials donated by France, including notebooks and pens, destined to 600,000 Rwandese pupils throughout Rwanda.

- The Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense Paul Kagame on 25 January will preside over the ceremony to officially reintegrate over 2,000 soldiers of the former Rwandese Government army into the new Rwandese Government army.

- The Rwandese Minister for Primary and Secondary Education, Mr. P.C Rwigema on Sunday met those responsible for Education in Byumba prefecture, to examine ways of reopening secondary schools in the area. It was noticed that several school premises in the region were still occupied by RPA soldiers, UNAMIR troops and returnees.

- A conference of Roman Catholic bishops from Burundi and Rwanda was held from the 20th to the 22nd of this January in Kigali to exchange ideas on their pastoral experience. In the communique issued at the end of the conference, the bishops realise that the Church in the two countries has not collapsed despite the serious difficulties it has recently gone through. The bishops ask for the political leaders of the two countries to establish the rule of law in order to ensure justice and the democratisation of their countries.

They ask the international community to pay closer attention to the ethnic realities in the two countries, in order to ensure peaceful coexistence in the region. They finally ask ethnic Hutus and Tutsis to bring an end to ethnic animosity and to work for ethnic reconciliation.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda



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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 20, 1995 - The two-day round-table on the rebuilding of Rwanda gathering the representatives of the Rwandese Government and delegates of the donor community, that was being held in Geneva, in Switzerland, ended on Thursday. Speaking at a news conference after the end of the round-table, Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu announced that the donor community had pledged between 500 and 600 million of US\$ in the US\$ 764 million asked by the Rwandese Government for its reconstruction programme, and that he was satisfied with the assistance.

He thanked the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) which helped prepare the round-table which he termed as "fruitful". Among the major aid contributors are the World Bank, Germany, Belgium, Canada, the United States and Holland.

Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Thursday met with the UNHCR High Commissioner Madam Sadako Ogata and their talks focused on the problem of Rwandese refugees. Mr. Twagiramungu told her that Rwanda would take part in the Bujumbura regional summit of refugees. He was informed that the Rwandese refugees camps would be shifted away from the Zairian Volcano Nyiramuragira whose eruption is predicted to take place sometime in February.

He said that there was no language barrier between Hutus and Tutsis in Rwanda, but that there was ethnic animosity because of opportunist politicians who manipulated the population.

- He announced that during his talks with the visiting Chief Prosecutor of the International Tribunal on Rwanda, Judge Richard Goldstone, in January, they wished that that Tribunal be headquartered in Arusha, in Tanzania.

- President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Thursday received in his office for talks a Gabonese delegation led by the Foreign Minister of Gabon, Casmir Oye Mba, who brought a message from President Omar Bongo of Gabon related to the working relations between African Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) and the European Union.

- The Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense Paul Kagame on Wednesday visited Ruhengeri prefecture ( North of Rwanda) and held talks with the local military and civilian authorities. He warned the local population against what he called "their dangerous habit of harbouring criminals and refusing to denounce them ". He also announced that Rwanda would ask Zaire to bring an end to the

incursions of Interahamwe elements onto Rwandese territory to steal cattle.

- The Prefect of Gitarama prefecture on Thursday held a meeting on security in the area. He said that the question of 300 people who had fled Gitarama to find refuge in Bugesera area, was being examined. The meeting also discussed the problem of several people who failed to exchange their old banknotes for new ones and were insisting on paying with the old ones, causing insecurity in the area.

- The NGOs and Lutheran Church in Uganda on Wednesday started burying the remains of 11,000 dead bodies gathered from Lake Victoria as a result of massacres in Rwanda.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda



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# INFORMATION BULLETIN FROM UN RADIO/RWANDA

Below are excerpts from an article published in the Rwandese Independent Bimonthly "IMBONI" in the issue No 003 of January 1995.

Title : "Do these two men speak the same language?"

"In this article, we talk about the two men (Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu and Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense Major-General Paul Kagame) you see on the photographs."

"Both are Rwandese. Both fought against Ikinani (Unbeatable, ironical nickname for former President Juvenal Habyarimana of Rwanda) and dictatorship. On the battlefield, one used words and the other used guns. At the height of the fighting, the one with words became exhausted and the other with guns continued the fighting."

"One is a supporter of MDR party (Democratic Republican Movement) which was formerly called PARMEHUTU (Party for the emancipation of Hutus) and the other is a member of the political family RPF. This PARMEHUTU forced the other to flee the country when he was only a baby who fled without knowing what was happening and without ever doing anything wrong in this country. This PARMEHUTU caused him to stay outside his country until he decided to take up weapons. This PARMEHUTU fathered MRND (National Republican Movement for Democracy and Development, party of President Habyarimana) which also kept him outside the country. This long stay in exile of this man and all the problems related to dictatorship forced the creation of the RPF which waged the war, in the absence of Twagiramungu, who had become speechless, while Ikinani was chasing him. When the RPF won the war, it did not restore dictatorship, and called for the Rwandese who had not taken part in massacres to work together to put things back in order."

"It was at this time that Mr. Twagiramungu reappeared on the scene. However, he is saying now that Dictatorship is still in power. It is clear now that he was hoping to defeat Ikinani with the use of words and to win everything he wanted. He is saying now that the RPF replaced Ikinani, and it is becoming clear that he will fight the RPF the way he fought Ikinani to win everything."

"When the Prime Minister some weeks ago came back home from his international tour, at Kanombe International Airport, he surprised many Rwandese, to the extent that people wondered whether it was Ikinani who had resurrected or Twagiramungu as we knew him, who was used to telling the truth, or to fighting against ethnic discrimination, and who was courageous. He exaggerated too much and laughed at those who survived the genocide. He said: "everlasting sorrow!" I would like to ask him : "when does sorrow end up? The Jews are still sorrowful after a 50-year period. He says that after three months he is no longer sorrowful, I think that he had no sorrow at all."

Translation by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda



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ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



NATIONS UNIES

MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

#### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 18, 1995 - The delegates of the UN International Tribunal on Rwanda are expected in Rwanda next week to set up an office in Kigali. The trials of those accused of being involved in the massacres in Rwanda will begin in the month of June, this year 1995.

- A meeting on security was held on Monday in Ruhengeri under the chairmanship of the Prefect to discuss ways of reinforcing security in the region. The participants were informed of a recent grenade attack by bandits in Gatonde commune, which left one person killed, and acts of cattle stealing. The meeting concluded that insecurity was mainly due to the fact that the local inhabitants were harbouring criminals, and did not denounce them, and several weapons were being held illegally in the area.

- The Rwandese Minister for Primary and Secondary education, P.C Rwigema on Tuesday continued his tour in the country with the prefecture of Gitarama, to discuss with those responsible for education ways of re-opening secondary schools. They found out that some schools were used by UNAMIR troops and others by RPA soldiers, and many others had been looted and destroyed as a result of the war.

- The round-table gathering representatives of the Rwandese Government led by Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu and aid donors in Geneva, in Switzerland, on the rebuilding of Rwanda, is to open on Wednesday at 11 hours, Kigali time. Rwanda says it needs US\$ 764 million for its reconstruction programme.

The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General for Rwanda, Mr. Shaharyar Khan who is also to take part in the round-table discussions, on Tuesday held a news conference in Geneva. He announced that the Rwandese Government should first be granted assistance which it desperately needs for its reconstruction effort and the training of its civil servants before being criticised for having not achieved its goals, and its action be assessed afterwards.

- Acts of insecurity have been recently reported in the camps for internally displaced people in Gikongoro prefecture, with a grenade attack that occurred in Kibeho camp, but left no casualty, and a dead body found in the area between Kibeho and Ndago, believed to be a victim of attacks by elements among displaced people who have

been attacking returnees.

- In Kigali town, two bandits have recently attacked at night an old man residing in Nyakabanda secteur, threatened him with guns and beat his wife, but the old man fought the bandits, took one gun from them, forcing the bandits to flee.

- The Rwandese Minister for Tourism and Environment, Jean Nepomuscene Nayinzira, on Tuesday received an official from the German Ministry for Economic Cooperation. Their talks centered on German financial assistance to support tourist activities in Akagera National Park, and forest reserves in Rwanda. Germany will send soon in Rwanda experts in Biology to assist the Ministry in the field of environment.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo *Mugabo*  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 16, 1995 - The Rwandese Prime Minister, Faustin Twagiramungu, on Saturday left Kigali for Geneva, in Switzerland, at the head of a Rwandese Government delegation which will take part in the round-table with aid donors on the rebuilding of Rwanda, from the 18th to the 19th of this January, 1995.

- A cabinet meeting was held on Friday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda. The cabinet meeting discussed ways of organising the national exam for pupils in the final classes of primary schools in Rwanda. It was decided that the exam will be written in four languages, namely French, English, Swahili, and Kinyarwanda, depending on the language used in the educational system of the country where the pupils, who include many returnees, formerly lived.

The cabinet meeting was informed that in the 65,000 pupils who are in the final classes of primary schools, only 6,500 pupils, that is 10%, will be admitted into public secondary schools, given the capacity of available public schools in Rwanda. About rwf 4.5 billion are needed to rebuild schools, to pay teachers, to acquire logistical facilities, to acquire food supplies and laboratory materials.

- The United Nations has appointed Mr. Honoré Raktumana, a Malagasy Judge, to be the Deputy Prosecutor of the UN International Tribunal on Rwanda, with an office in Kigali. The Deputy Prosecutor in Kigali will be assisted by 175 prosecutors, human rights monitors, and judges.

- France on Friday appointed Mr. Jean Courbin, who was formerly the head of the French diplomatic antennae in Kigali, to be the new French Ambassador in Rwanda. Rwanda also appointed Mr. Christophe Mfizi, to be the new Ambassador of Rwanda to France.

France also on Friday announced that it would send to Rwanda a 85-ton aid of school materials.

- The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan and the Rwandese Minister of Information, Mr. Jean Baptiste Nkuriyingoma, on Saturday signed an agreement whereby Radio UNAMIR, the first private radio station to be established in Rwanda after the victory of the RPF, was allowed to

start broadcasting. The radio aims at giving information about the UN activities in Rwanda, and will be impartial in its news coverage vis a vis the political groups in Rwanda.

- The primary schools in Rwanda are to re-open on January 16, 1995, throughout the country, for the school year 1994-1995.

- The World Bank on Saturday announced an emergency loan to Rwanda equivalent to USD 50 million, to be delivered after the Rwandese Government has repaid its debt to the Bank, that amounts to USD 7 million. The Governments of Canada, the US, Netherlands, Belgium and Norway, pledged to repay the debt of Rwanda, but have not yet honoured their promise.

- An association of April war widows, known as AVEGA\Agahozo, was formed on Sunday. The members of the association on Sunday signed the association statute and elected their leadership bureau, in presence of the Rwandese Minister for Work and Social Affairs, Mr. Pie Mugabo.

- About 6,800 returning refugees arrived in Gisenyi during the last two weeks, including 2,100 returning ancient refugees and 4,700 returning recent refugees.

- In the programme "Music and Ideas" on Radio Rwanda, on Saturday from 7:00 to 8:00, the journalist criticised what he called "the dangerous extremist trend in the current private press in Rwanda, that reminds of the former extremist magazines like Kangura. Some private journalists are showing excessive happiness over the victory of the RPF, seeing politics in Rwanda in terms of minority and majority ethnic groups, considering the army as if belonging to one man, idolising one political leader, and entertaining personality cult."

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 12, 1995 - The UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) on Wednesday began a one-month operation to repatriate Burundian refugees living in Rwanda, some of them who sought refuge in Rwanda in 1972. The operation started with the repatriation of 321 Burundian refugees on Wednesday, carried to Burundi border with Rwanda by HCR vehicles. 3,000 Burundian refugees have registered with the UNHCR in Kigali to ask for being repatriated. The operation aims at the same time to repatriate Rwandese refugees living in Burundi.

- The Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Mr. Jacques Bihozagara, on Monday held a meeting with representatives of the NGOs operating in Rwanda, foreign diplomats based in Kigali, and representatives of UN agencies in Rwanda, to discuss a new document issued by the Rwandese Government concerning the procedures of NGOs activities in Rwanda. Mr. Bihozagara explained that the document aims at better coordinating the NGOs activities, but indicated that the document was not a gospel and was not intended to be followed to the letter.

Speaking at the meeting, Mr. Bihozagara also informed the participants that the Rwandese Government was preparing a list of criminals suspected of being involved in the massacres in Rwanda, to be published in the near future, in order to facilitate the return home of innocent Rwandese refugees.

- The Rwandese Minister for Tourism and Environment, Mr. Jean Damascene Nayinzira, on Wednesday visited the Volcanoes National Park in Ruhengeri prefecture, in order to explore the ground, and to examine ways of boosting tourist activities in the area.

Mr. Nayinzira visited the 12-gorilla group in Sabyinyo Volcano forest, and was told that another 33-gorilla group known as Susa group was living on Karisimbi volcano.

- A meeting on epidemics surveillance in the Rwandese refugee camps was on Wednesday held in Kigali. The meeting was organised by the World Health Organisation (WHO) and gathered representatives of the HCR, Rwandese Ministry of Health, and health organisations working in Bukavu and Goma refugee camps in Zaire, and Ngara camp in Tanzania, and was intended to examine health priorities in camps and modalities of facilitating communication between the different refugee camps.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 10, 1995 - The RPA Spokesman, Colonel Frank Mugambage, on Monday told Radio Rwanda that following the incident of exchange of fire between displaced persons and RPA soldiers near a camp of displaced people in Nshili commune, in Gikongoro prefecture, during the night of 5 January to 6 January, which left 11 displaced people killed and one RPA soldier wounded, it became necessary to incarcerate provisionally the two military officers in charge of security in the area, namely the acting military commander of Gikongoro area, Major Philbert Rwigamba and Second Lieutenant Rutaganda, in charge of Nshili area.

Colonel Mugambage said that the detention of the two military officers does not imply their guiltiness, but that it was only part of the judicial procedure to carry out the investigations to determine the circumstances surrounding the incident. He said that they are being held in prison in order for them to give clarifications on the incident which occurred in the area whose security they are responsible for.

- The UNICEF office in Kigali on Monday donated 10 vehicles to the Rwandese Ministry of Health. UNICEF also pledged to rebuild 150 health centers throughout the country, as well as Kanombe Hospital in Kigali, that were destroyed as a result of the war.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 5, 1995 - The Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Mr. Jacques Bihozagara, on Wednesday took the decision to bar the NGO known as AICF (Action Internationale contre la Faim) from operating in Gikongoro prefecture. The NGO is accused of ignoring the government's order to stop distributing food aid to displaced people, thus preventing people from returning home. Mr. Bihozagara asked the NGO to give clarifications on its operations in Gikongoro and especially on the reports saying it is discouraging people from returning home.

- A cabinet meeting was held on Wednesday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda and discussed the process of exchanging the old banknotes with denominations of 500, 1000 and 5000 for new banknotes. The meeting noticed that the operation was not yet over in Kigali on Wednesday and other parts of the country as previously planned and decided to extend the operation until 12 hours deadline in Kigali and 16 hours deadline in other parts of the country on Thursday.

Speaking in an interview with Radio Rwanda on Wednesday, the Rwandese Finance Minister, Mr. Marc Rugenera, reassured the population that old banknotes will be exchanged for everybody in the country. He also dismissed the widespread rumours alleging that the Rwandese currency has been devaluated.

- The US ambassador to Rwanda, Mr. David Lawson, on Wednesday announced to the Rwandese Minister for Justice that the United States is preparing a draft resolution to submit to the UN Security Council, asking all countries harbouring suspected criminals to arrest them and forward them to the International Tribunal.

- The Rwandese Minister for Primary and Secondary Education, P.C Rwigema on Wednesday announced that the school year 1994-1995 will open on 16 January 1995.

- The Belgian military auditor who has come in Rwanda to investigate the killing of 10 Belgian soldiers serving with UNAMIR in April 1994, on Wednesday met the Rwandese Minister for Justice, Mr. Alphonse-Marie Nkubito, and asked for the authorisation to carry out investigations together with a Rwandese colleague on the circumstances surrounding the plane crash in which former President Juvenal Habyarimana of Rwanda and former President Cyprien Ntaryamira of Burundi were killed. He said that the investigations are necessary because the 10 Belgian soldiers were killed on

suspicion of being behind the assassination of President Habyarimana, and no other inquiry was carried out either by UNAMIR or the Rwandese Government. Mr. Nkubito gave his approval, saying that the Burundi Government had also asked for the investigation, and the Rwanda Government had agreed that an inquiry would be carried out. The Belgian military auditor is to return home in Belgium on Thursday.

- The UNICEF Representative in Kigali on Wednesday officiated a ceremony to donate to Radio Rwanda broadcast equipments including 6 transmitters, 6 nagras and 3 radio receivers and portable recorders, equivalent to \$ US 350,000. The Representative of UNICEF also pledged that UNICEF would finance the training of Radio Rwanda journalists.

- Unidentified gunmen in the night of 3 January threw several grenades in an orphanage based in APEDUC secondary school building in Cyangugu prefecture, leaving 1 orphan killed and 25 others wounded in the explosions. The orphanage harbours 260 orphans. Security forces have undertaken investigations to determine the origin of the grenade attacks. No suspect was arrested.

- Bishop Justin Ndandari of Butare Episcopalian Church diocese on Wednesday died in Nairobi hospital, in Kenya, following a long illness.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

#### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 4, 1995 - A cabinet meeting was held on Monday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda. The meeting decided to replace the banknotes with the denominations of Rwf 500, 1000 and 5,000. The old banknotes were not to be acceptable starting from Monday midnight, 2 January 1995. The Government decided to set up exchange points for new banknotes at several places, including the bank offices, the communal offices and sector offices, in Kigali and the rest of the country. The operation of exchange was to take place on two days time, on Tuesday from 8 hours to 16 hours, and on Wednesday from 8 hours to 16 hours. A communique from the cabinet meeting also pointed out that as provided under the Rwandese law, people will not be allowed to enter or to leave the country with over Rwf 5,000.

The Governor of the Rwandese National Bank on Tuesday told Radio Rwanda that if it did not prove possible to finish distributing the new banknotes to the population by 16 hours deadline on Wednesday, the time limit for banknotes distribution would be extended onto the following day.

-The Rwandese Minister for Justice Alphonse-Marie Nkubito on Monday officiated the opening ceremony for a 3-month course for to-be prosecutors in the Rwandese courts of justice. The trainees include military people as well as civilians with a secondary school diploma.

-The prefect of Gikongoro prefecture on Wednesday ended his tour of the communes of his prefecture. He announced that there was in his prefecture a persistent problem of distrust between internally displaced people and survivors of massacres. He also complained that the NGOs operating in Gikongoro had not respected the agreement reached with the authorities that food aid distribution to displaced persons should stop, and the NGOs had continued to distribute food aid to the displaced people, preventing them to return home.

One NGO representative in Gikongoro, a woman, strongly protested against the authorities' decision not to give food aid to displaced people, causing the anger of the area military commandant Philbert Rwigamba.

- In the programme of Armed Forces on Monday, it was announced that starting from January 16, 1995, due to increasing road accidents,



## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 28, 1994 - A landmine exploded at Christmas night in Ruhengeri (North of Rwanda) but caused no casualty or damage. Security forces have undertaken an inquiry to investigate the origin of the landmine. No suspects were arrested.

- The Ruhengeri prefecture authorities on Tuesday held a security meeting to discuss the security situation in Ruhengeri. The meeting expressed its concern over increasing heavy drinking habits in the region and decided that the bars and pubs close during working hours and at the latest at 20 hours. The participants also pointed out that groups of bandits in military uniform set up illegal checkpoints and carried out abuses on the roads.

- A Belgian military auditor, Van Windson Nicolas, on Tuesday arrived in Rwanda to carry out investigations on the killing in April 1994 of 10 Belgian soldiers who were taking part in UNAMIR I force in Rwanda. He told journalists that he had little information on the circumstances of the incident, either from UNAMIR or the Rwandese Government. Mr. Van Windson Nicolas met on Tuesday the Rwandese Foreign Minister Anastase Gasana and asked for the cooperation of Rwandese Government in his inquiry.

- The final classes students in Kigali Secondary schools of Lycee Notre Dame and Lycee de Rugunga on Tuesday received their diplomas. The students began their third term lessons in October to complete the 1993-1994 school year that was disrupted in April by the civil war.

- In an editorial on Radio Rwanda on Tuesday, the journalist reminded an extract of the speech of President Pasteur Bizimungu in Brazzaville summit, in which he said that "As the whole world community mobilized against Apartheid in South Africa, it should also mobilize against the philosophy of genocide and exclusion in Rwanda."

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 23, 1994 - The Rwandese Minister of Information, Mr. Jean Baptiste Nkuriyingoma on Thursday returned home from his official visit in Germany. In his interview with Radio Rwanda, he said that Germany pledged to assist Radio Rwanda in the acquirement of broadcasting equipments.

Mr. Nkuriyingoma also on Thursday officiated a ceremony to hand over 6,000 radio sets to representatives of the farmers, at Kabusunzu, in Kigali. The radio sets were donated by the Swiss NGO Reporters Sans Frontières.

- The Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Anastase Gasana on Thursday returned home from his official visit in Kenya where he met his Kenyan counterpart to discuss the relations of cooperation between the two countries. Mr. Gasana praised Kenya for allowing the use of Kenyan airport and Mombasa port as a passageway for aid supplies destined to Rwanda.

- The Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Thursday received in his office for talks Mr. Bernard Kouchner, a member of the European Parliament, and former French Minister for Health. The talks focused on the general situation of security and economy in Rwanda.

In an interview with French journalists, Mr. Twagiramungu said that Rwanda wants France to ease its relations with Rwanda and join other European countries in efforts to support the reconstruction of Rwanda.

On the question of the envisaged trial of the children being held in Rwandese prisons on suspicion of being involved in massacres, Mr. Twagiramungu said that separate trials will be held for children and adults.

- A meeting was held on Thursday in Kigali between the Rwandese Minister for Home Affairs, Mr. Seth Sendashonga and the prefects of the 11 Rwandese prefectures to discuss security on Rwandese territory. In his interview with Radio Rwanda after the meeting, Mr. Sendashonga said that 70% of the Rwandese population is now in Rwanda, estimating that one million of Rwandese citizens were killed in the massacres.

He also said that the situation of homeless returnees was dramatic and that it was unfortunate that their problem had been ignored.



He admitted that arrests and detentions are still carried out in disorderly way in some parts of the country with soldiers and communal officers and other administration officers arresting and detaining people without legal papers.

He equally announced that armed elements infiltrating from Zaire and Tanzania have been carrying out abuses on Rwandese territory in a bid to tarnish the reputation of RPA soldiers.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio /Rwanda



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## DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 21, 1994 - A cabinet meeting was held on Tuesday in Kigali under the chairmanship of Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu. In a communique read on Radio Rwanda, the cabinet meeting approved all the decisions it took during its previous session, except for the draft law on the authorisation of broadcasting stations in Rwanda. The cabinet meeting also decided that the current Government will be henceforth named "the Government of National Union" instead of "the Transitional Broad-Based Government".

-The appointed Rwandese Ambassador to Belgium, Mr. Denis Polisi on Tuesday extended his credentials to His Majesty King Albert II of Belgium. The approval of the appointment of Mr. Polisi has been delayed for several days because he was suspected by some Belgian politicians and especially the Christian Socialist Party and the International Démocrate chrétien (IDC), of being hostile to the Christian Church and Belgian political institutions.

-The Prosecutor for the International Tribunal on the former Yugoslavia and Rwanda, Judge Richard Goldstone, on Tuesday held talks with President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda. Speaking at a news conference in Kigali before his departure, Richard Goldstone said that an office for the Tribunal Prosecutor will be opened next month in Kigali with about 170 officers to collect evidence on the massacres in Rwanda. He also said that the Tribunal will probably hold its first court hearings by the beginning of the 2nd semester of next year 1995. He also indicated that the Tribunal cannot sit in Rwanda for fears that security cannot be ensured for the accused. He added that countries that will not facilitate the extradition of suspected criminals will face sanctions by the UN Security Council.

The Rwandese Minister of Justice, Alphonse-Marie Nkubito on Tuesday told Radio Rwanda that he was satisfied with the progress of efforts to get the Tribunal to be operational, given what he called the traditional slow pace of the UN bureaucracy.

-The Rwandese first Lady, Seraphine Bizimungu, on Thursday visited Ngarama orphanage, in Byumba prefecture, where live 152 orphaned children, in her information campaign to increase awareness over the plight of Rwandese war orphans. At Ngarama, artificial families were formed, with one mother called "Maman" for five children, who prepares food and cares for them, and a father called "Papa" by all the children in the orphanage.

-The French Charity Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) on Tuesday decided to pull out of the Rwandese refugee camps in Tanzania in protest of the increasing acts of insecurity caused by former Rwandese Government officials, armed militia and ex-soldiers.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo *Mugabo*  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

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Kigali, December 20, 1994 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Tuesday returned home from a UNESCO-sponsored forum on peace and culture in the Congolese capital Brazzaville. President Bizimungu told Radio Rwanda on his return that he exchanged views with his counterparts on ways of founding a regional common market and reinforcing security in the region. He also held talks with the French Minister of Cooperation Bernard Debray and both expressed the willingness to improve relations between France and Rwanda.

-The Prosecutor of the UN International Tribunal on the former Yugoslavia and Rwanda, Richard Goldstone, on Tuesday met with the Rwandese Minister of Justice Alphonse-Marie Nkubito. The talks focused on the choice of the area where the Headquarters of the Tribunal is to be established.

-Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Tuesday held talks with a special envoy of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Robert Dillon, who brought a message from Boutros Boutros Ghali concerning repatriation of Rwandese refugees, security in Rwandese refugee camps in Zaire, and the progress made in efforts to get the International Tribunal on Rwanda to be operational.

-Two RPA army officers, a captain and a lieutenant, with 3 escort soldiers and 4 civilians in two military vehicles, on Saturday night robbed the Tanzania embassy in Kigali. They first kidnapped the two guards at the embassy and brought them at Nyarugunga valley where they shot them dead. Then they stole from the embassy two Nissan pickups and 30 chairs. The robbers have been all arrested. The captain whose name is Rwapapa was wounded following a clash with security forces and is in hospital.

-According to journalists from Radio Rwanda who visited Amahoro Stadium on Tuesday, "the stadium has become a military barracks for UNAMIR troops and its access to Rwandese citizens is impossible. The playing grounds are also inaccessible as motor engines, tents and heavy vehicles have been set up there. The stadium, on which the Rwandese Government has spent a lot of money, is now in a disastrous condition and parts of it have been damaged, and are crumbling. UNAMIR has not respected the clauses of the agreement of occupancy it signed with the Government. UNAMIR is expected to leave the stadium on January 17 and to repair the damage done as provided under the agreement reached with the Government."

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Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 16, 1994 - About 500 people on Sunday staged a demonstration at Remera, in Kigarama commune, in Kibungo prefecture, by blocking traffic to UNAMIR vehicles on the road in the area, to ask for the hand-over to security forces of a man called Mujyambere, accused by the local population of killing an RPA soldier last November and being involved in massacres, and who found refuge and protection with UN troops in Kibungo.

- On Wednesday an operation jointly organised by UNAMIR troops and RPA soldiers was conducted in Gikongoro displaced person camps to disarm criminals in the camps. One handgrenade was seized, 40 criminals arrested and a thousand weapons consisting of spears, machetes and axes confiscated. The operation began after criminals started attacking convoys of aid supplies.

- The UNHCR on Thursday donated to the Rwandese Ministry of Rehabilitation and Social Integration 7 vehicles that will be used by the Ministry to carry refugees.

- The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) on Thursday published a communique saying that there are risks of other massacres in Rwanda if nothing is done by the international community to assist Rwanda. With widespread disputes over property, unemployment, destroyed roads, the problem of refugees in exile and displaced people in the country, who are being held hostage, either by intimidation propaganda or the fear of social and economic insecurity back home, there are risks of another conflict in the country if the aid to Rwanda is not increased, the communique says.

- The Rwandese first Lady, Seraphine Bizimungu on Thursday at Hotel Mille Collines in Kigali, launched an information campaign in Rwanda in favour of Rwandese orphans, in the presence of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda and the representative of UNICEF in Rwanda. In her speech on the occasion, she said that 12,000 orphans live in 51 orphanages in the country, and 200,000 other orphans have been received by families throughout the country. She asked all Rwandese families of good will to receive each one child. She announced the creation of a fund for orphans with her personal contribution of 50,000 rwf in the fund. The Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Jacques Bihozagara donated

his own salary for this month in the fund.

Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense Paul Kagame on Thursday continued his official visit in the United States. Speaking at a news conference in New York, Gen. Kagame said that there was no justification for giving assistance to armed militia and soldiers in uniform in refugee camps and criticised NGOs for feeding criminals, and creating a situation in camps where criminal groups find sanctuaries, do business and make profits, and do not feel the necessity to go home; and he renewed the Rwandese Government's demand that the international community help separate criminals from innocent refugees for the safe return home.

Gen. Kagame also indicated that Rwanda wishes to normalise relations with all countries including France and to forget the past.

Asked about the alleged failure of the UN in Rwanda, Kagame said that more than in Somalia and in Bosnia, the UN can speak of some success because of the cooperation it has found in Rwanda, as UNAMIR has been enabled to operate.

He however added that "we felt betrayed that such a body escaped its responsibility when its assistance was desired and withdrew its forces just when people were being massacred. We look forward to helping that body. We need its presence in such particular time, to assess the situation on the ground for the international community."

On the question of adoption of Rwandese orphans by foreigners, Kagame said that spreading Rwandese orphans to various countries would create problems for the orphans and asked instead for foreign assistance to deal with this situation while orphans remain and are assisted in Rwanda.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

#### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 15, 1994 - The former President of Burundi, Pierre Buyoya arrived on Wednesday in Kigali on a private visit in Rwanda. During his stay in Rwanda, Mr. Buyoya will hold talks with different Rwandese Government officials including President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda, on the underway efforts for reconstruction in Rwanda and restoration of security in the sub-region.

-The representatives of the Rwanda and Burundi Governments, and the UNHCR, on Wednesday signed an Agreement under which the three parties commit themselves to facilitate the voluntary and safe repatriation of refugees in either country.

Under the Agreement, suspected criminals involved in the massacres in Rwanda will be extradited at the request of the UN International Tribunal.

According to the Radio Rwanda local correspondent in Ruhengeri, the returnees from Zaire have increased in number these last days, with 1,000 people arriving a day. The interviewed returnees say that the reason for the increase in repatriation is that acts of insecurity have increased in refugee camps, and the new camp in Zaire to which Rwandese refugees were transferred from camps on the border area, is at Kayindo, a region where malaria disease is endemic.

To assist in the reception of returnees, the UNHCR has set up a transit camp at Kidaho, in Ruhengeri prefecture.

Radio Rwanda on Thursday quoted Radio France International (RFI) as citing that the UNAMIR military spokesman Captain Grenier said that UNAMIR troops on Wednesday carried out a disarmament operation in displaced person camps in the South-West of Rwanda. The UN troops seized over 200 weapons including spears, machetes and axes, and arrested 30 suspected criminals. The operation was carried out after a truck carrying aid supplies was attacked by bandits near the camp.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 14, 1994 - The Rwandese Parliament on Thursday held a session to discuss the agenda of their first term proceedings.

- President Bill Clinton's National Security Advisor, Anthony Lake, on Tuesday began a 10-day tour of a number of African countries including Rwanda.

- "Rwandese are still waiting impatiently for the trials of the criminals responsible for genocide in Rwanda by the UN International Tribunal and for the modification of the UN Security Council resolution 955 which is in contradiction to the reports carried out by UN human rights experts who concluded that the genocide was planned long before January 1994 while the UN Tribunal is not allowed to try those responsible for crimes committed before that date", Radio Rwanda announced on Wednesday at 6:30.

- A two-day seminar on AIDS epidemic sponsored by Rwandese NGOs, ARBF and PNLS, started on Tuesday in Hotel Meridien in Kigali. According to the statistics provided by those NGOs, from 30 to 35% of the town population in Rwanda are HIV positive, while from 1 to 15% of the population in the countryside are HIV positive.

- Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Anastase Gasana, on Tuesday held talks with the Belgian Ambassador to Rwanda, Frank de Koning. The Belgian diplomat informed Mr. Gasana that under the Belgian Government's decision of 8 December 1994, Belgium would finance different sectors in Rwanda, ranging from health, justice, agriculture, to public administration. The Belgian Ambassador also announced that Belgium would assist in the organisation of a regional conference on refugees.

Mr. Gasana also on Thursday received in audience the Tanzanian Ambassador to Rwanda, Saleh Tambwe, who came to bid him farewell following the decision by Tanzania to close a number of foreign embassies including its embassy in Rwanda. The Tanzania embassy in Kampala has been charged to control Tanzanian diplomatic interests in Rwanda.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

#### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 13, 1994 - The Rwandese National Assembly on Monday held its first ordinary session, gathering 62 of the 70 MPs, in presence of Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu and representatives of international organisations. In his introductory speech, the Parliament Speaker Juvenal Nkusi reminded that the legitimacy of the current Parliament is founded on the Arusha Peace Agreement and a protocol of understanding signed by the political parties taking part in the Parliament and having as working principles, unity, democracy and respect of human rights. He asked the Parliament to pass laws banishing forever ethnic discrimination and for the rapid setting up of a commission on national unity and reconciliation.

In his address, Prime Minister Twagiramungu reiterated the Government's political programme, and asked innocent soldiers in exile to dissociate themselves from the criminals and return home to join the national army in Rwanda.

-UNAMIR on Monday published a report saying that Interahamwe elements infiltrating from Burundi and Zaire have increased criminal activities in the displaced person camps in the former French Security Zone and have been murdering in particular witnesses to the massacres and people intending to return home. They use machetes and handgrenades in their criminal acts. According to the report, UNAMIR has unsuccessfully tried to stop the killings as the criminals manage to flee and to hide. Radio Rwanda reminds that Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration has already asked for the closure of those camps which have become hideouts for criminals.

-UNAMIR has announced that in ten days it will make available days trucks for the transport of returning displaced people in its recently initiated "Operation Retour" and that UNAMIR troops and NGOs will work together to ensure their security on their return home.

- Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Anastase Gasana on Monday signed an agreement of understanding with the representative of Canadian International Development Agency in Central Africa, under which Canada will finance a project to electrify permanently the city of Kigali.

- Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration Jacques Bihozagara on Monday visited Kibeho displaced person camp to urge the people there to return home. On the question of acts of insecurity caused by RPA soldiers, he responded that UNAMIR troops and human rights monitors are there to ensure security and that 200 soldiers are now being held in prison for being involved in revenge killings.

He also indicated that the Government is still preparing the list of suspected criminals which will be published in the near future.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda



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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 8 December 1994 - Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Tuesday arrived in Belgium after his tour of the United States, Italy, and Luxembourg. In Brussels Prime Minister Twagiramungu met Belgian businessmen and encouraged them to invest in Rwanda. He also held talks with Belgian government officials and asked them for increased assistance for the reconstruction of Rwanda.

-Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Jacques Bihozagara on Wednesday received in his office the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan, who was accompanied by the ambassador of Holland to Rwanda and the Resident Representative of UNDP. The Dutch ambassador presented to Mr. Bihozagara a US \$5-million project to finance the rehabilitation of public buildings in Rwanda including the ministry buildings and the parliament building, and general cleaning of Kigali city. He announced that Holland has already made available US \$1-million for the project.

-The UN consultant, Madam Gratia Machel (wife of former president Samora Machel of Mozambique) on Thursday ends her 6-day visit in Rwanda on a mission to assess the situation of children. In her interview with the press, she stressed that Rwandese children have been particularly affected by the disastrous events of massacres they witnessed.

- Rwandese Minister of Information and Government Spokesman, J.B Nkuriyingoma on Wednesday received in his office for talks the Belgian ambassador to Rwanda, Frank de Koning. He asked Belgium to assist Rwanda in its reconstruction effort, the repatriation of refugees, and in the organisation of a regional conference on refugees.

Mr. Nkuriyingoma also announced that the Rwandese government is in favour of a political dialogue and is ready to hold talks with innocent Rwandese citizens, but that no dialogue is possible with the criminals who should instead be brought to justice.

He informed the Belgian ambassador that Rwandese government has adopted a policy of press liberalisation, and some TV and radio stations will soon be authorised to start broadcasting in Rwanda.

-The head of security forces in Gitarama prefecture on Wednesday in

a meeting with the local population announced that soldiers would soon be withdrawn from the countryside and would be replaced by trained civilians to insure security for the population. The population reported that bandits uniformed as soldiers were frequently carrying out abuses in the countryside.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda



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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 7 December 1994 - President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya of Burundi on Tuesday paid a 12-hour state visit to Rwanda at the invitation of the Rwandese Government. He is the first African Head of State to visit Rwanda following the installation of the new Government in Kigali.

The President of the Republic of Burundi attended an official luncheon at Hotel Mille Collines at the invitation of his Rwandese counterpart President Pasteur Bizimungu. In their respective toasts, the two Presidents regretted the violence that occurred in their countries and President Bizimungu condemned what he called "a culture of false moral values that justifies revenge and massacres." The two Heads of State also visited the Nyarubuye mass grave in Kibungo prefecture where hundreds of dead bodies resulting from the massacres were buried.

In a joint communique signed by the two Heads of State at the end of the visit, the two governments committed themselves to control security on their common border. They pledged to protect refugees from either country in each other's country. Rwanda accepted the request of Burundi to investigate the circumstances surrounding the plane crash which caused the death of former Presidents Juvenal Habyarimana of Rwanda and Cyprien Ntaryamira of Burundi on 6 April 1994. The two Governments also renewed the necessity to organise a regional conference to discuss the problem of refugees and displaced persons. They expressed the wish to bring back on track the regional economic organisations and made a commitment to study the possibility of granting citizenship rights to refugees in the two countries.

- Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense Paul Kagame who is on an official visit in Belgium, on Monday at a news conference at the Universite Libre de Bruxelles criticized NGOs and international organisations operating in Rwandese refugee camps in Zaire, and the UNHCR in particular, for feeding the criminals responsible for massacres in Rwanda, and accused the NGOs of lacking transparency in their activities.

Major-General Paul Kagame appealed to the international community to separate the criminals from innocent people in the camps in order to allow for the safe return home of Rwandese refugees.



- The Prefect of Kigali town prefecture, Major Rose Kabuye, on Tuesday expressed her concern over soldiers committing abuses during night patrols that are not officially registered. She also pointed out that many Interahamwe elements are walking free in Kigali town where they cause insecurity after having left their home villages where they carried out massacres.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/Rwanda



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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 6 December 1994 - President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya of Burundi on Tuesday arrives in Rwanda for his first state visit in Rwanda.

-Rwandese Foreign Minister Anastase Gasana on Monday held a meeting with foreign diplomats accredited to Rwanda and representatives of international organisations operating in Rwanda to consult with them on ways of contributing to the reconstruction of Rwanda.

Speaking on the occasion, Mr. Gasana rejected the demand by some foreign countries that the current government include moderate members of MRND party of former president Juvenal Habyarimana. "No moderate MRND party supporters exist, none of them, neither the former Minister for Defense James Gasana who then fled the country, have denounced the massacres carried out by MRND party. The party is rather to be brought to justice for planning and executing the genocide."

Mr Gasana also insisted that the UN International Tribunal on the massacres in Rwanda be based in Rwanda.

-The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan, on Monday held an interview with Radio Rwanda journalists. In the interview, Ambassador Khan said that UNAMIR is often misunderstood, people tend to see it as having a political mandate while its mandate is mainly humanitarian. Ambassador Khan said that Rwanda has suffered too much and needs unconditional assistance, and that European countries now understand and have promised to help. Radio Rwanda in its 0630 newscast this morning reported that Ambassador Khan regretted that Rwandese refugees do not come back home while security has been restored in the country.

-Rwandese Minister for Justice Alphonse-Marie Nkubito on Monday opened Human Rights Week in Rwanda. The week will be characterized by activities of the Rwandan human rights group CLADHO throughout the country to explain human rights issues.

-An association of Rwandese lawyers, named AGM, was on Monday created.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/Rwanda



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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 5 December 1994 - The UN team of experts appointed to investigate human rights violations in Rwanda led by Koffi Amega on Friday published their final report. In the report, they confirm with evidence that former President Juvenal Habyarimana of Rwanda was the main instigator of the genocide of ethnic Tutsis. They say that the massacres were planned several months before and executed systematically. The report also says that Tutsi elements have carried out massacres of ethnic Hutus but found no evidence that there were ordered by the current Rwandese Government. The report asks the International Tribunal to carry out thorough investigations on the human rights violations by RPA elements.

Radio Rwanda asks the UN Secretary-General to press the Security Council to review the UN resolution 955 on the International Tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda to allow it to try also the planners of the genocide whose crimes were committed before January 1, 1994. "The UN Secretary-General cannot go on not considering the human rights reports that he himself recommends."

-The UN Consultant on children rights, Madam Gratia Machel on a visit in Rwanda, on Sunday visited Rugunga orphanage and Kigali Prison. In Kigali Prison, she visited the 5,500 inmates among them 132 women and girls, and 113 children, accused of being involved in massacres. She was particularly concerned by the situation of children in prison and asked the Government to release the children who are aged between 11 and 13. She was told by the Prison officials that one of the child inmates set on fire a car full of people. The prisoners have been detained since 13 August 1994.

-Rwandan Minister for Social Affairs and Work, Pie Mugabo on Sunday held talks with the UN Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Rwanda Shaharyar Khan. Ambassador Khan pledged that he would continue to ask for foreign assistance for the reconstruction of Rwanda, after being briefed the Rwandese Government's needs.

-The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) on Saturday returned 11 children to their families in Rwanda from Rwandan refugee camps in Zaire. The ICRC says that it has already registered 35,000 non-accompanied children.

- The Africa Women's Week celebration for Rwanda ended on Saturday. The women leaders who held speeches on the closing ceremony stressed the continued exploitation of women, and discrimination

against women in politics and administration in Rwanda while women are 50% of the the Rwandese population." The women indicated that the traditional Rwandan politics based on clans and ethnic groups is the main source of troubles in the country.

- Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu who is on tour in the US on Sunday at a press conference renewed the Rwandan Government's will to resume normal relations with France and to collaborate with the UN International Tribunal. In New York, Mr Twagiramungu also met different UN officials including the UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali, and commended efforts by the UN to address the problems of Rwanda.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 1 December 1994 - Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Anastase Gasana, while talking with the Russian Ambassador to Rwanda on Wednesday asked that the money the United Nations plans to use in the deployment of a UN force in Zaire be used rather to finance the International Tribunal on the massacres in Rwanda to make it to be quickly operational. Mr. Gasana also asked Russia to support the judicial system in Rwanda.

Minister Gasana also on Wednesday received in his office the representative of the Canadian International Development Agency in East and Central Africa, Mr. Hebert Bruno. Mr. Bruno announced that Canada will contribute five million Canadian dollars in the creation of a fund to assist Rwanda in the sectors of education, health and justice.

-Rwandese Minister for Social Affairs and Work, Pie Mugabo, on Wednesday visited the displaced person camps in Gikongoro prefecture where he urged people to return home and work and strongly warned people there against engaging in criminal activities. "The government cannot allow you to create a State within a State. We cannot tolerate any longer the criminal activities. If you venture to touch again on our RPA soldiers, we will destroy your camps. We have already informed UNAMIR about this."

"You must go home, and don't be arrogant. Ask for pardon. If you want confrontation, we are ready to fight you. If you keep on being arrogant, you'll see. Our eyes are wide-open, not like CDR party (Hutu extremist party), because if their eyes were really wide-open, the country could not have experienced what happened. Go home, work and be disciplined. Only those among you who have committed crimes will be brought to justice."

-The head of security forces in Cyangugu prefecture, Major Katabarwa on Tuesday announced that insecurity acts have continued these last days in the area with Interahamwe elements infiltrating from Burundi and Zaire. He said that the Bourgmestre of Gatware commune had escaped a night ambush by Interahamwe. He also indicated that 300 guns had been seized in the area and 41 soldiers arrested for human rights violations. He equally said that on 26 November 1994, 2 small boats had infiltrated at night from Zaire

with Interahamwe elements on board who exchanged fire with security forces, leaving two Interahamwe dead.

-Thursday, 1 December, is AIDS ( Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome) day. In Kigali, a march is to be held on Thursday from the Roundabout to Nyamirambo Stadium, in a bid to increase the population's awareness over the danger posed by the incurable disease.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 30 November 1994 - The newly sworn-in MP of the PL party, Nzigiyimana Louis Gilbert, on Monday resigned his seat in the Parliament after the news media accused him of being intoxicated during the swearing-in ceremony on last Friday. In a letter of resignation on Monday to the Speaker of the Parliament, former MP Nzigiyimana recognizes that his conduct was a shame on the Parliament, his party PL, and the country. The Speaker of the National Assembly welcomed his decision to resign as an act of courage.

- The Gisenyi prefecture officials on Tuesday denied reports by foreign media that the 37 Interahamwe extradited to Rwanda by Zairian authorities were being tortured by RPA soldiers. The Gisenyi authorities say that the extradited Interahamwe were accompanied by UNHCR workers, and will be brought to justice for their crimes just as any other Rwandan citizens.

-Rwandan Minister for Health, Dr. Karemera was invited by France to participate on December 1 in the Paris meeting on AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome) which will gather 42 countries from over the world. In an interview with Radio Rwanda, Dr Karemera who will also hold talks with the French Minister of Cooperation, and the French Minister for Health, saw the invitation as a sign of a shift in French policy towards Rwanda.

Dr. Karemera also warned Rwandese population against the increasing danger of AIDS epidemic. He indicated that Rwanda needs foreign assistance to deal with the problem of AIDS, as AIDS centers in Rwanda were looted and destroyed, and the workers in those centers massacred. He underlined that AIDS is a more grave problem than before the last war, because AIDS was a weapon of genocide used by Interahamwe suffering from the disease who raped massively Tutsi women. AIDS is still used to ravage the population in refugee camps where rapes are a common place.

- The famous Zairian singer and dancer, Tshala Mwana, accompanied by her group of 12 dancers and musicians on Tuesday arrived in Kigali. She plans to hold a series of concerts in Kigali to show her solidarity with Rwandese people.

- Rwandan Minister for Agriculture and livestock development, Mr. Augustin Iyamuremye on Tuesday returned in Kigali from Rome where he took part in the FAO ( Food and Agriculture Organisation)

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meeting. He announced to Radio Rwanda that FAO will finance agricultural projects in Rwanda, and especially in farming equipment and logistics.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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Kigali, 29 November 1994 - The Zairian authorities of the Kivu province on Sunday handed over to RPA soldiers in Gisenyi prefecture 37 Interahamwe, accused of causing insecurity in Goma Rwandan refugee camps. The 37 Interahamwe were arrested by Zairian security forces following bloody clashes at Katale refugee camp opposing Rwandan refugees and Zairian soldiers. The clashes left at least 19 refugees dead and over 50 others wounded and one Zairian soldier killed.

-Radio Rwanda on Monday announced that the dead body of the very known wealthy business man in Kigali, Mathias Hakizimana, and also a member of PSD party, was found on Sunday at Kicukiro, in Kigali town, by security forces. The kidnapping of the business man was widely reported by newspapers. According to the wife of Hakizimana, interviewed by Radio Rwanda, he was kidnapped by two soldiers one night at his home in Kigali. Radio Rwanda also widely aired the interview with two arrested soldiers who admit to have killed the business man they accuse of being an interahamwe, at the instigation of a business man friend of Hakizimana who paid them a million of Rwandan francs and has now flown to Belgium. The prefect of Kigali prefecture who commented on the assassination, insisted that "the killing was not politically motivated as some people may think, but only a result of revenge with the complicity of undisciplined soldiers."

-Rwandan Minister for Foreign Affairs, Anastase Gasana on Monday received for talks the Swiss Ambassador to Rwanda with residence in Kenya, Hanz Dietrich. Minister Gasana asked Switzerland to contact European countries in order to pressurize the UN Secretary-General for the International Tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda to become operational without delay.

- The Rwandan government on Monday received aid from Libya, consisting of medicines, soaps and food stuffs, to be used by the Ministry for Rehabilitation and Social Integration.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalists  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 28 November 1994 - The European Union on Friday released an unconditional aid of USD 76 million to Rwanda to support the rehabilitation of the sectors of health and education.

-An extraordinary summit conference on Saturday gathered the Heads of State of Zaire, Burundi, and Rwanda, in the Zairian town of Gbadolite. President Mobutu of Zaire, President Ntibantunganya of Burundi, and President Bizimungu of Rwanda, met to discuss on the agenda, the problem of security in the sub-region and the situation of the Great Lakes Economic Community Countries ( CEPGL). In a communique issued at the end of the meeting, the three Heads of State agreed on the establishment of a UNAMIR-protected Security Zone for returnees in Rwanda to encourage the return of Rwandan refugees, and resettlement of refugees in Zaire away from the border area.

The summit also decided that a security meeting would be held in two weeks in the Burundian capital of Bujumbura.

- A Rwandan delegation led by Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Saturday left Kigali for Washington where it was to hold a meeting with the World Bank to find ways of supporting Rwandan economy.

- Rwandan Foreign Minister, Anastase Gasana, on Saturday received for talks, Mr Johann Swinnen, the senior Advisor to the Belgian Prime Minister on Foreign Affairs, to discuss ways of improving the relations between Rwanda and Belgium. In an interview with Radio Rwanda after the audience, Mr Gasana rejected the possibility of including " moderate MRND supporters in the current government as asked by some European Countries". " MRND as a political party should rather be brought to court for having carried out massacres and formed Interahamwe militia group," Mr Gasana announced.

- A two-day seminar convened by the Ministry for Rehabilitation and Social Integration and gathering representatives of different Ministries and local administrators to discuss the coordination of humanitarian aid in Rwanda, ended on Sunday with strict measures to control the activities of NGOs. " The government must take part in the governing and inspect NGOs in the interest of the population. A government national representative is to be appointed for the joint management of every NGO. NGOs that are likely to cause

insecurity, as well as unproductive NGOs, are to be closely surveyed by the government," Radio Rwanda announced on Monday at 6:30

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda



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#### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 25 November 1994 - The swearing-in ceremony for the members of the Rwandan parliament is to take place on Friday, 25 November 1994, in Kigali. The new Rwandan parliament has 70 members. 64 MPs represent political parties, while 6 other MPs represent the army and gendarmerie.

- A cabinet meeting was held on Thursday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda, and discussed and approved the presidential decree on the agreement on the Common Market for East-Africa and Southern Africa countries of which Rwanda is a founding member state.

- Rwandan Minister for Information, Jean Baptiste Nkuriyingoma, who is also the Spokesman for the government, on Thursday reacted against the recent statement of the French Minister for Foreign Affairs, Alain Juppe. In a communique issued on Thursday, Mr Nkuriyingoma says that "Alain Juppe said that the Rwandan government is composed of Tutsis exclusively. The Rwandan government was formed on the basis of political parties and not on the basis of ethnic groups. Over half of the government ministers are ethnic Hutus including the President of the Republic, the Prime Minister and the deputy Prime Minister. France wants our government to include MRND Hutu criminals, who planned and executed the genocide, whose authors it trained and financed. We disapprove of such wickedness, but we appreciate the position of some realistic French leaders like Bernard Debray, the French Minister for Cooperation, who understand the situation in Rwanda."

- Mr Anastase Gasana was on Thursday appointed the new Rwandan Minister for Foreign Affairs, after the defection of former foreign Minister J.M Ndagijimana who found exile in France.

- President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Thursday received an advisor to President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya of Burundi. The Burundian envoy brought a message relating on security, repatriation of refugees and CEPGL summit.

- Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Wednesday held a meeting with representatives of the donor community. He asked them not to make just promises but to provide concrete assistance. Another round-table on emergency assistance to Rwanda will be held in Geneva in January.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 24 November 1994- President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Wednesday received a message from an advisor on security matters to President Mobutu of Zaire, Mr Ngwanda. The Zairian envoy who held an interview with Radio Rwanda, refused to disclose the content of the message. He indicated however that " the presence of Rwandan refugees on Zairian soil causes a problem of lack of security for the Zairian population as robbery, looting and raping acts by Rwandan refugees have increased". He added that "neither Zaire nor Rwanda can force Rwandan refugees to return home, a political solution is to be found in collaboration between the two countries and with the assistance of the international community."

-Rwandan Vice-President and Minister for Defense, Paul Kagame, on Wednesday visited his native village Buhoro, in Tambwe commune, in Gitarama prefecture, after over 30 years in exile. He received from the local population gifts consisting of a spear, a shield and a cow (symbols of power and wealth).

-The UN human rights rapporteur Rene Denis Segui has published his third report on human rights abuses in Rwanda. In his report, he is critical of the big powers, Zaire and current Rwandese government. He warns that if the big powers fail to assist Rwanda, another war may break out in the country. He also criticises Zaire for not helping resolve the problem of lack of security in refugee camps in Zaire, and Rwandese government for not curbing harassment and intimidation acts by RPA soldiers on Rwandan returnees.

-The prefect of Gikongoro prefecture on Wednesday asked the displaced people in camps in Gikongoro to leave soon and all together the camps and return home to be assisted at their homes.

-The Spanish Charity Medicus Mundi on Wednesday donated to Rwanda an aid consisting of medical equipment, three vehicles and generators, that was received by Rwandan Minister for Health, Dr Karemera.

- A meeting of experts of the Great Lakes Economic Countries Community ( CEPGL) combining Zaire, Burundi and Rwanda, opened on Wednesday in Goma, in Zaire, to prepare the ministerial conference that will be held from Friday prior to the CEPGL summit conference

-The French Minister for Cooperation Bernard Debray on Wednesday announced that the Rwandan population has undergone much suffering and the donor community should increase its assistance to Rwanda, regardless of the political evolution in the country. The announcement indicated the possibility of a potential shift in the French policy towards Rwanda.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 23 November 1994 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Tuesday received credentials from the new Belgian ambassador, Frank de Koning, who is accredited to Rwanda. The Belgian ambassador said that Belgium would try to persuade the European Community to make available to Rwanda the US \$200 million loan that was pledged to Rwanda.

- "A law is being prepared by the Rwandan government to govern the activities of NGOs in Rwanda so as to insure joint management of assisted projects" the Minister for Work and Social Affairs, Pie Mugabo announced on Tuesday in Byumba. Local social workers there had complained about the working manner of NGOs.

- The seven bishop delegation of the East Africa Episcopalian Church who were visiting Rwanda since last Sunday, left Kigali on Tuesday for Zaire to visit Rwandan refugee camps there. The bishops met on Monday Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu, and asked the government to do everything possible to restore security in Rwanda.

- The Prefect of Ruhengeri prefecture, Ignace Karuhije on Tuesday dismissed rumours circulating in the region saying that there was a plan by the RPA soldiers to kidnap school children and kill them, rumours that brought many parents to keep their children away from school, in a meeting with the local population.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 21 November 1994 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Friday visited Rwandan returnees from Burundi in Butare prefecture. They told him that their main problem was that they were being chased from houses they occupied and it was difficult for them to get a new shelter.

Two Rwandan planes, which were formerly in Tanzania where they were brought by exiled Rwandan officials, were on Saturday returned to Rwanda. Rwandan Minister for Transport and Communications, Immaculee Kayumba, who received the planes from Tanzania government, complained that one Rwandan plane remained in Tanzania "because France claims it was using the plane to train Rwandan pilots."

Minister Kayumba also indicated that 3 Rwandan helicopters and several vehicles are in Zaire and should be returned home.

- Loss of many cows was on Sunday reported in the farms near Nyungwe Forest, in Gisenyi prefecture, following an epidemic of cattle diseases. The farmers are asking the government to avail vaccines.

-Rwandan Minister for Industries and Handcraft, Prosper Higiro on Sunday asked for foreign assistance to restore Rwandan industries which have been damaged as a result of the civil war, on the occasion of African Industrialisation Day.

- "As it was to be expected, the French Minister for Foreign Affairs Alain Juppe on Sunday contradicted his colleague Bernard Debray, the French Minister for Cooperation, who had declared before that France's relations with Rwanda were difficult because of the attachment of France to former Rwandan President Habyarimana. In his statement, Alain Juppe announced that the French policy with Rwanda has been so far in support to Arusha Peace Agreement. He forgets that the Arusha Peace Agreement is the basis of the Current Rwandan government.

"Alain Juppe also supported talks on power-sharing with the criminals in Zaire, and claimed that the question of Rwanda is a Hutu-Tutsi problem, and the death of President Habyarimana had brought about the collapse of the Arusha Peace Agreement. He failed

to point out, as the whole international community knows, that France financed and trained the criminals in Rwanda," Radio Rwanda announced on Monday at 7:00.

- The UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali has proposed a gradual deployment of up to 5,000 UN peace-keeping soldiers in Zaire to insure security in Rwandan refugee camps. Rwanda has always asked that a UN force be sent there to separate innocent civilians from criminals.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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#### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 22 November, 1994.- The director of cabinet in the Ministry for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Christine Umutoni, on Tuesday at 6:30 strongly attacked " some NGOs operating in Rwanda for collaborating with criminals, spreading anti-government rumours, creating divisions between ethnic Tutsis and ethnic Hutus, e.g by distributing food aid to Tutsis on the one side and to Hutus on the other side. We cannot tolerate that NGOs continue to hamper the action of the government. 103 NGOs are now operating in Rwanda, but their contribution is not substantial, compared to the height of their number. Our government is now going to inspect closely their activities in Rwanda so that they do not impede our action."

" The government of Rwanda wants that the displaced person camps in the former French Security Zone be closed down by the end of this year 1994. People are fleeing now to Gikongoro because a lot of food aid is distributed there." the representative of the Ministry for Rehabilitation and Social Integration announced on Monday at a meeting gathering her with the representatives of UNAMIR and NGOs to discuss the problem of displaced person camps.

- Several NGOs operating in Rwandan refugee camps in Zaire have strongly criticised and rejected the proposal of the UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali of sending UN peace-keeping troops to Zaire to insure security in refugee camps. Those NGOs say that it is unfortunate that that force is not mandated to separate innocent civilians from former Rwandan government officials and armed Interahamwe militia who divert food aid while children are suffering from malnutrition, Radio Rwanda announced on Tuesday at 6:30.

Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Monday received in audience for talks a Canadian special envoy, Ambassador Bernard Dusol. The Canadian envoy announced that Canada will spend 5 million of Canadian dollars to assist Rwanda in the fields of education and health and restoration of electricity power. Prime Minister Twagiramungu asked Canada to assist the National University of Rwanda ( UNR) so that it can resume its activities.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 19 Nov.94 - A cabinet meeting was held on Friday in Kigali under the chairmanship of the Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu and on the agenda discussed a document on the new information policy in Rwanda and the public administrative structure.

The government decided that the Rwandan Parliament will be set up on this November 25, and the new MPs will be sworn in that day.

The document on the new information policy in Rwanda that was discussed and approved, stresses the role of the press in strengthening national unity and reconciliation, freedom of speech, and equal treatment of political parties by the public news media.

The document also provides for the right of the government to close down any newspaper, television or radio station that breaches the convention signed with the government.

- "Rwandan neighbouring countries continue to turn a blind eye to the harassment of Rwandan nationals; e.g in Kenya, recent Rwandan refugees (Hutus) are harassing the Rwandan refugees who went into exile in 1959 (Tutsis) and Rwandan foreign mission employees in Kenya. Rwandan nationals among them survivors of massacres and diplomats are being expelled from that country. Kenya says it is aware of the problem, but that it cannot do anything to it. Meanwhile, the exiled Interahamwe elements in Kenya walk freely without any troubles, even if they cause troubles to other Rwandans. Will it be necessary for Rwandan government forces to go and keep security for Rwandan nationals in neighbouring countries?" Radio Rwanda announced on Saturday at 6:30.

-The Spokesman for World Food Programme ( WFP) in Zaire says that food aid for Rwandan refugees in Zaire is still diverted by former Rwandan government soldiers and armed militia, while children in refugee camps are suffering from malnutrition.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 18 Nov.94 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Thursday continued his tour in Butare prefecture and visited the communes of Nyaruhengeri, Kibayi, and Gishanvu, where he held meetings with the population to discuss problems of security. The population of Nyaruhengeri expressed their concern at a particular group of women living at Rango village and who are particularly hostile to Nyaruhengeri residents, and have caused the death of many of their people passing there, by denouncing them as being Interahamwe elements to RPA soldiers. The population also raised the problem of Interahamwe militia youth hiding in the bush on the Rwanda-Burundi border and attacking returnees.

"The UN has disappointed Rwandans by voting the resolution 955 on the creation of an International Tribunal to try those accused of being involved in the massacres in Rwanda, in ignorance of Rwanda's demands, and to redeem itself now, the UN should allow that the tribunal sit in Rwanda and a UN force be sent to Zaire to facilitate the safe return home of Rwandan refugees " Radio Rwanda announced on Thursday at 20:00.

-Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Thursday held a meeting in Kigali with representatives of NGOs operating in Gikongoro displaced people camps to discuss security in camps. The meeting concluded that "there is no reason for displaced people to stay in camps as security has been restored in the country."

Prime Minister Twagiramungu asked NGOs to urge displaced people to return home and said that "relief aid would be more beneficial if given at home".

At another meeting in Gikongoro between the prefect of Gikongoro and NGOs on Thursday to discuss security in camps, the representative of security forces announced that government forces are ready to insure security for NGOs workers whenever they will ask for assistance. The UNAMIR Ghanaian military information officer at Gikongoro said that UNAMIR is keeping security in the camps and had already handed over 6 suspected criminals to the government.

-China on Thursday donated to the Rwandan government an aid consisting of 500 blankets, 2,000 bed sheets, and anti-malaria drugs, to be used by the ministry of rehabilitation and social integration.

-The UNHCR on Thursday handed over to the Rwandan government an aid of 22 motorcycles to be used by the Ministry of Rehabilitation and Social Integration.

The head of gendarmerie in Kigali indicated on Thursday that the reason for widespread roadblocks and control in Kigali town on Thursday and seizure of some vehicles, was due to increasing insecurity arising from vehicles going without legal documents or plate numbers used by bandits in robbery acts.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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#### INFORMATION BULLETIN FROM UN RADIO/RWANDA

Below are excerpts from an article published in the Rwandan weekly "Le Tribun du Peuple" which appeared on news stands in Kigali on Friday, November 18, 1994.

Title : "Mitterrand and Boutros Boutros Ghali: Genocide Heros"

"I cannot despise the man, I rather praise him for his cowardliness and wickedness in Rwanda. Catastrophe is natural, but sometimes it is orchestrated. The term "poisoner" is not fit to qualify a man called Francois Mitterrand. He is indeed a high qualified poisoner. The innumerable Rwandans who died were victims to the bloody killers trained by France. The Interahamwe militia was trained by presidential guards mostly trained in France. There was a Mitterrand-Habyarimana friendship, there was no friendship between Rwanda and France."

"We can ask the elders, because we are victimized by the elders, like that Egyptian one (Boutros Boutros Ghali) for whom our vote was really useless; it was rather the representative of President Habyarimana who voted for him. I think we got a lesson; every time in foreign relations, our diplomats will represent individuals rather than the population, we will stay in anarchy."

"I am speaking about the UN Secretary-General, Boutros Boutros Ghali, I think that I had a thought on the man earlier, and what he did was really predictable. At the beginning of the genocide, his employees, I mean UNAMIR to which he refused to allow to have the power to use fire force, saying it was not their job to do so, and they just watched as people were being butchered, and did not save anybody, except for a few young beautiful ladies. All this happened because the Arusha peace agreement was ignored, and was not implemented, and his Special Representative, the Cameroonian Roger Booh-Booh, played a big part in the failure, in fact, the destroyers of Rwanda are all foreigners."

"The government of undertakers was set up by Booh-Booh and the clansman of President Habyarimana, Bagosora. Rwanda was destroyed when Boutros Ghali knew and wanted it; like Interahamwe militia, he was also saddened by the death of President Habyarimana."



→ [ "What did UNAMIR II come for? What is it doing in our country? It is also an evil-doer envoy. You must know for instance that Egyptian woman who organised tests for job applicants and when she realized that it was only the ethnic Tutsis who had succeeded, she cancelled the tests. That one is also to be considered as an Interahamwe militia woman and she should go to live in Goma. Many Interahamwe militia elements are among us, and we should know that, like a sickened potato, if you do not remove it early, it may infect other potatoes."

"In the opinion of Boutros Ghali, the International Tribunal should try only poor people, whose crimes were committed only this year 1994."

"We are tired of hearing these every-minute envoys who come to explain or to carry out investigations. Why is that when it is a matter of assisting the Interahamwe, Boutros Ghali goes there himself? He was yesterday in Geneva to find out ways of sending troops to protect the Interahamwe, even when they are attacking the aid workers. What kind of security he wants for his relatives in the camps, I call them his relatives, because he is the worst Interahamwe I know."

"They say that the suspected criminals will be tried in a foreign country, who will testify against them? How will I get a ticket in order to testify that Renzaho by himself came to choose people to be killed in the camp I lived... They want Interahamwe to come and live peacefully on the land where they massacred people; such a country that would favour impunity and save the wicked ones, would be the laughing stock in the world community?"

"Whether it is the UN, Boutros, Mitterrand, Kambanda or Bagosora, they all are the same, evil."

By Shyaka H.

Translation by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio/Rwanda

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 17 Nov.94 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Wednesday visited the Gisagara subprefecture in Butare prefecture where he held a meeting with the population on the problem of lack of security. The problem of insecurity is partly linked to illegal seizure of property and especially farms belonging to the victims of massacres or exiled refugees.

The local administrators of Butare stressed the problem of distrust between the population and the army soldiers. The population complained about illegal arrests, revenge killings by RPA soldiers, and asked for the removal of Murehe camp for Rwandan refugees in Burundi, from where Interahamwe militia carry out incursions to cause insecurity in Butare. The population was informed that 30 RPA soldiers were being held in prison for involvement in the killings. As for the question of camps, President Bizimungu said that the question of Murehe camp as well as other camps is to be examined with NGOs which are responsible for refugees and displaced people.

-Rwandan Minister for Family and Women's Affairs, Aloysie Inyumba on Wednesday officiated the opening ceremony for women's week. Speaking on the occasion, she said that "80% of the civil war victims in Rwanda are women and children, among whom 85,000 non-accompanied children, 2,000 pregnant women from rape, and many more women raped and contaminated with venereal diseases and orphaned children who have not been registered yet."

-The Nigerian army chief of staff, General Abu Bakarr, on Wednesday arrived in Kigali with a message of solidarity from the Nigerian people and government to Rwandan people. He was on Wednesday received by Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu who praised Nigeria for contributing troops to UNAMIR.

-Rwandan Prime Minister Twagiramungu on Wednesday received in audience for talks the Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan, who briefed him on the outcome of his mission in Europe and Geneva meeting on the security in Rwandan refugee camp in Zaire. Ambassador Khan said that some European countries said they were ready to assist Rwanda.

- Rwandan Minister for Work and Social Affairs, Pie Mugabo on Tuesday visited Kibungo prefecture where live 260,000 inhabitants and he appreciated the population's dedication to work, estimating that in a month time, they will no longer depend on foreign assistance.

-Rwandan Minister for Health, Dr. Karemera on Wednesday reopened Gikondo health center, in Kigali town, rebuilt with the assistance of UNICEF.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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#### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 15 Nov.94 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Monday received in his office for talks the Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General for Rwanda, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan who briefed him on the outcome of the Geneva meeting on security in Rwandan refugee camps in Zaire. Ambassador Khan disclosed to Rwandan Head of State the contents of the UN draft resolution on the sending of a UN three-battalion police force to Zaire to insure security in Rwandan refugee camps and enable the safe return home of Rwandan refugees.

Ambassador Khan also informed President Bizimungu that a meeting of donor countries is planned to take place in Washington by the end of this November to find ways of creating a fund for the assistance to Rwanda.

President Bizimungu extended his thanks to the United Nations through Ambassador Khan for the organization's commitment to Rwandan problems.

-Rwandan Minister for Justice, Alphonse-Marie Nkubito in an interview with RFI (Radio France International) on Monday said that Rwanda had asked Belgium and France to extradite suspected criminals involved in the genocide in Rwanda to be tried by Rwandan national tribunals. Mr. Nkubito also renewed Rwanda's willingness to cooperate with the UN International Tribunal even if Rwanda's demands had been ignored by the UN Security Council.

Mr. Nkubito on Thursday announced in an interview with Radio Rwanda that he had given to the Belgian government a list of 10 suspected criminals involved in the genocide in Rwanda, who found refuge in Belgium. He equally indicated that Belgium would send a commission of experts to Rwanda to investigate the death of 10 Belgian soldiers members of UNAMIR, massacred in April 1994.

-MSF (Medecins sans Frontieres) on Monday decided to pull out of the Rwandan refugee camp of Bukavu in Zaire, where former Rwandan soldiers and armed militia have taken control of the camp. A spokesman for MSF on Monday announced that the NGOs operating in Zaire should protest against the diversion of aid supplies by former Rwandan soldiers and Interahamwe Militia, who use the aid to prepare for their war.

-Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Monday in an interview with two British journalists admitted that "some RPA soldiers had been involved in revenge killings but would be brought to justice" and called for displaced persons and refugees to return home.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 16 Nov.94 - A cabinet meeting was held on Friday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda and dismissed the incumbent leaders of the National University of Rwanda (UNR) and appointed a new chancellor and two new vice-chancellors to replace them.

The cabinet meeting was informed that the talks between political parties on the sharing of seats in the parliament had reached conclusions. The political parties agreed on the sharing of the 19 seats of MRND party and its allied political parties, accused of being involved in the genocide. Six of those seats will be held by representatives of the army and gendarmerie. The names of MPs will be published some time soon and the MPs will be sworn in before the end of this November.

President Pasteur Bizimungu received on Tuesday for talks the Secretary-General of the Great Lakes Countries Economic Community (CPGL), Salvator Matata, who was on a mission to prepare the next CEPGL summit conference gathering the Heads of State of Burundi, Zaire, and Rwanda. The summit will be convened in a few days this November and will focus on the problems of security and economy in the sub-region.

- "As soon as the national judicial system has been set up, the Rwandan national tribunals will start trying suspected criminals involved in genocide in Rwanda" the Rwandan Minister for Justice Alphonse-Marie Nkubito on Tuesday announced on Radio Rwanda.

He also said that Rwanda has signed extradition treaties with Zaire, Uganda and Kenya, and will ask those countries to extradite people suspected of being involved in the genocide in Rwanda.

Radio Rwanda on Tuesday denounced a Belgian national named Alain Deboire for spreading false information to tarnish the image of Rwanda government to prevent Rwandan refugees in Zaire from returning home.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo *Mugabo*  
Broadcast Journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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#### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 14 Nov.94 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Saturday visited Ntongwe commune in Gitarama prefecture to preach peaceful coexistence after killings of civilians had been reported there. Speaking at the population, President Bizimungu said that "this commune has been affected by worst massacres of ethnic Tutsis, now I hear that Tutsis are massacring Hutus, how long will this last? Are we doomed to live this way with cycles of massacres? We cannot solve problems by creating new problems," Radio Rwanda announced on Sunday at 19:00.

The population of Ntongwe asked for the government's support in availing farming tools and clearing landmines in Akanyaru valley to prepare it for cultivation.

-President Bizimungu on Sunday visited Ruhango subprefecture in Gitarama prefecture where he exchanged ideas with local administrators and held a meeting with the population to discuss the problem of lack of security. A representative of the population accused UNAMIR of harbouring, feeding, and advising criminals to stay where they are at Gikongoro camp for displaced people. A representative of UNAMIR, present at the meeting, denied the accusation and promised that he would discuss the problem with his UNAMIR colleagues.

The population and administrators of Ruhango complained about "incursions by criminals from Gikongoro camp for displaced people who cause insecurity in Gitarama communes." President Bizimungu "strongly warned the criminals against their acts of insecurity and encouraged the innocent people living in displaced person camps to return home as security has been restored."

-Armed clashes broke out on Friday at Musebeya, in Gikongoro prefecture, where a crowd of civilians armed with stones, pangas, spears and handgrenades attacked a vehicle of security forces and threw a handgrenade on soldiers who shot in the air to disperse the crowd. The crowd rather persisted in their attack forcing soldiers to shoot into the crowd leaving an undetermined number of people injured or dead. The UNAMIR has reported that over 7 civilians were killed. No casualty was reported on the part of the government soldiers, Radio Rwanda announced on Sunday at 12:45.

-A funeral ceremony for the remains of the victims of massacres, scattered all over the countryside, was on Sunday held at Muyumbu, in Bicumbi commune, in presence of the Minister for Public Service and Deputy Prime Minister Colonel Alexis Kanyarengwe and a representative of UNICEF. Other similar funeral ceremonies will be held also in other areas of the country where human remains as a result of massacres, still remain unburied, Radio Rwanda announced on Sunday at 19:00.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda



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ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA

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MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

#### DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 12 Nov.94 - A cabinet meeting was held on Friday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda and discussed on the agenda mainly three issues : the restoration of Rwandan industries and the problems of government soldiers and Rwandan foreign mission employees.

The cabinet meeting noticed that in the 120 factories that were operational in Rwanda before the outbreak of the civil war in April, only 4 factories namely : Bralirwa ( Beer brewing company), Rwandex ( coffee processing factory ), Cimerwa( Cement processing company) and Pfunda tea factory, are now operational. 50% of the Rwandan factories were damaged and looted and almost all of them lost their qualified employees who were either killed or fled the country.

The cabinet meeting also discussed and approved the draft presidential decree on the loan of 1.7 rwf billion pledged in November 1993 by the World Bank to support private enterprises in Rwanda.

The problems of the government soldiers and foreign mission employees were also examined partially without conclusions.

The New York Times newspaper on Friday quoted the Force Commander of UNAMIR, Guy Tousignant as saying that " Interahamwe militia elements have been carrying out incursions on Rwandan territory and that this could worsen the situation of insecurity if nothing is done to control security on border areas," Radio Rwanda announced on Friday at 19:00.

-Vice-President and Minister for Defense, Major-General Paul Kagame on Thursday announced in an interview with Radio Rwanda that " Rwanda will ask countries harbouring suspected criminals involved in the genocide in Rwanda to extradite them to Rwanda to be tried by the national tribunals." On the question of a reported impending attack by ex-government forces, Kagame answered that the current Rwandan army is capable and prepared to resolve any situation of armed attacks.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

CC: SRSG  
FC  
ED  
Spokesman  
PA  
HAO  
LA  
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Kigali, 11 Nov.94 - Rwandan Vice-President and Minister for Defense, Paul Kagame on Friday at 6:30 said that "we used all of our strength to push our demands to the UN Security Council which however ignored them and adopted the resolution 955...it is unfortunate Rwandan views were not given serious consideration, we have no other choice now than to cooperate with that international tribunal, by bringing to it enough evidence, to help it achieve its objectives. At the same time, we will find ways with our own national tribunals to punish the criminals, according to the Rwandan law, if necessary, we will even adopt a new law to punish the criminals in an exemplary way.

"Those people who are refusing to try and punish the criminals ,are inciting the anger of the population which now may resort also to killings, knowing so well that there is no danger of punishment." a Radio Rwanda journalist announced on Friday at 6:02.

-President Hassan Mwinyi of Tanzania on Thursday asked the international community to help Tanzania transfer exiled Interahamwe militia men to the South of Tanzania or another country, because of their acts of insecurity, after 9 Interahamwe militia men were arrested for killing Tanzanian nationals.

-The UNHCR on Thursday said that "it ignored anything about reports of its vehicles bringing unregistered candidate students to Rwandan secondary schools in reaction to the accusations by the Ministry for Primary and Secondary Education for interference in Rwandan educational system" during the talks on Thursday between UNHCR representative and the Rwandan Minister for Education, P.C Rwigema.

-Visiting British representative to the Commonwealth Dr. Lilian on Thursday announced after her talks with Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu that "I do not understand why some countries require the restoration of security for resuming assistance to Rwanda, those countries should rather help Rwanda restore its own security."

"Tanzania has pledged to return back to Rwanda 3 Rwandan planes which are in Tanzania where they were brought by former Rwandan government officials" Rwandan Minister for Transport and Communications announced on Thursday at 19:00.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo *Mugabo*  
Broadcast journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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Kigali, 10 Nov. 94 - " The Rwandan government takes note of the UN resolution 955 on the creation of an international tribunal to try those accused of the crime of genocide in Rwanda and will cooperate with the UN for the tribunal to achieve its objectives, even if we disapprove of some of the provisions of the resolution. We are not opposed to the creation of the international tribunal because we asked for it ourselves." the director of cabinet in the president's office, Emmanuel Gasana said on Thursday morning at 6:30.

Mr. Gasana also said that "we still disagree on the date from which people are to be tried for their crime and the death sentence issue, but our national tribunals will try everybody suspected of the crime of genocide regardless of when the crime was committed, even before January 1, 1994. We will continue to trace the criminals and punish them according to the Rwandan law. The problem is that some people will be tried by the international tribunal and others by the national tribunals and people guilty of the same crime will receive different sentences."

Rwandan Minister for Justice, Alphonse Nkubito said on Thursday morning that " the question is whether the international tribunal will be effective. Will it be effective? The Rwandan government will be waiting to see. We hope that the talks will go on with the UN to see how we can cooperate."

Radio Rwanda on Wednesday at 19:00 announced that " the UN Security Council on Tuesday ignored Rwanda's demands in its resolution 955 on the creation of an international tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda and showed clearly its bias in favour of criminals and its role in the genocide in Rwanda."

" What was the use of UN commissions of investigations on human rights abuses in Rwanda? Is the UN independent or not?"

-The UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali has proposed to the UN Security Council the sending of between 3,000 and 4,800 peace-keeping troops to Zaire to insure security in the camps for Rwandan refugees in Zaire. He thinks that the peace-keeping force might encourage refugees to return home.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

CC: SRSG  
FC  
Kabia  
Mehu  
Buo  
Dao  
Minta  
Rivero  
Struggar



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Kigali, 8 Nov.94 - Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Monday criticized France for not inviting Rwandan Head of State to the Franco-African summit due to open on Tuesday in France. "France justified its decision by saying that Rwanda did not show the will to take part in the meeting ....Rwanda is a member state of francophone countries and was expecting to be invited. I hear that the summit has on the agenda the question of Rwanda, and it is my belief that the summit is not entitled to discuss the problem of Rwanda in the absence of Rwandan officials."

Radio Rwanda announced that "President Mitterrand of France did not invite Rwanda because he had fears of being asked about his role in the genocide in Rwanda, knowing that he himself armed and financed the authors of the genocide."

-A communique on Monday signed by the Rwandan Minister for Primary and Secondary Education, P.C Rwigema, strongly criticized the UNHCR for interfering in the Rwandan educational system, by bringing to Byimana teachers training school unregistered candidate students. Another strange war is waged, commented the Radio Rwanda journalist.

-The head of the UN commission of experts to carry out investigations on the massacres in Rwanda, Koffi Amega on Monday expressed reservations on the allegations that the RPA soldiers have been carrying out massacres, saying that "no evidence has been found so far," in an interview with Radio Rwanda.

-The UN Security Council is on Tuesday to vote a resolution on the modalities of the setting up of an international tribunal to try those accused of the crime of genocide in Rwanda, always over a disagreement between the UN and Rwanda on the issue of the death penalty, still demanded by Rwanda and however rejected by the UN.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo  
Broadcast journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

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FC  
Kabisa  
Mehu

Buo  
Dao  
Minta  
Rivero

Struggar





DAD

INTER OFFICE MEMORANDUM

To: Chief Ops Offr

From: HAC

Date: 07 Nov 1994

Subject: DAILY HUMANITARIAN REPORT NO 198

1. During the past 24 hours the following incidents are significant:

a. Displaced Persons.

- (1) Routine IOM/UNHCR transport of DPs which included transport from KIGALI to NYAMATA NGENDA KIBUNGO. Escorts provided by MILOBs.

b. Humanitarian Assistance. NTR

c. Miscellaneous.

- (1) Task Force meeting was held concerning IDPs. Subject of getting information to the people in the DP camps was again addressed. A sub committee was supposed to have discussed the problem and arrived at concrete solutions. It was to be chaired by Info Offr of UN. He apparently is out of country. It was decided that a meeting be held at UNHCR at 1000 hrs Wed 09 Nov and that the UNAMIR Public Affairs Officer attend to determine a strategy for informing DPs in camps of issues relating to returning IDPs. Public Affairs Officer should speak with HAC and UNREO on Tue 08 Nov to be briefed prior to attending meeting.



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Kigali, 5 Nov. 94 - A delegation of African Women in Crisis (AFWC) including the head of the women's association on Friday ended their 3-day visit in Rwanda on a mission "to wish peace and show solidarity with our Rwandan sisters who suffered most from the effects of the massacres and war".

-The legal advisor to the UN Secretary-General arrived on Friday in Kigali to discuss contents of a draft resolution on the modalities of the setting up of an international tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda.

-In a communique issued on Friday after a cabinet meeting held under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu, the Rwandan government underlined "its persisting disagreement with the UN Security Council on the issues of the location of the international tribunal to try those accused of the crime of genocide, the death penalty, the category of people to be tried, and the location for imprisonment of those convicted."

"The UN Security Council wants the tribunal to sit in The Hague or in Kenya, and rejects the death penalty, while Rwanda wants the tribunal to be based in Rwanda, and the death penalty to be enforced as provided under Rwandan law as an exemplary punishment to prevent any repeat of the genocide. We ask the UN Security Council to examine carefully Rwanda's demands, otherwise our government will not be satisfied with its decisions."

-The communique also says that Rwandan government was "shocked by the armed attacks from Zaire which claimed the lives of 36 civilians, even though Zaire and Rwanda had agreed that no attack would ever be allowed from one country to the other. We cannot understand why Rwandan refugees in Zaire are still armed, and we cannot understand either why the UNHCR keeps on feeding those criminals. Rwanda will write a letter of protest to Zaire and the UN for having done nothing to prevent violence on civilians."

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo *Mugabo*  
Broadcast journalist  
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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Kigali, 31 Oct.94 - The outgoing prefect of Cyangugu prefecture Cheikh Abdul Karim on Saturday said that " some people refuse to send their children to school or to have their children vaccinated because of unfounded fears that their children may be killed by RPA soldiers."

( The same attitude has been reported in Ruhengeri prefecture where some Hutu parents equally refuse to send their children to school.)

-President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Saturday left Kigali for a working visit to Kuwait on a mission to relaunch bilateral cooperation between the two countries.

- The UN three-member commission of experts led by Koffi Amega on Saturday arrived in Kigali to continue their work with the investigations on the massacres in Rwanda.

- A special envoy of President Mobutu of Zaire, Mr.Ngwanda, on Sunday arrived in Kigali with a message to President Bizimungu. The message is related to the question of Rwandan refugees in Zaire.

-In the army programme on Sunday 19:30 ,the head of security in Kigali city admitted that " there is a serious problem of civilians who present themselves as soldiers and carry out abuses on civilians".

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Prepared by Manasse Mugabo *MM*  
Broadcast journalist  
UN Radio / Rwanda

Circulation : SRSG  
Kabia  
Mehu  
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Struggar