UNAMIR

CORRESPONDENCE - DPKO

SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORTS

16 DEC 1994 - 28 APR 1995

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PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 2/GP No VI**	DTG: **28 APRIL 1995**
TO: **AS PER DISTRIBUTION**	FROM: **SITUATION CENTRE UN HQ - DPKO**
FAX NO: **9-011-331-4306-7641 3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT FOR UNAMIR**	
ATN: **FORCE COMMANDER UNAMIR MR. ZOUAIN CHIEF OF UNESCO**	DRAFTER: **Lt Col K. JOBSON**
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE:	

1. **PLEASE FIND THE DAILY UNAMIR REPORT PRODUCED BY THE SITUATION CENTRE.**

2. **REFER ANY QUESTIONS TO THE DUTY ROOM CLERK ON 3-2690.**

3. **REGARDS.**

(SRSG) FC CMAC E/DIR

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

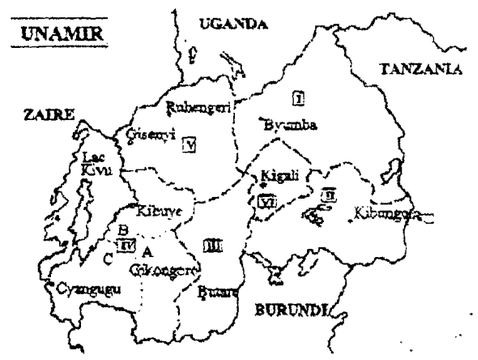
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 28 April 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- The Security Council condemned the killings of numerous civilians at KIBEHO camp on 22 April.
- Some IDPs held in KIBEHO camp said they would rather die than return to their communes.

POLITICAL



On 27 April, the Security Council condemned the killing of numerous civilians at the KIBEHO camp for IDPs on 22 April. The Council said it was encouraged by the Rwandese Government's decision to carry out a full investigation and to bring to justice those responsible. It welcomed the Government's decision to establish an independent inquiry with the UN and other international participation to carry out that investigation. The council asked the Secretary-General to report without delay on the events at KIBEHO and on the role of UNAMIR. The Council expressed concern about the generally deteriorating security situation in Rwanda. It underlined that the Rwandese Government bore primary responsibility for maintaining security throughout the country and for the safety of IDPs and returnees. The Council noted, however, that the Government had made considerable efforts for national reconciliation, reconstruction and rehabilitation in recent months. It called on the Government to intensify those efforts and on the international community to continue to support them. The Council expressed grave concern regarding the overcrowding in Rwanda's prisons, which had resulted in numerous deaths. It asked the Secretary-General to urgently consider measures which could be taken to improve the conditions of those in detention or under investigation. The Council urged States to arrest and detain persons against whom there was sufficient evidence of responsibility for acts within the jurisdiction of the International Tribunal for Rwanda, in accordance with Resolution 978 (1995). It asked the Secretary-General to facilitate the rapid establishment of the Tribunal.

On 27 April, in a statement issued by the Spokesman, the Secretary-General said he was deeply concerned about the situation of some 1,000 IDPs who have apparently refused to leave the medical centre in KIBEHO camp while authorities have declined to provide supplies. The Secretary-General urged the Government of Rwanda to refrain from the use of force. He also urged the persons in the medical centre to cooperate in solving this dispute by peaceful means. He said he hope that the current stand-off will not degenerate into further bloodshed.

The SRSG, accompanied by Mr. Annabi, members of the Diplomatic Corps and a representative of UNHCR visited Kibeho camp to assess the situation on the ground.

MILITARY

On 27 April, Rwandan President Bizimungu, as part of a delegation, visited KIBEHO camp to convince the IDPs to return to their home communes, but it was reported that the IDPs still insisted that they would rather die in the camp than return to their communes.

The military situation in Rwanda was tense throughout, especially at the border areas and selected communes which were receiving an influx of IDPs.

On 28 April, UNHCR spokesman Wilkinson said former Rwandan soldiers infiltrated Rwanda and clashed with government troops and fired mortar bombs into a refugee camp in Zaire. He said a squad of former Rwandan troops crossed from the GOMA area of eastern Zaire to Rwandan on the night of 26 April. "They then clashed with an RPA unit, apparently after running into it by accident, and one RPA and two of the infiltrators were killed," Wilkinson said. (REUTER)

HUMANITARIAN

UNAMIR continued to provide humanitarian assistance to IDPs forcibly ejected from camps in Sector 4A.

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IN 1360

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 2/GP No VI**	DTG: **25 APRIL 1995**
TO: **AS PER DISTRIBUTION**	FROM: **SITUATION CENTRE UN HQ - DPKO**
FAX NO: **9-011-331-4306-7641 3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

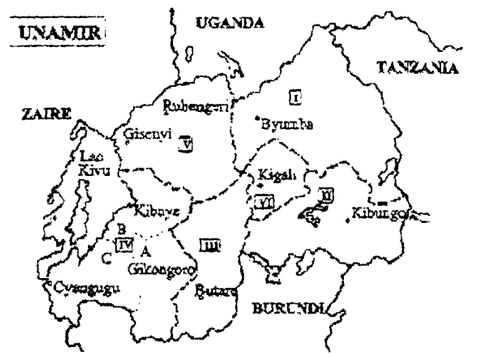
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 25 April 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- The OAU has condemned the killings in Kibeho camp and urged appropriate action.
- Rwandan President Bizimungu has blamed Hutu soldiers and the international community for the killings.
- The Security Council approved a list of candidates as judges on the International Tribunal for Rwanda.
- The UNHCR has urged the Rwandan government to ensure that Kibeho camp survivors are treated humanely.

POLITICAL



On 24 April, the Organization of African Unity (OAU) condemned the killing of thousands of refugees in Rwanda over the weekend and called on the government to punish those responsible. "The Secretary-General calls on the government of Rwanda to institute promptly an investigation to determine what went wrong and take appropriate action against those responsible for the killings," said an OAU statement. (REUTER)

On 24 April, Rwandan President Bizimungu blamed Hutu soldiers for the massacre in the KIBEHO camp, and criticised the international community for not doing more to prevent it. "The tragic events of KIBEHO were the consequence of a certain passivity on the part of the international community given the urgency of separating the innocent population from criminals," Bizimungu told a press conference in KIGALI. (AFP)

On 24 April, the Security Council approved a list of 12 candidates for judges on the International Tribunal for Rwanda, in accordance with Article 12 of the Statute of the Tribunal.

UNAMIR reported that according to *Radio Rwanda*, at a cabinet meeting under the chairmanship of President Bizimungu on 21 April, the cabinet discussed the closure of Kibeho camp. The cabinet decided that there was no reason to maintain IDP camps in GIKONGORO, and criticised the NGOs opposed to the closure of camps.

MILITARY

In Sector 3, MILOBS reported that returning IDPs were screened without incidents and absorbed into their communes. The population at the prefecture of GITARAMA continued to increase. In Sector 4A, the situation was tense due to the forced closure of the camps. In Sector 4B, MILOBS reported that the situation remained chaotic and tense. Movement of IDPs to various communes was slowed by the shortage of vehicles. Huye stadium still held 1,500 IDPs, whilst BUTARE reception area had 3,000 IDPs. Eight

people died at the stadium due to exhaustion. In Sector 4C, the situation remained unstable, worsened by the events at Kibeho camp. The locals were wondering why killings continued despite the presence of UNAMIR. In NYAMASHEKE, locals still seeked protection at MILOBS residence at night.

On 24 April, UNAMIR senior officers visited Kibeho camp. Efforts were made to persuade several hundreds of IDPs who had refused to leave the building complex to come out and be escorted out of the camp. Later 250 to 300 IDPs left voluntarily, but some hardcore IDPs stayed behind. They claimed they were afraid and did not know what would happen to them in their own communes. The RPA has however reduced its strength at the southern entrance of the building.

On 24 April, Tutsi troops said they were ready to flush out the last 1,000 Hutus from Kibeho camp. "We are getting impatient with these people," a RPA soldier said as hundreds of troops massed at the camp. "Either they surrender and we take them to jail or we go in and take them out. We are ready for them but we are just waiting for orders from KIGALI," he said. (REUTER)

HUMANITARIAN

On 24 April, UNHCR Ogata condemned the killings at KIBEHO and urged the government to ensure that survivors are treated humanely. She said the brutality of the action was disproportionate to any objective of moving displaced people from camps. The UNHCR has redeployed field officers to monitor the KIBEHO area and to facilitate the return of displaced people to their homes.

On 24 April, the medical charity Medecins Sans Frontieres (MSF) demanded access to people injured at Kibeho camp. MSF said it planned to send 35 tonnes of urgent medical supplies to Rwanda from Belgium on 25 April to help deal with the crisis. More surgical staff left for Rwanda on 24 April. "Until now, no humanitarian organization has been given access to the hospital at KIBEHO to treat the wounded who have not yet been evacuated," it added. It urged the UN and the European Union to use its 127 human rights observers to accompany displaced people back to their villages. (REUTER)

On 29 April, UNAMIR reported that all casualties willing to leave Kibeho camp compound were evacuated by the Australian Medical personnel.

UNAMIR continued to provide humanitarian assistance to IDPs in Sector 4A. Thirty two trucks were deployed to Sectors 4A and B to transport IDPs and casualties to home communes and medical facilities. The BUTARE-KIBEHO road was resurfaced by the Force Engineering company to facilitate the evacuation of IDPs from closed camps in Sector 4A. Relief supplies were transported by UNAMIR for distribution. Four UNAMIR water tankers were deployed to BUTARE to provide water to IDPs en route to their respective home communes.

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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 2/GP No VI**	DTG: **21 APRIL 1995**
TO: **AS PER DISTRIBUTION**	FROM: **SITUATION CENTRE UN HQ - DPKO**
FAX NO: **9-011-331-4306-7641 3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

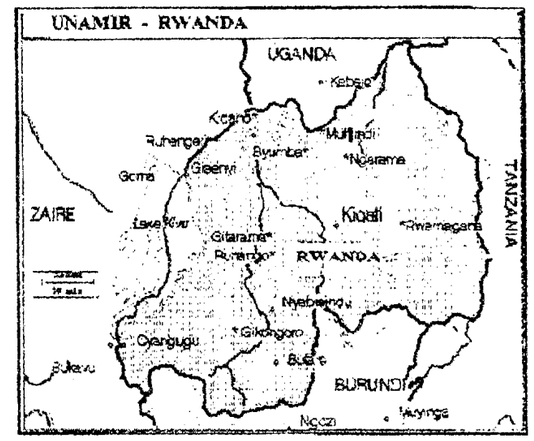
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 21 April 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- The SRSG expects the Kibeho camp closure crisis to be over within two or three days.
- Rwandese soldiers surrounded three more IDP camps and began evicting occupants.
- A demonstration was held in BUTARE against UNAMIR.

POLITICAL



On 20 April, the SRSG expects the crisis resulting from the Rwandese Government operation to close the Kibeho camp to be over within two or three days. The UN has been holding intensive talks with the Rwandese Government, while agencies and NGOs have been working to resolve the humanitarian situation. However, there were reports that Rwandese soldiers had surrounded three more camps for internally displaced persons, and had begun evicting occupants. The Government stated that the supply of water, food and other relief materials would be contingent on the continuous movement of displaced persons to their home communities. The Government reiterated its appeal to all Rwandese refugees to return home to participate in the reconstruction of the country. In a letter to the Security Council dated 18 April, it said the return of refugees was an inalienable right and would contribute to peace, unity and national reconciliation. Some 1.2 million refugees had already returned to Rwanda, according to the letter. However, there were still more than 2 million exiles and about 300,000 internally displaced persons. The Government has taken a range of actions to promote their return, including negotiations with neighbouring countries, a campaign for reception and national reconciliation, and identification of resettlement sites. The Rwandese Government said it intended to accelerate the setting up of local administrations, to deploy international human rights observers, and to reorganize the judicial system. It was also committed to the effective establishment of the International Criminal Tribunal, and to the speedy and equitable trial of those responsible for genocide and massacres. The Government reiterated its gratitude to countries which were sheltering refugees and to the international community, and urged them to assist the return of refugees.

MILITARY

On 20 April, the military situation in Rwanda was calm, although the border areas and selected communes remained tense.

In Sector 3, the RPA conducted a search operation of residences in KIBUYE including those of NGOs.

The RPA said the search was conducted throughout KIBUYE town and NGOs were placed on the list because they reside there. The soldier who led the search said the operation was part of security preparations for an impending visit by the President to KIBUYE. The RPA searched all the premises of international agencies operating in KIBEHO, claiming that some of them were smuggling in weapons. In Sector 4A, UNAMIR reported that at KIBEHO camp, the RPA opened fire killing 13 and injuring 24 IDPs. The RPA said an IDP attempted to grab a rifle from an RPA soldier. In Sector 4B, a demonstration was held in BUTARE. It was organized to show the displeasure of the people at the continued presence of UNAMIR and other NGOs operating in Rwanda. The crowd estimated at 3,000 started from the university gate. There were no hostile incidents. The prefect of BUTARE and the mayor of NGOMA commune were reported to have taken part in the demonstration. Some of the placards bore the following inscriptions:

- ▶UNAMIR - INTERHAMWE
- ▶NGO = slavery, treason, stop joking !
- ▶UNAMIR = undesired in Rwanda !
- ▶Boutros, bring back home your UNAMIR, your useless UNAMIR.
- ▶Humanitarian help without dignity is shame

MILOBS reported that about two platoons of RPA troops controlled the demonstration.

HUMANITARIAN

On 20 April 3,960 IDPs were moved from KIBEHO using UNAMIR vehicles. The total number of IDPs moved since the forcible closure of KIBEHO camp was 4,910.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 20 April, Doctors without Borders indicated that camps for displaced Hutus in south-western Rwanda should be retained in the short term as long as a satisfactory solution is not found to ensure the return and settlement of displaced people. (REUTER)

On 20 April, relief workers reported that Rwandan soldiers evicted Hutus from their huts in three more camps in south-west Rwanda. The reports indicated that some huts were burned down at the Ndago and Munini camps, which house 40,000 and 23,000 refugees respectively. At the big Kibeho camp more than 130,000 Hutus were facing their third night in the open, huddled on a hilltop with no latrines and with minimal food and water. (AFP)

SECURITY AND SAFETY OF PERSONNEL

On 20 April, the UN said it was tightening security after a spate of armed robberies against UN staff in KIGALI by gunmen. Maj Gen Tousignant, Force Commander of UNAMIR, said the robberies were worrying and showed security in KIGALI was deteriorating. Gen Tousignant said that peace-keepers were taking measures to tighten security and ensure the safety of UN personnel. (REUTER)

(TWO)

IN 1267

PRIORITY
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SRSG EXMR FC CMO

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

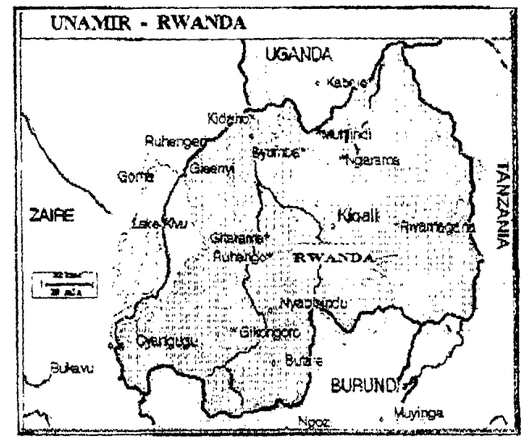
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 20 April 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

▶The Secretary-General appealed for action to assist Rwandese refugees to voluntarily return home.
▶RPA troops blocked aid agencies from helping displaced people stranded in south-western Rwanda.

POLITICAL



BURUNDI: On 19 April, an Organization of African Unity (OAU) spokesman indicated that the OAU was to send missions to Somalia and Burundi to press for an end to violence and "encourage reconciliation" between warring factions. Mr. Daggach said the decision was taken by foreign ministers from the organization which was meeting in TUNIS to discuss various African conflicts. OAU ministers looking at ways to avoid Burundi sliding into conflict, recommended an OAU mission to make contact with all sides, and called on neighbouring countries to pursue peace efforts. (AFP)

On 19 April, the Secretary-General appealed to Member States to take urgent action to ensure that all Rwandese refugees and displaced persons in the Great Lakes region voluntarily return home. In a report dated 14 April, he said achieving that goal would require the combined efforts of the countries of origin and asylum, as well as the international community. The report called attention to the deteriorating food situation in the camps. Food shortages had led to the beginnings of malnutrition among women and children, and the refugees believed that the international community was using food as a weapon to force them to return to Rwanda. The Secretary-General said those developments were a sign of serious donor fatigue, and appealed to donor nations to reverse the situation. The deployment of the Zairean Camp Security Contingent and the Civilian Security Liaison Group in refugee camps had improved conditions, he continued. The presence of the Contingent might help to prevent incidents such as the attack on the BIRAVA camp on 11 April, in which 31 refugees were killed by unidentified men. He stressed, however, that improved security conditions in the camps would not ensure the voluntary repatriation of all refugees. The Government of Rwanda must promote genuine national reconciliation and ensure that refugees could return home without fear of persecution.

On 19 April, SRSG Khan presided over his regular heads of UN agencies meeting during which he discussed, security issues, including the events in Kibeho camp. He also met with Mr. Takehito Nakata, the Honourary Ambassador for the UN Volunteers to discuss the upcoming arrival of UNVS.

MILITARY

On 19 April, the RPA attempted to search an AUSMED vehicle on Boulevard de Nyabugogo. AUSMED soldiers politely refused to consent to a search and the vehicle was allowed to move on. The RPA continued with day and night patrols. They continued to destroy shelters and loot valuables including livestock. In KIBEHO, the RPA started registration of IDPs for repatriation. A team of CIVPOL observers visited KIGALI prison to acquaint members with the situation in the prison. The director of administration in the prison disclosed that the number of detainees had risen from 8,176 to 8,444 within the week. The director further disclosed that two detainees had died on 19 April and attributed the cause to over-crowding and malnourishment. He further solicited the support of UNAMIR and the international community for basic needs and also to expand the prison. It was also reported that a local UNDP staff member was arrested on 18 April. He is currently detained at NYAMIRAMBO gendarmerie brigade for unknown reasons. The NYAMIRAMBO brigade commander was not immediately available for comments.

HUMANITARIAN

On 19 April, the DFC and DCOS visited KIBEHO camp and noted that many of the agencies and NGOs had not yet restarted humanitarian activities. IDPs were crowded together in unsanitary conditions without food or water. UNAMIR was singularly attempting to move IDPs using transport collated from all units and using own resources with UNHRFO and RPA assistance to register IDPs. A total of 950 IDPs were moved to BUTARE commune and to BUTARE transit camp.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

UNAMIR intensified its security arrangements at KIBEHO Camp (20 kms south of GIKONGORO) and dispatched a number of transport vehicles to help return IDP's to their home communes. It was also reported that the RPA stated that the supply of water, food and other relief material would be contingent upon the continuous movement of the IDP's to their home communes. The situation was described as grave, as the IDPs were concentrated at the centre of the camp, crowded together and lacking proper sanitation facilities as well as food and water supplies.

On 19 April, RPA troops blocked aid agencies from helping more than 100,000 displaced people stranded at a camp in south-western Rwanda ordered closed by the government. SRSG Khan said UN officials were in talks with the government to allow humanitarian relief supplies to reach the refugees. Mr. Khan indicated that no aid had been delivered to the displaced packed onto a central hill in the camp since they fled their huts. (REUTER)

(TWO)

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

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TO: **AS PER DISTRIBUTION**	FROM: **SITUATION CENTRE UN HQ - DPKO**
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SRSG FC CMO Edit

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

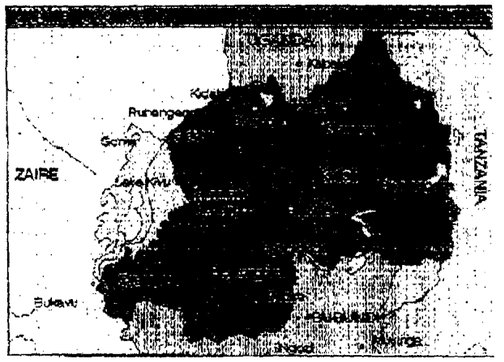
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 18 APRIL 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- Zaire reportedly completed the deployment of 1,500 troops as a security force for refugee camps.
- Two human rights organizations urged the enforcement of a UN arms embargo on Rwanda.

POLITICAL

On 17 April, two human rights organizations urged the international community to enforce a UN arms embargo on Rwanda, saying plane loads of weapons were getting through. A summary of a report to be issued by the New York based Human Rights Watch/Africa group and Paris based International Federation of Human Rights (FIDH) on 18 April, indicated that "Plane loads of weapons and ammunition have arrived in Zaire to augment the supplies and fortify the morale of the authorities of the former government that are guilty of the genocide". (REUTER)



MILITARY

On 17 April, the military situation was calm although border areas and some communes were tense. In Sector 4A, at RWINANKA a group of 15 bandits killed a civilian. Four suspects were being held The deaths of 16 civilians was confirmed in Sector 4C.

On 17 April, Zaire completed the deployment of 1,500 troops as a security force for refugee camps in the east of the country. Sources in GOMA and KINSHASA indicated that the last members of the force were put in place at the start of this week. The force, whose presence has prompted concern from aid agencies that it may lack the discipline to ensure order is maintained in the camps, is split evenly between sites in north Kivu near GOMA, where 750,000 refugees are sheltered, and south Kivu, which has around 300,000 refugees. (AFP)

BURUNDI : On 17 April, the Burundian state-run news agency, *ABP*, indicated that three people were killed and 32 wounded when hand grenades were thrown into a market in the northern Burundian town of NGOZI. (REUTER)

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

All Zairean border crossings were closed to all commercial traffic due to a ban by the Rwandan Government.

HUMANITARIAN

A total of 14 flights transited KIGALI airport. UNAMIR medical staff treated 224 locals.

LOGISTICS

UNAMIR reserve stock levels were:

Water	13 Days
Rations	22 Days
Fuel	17 Days
MOGAS	11 Days
Jet Fuel	29 Days

(TWO)

PRIORITY
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SRSG FC COS Spare

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

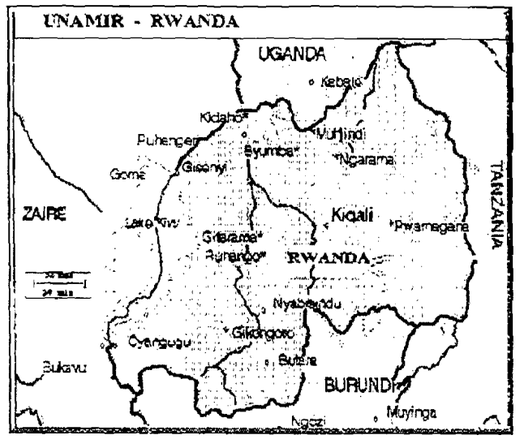
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 17 April 1995
Covering the period from 13 April to 17 April 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

▶MILOBS reported that 16 locals in the Nyabishungu area were allegedly killed by RPA soldiers.
▶Anti-UNAMIR demonstrations were held in GISENYI, NYAMATA and RUHENGERI.
▶Zaire denied that armed groups were training forces to seize power in Rwanda and Burundi.
▶The Organisation of African Unity ruled out an immediate military intervention in Burundi.
▶Prime Minister Twagiramungu defended his government's decision to block food aid destined for Hutu refugee camps in Zaire.

POLITICAL

On 13 April, the SRSG met with President Bizimungu to discuss, among other matters, relations between the government and UNAMIR.



Over the reporting period, several anti-UNAMIR demonstrations were held. On 12 April, a demonstration was held in GISENYI. On 14 April in Sector 2, a demonstration was held in NYAMATA. Approximately 5,000 civilians and a platoon of RPA soldiers took part. On 15 April, a demonstration was held in RUHENGERI. Approximately 100 persons were involved.

On 14 April, MILOBS in KIGALI reported that locals turned away whenever they were approached, rather than talk. They also reported hearing shouts of "UNAMIR go home." On 15 April, MILOBS in Sector 1 reported that locals feigned ignorance about any issue they were interviewed on, and in some cases pretended that they did not speak French or English. MILOBS in Sector 3 reported that locals were reluctant to provide information. CIVPOLS reported that locals claimed they had been instructed by the RPA not to give information to UNAMIR personnel.

On 15 April, Zaire denied that armed groups of Hutus from Rwanda and Burundi were training on its soil to launch invasions to seize power in their homelands. Defence Minister Admiral Mudima, in remarks reported by Zairean state television on 14 April, dismissed such reports as "false information spread to discredit Zaire." Admiral Mavua led a military commission of enquiry to Rwandan refugee camps in eastern Zaire in early April. The commission delivered its initial findings to President Mobutu Sese Seko, commander-in-chief of Zaire's armed forces, on 13 April. (REUTER)

BURUNDI: On 13 April, the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) ruled out an immediate military intervention in Burundi but said it might well be needed later unless ethnic violence ceased. "We at the OAU do not believe the solution to the Burundi crisis can be resolved through an immediate military intervention," said OAU Secretary-General Salim. (REUTER)

MILITARY

On 13 April in Sector 4C, a local lost a leg on an anti-personnel mine around the airport. It was not clear whether the mine was recently laid. On 12 April, a local lost both legs in a mine incident in BUGERERA.

On 13 April in Sector 4C, RPA and FRGF forces exchanged fire in the area of NYARABUYE. One RPA soldier was wounded and three FRGF soldiers were killed. In the same sector, RPA forces fired on armed bandits on the shore of Lake Kivu, one RPA soldier was wounded.

BURUNDI: The deputy commander of guerrillas battling the Burundi army in the outskirts of BUJUMBURA was killed on 15 April while riding a motor-cycle disguised as a woman, government sources said on 16 April. (REUTER)

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

On 13 April in Sector 3, MILOBS reported that the RPA had reactivated two check-points, one at KIBUYE and one at MUBUGA.

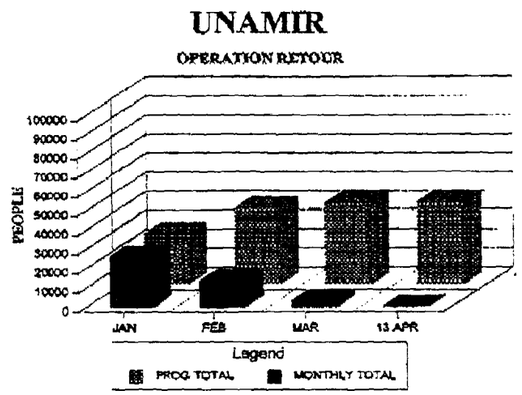
HUMANITARIAN

Prime Minister Twagiramungu has defended his government's decision to block food aid destined for Hutu refugee camps in Zaire, insisting that among the refugees are former Rwandan soldiers and militiamen plotting against the new administration in KIGALI. Prime Minister Twagiramungu said former government soldiers and militiamen should not continue to receive international relief in the Zairean camps.

On 14 April, MILOBS reported that 15 of 31 WFP trucks had left CYANGUGU for BUTARE.

On 16 April, the Zairean border remained closed to commercial traffic.

On 16 April, the total number of persons moved since the beginning of OP RETOUR was 42,917. The graph below shows the numbers of persons moved in 1995.



CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 13 April in Sector 3, MILOBS reported that the RPA appeared to have a free hand in MUTUNTU in MWENDO commune.

On 14 April in Sector 4C, MILOBS reported that 16 locals in the Nyabishungu area were dead, allegedly killed by RPA soldiers. The RPA soldiers were allegedly retaliating for an earlier attack on two RPA soldiers by eight bandits. One RPA soldier was killed in the attack.

On 16 April in Sector 5, a group of RPA soldiers was attacked by an assailant with a hand grenade. One RPA soldier was killed and two seriously wounded. The attacker was later shot dead by the RPA.

SECURITY AND SAFETY OF PERSONNEL

On 15 April, MILOBS assisted in the medical evacuation of an employee of Medicos en Catastrophe from MBUYE.

CASUALTIES

On 15 April, a Senegalese battalion soldier, died from the injuries he suffered in a traffic accident on the road from KIGALI-GITARAMA.

(TWO)

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: A - 2/GP No VI	DTG: 13 APRIL 1995
TO: AS PER DISTRIBUTION	FROM: SITUATION CENTRE UN HQ - DPKO
FAX NO: 9-011-331-4306-7641 3-3090	FAX NO: (212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)
SUBJECT: SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT FOR UNAMIR	
ATN: FORCE COMMANDER UNAMIR MR. ZOUAIN CHIEF OF UNESCO	DRAFTER: Lt Col K. JOBSON
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3. REGARDS.

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

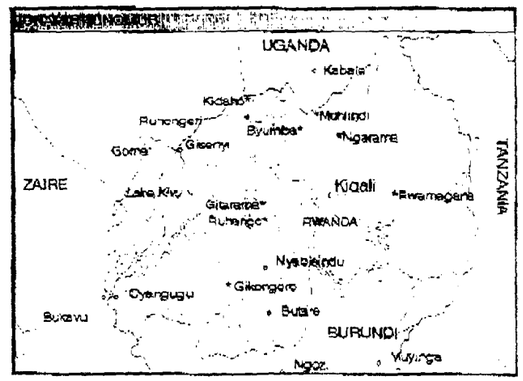
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 13 April 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- Gunmen killed 26 Rwandan refugees at the Birava camp in Zaire.
- An Organisation of African Unity mission arrived in Burundi to promote reconciliation.
- WFP trucks were still being held at the border.

POLITICAL

BURUNDI: On 12 April, an Organisation of African Unity (OAU) mission arrived in Burundi seeking to promote reconciliation. The team led by OAU Secretary-General Salim was to meet President Ntibantunganya, Prime Minister Nduwayo and other leaders. The team aims to promote peaceful dialogue, but has kept open the option of military intervention to prevent ethnic strife. Any decision on an OAU military mission to Burundi will have to be taken by a heads of state meeting in Tunisia next month. Also on 12 April, a delegation of ministers from Benin, Central Africa and Belgium arrived in BUJUMBURA for two days of talks with government leaders and other officials. (REUTER)



MILITARY

On 12 April, gunmen killed 26 Rwandan Hutu refugees at the Birava camp in east Zaire. UNHCR spokesman Fernando del Mundo said the attackers killed two Zaireans and wounded five others on the Inwinja island in Lake Kivu before going on to the nearby camp and killing the refugees, injuring 50 others. (AFP)

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

On 12 April, a roadblock was established by demonstrators in Sector 5 at NYUNDO. UNAMIR vehicles were prevented from using the road. The roadblock was established following a demonstration and an assault on UNAMIR personnel, during which MILOBS had their radio handsets taken from them. The MILOBS also sustained light injuries from stones thrown by the crowd. Local police stood by through most of the incident, intervening to warn the MILOBS at gun point not to harm anyone attempting to retrieve their radios.

HUMANITARIAN

MILOBS in Sector 4C reported that WFP trucks were still being held at the border. The WFP representative in KIGALI advised the drivers to remain at the border until 13 April, and await direction from KIGALI.

In Sector 6, the medical centre at BUTAMWA, which is supported by World Medicine, was closed. The staff were reportedly afraid of mines and attacks, since one of their vehicles was blown up recently in CYANGUGU and a staff member was killed in a shooting incident. World Medicine has requested escorts for their mobile medical teams.

MILOBs from Sector 3 were informed by locals in Gikomero Sector that seeds delivered in January 1995 by CARE International had failed to germinate. There is therefore a food shortage in the commune. MILOBS were planning to liaise with NGOs to organize food aid.

SECURITY AND SAFETY OF PERSONNEL

A Tunisian battalion truck was attacked by approximately 300 locals in Sector 5 at KABALI. The attackers were armed with stones, lead pipes, machetes and sticks and damaged the doors and windows of the truck. The attackers were demonstrating against UNAMIRs presence. No injuries were reported.

LOGISTICS

The water purification unit was reported to be running at half capacity, 490 kilolitres per week. Force consumption is currently 605 kilolitres per week. The Australian medical unit has agreed to lend one of its units until UNAMIRs second unit is operational. Presently UNAMIR has no serviceable back-up system of its own.

(TWO)

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 2/GP No VI**	DTG: **11 APRIL 1995**
TO: **AS PER DISTRIBUTION**	FROM: **SITUATION CENTRE UN HQ - DPKO**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

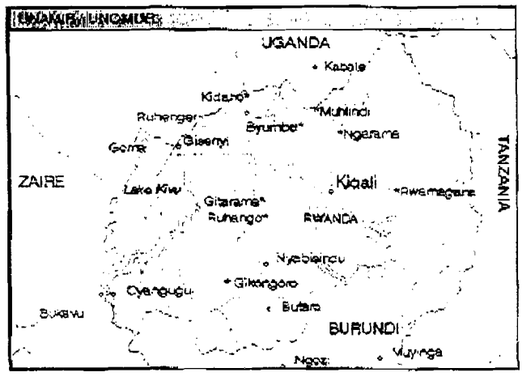
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 11 April 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

►The Organization of African Unity planned to send a peace mission to Burundi.

►Prisoners were moved from GITARAMA prison to GISENYI prison to alleviate conditions at GITARAMA prison.

POLITICAL



Cameroon has refused political asylum to four Rwandan Hutu officials accused of having played a significant role in the genocide, a foreign ministry official said. "They have not yet been expelled. Cameroon has refused them political asylum. Now it's up to them to take the necessary steps and leave Cameroon," he said. (REUTER)

BURUNDI: On 10 April, a Kenyan foreign ministry official said the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) was planning to send a peace mission to Burundi on 12 April. The mission would be led by OAU Secretary-General Salim and include the foreign ministers of Egypt, Mauritius, Tunisia and South Africa. "The team is part of the OAU's conflict resolution programme. It will assess the situation in Burundi and see how the rest of the continent can best help," he said. (REUTER)

HUMANITARIAN

The UN World Food Programme (WFP) said one million Rwandans living in refugee camps in Zaire faced food shortages and possible malnutrition because Rwanda has been holding up its shipments at two border crossings. The agency said Rwandan officials had closed a border point at CYANGUGU to its convoys heading to a camp at BUKAVU. At a second border crossing, trucks passing through GISENYI to deliver food to camps in GOMA, have been delayed by Rwandan security checks "effectively slowing the flow of aid to a trickle," the agency said. It said Rwandan authorities had also barred the WFP from unloading food from trucks in CYANGUGU and carrying it across the border to Rwandan refugees. (REUTER)

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 10 April, 120 prisoners were moved from GITARAMA prison to GISENYI prison. This was the start of a programme to move nearly 2400 prisoners to GISENYI, KIBUYE, RUHENGERI and NYANZO prisons in an attempt to improve living conditions in GITARAMA prison.

On 09 April in Sector 4A, a Zambian battalion soldier armed with a rifle left camp to visit a friend in a nearby school. The soldier began to fight with the watchmen when denied access to the school. The soldier then fired his rifle into the air, emptying a magazine. UN CIVPOL and MPs were investigating.

SECURITY AND SAFETY OF PERSONNEL

On 10 April, three unidentified armed men assaulted an NGO worker at her residence in KUGATARE. The assailants stole money and some personal belongings.

(TWO)

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: A - 2/GP No VI	DTG: 06 APRIL 1995
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

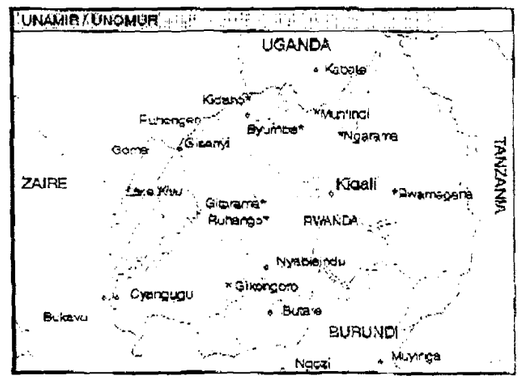
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 06 April 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- The UN special envoy to Burundi sees more conflict in the long term for Rwanda and Burundi.
- UNICEF said that child prisoners in Rwanda will be moved from jail to a juvenile detention centre.
- Head of the Criminal Tribunal Justice, Justice Goldstone said that 400 genocide suspects have been identified.

POLITICAL



BURUNDI: On 05 April, *Burundi radio* said 20 Hutu villagers were killed at MUHANGA, in the northern province of Kayanza, in a revenge attack by Tutsi civilians. (REUTER)

Tanzanian troops were expelling hundreds of Burundian Hutu refugees fleeing ethnic attacks, beating and sending them back to north-east Burundi despite a series of massacres, UN officials in Burundi said. (REUTER)

The UN special envoy to Burundi said that overpopulation and fundamental instability will cause explosions of violence in Burundi and Rwanda every 10 to 12 years. UN envoy Abdallah said in the short term he could not see Burundi plunging into a new crisis despite an upsurge of ethnic violence in recent weeks. Mr. Abdallah said that there were four main sources of violence in Burundi: youth groups in the capital, secondary schools in the country, displaced people in camps and refugees on the borders. (REUTER)

MILITARY

The general military situation remained stable, however the situation in some communes and border areas remained tensed. In Sector 1, the RPA intensified their activities and a number of troops have converged in BYUMBA from BUTARE and other communes. In Sector 3, the situation remained tense and UNAMIR had received 123 people from various communes seeking protection. Reports of mass arrests continued and in every commune there were reports of men sleeping in the bush at night for fear of being killed. In Sector 4, RPA troops opened fire on two boats on Lake Kivu killing one person. In Sector 4C, former Government forces elements crossed into Rwanda in boats from Zaire stealing and looting 14 houses.

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

The Nigerian battalion rotation for 05 April was cancelled because the incoming Nigerian troops had

passport problems. The Force Commander, in response to operational necessity decided to hold the remaining troops in theatre until the rotation schedule can return to normal.

In Sector 2 at the RUSUMO border point, three trailers carrying six UNAMIR vehicles were stopped by custom officials who demanded US$100 per vehicle as road tax. The Rwandan border was still closed and the WFP trucks were still held up at the border.

HUMANITARIAN

On 05 April, about 200 Rwandan children jailed on suspicion of taking part in massacres will be moved from overcrowded prisons to a juvenile detention centre, UNICEF said. The children are all under the age of 14, and the youngest is five. UNICEF said that under an accord reached with the Rwandan Government, the young prisoners would be moved by the end of April. (AFP)

Investigators in Rwanda have evidence against some 400 suspects who may be tried by an international court for leading genocide during last year's civil war, head of the criminal tribunal, Justice Goldstone said. "Based on our investigations to date, we have identified approximately 400 suspects who may be prosecuted for acts of genocide and crimes against humanity". (AFP)

Radio Rwanda reported that on 04 April, five Rwandese Human Rights Associations published a communiqué in which they asked for a postponement of the genocide trials for the following reasons:

- The necessary conditions are not yet in place in order to properly judge those accused of genocide.
- The Rwandese Parliament had not yet voted laws on genocide or on penalties.
- The Rwandese Judicial system has not yet been established.
- The first trials of genocide should involve the planners instead of just those who killed two or three people.
- Genocide trials are a serious matter and should not be held simply as a symbolic event.

F 1596

(TWO)

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 2/GP No VI**	DTG: **04 APRIL 1995**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

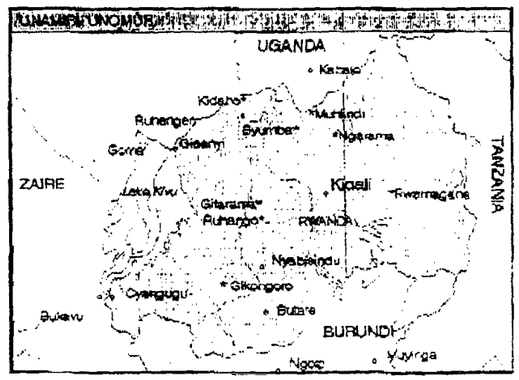
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 04 April 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- A total of 400 Hutus were massacred in north-east Burundi.
- Eight people will go on trial for genocide on 06 April.

POLITICAL

A total of eight prisoners accused of taking part in the genocide last year of Rwandan Tutsis and opposition Hutus will be brought to trial in KIGALI on 06 April. The charge sheet, written in Kinyarwanda and translated said the eight defendants were accused of having "participated in the operation of genocide against Tutsis and all those who did not share the views of the Republican National Movement for Development and Democracy and the Campaign for the Defence of Democracy ". (AFP)



BURUNDI: On 03 April, the president of Burundi said his country faced the prospect of double genocide in which Hutus slaughter Tutsis, and vice versa, in a bloodbath worse than the Rwandan massacre last year. "There are now parallels with Rwanda which we must avoid," the president said. (AFP)

Burundi troops and Tutsi gunmen massacred an estimated 400 Hutus, mostly women and children, in north-east Burundi last week, diplomats and aid workers said. "There is no question, this is genocide," a Western diplomat said. Asked about the killings, USA Ambassador Robert Krueger who visited MUYINGA hospital and saw the survivors, said the vast majority of those killed were women and children. "It is a horrendous massacre," he said. "These aren't just people caught up in the crossfire." (REUTER)

MILITARY

On 03 April, the military situation was stable, however the border areas and selected communess still remained tensed. In Sector 3C, at the GITARAMA prison, one local was shot dead and three others injured. The RPA also reported that prisoners had removed mortar from the bricks at the prison and they feared a mass escape attempt in the near future. Incidents of mass arrests were also reported in MURAMBA and the RPA had confirmed that a military exercise would be carried out in the MUSHUBATI area on 06 April.

SECURITY AND SAFETY OF PERSONNEL

On 03 April, the RPA arrested two Ghanian battalion members for not having identification documents on them, but were later released after investigation and identification by UNAMIR.

1554

(TWO)

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 2/GP No VI**	DTG: **31 MARCH 1995**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 31 March 1995

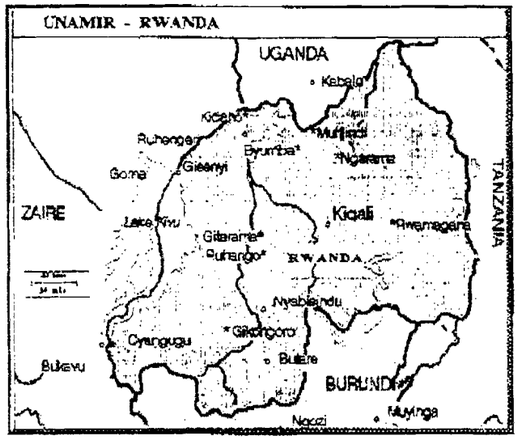
HIGHLIGHTS

▶Approximately 40,000 Rwandan Hutu refugees fled their camp in northern Burundi and marched towards Tanzania.

POLITICAL

On 30 March, the SRSG received Mr. Nguyen of UNDP, to discuss the follow-up to the round table conference. The SRSG also met with the OAU Representative regarding the upcoming visit of the OAU Secretary-General and held discussions with Ambassador De Coninck of Belgium during which the two exchanged view on the round table process, the situation in Burundi and the rehabilitation of the judicial system.

Government officials and local authorities were reported to be holding meeting in several parts of the country in an attempt to dispel rumors and also plan activities for the anniversary of the war.



MILITARY

On 30 March, in Sector 3 (KIBUYE/GITARAMA), the situation continued to be tense in anticipation of activities planned for the anniversary of the war. Government officials are trying to reduce tension, but the large number of arrests in some sectors make it difficult for them to achieve this. In Sector 4C, UNAMIR reported that a hand grenade was thrown and rifle shots were fired at ETHIOBATT troops providing security at the ICRC warehouse at KAMEMBE. A follow-up search conducted after the attack found another unexploded grenade in the vicinity. The attackers could not be identified; no casualties were reported. In Sector 5, a joint MILOB/Human Rights team investigated alleged arrests by RPA in RWERERE commune; these confirmed the arrest of six persons by the councillor of MUHANDA Sector with RPA assistance. Those arrested were accused of having participated in last year's genocide. One prisoner died while in custody at GISENYI prison. In Sector 6, MILOBS patrolling GIKOMERO were shown a mass grave which contained approximately ten bodies.

HUMANITARIAN

BURUNDI: On 30 march, approximately 40,000 Rwandan Hutu refugees fled their camp in northern Burundi and marched towards Tanzania, terrified of ethnic violence which has killed hundreds in recent days, aid workers said. "The camp (MAGARA) is completely empty and thousands more could leave from neighboring camps over the next couple of days,'' said Dominique Boutriot, spokesman for the charity Medecins Sans Frontieres. Peter Kessler of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) office in NAIROBI confirmed that the Rwandans had abandoned MAGARA in the northern Ngozi province. Refugees said they were scared about attacks on the camps following an assault on MAJURI camp on 27 March in which 12 Hutu refugees were killed and 22 were injured. MAGARA is one of four centres for Rwandan refugees who fled ethnic war at home last year in Ngozi province. In GENEVA, the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said only 11,000 had fled their camps and that 1,500 Rwandans who apparently set out on 30 March had already arrived at KITALE camp in eastern Tanzania. "There is no security here and the government of Burundi is to blame. We are afraid so we are walking to Tanzania," said one surly male refugee. Before the exodus there were some 121,000 Rwandan refugees in Ngozi province and about 80,000 more elsewhere in the north of Burundi. MSF officials said the refugees' health condition was good. But relief workers have set up mobile teams in border areas to help the weakest and most exhausted on their way during the two-day trek. (REUTER)

UN RESTRICTED

F/490

(TWO)

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PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 2/GP No VI**	DTG: **27 MARCH 1995**
TO: **AS PER DISTRIBUTION**	FROM: **SITUATION CENTRE UN HQ - DPKO**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR III - RWANDA

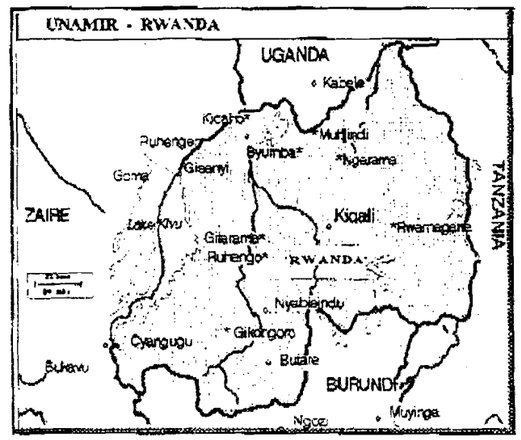
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 27 March 1995

(Covering the period from 24 to 27 March 1995)

HIGHLIGHTS

- In Burundi, approximately 50 persons have been killed in ethnic clashes in BUJUMBURA.
- Major General Paul Kagame began a working visit to China.
- Secretary-General Boutros-Ghali approved an increase in the size of the office of the SRSG for Burundi.

POLITICAL



On 23 March, Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu held a news conference. The news conference focussed on issues of security and the judicial system in Rwanda, the Rwandese media and national reconciliation. The Prime Minister said that the security situation had improved throughout the country despite incursions from the border areas. He strongly criticized the Rwandan media including Radio Rwanda which he accused of being "more destructive than constructive" and regretted the resurgence in Rwanda of the press style of Hassan Ngeze. The Prime Minister also invited UN Secretary-General Boutros-Ghali to go to BUJUMBURA to meet political leaders to find ways of resolving the political situation which he felt was "explosive". He also condemned what he called the political hypocrisy of ethnic groups hiding behind political parties which characterizes Burundian and Rwandan politics and which is used as a political strategy.

On 24 March, the UN unveiled a $23 million programme to rebuild Rwanda's justice system and help give fair trials to 20,000 people accused of taking part in genocide. The UN technical assistance programme will provide human rights training to judges and prison officials, and will also pay to rehabilitate court buildings and overcrowded prisons. (REUTER)

The remains of former Rwandan Prime Minister Agathe Uwilingiyimana and other senior Rwandan politicians will be buried in KIGALI on 07 April. A day of mourning has been declared on 07 April to allow "everyone to look back and think about the lessons so that this never happens again in Rwanda", said Prime Minister Twagiramungu. He denied rumors circulating in Rwanda that Tutsis planned to use the occasion to wreak revenge on the Hutus. The authorities, he said, "are here to prevent acts like this." (AFP)

On 24 March, the Rwandan Vice-President and Minister of Defense, Major General Paul Kagame began a working visit to China. Major General Kagame heads the Rwandan delegation seeking to restore Chinese - Rwandan co-operation.

BURUNDI: On 24 March, automatic weapons fire and explosions were heard in BUJUMBURA. The sounds of heavy fighting were heard in several districts of BUJUMBURA, particularly the central Bwiza district and Kanyosha in the south. The Tutsi-dominated army had early on 24 March sealed off Kanyosha after launching a major search operation for "armed Hutu bands". Witnesses said residents fearful of fighting between the Tutsis and the Hutus were fleeing the city, planning to take refuge in Zaire. (AFP)

On 25 March, SRSG Abdallah reported that approximately 50 persons had been killed during the previous two days of fighting. The fighting was occurring in the ethnically mixed suburbs of BUJUMBURA. Approximately 90 persons had been lightly wounded during the fighting. Mr. Abdallah estimated that 8,000 persons had fled the fighting and were relocating to other BUJUMBURA suburbs and to Zaire. During a radio broadcast, the Burundian President condemned the Hutus and the mainly Tutsi youth groups for their parts in the violence. He also announced that the Prime Minister will go to the countryside for consultations as early as next week. The President also called on all moderates to stand up to resist extremists who are promoting violence.

On 24 March, the Secretary-General approved a small increase in the size of the office of the SRSG for Burundi. The number of UN human rights staff in Burundi will also be increased from two to as many as 35. The High Commissioner for Human Rights, Mr. Ayala Lasso, will be in the country from 29 to 31 March to discuss the actions of the Human Rights Commission in the context of the programme of advisory services and technical assistance. The UN spokesman said that those measures reflected the seriousness with which the UN viewed the situation in Burundi.

On 26 March, French Foreign Minister Alain Juppé said the UN Security Council might discuss the ethnic fighting in Burundi in the next few days. (REUTER)

MILITARY

On 24 March, UNAMIR reported that the situation remained stable but was somewhat tense. Four prisoners from the GIKONGORO prison were released by the prosecutor. Three of them were arrested during Operation Hope in December 1994 on charges of participation in genocide. There was no evidence to substantiate allegations against them. Sector 3 reported the continued arrest and harassment of locals by RPA troops on allegations of participation in genocide throughout the Gitamara prefecture. The latest cases were reported from the MURURA commune.

On 25 March, the military situation was relatively stable although the border areas remained tense. In Sector 4C, the situation continued to be reported as tense due to increased robberies and killings by elements of the FRGF who seemed to be more daring and were operating without much hindrance.

On 26 March, RPA troops in Sector 4A informed UNAMIR of their intention to conduct a search operation to locate weapons in the homes of the Gikongoro prefecture.

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

On 25 March, RPA troops in Sector 5 were reported to be getting more insistent on searching UNAMIR vehicles at their check points before granting passage. UNAMIR personnel have lately been asked to sign a register and also submit their vehicles to a search, contrary to the status of mission agreement at these check points. So far these restrictions of movements have been resolved by MILOBS going to the check points with the RPA Liaison Officer to negotiate. MILOBS assessed that RPA troops in the sector may have received instructions from higher command to search UNAMIR vehicles.

HUMANITARIAN

Tanzania is holding in custody at least 600 Burundian and Rwandan refugees in prisons in northwest Kagera region on charges of theft and rape, the Kiswahili language daily *Uhuru* reported on 24 March. The region's chief administrator Mr. Mangula said that due to increased banditry by some refugees residing in several camps, tension and uncertainty has gripped the region, which hosts at least 700,000 Burundian and Rwandan refugees. A UNHCR statement said that at least $173.5 million was needed to cover the shortfall of 336,581 tonnes of food for the refugees. Britain has donated $1.35 million for the purchase of beans for refugees in Tanzania, the British High Commission in DAR ES SALAAM announced. (AFP)

According to *Radio Rwanda* the UNAMIR Nigerian contingent in BYUMBA donated to the family of the late Alphonse Gacamumakuba financial aid of RWF 482,000 to support the widow of the deceased.

On 26 March, the situation in Burundi continued to deteriorate. Forty-one Rwandan nationals who took refuge at the Rwandan Embassy in BUJUMBURA were escorted by Burundian troops to the border crossing point at KANYARU-HAUTE. The refugees were received by UNHCR BUTARE staff and transported to the BUTARE waystation. Twenty refugees, all women and children, and believed to be Rwandese were denied entry into Rwanda by RPA personnel. RPA troops maintain that the refugees were Burundian nationals and therefore required entry permits before being allowed into Rwanda. Staff of UNHCR BUTARE will proceed to KANYARU-BAS with UNAMIR personnel on 27 March to convince local authorities to allow the refugees to return home.

On 26 March, the total number of IDPs moved since the beginning of operation RETOUR was 41,804.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 24 March, SRSG Khan met with the Rwandese Prime Minister, expressing his concerns about the conditions in KIGALI prisons. On 23 March, UNAMIR civilian police monitors inspected KIGALI prison where 7,838 persons were found to be detained.

(THREE)

UNAMIR
95 MAR 21 16 36

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	**DTG: 21 MARCH 1995**
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **N\A**	
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE:	

MESSAGE

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SRSG

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR III - RWANDA

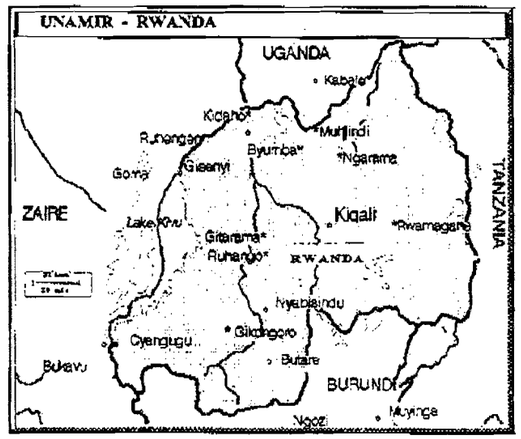
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 21 March 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- The Belgian Government condemned the attack in Burundi on Belgian citizens.
- Three people were killed in rioting in BUJUMBURA.

POLITICAL

BURUNDI: On 20 March, the Belgian Government condemned an overnight attack in Burundi on a convoy of Belgian relief workers and their families that killed three people, including a child, and wounded two others. Belgian Foreign Minister Frank Vandenbroucke issued a statement condemning the attack. However, he said he believed it was an isolated incident and was aimed at off duty soldiers in front of the Belgian convoy. He said the Belgian government was closely monitoring the security of other Belgian relief workers in the region.
The Belgian ambassador to Burundi, Marc Van Craen, called on Belgian relief workers and their families in Burundi to respect the curfew. (UPI)



On 20 March, three people were killed in rioting when youths went on the rampage in BUJUMBURA. The rioting came after an armed gang attacked a road convoy on 19 March and killed five people, including three Belgians. However, peace returned to BUJUMBURA at the end of the day. (AFP)

On 20 March, Tanzanian officials said that Burundian troops crossed into north-western Tanzania, terrifying civilians. Kagera Regional Commissioner, Mr. Phillip Mangula, said soldiers from Burundi's Tutsi-dominated army were seen at MGOMA and KASANGE in his region and RUSORO and KAGUNGA in the neighbouring KIGOMA region. They were there searching for Hutu rebels called Palipehutu. (REUTER)

During the night 20-21 March, attackers shot five people dead and wounded 11 others overnight in a working class district in the centre of BUJUMBURA. Grenades were also thrown in the neighbourhood, known as Bwiza, the police said. Four people were killed in the city (AFP).

MILITARY

On 20 March, UNAMIR reported that in Sector 4C the RPA exchanged fire with ten FRGF soldiers. Four FRGF soldiers were killed and one was captured by RPA troops.

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CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 20 March, SRSG Khan, expressed shock and concern at the death by asphyxiation of 24 prisoners in a police cell in KIGALI. He deplored the inhuman conditions to which they had been subjected, and called on the Government of Rwanda to alleviate the suffering of over 24,000 inmates in the country's overcrowded prisons. He also assured the Government that the UN would provide immediate assistance for the improvement of conditions in the prisons, and for the revival of the judicial process in Rwanda. SRSG Khan noted that the officials concerned in the tragedy had been arrested for criminal negligence, and that the Government had given assurances that such an incident would not be repeated. He urged the Government and people of Rwanda to continue to ensure complete transparency in the judicial process and to allow for due process of law to be established.

On 20 March, the Rwandan Government apologized for recent radio broadcasts which were hostile to UNAMIR. It also pledged that there would be no more such broadcasts.

On 20 March, MILOBs in different Sectors continued to receive reports and confirmations of mass arrests carried out by the RPA. The situation is Sector 3, is becoming alarming since most of the reports had been confirmed by MILOBs and other organizations. Banditry activities were reported on the increase in Sector 4C. Four armed robbery cases were reported in the NYAMASHEKE area. The robberies were carried out by seven persons in uniform and about 30 others in civilian clothes. The perpetrators were alleged to be FRGF soldiers from IJWI Island.

(THREE)

FAXIN 1013

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 16 MAR 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

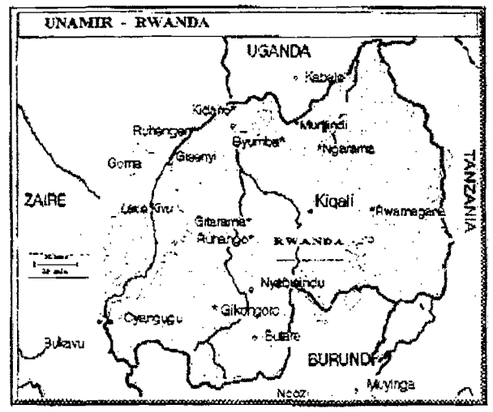
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 16 March 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- Mr. Hansen will convene a meeting to speed up disbursement of aid for Rwanda.
- The humanitarian situation in Rwanda was deteriorating.

POLITICAL

The Rwandan parliament approved an internal law, where the parliament could force the Prime Minister, Deputy Prime Minister and Government Ministers to resign with a vote of no-confidence.



MILITARY

In Sector 2, MILOBS reported that locals were unwilling to talk to them in fear of intimidation by the RPA and local authorities. In Sector 3, MILOBS were informed that 30 RPA soldiers arrived in the area of Runda Commune and established an unofficial prison, after arresting male Hutus. During the arrests, one person was shot and another beaten to death. All Hutus were reported to have left the area after the incident. Sector MILOBS and human rights personnel were investigating.

HUMANITARIAN

The humanitarian situation in Rwanda was becoming more urgent as desperately needed aid funds have failed to materialize, according to a UN spokesman. He said that the situation was extremely serious and that the Rwandan Government did not have the resources to function without assistance. In an effort to speed up the process, the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs, Mr. Hansen, will convene a meeting on 16 March with representatives of 14 Governments, the European Union, the World Bank and UN agencies.

The European Union (EU) should shift its aid policy toward Rwanda to give priority to setting up a proper legal system, the EU's humanitarian aid chief said. "The legal problem is the most explosive one," Commissioner Bonino, who returned from a visit to Rwanda, Burundi and Zaire, said. "There is absolutely no state of law." She said only six judges were left in Rwanda, and some two million refugees were reluctant to return home because there was no system for resolving disputes over land. The International Court of Justice would be an indispensable tool in investigating the genocide, but it lacked money to do the job properly. She said she knew her proposal to aid Rwanda's legal system would be controversial because

it would be expensive, but she said she was confident the full European Commission would support her. (REUTER)

Mount Nyiragongo, the active volcano in eastern Zaire said to be threatening Rwandan refugees, is unlikely to erupt, according to an Italian volcanologist, Dario Tedesco, who is monitoring eastern Zaire's volcanos for the UN. Some experts have predicted that it could erupt, threatening the estimated one million people living nearby. The 720,000 Rwandan refugees would be safe, Tedesco said, because their camps are not in the path of the lava, but GOMA's 200,000 residents, just 15 kms from the volcano, would be at risk. (REUTER)

Anger was rising among the nearly one million Rwandan refugees in Zaire. The refugees, said international aid agencies who have halved their food rations are in a conspiracy with the new leaders in KIGALI. Rations were cut because of the poor response by donor countries to fund-raising appeals this year by the WFP and other UN and private relief agencies. "The donors are trying to push people to go home, but they fear to go back to Rwanda because they will be killed," said Gaspard Nyabuhinja, a leader among the 200,000 refugees in Kibumba camp outside the border city of GOMA in eastern Zaire. "The tension is mounting again," said Nina Nobel, a Swede and one of those threatened. "I am definitely more careful and I avoid crowds now." "They say we are working for the RPF," said Guy Avogn of the UN refugee agency. (REUTER)

CIVIL AFFAIRS

CIVPOL visited the Rwanda Central Bank in KIGALI, and were informed that the new Bank of Trade and Development and Industries was to start operating on 01 April.

SECURITY AND SAFETY OF PERSONNEL

In Sector 2 at MUGESERA, human rights monitors were confronted at gunpoint by RPA troops and warned to leave the area. MILOBS visited the area, but were not allowed to patrol MUGESERA. The reason for the restriction was unknown. Human rights monitors were informed of a UNDP staff member, Mr. Birushya, who had been arrested on suspicion of being involved in the war.

(THREE)

993

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 15 MAR 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
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INFORMATION: **N\A**	
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SRSG FC E/D CAO

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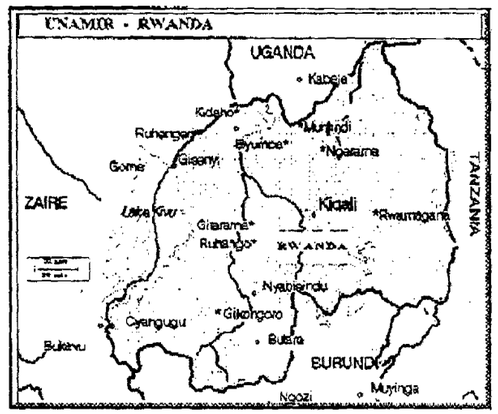
DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT
UNAMIR - RWANDA
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 15 March 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- The SRSG met with the Rwandan President.
- The Burundi President asked for international support.

POLITICAL

On 13 March, the SRSG accompanied by the Force Commander and Executive Director, held a meeting with President Bizimungo. The SRSG expressed his concern that recent attitudes from government elements at the middle and lower level reflected an unfriendly even hostile stance towards the UN, the Agencies and the international community. This was not in consonance with the positive attitude of the leadership. The President gave the assurance that the Rwanda Government remained appreciative and co-operative with UNAMIR. As for UN rights and privileges, he said that there was no direction from the government and some headstrong officials may have taken the initiative into their own hands. He requested his "Chef de Cabinet," Emmanuel Gasana, to look into the case of the Mission Status Agreement.



On 14 March, the SRSG and Force Commander visited the Rwandan Vice President and Minister of Defence. The overall security situation in the country was discussed.

BURUNDI: On 14 March, Burundi's President asked the international community to help his impoverished country avert the genocide that ravaged neighbouring Rwanda. His call for help was immediately supported by Belgium, which appealed to the world to devote more attention to the tiny central African state. (REUTER)

MILITARY

On 14 March, a RPA soldier sought protection at the UNAMIR headquarters. He claimed that his fellow soldiers have threatened to kill him for not complying with orders to kill a Hutu relative. In Sector 4C, MILOBS confirmed the shooting on 24 February near the orphanage in KAMEMBE, which resulted in the death of 12 people from NKOMBO ISLAND. The RPA had earlier denied any engagement The military situation was reported to be stable, but still tense.

HUMANITARIAN

In Sector 6, the Indian battalion clinic which used to provide primary health care to the local population, was closed to locals by order from the Ministry of Health. The bartalion was protesting against this decision.

(THREE)

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 14 MAR 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
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SRSG FC CAO E/D12

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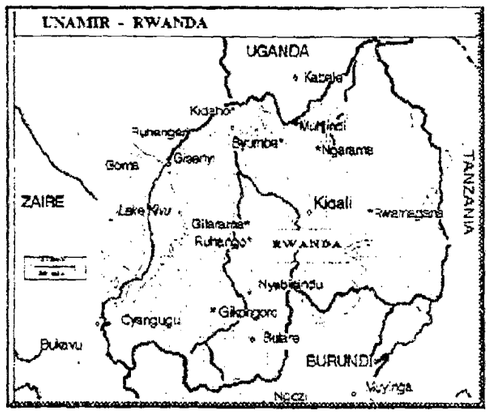
DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT
UNAMIR - RWANDA
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 14 March 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

▸The WFP and UNHCR asked the international community for support to counter food shortages.

POLITICAL

UNAMIR reported, that according to *RADIO RWANDA,* President Bizimungu visited the Mutara area to assess the problems related to the resettlement of refugees living in the area. Among the problems examined by the President were, the lack of clean water, cattle diseases and the people's mistrust of government armed forces.



BURUNDI: In a statement, Communications Minister Nkeshimana, said four days of mourning would be observed from 13 March until the burial on 16 March of Energy and Mines Minister Kabushemeye. (REUTER)

MILITARY

In Sector 2, a patrol reported that locals were apprehensive about arrests being carried our in the area by the RPA. During the past week 32 people were arrested. The military situation remained stable, but tense.

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

In Sector 5, CIVPOL reported that the RPA were subjecting UNAMIR vehicles to vigorous searches at their check-points. At RUSIZI, in Sector 4C, RPA troops detained a UNHCR vehicle and the driver. The troops insisted on seeing the driver's superior before he was released. MILOBS were investigating the incident.

HUMANITARIAN

The WFP and UNHCR have urged the international community to act quickly to counter dramatic food shortages threatening more than 3 million Rwandese and Burundi refugees. The WFP said $385 million in aid was needed this year, but only $155 million has been pledged so far. The WFP and UNHCR said political solutions leading to early repatriation of refugees and displaced persons could not be achieved when hundreds of thousands of civilians were insecure about the food supply.

(THREE)

F/in – 936

PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 13 MAR 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
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(SRSG) FC CMC E/D.R

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 13 March 1995

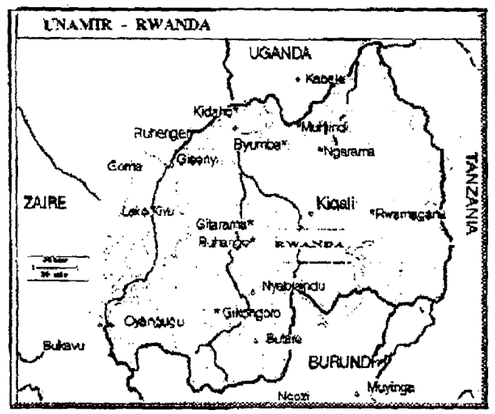
(Covering the period from 10 to 13 March 1995)

HIGHLIGHTS

►The Burundi Minister of Energy and Mines was assassinated in BUJUMBURU.

POLITICAL

On 11 March, SRSG Khan, the Executive Director and the DFC met with the World Bank Mission on Population Displacement and Refugee Reintegration.



The Rwandan Foreign Minister, Mr. Gasana, held talks with the Belgian Ambassador to Rwanda. Their talks focused on the Belgian contribution to the Rwandan judicial and education systems. Mr. Gasana also met the Resident Representative of the UN Development Programme (UNDP), Mr. Hasekawa, to discuss the implementation of the Geneva Round-Table Pledges. Mr. Hasekawa announced that UNDP will establish a permanent secretariat to follow-up the implementation of the Geneva Round-Table resolutions.

BURUNDI: On 11 March, unknown attackers shot and killed Burundi's Energy and Mines Minister, Ernest Kabushemeye, in BUJUMBURA. Mr. Kabushemeye, a Hutu, was a prominent leader in the governing coalition of the majority Hutu-led government and was head of the Burundian People's Rally party. As news of the energy minister's murder spread, panicky residents of the capital rushed to their homes and the city's main market closed amid fears there could be an explosion of ethnic bloodletting. Calm returned by midday, but most people remained indoors. UN special envoy to Burundi, Ahmedou Ould Abdallah, condemned the killing. (REUTER) The UN special envoy to Burundi, Ambassador Abdallah, confirmed the information telephonically.

On 12 March, gunfire and grenade explosions were heard overnight in BUJUMBURA. Police arrested two suspects linked with the killing of Energy and Mines Minister Kabushemeye, state radio reported. There were no initial reports of casualties from the overnight shooting and residents said the city was calm again. (AFP)

MILITARY

On 10 March, in Sector 3, MILOBS reported that the RPA continued with intimidation and arrests. In GITARAMA many arrests were carried out by RPA troops.

On 11 March, in Sector 2, MILOBS reported that the RPA assaulted some locals in KAJESI for speaking to the observers. The matter will be taken up with the local RPA commander. In Sector 3, four people were injured in a grenade explosion in the Musambira commune. The incident occurred after a nine year old boy picked up the grenade from a nearby field. Two of the injured were transferred to a hospital in KIGALI. In Sector 4C, the RPA exchanged fire with bandits on a robbery mission. No arrests were made and the bandits escaped with some of the stolen goods.

On 12 March, in Sector 3, inhabitants in the area expressed the intention of going back to the DP camps in Sector 4A, or flee the country.

During the period, the military situation in Rwanda continued to be stable, but tense. The total number of IDP's moved since the start of Operation Retour was 40,711.

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

In Sector 2, CIVPOL Observers reported that the leader of the Human Rights Monitor team in KIBUNGO was expelled from the area on 09 March on orders from the prefect of KIBUNGO. No reason was given and an investigation was in progress. In Sector 3, the RPA denied access to a Malawi platoon to BUSOLO for unknown reasons.

HUMANITARIAN

On 11 March, MILOBS reported that according to locals the health centre at MUKONDO, Sector 1, were charging 1,650 RFR before referring serious cases to the hospital in KIGALI. Most locals were unable to pay the amount. A MILOB patrol in Sector 6 visited the prison at GISHAKA. The prisoners complained about overcrowding and the lack of sleeping space in the prison. Most of the prisoners were accused of either stealing livestock or participating in genocide. Another detention facility was located in SHANGO near the school buildings, where nine people were detained.

CASUALTIES

On 13 March, at MURAMBI in Sector 4A, a UN soldier allegedly shot and killed another UN soldier and then killed himself. The reason for the incident was unknown. UNAMIR was investigating the incident.

(THREE)

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 10 MAR 93
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL K. JOBSON**
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SRSG FC DMO CIVPOL

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

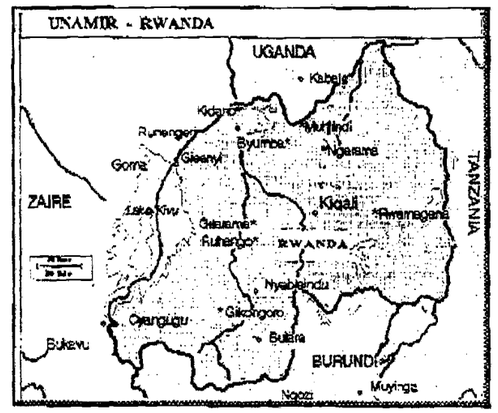
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 10 March 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- The Rwandan Vice President questioned the number of UNAMIR troops needed in Rwanda.
- The Security Council expressed its concern with the situation in Burundi.
- The European Union said it was providing more aid to Rwanda and Burundi.

POLITICAL

UNAMIR reported that Rwandan Vice President Kagame, requested UNAMIR to examine whether as many as 6,000 UN troops were needed in Rwanda. He said that Rwanda should choose the kind of assistance they needed and should not be imposed upon regarding assistance.



BURUNDI: On 09 March, the Security Council expressed its deep concern with the continuing climate of uncertainty in Burundi. The Council condemned those within and outside the country who were using undemocratic methods to nullify the agreed power. It reaffirmed its support for the Convention of Government Agreement and the coalition Government established under it. Noting the appointment of the Prime Minister and his Cabinet, it urged all parties in Burundi to work together to ensure stability in the country. The Council stressed the importance of assistance to help strengthen the national judicial system.

MILITARY

In Sector 1, it was reported that incidents of banditry across the border at GATUNGA had ceased due to improved co-operation between Ugandan and Rwandan border security personnel.

HUMANITARIAN

On 09 March, the European Union said that it was providing 12 million ECUs in food aid for refugees from Rwanda and Burundi, mainly in camps in Tanzania and Burundi. It will also send 40 European human rights observers to the country. The observers, to be sent following an agreement with the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, will join the current UN operation and stay for up to five months. (REUTER)

A total of 186 internally displaced persons (IDPs) were evacuated from KIBEHO, NDAGO and KAMANA bringing the total of IDPs moved since the start of Operation Retour to 40,554 people.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

Nine independent offices have been legalized in Rwanda to carry out the exchange of foreign currencies.

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(THREE)

P/IN 922

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 09 MAR 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **N\A**	
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE:	

MESSAGE

1. **FOR ATTENTION OF THE FORCE COMMANDER.**

2. **PLEASE FIND A COPY OF THE DAILY UNAMIR REPORT PRODUCED BY THE SITUATION CENTRE.**

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SRSG FC CAB E/DIR

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

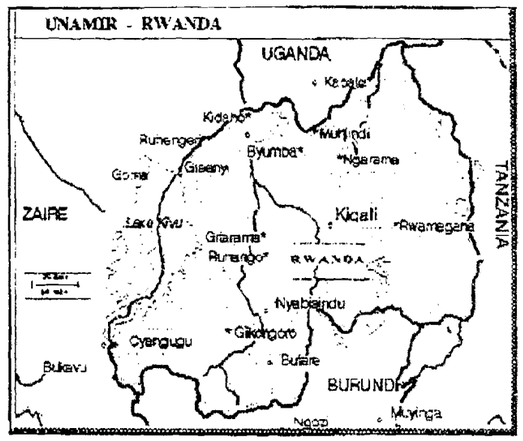
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 09 March 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

►High Commissioner for Human Rights Lasso called for funds to re-establish the justice system.

POLITICAL

On 08 March, the Government of Rwanda celebrated the International Women's Day with a ceremony held at NTARAMA which was attended by President Bizimungo, Prime Minister Twagiramungu, members of the Cabinet and the diplomatic corps. SRSG Khan was also in attendance to address the ceremony.



MILITARY

On 08 March, in Sector 2, UNAMIR patrols in RUSUMO and RUKIRA reported that most of the returnees to these areas preferred to settle by the roadside leaving the countryside vacant. They explained to the MILOBS that this was due to threats of armed robbery from people crossing from Tanzania. In Sector 3, a joint MILOB\CIVPOL patrol was sent to MURAMA commune to check on the status of returnees there. The patrol confirmed several arrests had been carried out by the RPA in the area. The locals were reported to be living in fear of the RPA. In Sector 4B, patrols to the GITESI commune were informed of several arrests by the RPA in the area. The Mayor confirmed one arrest on 06 March. The main reason for the arrests were alleged participation in genocide.

HUMANITARIAN

On 08 March, High Commissioner for Human Rights Lasso called for Governments to make funds quickly available to re-establish the system of justice in Rwanda. In an urgent appeal for aid, Mr. Lasso said the Rwandan people had been working towards reconciliation, but assistance from the international community to support an independent and impartial justice system was indispensable if the process was to continue. The High Commissioner's field operation in Rwanda has been working with the Rwandan Minister of Justice to help establish an effective justice system.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 08 March, a spokesman for the Belgian public prosecutor's office indicated that Belgium named on 02 March a magistrate to deal with legal cases filed in BRUSSELS against people accused of committing genocide in Rwanda. Legal sources indicated that the magistrate would have the power to arrest those alleged to be involved in genocide who fled to Belgium. (REUTER)

SECURITY AND SAFETY OF PERSONNEL

On 08 March, a CIVIPOL Observer was robbed at gun point by three men at his residence in KIGALI. They stole his UN vehicle, and UN ID card.

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(THREE)

PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 07 MAR 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **N\A**	
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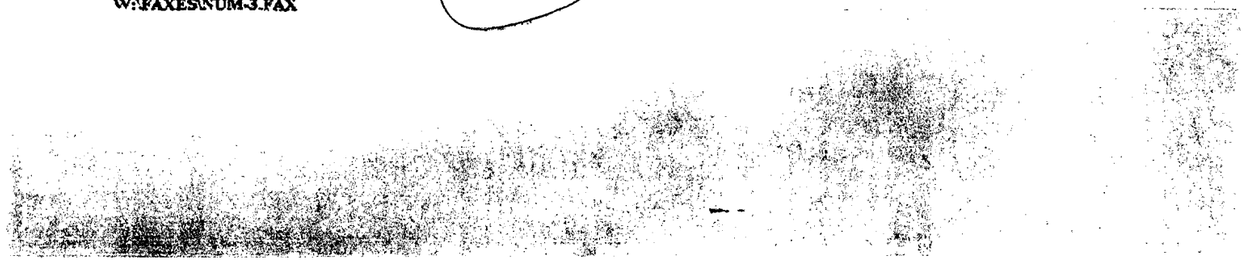

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT
UNAMIR - RWANDA
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 07 March 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

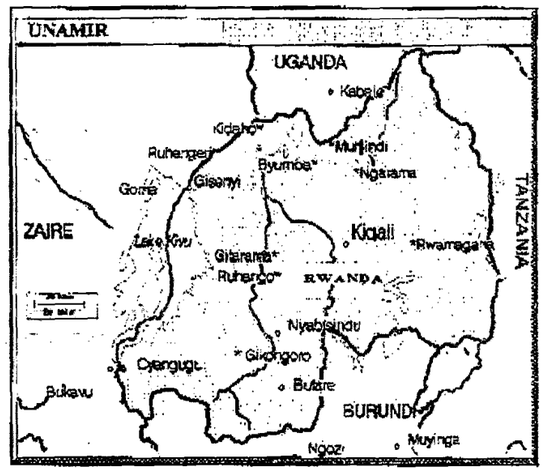
►A cabinet meeting was held in KIGALI. A decision was made to institute a floating exchange rate.

►Burundi's new Prime Minister filled his last ministerial vacancy before chairing his first cabinet meeting.

►SRSG Khan attended the funeral for Mr. Rwangabo, the Prefect of Butare in BUTARE.

POLITICAL

On 06 March, a cabinet meeting under the chairmanship of President Bizimungu was held in KIGALI. A decision was made to institute a floating exchange rate which will be determined by the Rwandan National Bank and the relevant foreign currency exchange offices with effect from 14 March 1995. The institution of a floating currency is a condition imposed by the EU as part of its programme of assistance.



On 06 March, SRSG Khan, accompanied by other UN officials, attended the funeral service for Mr. Rwangabo, the Prefect of Butare in BUTARE who was killed in an ambush on 04 March.

BURUNDI: On 06 March, Burundi's Prime Minister Nduwayo, filled his last ministerial vacancy before chairing his first cabinet meeting on 07 March. A statement said he appointed Mr. Astere Nzisabira as Minister of Trade, Industry and Tourism. (REUTER)

MILITARY

In Sector 1, the RPA conducted a search operation in the area around Camp Byumba where hand grenades were thrown at UNAMIR guards on 05 March. In Sector 4A, the RPA section at NYAMIGA opened fire and killed three civilians.

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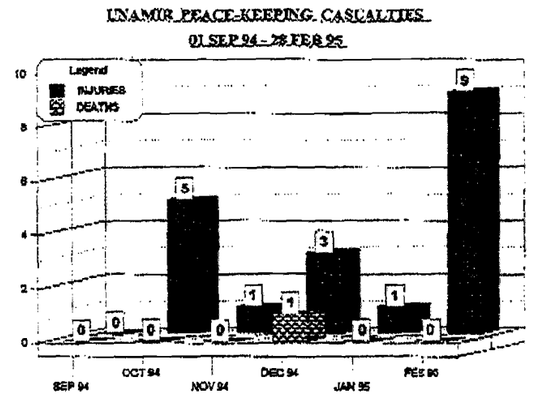
CASUALTIES



HUMANITARIAN

On 06 March, Sector 2 received 19 internally displaced persons (IDPs) at NGENDA and RILIMA and 18 IDPs at BARE. In Sector 4C, a total of 34 refugees were transported to KIGALI and NYAGATARA. In Sector 6, 121 IDPs arrived at NDERA and a total of 379 were moved to NGENDA, GASHORA and BUTARA.
The total number of IDPs, moved since the beginning of Operation Retour was 40,224 persons.

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PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 06 MAR 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR II - RWANDA

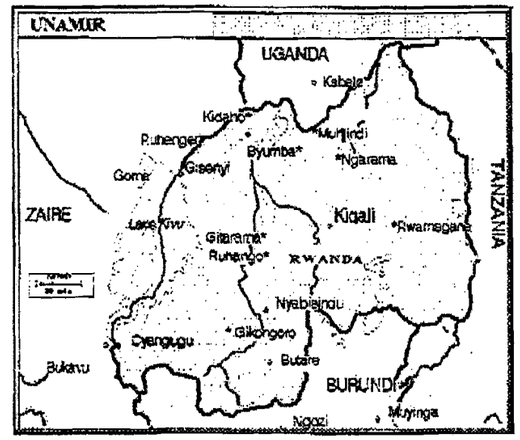
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 06 March 1995
(Covering the period from 03 to 06 March 1995)

HIGHLIGHTS

►Masked gunmen ambushed and killed the Governor of the southern province of Butare.

►SRSG Khan indicated at a press conference in NAIROBI that conditions in prisons in RWANDA were so bad that inmates were living under a virtual "death sentence".

►A UN Security Council delegation urged Rwanda to intensify efforts to repatriate 2 million Rwandan refugees.



POLITICAL

On 04 March, masked gunmen ambushed and killed the Governor of the southern province of Butare, Mr. Pierre-Clavier Rwangabo, and his driver 5 kms north of BUTARE The ambush party escaped.

On 03 March, SRSG Khan met with the Special Envoy of the European Union, Ambassador Kratz. The overall situation in Rwanda as well as the upcoming visit of an EU delegation were discussed.

On 03 March, Rwandan Foreign Minister Gasana held talks with the UNHCR Deputy Representative in Rwanda, Mr. Ezayed. He was informed that High Commissioner Lasso would visit Rwanda from 27 to 29 March. The government was asked to publish a list of those responsible for massacres in Rwanda.

On 03 March, the Commander of the Rwandan National Gendarmerie under the regime of the exiled Rwandan government, Lt Col Munyakazi, returned from Zaire.

On 04 March, SRSG Khan indicated at a press conference in NAIROBI that conditions in prisons in Rwanda were so bad that inmates were living under a virtual "death sentence". SRSG Khan criticized the international community for not acting fast enough to help Rwanda establish a judicial system to try an estimated 23,000 people suspected of participating in attempted genocide. Mr. Khan added that the jails were so congested that an average of 45 prisoners were dying daily of diseases in jails around the country. (AFP)

BURUNDI: On 03 March, the Security Council mission to Burundi described the political situation in the country as precarious and potentially explosive. In a report to the Council, the mission said extremist Tutsi and Hutu elements within and outside the Government had not accepted power-sharing arrangements contained in the Convention of Government agreement signed last September. Moderates who formed the majority had been silenced through intimidation and threats, and the judicial system had largely collapsed. As a result, the survival of the coalition government, as well as peace and security in

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Burundi and the region, was threatened. The mission recommended that the UN presence in Burundi be strengthened to help build an impartial judicial system, train civilian police and establish effective administration in the provinces. The mission also recommended that UNCHR deploy monitors throughout the country. The number of observers from the OAU should be increased from 46 and restrictions on their movement lifted. An international commission of inquiry into the October 1993 coup attempt and massacre which followed should be set up as soon as possible, the report said.

MILITARY

During the period, the military situation in Rwanda was reported to continue to be under control. However, on 05 March the situation became more tenuous and tense due to the assassination of the prefect of BUTARE.

On 05 March, two grenades were thrown by unknown persons at the Nigerian Guard Post at BYUMBA Camp in Sector 1, injuring two soldiers. An investigation was ongoing.

On 04 March, Sector 4B MILOBS reported that the RPA had shot and killed two alleged thieves in Rwamapata Commune.

In Sector 4C, the RPA shot and killed one local on the banks of Lake KIVO on 02 March. The RPA alleged that the local was meeting bandits at the location. On 05 March, acts of banditry were reported to be increasing in the NYAMASHEKE area following the withdrawal of Ethiopian troops during their rotation and the RPA was reported to have ambushed a boat and killed three out of four alleged bandits.

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

On 03 March, 40 UN vehicles were reported to have been detained at the GATUNA border, since 27 February by Rwandanese custom officials who claim US$50 for each vehicle.

HUMANITARIAN

On 03 March, 332 refugees arrived at Nyagatara Camp in Sector 1. An outbreak of measles in the camp was also reported. In Sector 6, 98 IDPs arrived at Ndera Camp. A total of 186 IDPs were evacuated by UNHCR from KIBEHO and NYAMIGINA. On 04 March, 719 refugees crossed the KAGITUMBA border in Sector 1, 11 IDPs arrived at KAZENZE in Sector 2, a large number of IDPs arrived at Nyambaragasa DP Camp in MUNINI in Sector 4A, 24 IDPs arrived at Nygatara Camp in Sector 4C and 388 IDPs arrived at Ndera Camp in Sector 6.

CASUALTIES

On 05 March, two Nigerian battalion soldiers were injured in Sector 1. One sustained serious injuries and was evacuated to KIGALI. His condition was described as stable.

(THREE)

INFAX 788

PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 01 MAR 95.
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **N\A**	
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 01 March 1995

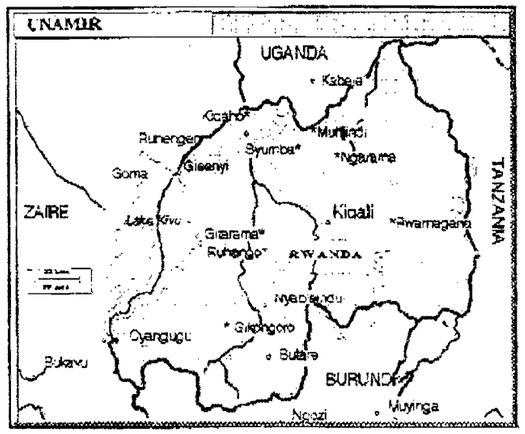
HIGHLIGHTS

▸Prime Minister Twagiramungu said that UN laws should be modified in the event of massacres to allow UN soldiers to use their weapons to protect law abiding citizens.

▸The total Rwandan refugee border crossings for February were, inflow 29,103 and outflow 50.

POLITICAL

On 28 February, Rwandan Prime Minister Twagiramungu returned from Great Britain where he addressed an International Conference on Humanitarian and Military Intervention. Mr. Twagiramungu stated that he informed the conference that the Rwandans had expected the UN soldiers to save them from massacres, but that the soldiers took their weapons and left. Mr. Twagiramungu asked that the UN laws be modified in the event of massacres to allow UN soldiers to use their weapons to protect law abiding citizens.



The Rwandan Minister of Justice left for GENEVA to participate in a UNHCR meeting.

MILITARY

On 27 February, in KIBULEMERA, an unknown group believed to be former inhabitants of the town attacked the town. The group used machetes and spears and wounded four persons. One woman was raped in the incident.

HUMANITARIAN

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) distributed seed to more than 70,000 families in Rwanda and the programme was nearing its end. The seed distribution programme covered 18 municipalities, mostly in the south-west of the country where families were especially vulnerable, an ICRC statement said. (AFP)

On 28 February, MILOBS monitored the exhumation of bodies from a mass grave near KIGALI hospital. It was expected that approximately 5,000 corpses would be found and transferred to Nyamirambo Cemetery for reburial.

On 28 February, UNAMIR confirmed with the commune head at TUMBA in Sector 1, that 2,600 displaced persons had so far returned to their homes. NGO's, Care International and the ICRC are operating within the commune.

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On 28 February, residents of Nyarubaka sector complained of harassment, extortion and at times, robbery by some RPA soldiers. UNAMIR was also told that many of the residents of Nyarubaka sector slept in the fields at night and returned to their homes during daylight.

On 28 February, the total border crossings of Rwandan refugees for February were, inflow 29,103 and outflow 50.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 28 February, UNAMIR reported that the counsellor of NTENYO in Tambwe Commune, Mr. Samuel, was arrested by the RPA. Mr. Samuel was suspected of having a role in last year's genocide.

On 26 February in Ruhengeri Prefecture, four persons were killed in an incident involving the local gendamerie and unknown suspects.

(THREE)

F/IN - 689

PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 22 FEB 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **NIA**	
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

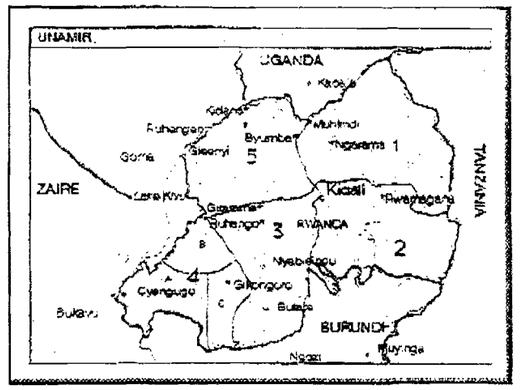
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 22 February 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

▸The Force Commander promised to assist in improving living conditions in GITARAMA prison.

POLITICAL



BURUNDI: On 22 February, BUJUMBURA slowly returned to work after opposition parties agreed on a candidate for Prime Minister and called off a seven-day general strike. BUJUMBURA central market and banks opened, but many businessmen failed to return to work despite a call from the opposition UPRONA party for them to end the stoppage. (AFP)

MILITARY

On 21 February, in Sector 4C CYANGUGU, UNMOs reported an increase in the strength of RPA forces; however, it was unknown if it was a general troop rotation or a buildup for a specific operation. The locals in CYANGGU are also nervous due to arrests in the prefecture by the RPA and local authorities. The locals in BUGEZA reported that there were nightly attacks on their village by armed uniformed men. They have formed a vigilante group for their own protection.
In Sector 5C at GISENYI intensive patrols were conducted by UNMOs following serious looting over the past two days.

HUMANITARIAN

On 21 February, the Force Commander (FC) and the Tunisian Chief of Army Staff visited the prison at GITARAMA and found that there were 4,500 people in a jail designed to accommodate 500 people. There were no suitable living conditions and an average of seven people died per day due to disease. The purpose of the visit was to evaluate the needs of the jail and try to generate interest amongst the NGOs and the UN Rwanda Emergency Office to participate in improving living conditions. UNAMIR through the FC announced its intention to assist in improving living conditions.

(THREE)

F/IN - 802

PRIORITY
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95 MAR 2 17 51

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 02 MAR 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

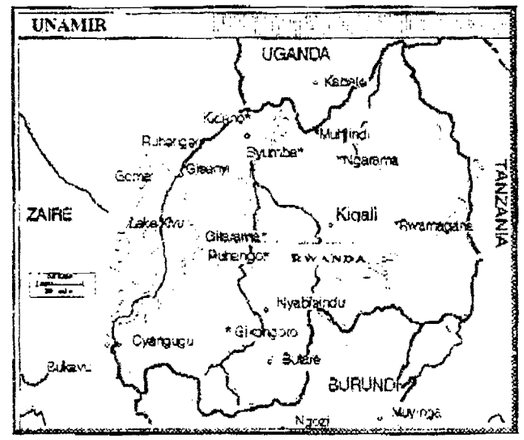
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 02 March 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

►The General Assembly included two new items on its agenda related to financing and selection of judges for the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda.

►Rwanda plans to try its first genocide case in March.

POLITICAL



The General Assembly has decided to include in it's agenda two new items related to the financing and selection of judges for the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda. The item on the Tribunal's financing will be allocated to the Fifth Committee (Administrative and Budgetary), and the item on the selection of judges will be considered in the plenary.

Rwanda plans to try its first genocide case in March. Prime Minister Twagiramungu has reaffirmed the government's priority commitment to speedy trials, notwithstanding such problems as overcrowded prisons and shortages of funds and staff. Trials of those accused of planning and carrying out the massacres, the prime minister stressed in an interview, would underscore the government's determination to uproot the culture of impunity that was entrenched in the Hutu-led regime that Twagiramungu's Rwandan Patriotic Front overthrew last year. Only with trials and punishment of the guilty, Twagiramungu insisted, can Rwanda begin reconciliation between majority Hutus and the Tutsis and contemplate an eventual amnesty in Rwanda. (LW)

BURUNDI: Burundi radio reported that a new government under newly-appointed Prime Minister Nduwayo was named on 01 March. In an interview with the radio station, Nduwayo called on all Burundians to back his cabinet, but acknowledged that some people might be disappointed that it was largely unchanged from the last government. "I call on you to trust the new government and help it extricate our country from its problems," Nduwayo said. He noted that the commerce and industry portfolio remained vacant as the party allocated this ministry, the Rally for Democracy and Economic and Social Development, had not presented an acceptable candidate. "We intend to appoint a minister very soon," he said. "We have asked them to propose another one within 48 hours." (AFP)

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A military source said the military camp at CIBITOKE, 70 kms north of the BUJUMBURA, was attacked on the morning of 01 March by about 40 men armed with automatic weapons. The attackers were beaten back and forced to flee towards Zaire. The source said there were no military casualties, but an unknown number of the gunmen were killed. (REUTER)

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

On 01 March, MILOBS escorted a UNHCR official to NGENDA to investigate the arrest of a returnee by the RPA. They were denied access to the Commune office by the Counsellor of RUTONDE.

HUMANITARIAN

On 01 March, Zaire's Foreign Minister Bululu said that, Zairean soldiers had taken control of Rwandan refugee camps and disarmed former soldiers staying in them. "Allegations by Rwandan authorities that the defeated army have been allowed to train in a bid to resume the war in Rwanda are totally groundless," Bululu said at a news conference televised on 01 March. Some 1,500 Zairean soldiers have deployed at camps in the northern towns of GOMA and BUKAVU under contract with UNHCR. (REUTER)

On 01 March, MILOBS in Sector 4C reported that the RPA in MURUNDA had confiscated and refused to return two vehicles donated by the NGO Memisa to the local hospital.

On 01 March, an ADRA official reported that registered returnees often returned to Uganda after being issued with food and seeds at NYAGATARE. ADRA intended to halt operations at the reception centre as a result of this. MILOBS have agreed to establish a temporary observation post at NYAGATARE to monitor the situation.

On 01 March, MILOBS reported that 15 deaths had been recorded in Gitarama Prison between 22 - 27 February. The prison population stood at 5,034, an increase of 400 prisoners since the last visit.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 01 March, the Mayor of Bugarama Commune informed UNAMIR that nine locals were reported to have been arrested by the RPA at NYAKABUYE on 27 February. The RPA charged that the nine were involved with genocide.

On 01 March, MILOBS began investigations into the arrest of 14 persons by the RPA at RUBONA in Sector 2. MILOBS reported the detention of 25 persons at the RUTSIRO and MURANDA detention centre. Nine of the 25 were reported to have allegedly been involved with genocide.

(THREE)

UNAMIR
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 21 Feb 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL K.G.JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **N\A**	
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE:	

MESSAGE

1. **FOR ATTENTION OF THE FORCE COMMANDER.**

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 21 February 1995

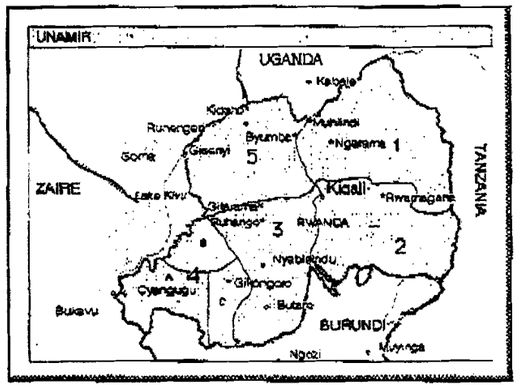
(Covering the period from 17 February to 21 February 1995)

HIGHLIGHTS

- The OAU mini-summit in BUJUMBURA was cancelled because of unrest in Burundi.
- Mr. Antoine Nduwayo was elected as the new Prime Minister of Burundi.
- The Rwandan cabinet approved the recruitment of foreign judges.

POLITICAL

On 17 February, the SRSG left for BUJUMBURA to attend the final session of the OAU/UNHCR Regional Summit scheduled to take place on 18 February. The Rwandan Government delegation was led by Mr. Bihozagara, the Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration.



On 19 February, *RWANDAN RADIO* reported that the Rwandan cabinet had approved in principal the recruitment of foreign judges to replace those killed last year. The decision was taken at a cabinet meeting chaired by President Bizimungu. Current law requires judges to be Rwandans. (REUTERS)

On 20 February, the SRSG held discussions with Prime Minister Twagiramungu on the issue of security and international assistance to Rwanda.

REGIONAL ISSUES: On 17 February, a conference on central Africa's refugee crisis adopted a plan of action, but Burundi's outgoing Prime Minister Kanyenkiki said it was the people's responsibility to avert another Rwanda and must oppose being led to genocide. The three-day conference on the 3.8 million refugees and displaced people in the region agreed on a plan hailed by the UN High Commissioner for Refugees as a key document. (REUTERS)

On 18 February, a mini-summit of heads of state in the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) to be held in BUJUMBURA was cancelled with no reason given for the cancellation. Burundian officials said only three African heads of state, from Rwanda, Zambia and Tanzania, had actually pledged to come to Burundi, making plans for the mini-summit difficult from the start. The OAU summit was to follow after a three-day international conference here that adopted an action plan to encourage the return of some 3.8 million refugees displaced Burundians and people from neighbouring Rwanda who fled their country last year. (AFP)

BURUNDI: On 20 February, the Tutsi-dominated opposition called off a strike that paralysed Burundi and threatened to plunge the country into renewed inter-ethnic warfare following an agreement on a candidate to succeed the Prime Minister. Under the agreement, reached following negotiations between opposition parties, Antoine Nduwayo will succeed Prime Minister Kanyenkiko, a moderate Hutu. (AFP)

MILITARY

On 17 February, the RPA exchanged fire in Sector 5 with militia who had infiltrated through the National Park at BISAT. There were no casualties reported and the militias escaped in the direction of the Zairian border. The RPA reinforced troops in the sector between GISENYI and RWERERE.
In Sector 4C, 300 Zairian troops were deployed in BUKAVU to provide security and to prevent incidents of looting and acts of banditry within the refugee camps.

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On 18 February, UNMOs in Sector 4C at CYANGUGU reported that Zairian soldiers were persuading refugees not to return to Rwanda because the UN will reduce the quantity of food supplied to the refugee camp in Zaire. In Sector 5, a convoy of 16 WFP trucks transporting food to GOMA was attacked by locals at the GISENYI border post whilse awaiting clearance to cross into Zaire. RPA troops in the area killed two of the looters and a UNAMIR mechanized platoon was sent to extricate the convoy. A total of five vehicles were requested by the RPA to spend the night at an RPA check-point near the GISENYI border post. Efforts were underway to gain the release of the vehicles.

On 19 February, in Sector 5 at GISENYI, the five WFP and ICRC vehicles spending the night at GISENYI were looted early in the morning. UNMOs had successfully negotiated the release of the trucks and as the trucks were leaving, crowds converged and stopped the vehicles and looted them before the arrival of the escort. The trucks were redirected to KIGALI. UNMOs were investigating the incident.

On 20 February, in Sector 4C a boat from IJWI island changed course when the occupants noticed the presence of UN troops. On interception UNAMIR detained one person in civilian clothing whilst the other occupants swam back towards the island. At Nyamasheke RPA soldiers exchanged fire with unidentified persons and later found a grenade launcher and other items. There was no report of casualties.

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

On 19 February, in Sector 5, the RPA intercepted UNAMIR APCs returning to GISENYI after escorting WFP trucks to Mahoke. The APCs were later allowed to move to NYUNDO after negotiation. The reason given for intercepting the APCs was that the APCs would damage the road.

HUMANITARIAN

On 17 February, in an open letter, the Rwandan refugees in the Congo criticized UNHCR for failing to repatriate them to Rwanda. UNHCR responded that it lacks the necessary funds to carry out the tasks.

On 19 February, Ms. Ogata of UNHCR reported that the Rwandan refugee crisis has eased, but the security situation in Burundi was deteriorating. "The crisis situation has subsided and it is now a process of finding solutions and reconciliation." (REUTER)

On 20 February, a total of 663 internally displaced persons (IDPs) were evacuated from MUGANO, KARAMBI, NYAMIGINA, GISUNZU and KIBEHO making a total of 38,223 IDPs that have been moved since the beginning of Operation Retour.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 17 January, the Secretary-General recommended that an international tribunal to deal with charges of genocide in Rwanda be headquartered in Tanzania. He said it would not be realistic or appropriate to locate the court in Rwanda and that the Tanzanian capital of ARUSHA was a better choice. The decision followed an inquiry made by a technical mission that travelled to Rwanda, Tanzania and Kenya in December 1994.

On 18 February, a three day meeting between Uganda and Rwanda concluded with an agreement whereby Uganda will export electricity to Rwanda via an inter-connecting line which will be built between KABARE Uganda and MULINDI Rwanda. Rwanda will then export power from RUHENGERI to GISORO Uganda.

On 20 February, in Sector 1 customs officers at Gatuna Border Post detained four UN trucks with supplies for UNAMIR and demanded a payment of 5 million Rwandese Francs in custom duties. UNAMIR was negotiating. In Sector 3, GITARAMA, CIVPOL observers reported that arbitrary arrests of locals from Rutobwe and Nyabikenke communes by the RPA was on the increase. CIVPOL also reported that there had been repeated harassment of locals in Nyabikenke commune especially at night by locals suspected to be militias from RUHENGIRI Prefecture.

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Received 2 pages.

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PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 3**	DTG: 16 Feb 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
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SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **N\A**	
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 16 February 1995

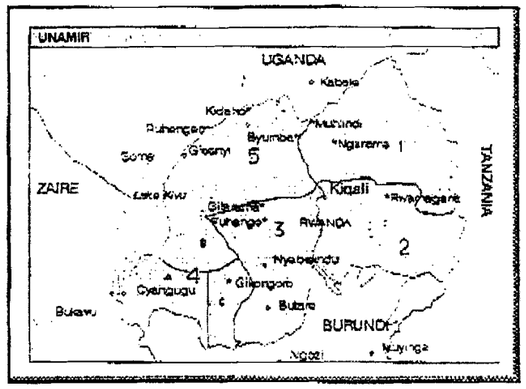
HIGHLIGHTS

▶Prime Minister Kayenkiko of Burundi resigned.

POLITICAL

BURUNDI:

On 15 February, Prime Minister Kanyenkiko of Burundi resigned, saying he had lost backing from his UPRONA party. Kanyenkiko said in a statement read on state radio he had quit in the interest of the country and "to avoid problems such as steering Burundi in the same path as neighbouring Rwanda." President Ntibantunganya said in a decree that he had accepted Kanyenkiko's resignation. Under Burundi's constitution, the main opposition UPRONA must select a replacement for Kanyenkiko. Burundi radio said UPRONA had proposed three candidates for the job, including a former Mayor of BUJUMBURA and a former diplomat. On 16 February, shooting broke out and hand grenades exploded in BUJUMBURA after Prime Minister Kanyenkiko resigned. No casualties were reported. One grenade exploded on a football pitch in the southern suburb of Musaga and three exploded in Ngagara to the north. (REUTER)



MILITARY

On 15 February, MILOBS in Sector 4C reported that former government forces on the Ijwi Island were attempting to prevent refugees from crossing to Zaire from the Island. The source indicated that there were rival command and control structures on the island among the former troops. It was also reported that force and coercion were being used to prevent refugees from returning to Rwanda. In Sector 1, the Mayor of GITI stated that the influx of displaced persons had slowed in his commune.

On 15 February, two UNAMIR CIVPOL observer teams were deployed to BYUMBA and KIBUNGO prefectures.

HUMANITARIAN

On 14 February, a total of 177 internally displaced persons were evacuated from MBUGA, KIBEHO, GISUMBU and KARAMBI. This low turnout was caused by a tear gas grenade incident at MBUGA. Two tear gas grenades were thrown in the MBUGA displaced persons camp by the RPA. UNAMIR confirmed the incident.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 15 February, an RPA utility vehicle backed into an AUSMED vehicle as it was moving out of their bunker. The RPA claimed that the AUSMED vehicle caused the accident and there was a misunderstanding between the RPA and AUSMED soldiers. One RPA soldier cocked his weapon, resulting in all AUSMED soldiers at the scene and the RPA going to action. The tense situation was quickly defused when AUSMED troops were ordered to return to the "load" condition and the vehicle and driver were sent to the gendarmerie HQs. The AUSMED vehicle was impounded by the gendarmerie. Efforts were underway at UNAMIR to defuse tension between the RPA and AUSMED troops as a result of a stand-off between AUSMED and gendarmerie at BUTARE on 09 February.

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OUTGOING FAX NO: A - 3	DTG: 14 Feb 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

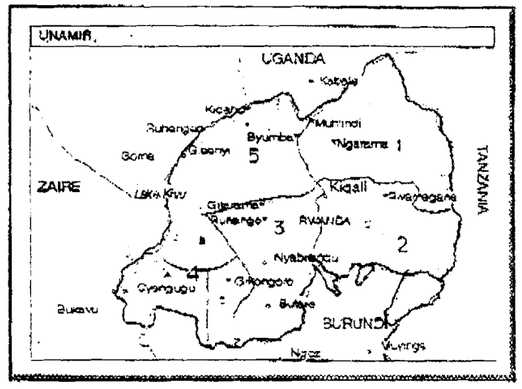
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 14 February 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

► The strength of the civilian police component of UNAMIR will be increased from 90 to 120 police observers.

POLITICAL

The Security Council has agreed with Secretary-General Boutros-Ghali's recommendation that the strength of the civilian police component of UNAMIR be increased from 90 to 120 police observers. In a letter to the Secretary-General, the Council said it believed that an increase in the number of human rights officers in the Human Rights Field Operation in Rwanda was also desirable. It noted that a functioning judicial system was essential in the government recovery programme to establish internal security, and also for the return of refugees. The Council said it attached great importance to the establishment of an effective mine-clearance programme based on the plan submitted by the UN in KIGALI.



MILITARY

On 13 February, MILOBS in Sector 4C reported that the RPA arrested the Mayor, the Secretary and the Inspector of schools in the KAGANO commune. Five more person were arrested from the Rambira area. One of those arrested was a local employee of UNHCR. The reasons for the arrest was unknown. An investigation was in progress.

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

On 13 February, in Sector 1, MILOBS patrols to the GATUNA Border Post reported that a convoy of UN vehicles was delayed at the border for three days because the contractor accompanying the drivers could not pay the 20 dollars visa fee for 19 vehicles to enter Rwanda. The convoy leader returned to Uganda for the money.

HUMANITARIAN

On 13 February, it was reported that Zaire had drawn up plans to evacuate 400,000 Zairians and Rwandan refugees from the GOMA region if a volcano erupts as predicted towards the end of the month. Interior Minister Mbangula said in an interview several new sites had been chosen and authorities were ready to move 200,000 Zairians and 200,000 Rwandan refugees away from the Nyiragongo volcano as soon as an eruption looked imminent. (REUTER)

In Sector 2 in Rwanda itself, a new Displaced Persons camp was established in NYAKARAMBI in the Rusumo commune. The camp can hold up to a maximum of 500 persons.

In Sector 3, MILOBS patrols at MASANGO investigated the reports of a measles epidemic in the commune. The medical officer in charge of the Gitarama prefecture informed MILOBS that there was no such epidemic. However, he admitted that 200 cases had been treated in the last two months.

The total number of Displaced Persons moved since the beginning of Operation RETOUR was 35,753

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PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 13 JAN 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **N\A**	
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE:	

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

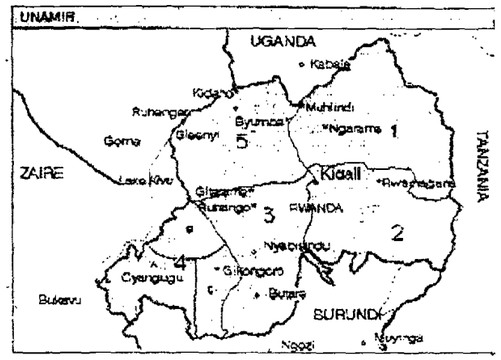
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 13 January 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- ►The Rwandan Government denied that their forces were engaged in a clash with exiled soldiers.
- ►Burundi elected a new speaker.

POLITICAL

On 12 January, it was reported that Rwanda strongly denied a UN report that its forces were engaged in a clash with exiled soldiers loyal to the former government in a two-hour fire-fight after they staged a cross-border attack from Zaire. (REUTER)



BURUNDI: On 13 January, Burundi elected a new parliamentary speaker, Mr. Leonce Ngendakumana from the Burundi Front for Democracy (FRODEBU) to replace Mr. Jean Minani from the Union For National Progress (UPRONA). (AFP) This followed an interparty agreement that resolved a political despute which had exacerbated ethnic tensions.

MILITARY

On 12 January, the RPA continued with their daily patrols and had recently reinforced their position in Sector 4c and 5 particularly in the area of NYAMASHEKE, KINGI and along the border with Zaire.

HUMANITARIAN

On 12 January, a total of 161 internally displaced persons were evacuated from CYANIKA and RUKONDO under Operation Retour, bringing the total number to 8345 internally displaced persons evacuated since the operation began.
In Sector 4b, three mass graves were discovered at GITWA in the Mabanza commune which contained 60 bodies dating to the period of the war.

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OUTGOING FAX NO: A - 4	DTG: 12 JAN 95
TO: UNAMIR FIELD MISSION	FROM: UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE
FAX NO: 3-3090	FAX NO: (212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)
SUBJECT: SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT	
ATN: UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER	DRAFTER: LT COL K. JOBSON
INFORMATION: N\A	
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

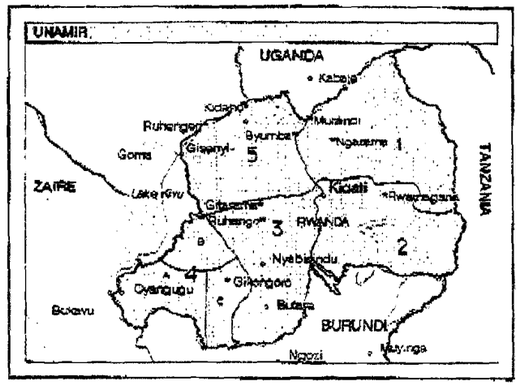
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 12 January 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

►A shooting incident at KIRAMBO could signal a new start to destabilize the Rwandan government.

MILITARY



On 10 January, in Sector 4c soldiers of Rwanda's former government army exchanged fire for two hours with RPA troops at KIRAMBO on the shores of Lake Kivu. About 50 Hutu troops crossed the lake in three boats and tried to hold 20 fisherman who jumped into the lake. There was an exchange of fire and the former government forces withdrew, taking six fisherman with them. The six fisherman were taken to Ijwi island and later released bringing with them a message stating that the attackers will come again. The Ethiopian battalion is reinforcing troops in KIRAMBO, GAFUNZO and the NYAMASHEKE area.

On 11 January, the UNAMIR Force Commander, Maj Gen Guy Tousignant, said the attack by former government forces could be the start of a "consolidated and well-planned insurgency campaign" by the exiled troops. SRSG Khan said that, "This is part of a low grade insurrection as the former government attempts to destabilize the country. We expect more attacks in the area and we consequently are very anxious to have proper policing through high speed boats." (REUTER)

On 11 January, the security situation was under control with the RPA conducting patrols and escorting convoys of IDP returning to their communes. In Sector 5, the Tunisian battalion reported that RPA soldiers killed a woman and took her son at KINOGO. UNMOs are investigating the killing of a student by the RPA at the Border Post at GISENYI. The Tunisian battalion also reported finding a mass grave near their HQ dating back to the period of the war.

HUMANITARIAN

The UN will soon launch two major fund raising drives for Rwanda in GENEVA. The UNDP will hold a round table discussion on reconstruction and rehabilitation on 18 and 19 January. A consolidated interagency appeal will also be launched with targets in two donation drives of $700 million for short and medium term assistance respectively for Rwanda.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 11 January, it was reported that the Government of Rwanda had given permission to UNAMIR to launch a radio station and it will become operational as soon as technical details have been worked out.

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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 10 Jan 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

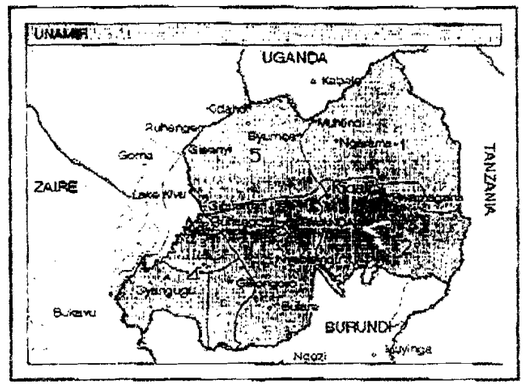
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 10 January 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

- Canada is sending 120 logistics personnel to Rwanda; communications personnel are being withdrawn.
- Rwanda's military chief promised stern action in a probe into killings by his troops.

POLITICAL



On 09 January, the Force Commander received the Canadian Chief Of Defence Staff and discussed the current and future participation of Canadian troops with UNAMIR. He later met with Mr. Urassa from UNHCR to exchange views on refugee repartration.

On 10 January, Rwanda's military chief ordered an inquiry into an incident in which 12 Hutus were killed by his troops in an attack on a refugee camp. Maj Gen Kagame also promised stern action against those involved when he met the SRSG on 09 January. (REUTER)

MILITARY

On 09 January, the media quoting a spokesman for the Rwandan Patriotic Army (RPF), Col Mugambage, reported that the RPF admitted that its soldiers killed 12 civilians and wounded 36 others at a camp for displaced people in southern Rwanda during the weekend. The Rwandan authorities had arrested two senior military officers, including Maj Rwigamba, in connection with the killings in BUSANZE, Gikongoro province, on 07 January 1995. (AFP)

On 09 January, Canada said it will send 120 troops to Rwanda this month to supply logistical support to the UN peace-keeping force based there. The peacekeepers are going in response to a request from the UN that Canada maintain a presence in Rwanda. The Canadian government also said it is bringing back to Canada a group of 360 communication specialists who were sent to Rwanda in June. (REUTER)

On 10 January, the security situation was calm. UNMOs reported that RPA troops in sector 2 attacked a family of 20 people in KIDOGO and arrested two people suspected of being Interrhamwe. However, they managed to escape and were under the protection of UNAMIR troops. RPA troops continued with day and night patrols.

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

On 10 January, all border posts were open except for GISENYI border post. In KIGALI a UNAMIR helicopter was detained for more than two hours at the airport for flying too close to the presidential palace. The helicopter and crew were later released.

HUMANITARIAN

On 10 January, Operation Retour continued with a total of 233 Displaced Person (DP) evacuated from CYANIKA and NDAGO camp; however, aid agencies reported a poor turnout of DPs in both camps.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 10 January, UNMOs reported that a large number of the population are still holding large amounts of old currency due to their inability to exchange them during the currency exchange exercise.

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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 06 JAN 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT.COL. K. JOBSON**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

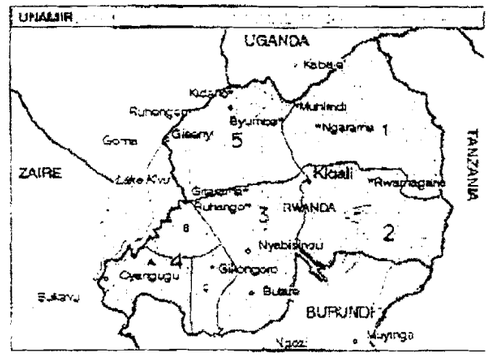
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 06 January 1995

HIGHLIGHTS

►A seven country summit begins in NAIROBI on 07 January; refugee issues will be discussed.

POLITICAL



On 06 January, the SRSG accepted the invitation of President Bizimungo to be present in NAIROBI on 07 January, at a seven country summit. Heads of state from Kenya, Zaire, Tanzania, Rwanda, Uganda, Burundi and Zambia will attend. UNAMIR, OAU, UNHCR were invited to be observers. President Mobutu called for the summit with a view, essentially, to working out the concept of security-zones in Rwanda. Refugee issues will be discussed.

Burundi: On 05 January, it was reported that most residents of BUJUMBURA's Kamenge and Kinama districts have refused to travel to other areas of the city since 02 January, saying they risk attack by Tutsis, the minority tribe which controls Burundi's army. (REUTER)

MILITARY

On 05 January, in Sector 2, the Ghanain Battalion reported that a suspected mass grave was located in NGENDA. Human skulls and bones were found in the area. In Sector 4C, the Ethiopian Battalion reported that the RPA exchanged fire with ex-RGF soldiers who came to NYAMASHEKE church to rob the mission. The RGF soldiers escaped. UNMOs reported that many local inhabitants remain nervous due to continued attacks and acts of banditry by armed elements. Many NGOs operating in the sector have expressed concern about the attack on the orphanage in KAMEMBE, threats of attack on the German Emergency Doctors Clinic in NYAMASHEKE and the arrest and killing of Médecins Sans Frontières staff at MURURU dispensary.

HUMANITARIAN

On 05 January, it was reported that the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) said it had registered some 37,000 unaccompanied Rwandan children inside Rwanda and in neighbouring countries. The ICRC estimates that there are more than 13,000 unaccompanied Rwandan children aged between two and eight years, in Zaire and some 11,000 others in Rwanda. Thousands of others are believed to be in Burundi, Tanzania and Uganda. (AFP)

On 05 January, it was reported that the UN High Commissioner for Refugees is drafting a contingency plan to evacuate up to 200,000 Rwandan refugees from camps in GOMA, Zaire, should two nearby volcanos show signs of erupting. UNHCR spokesman, Mr. Jean Brigou, released a UNHCR document that said a lateral fissure in the most dangerous volcano, the NYIRAGONGO, "could send lava flowing down its slope at a speed reaching 40 kph." The lava could thus reach refugee camps in as little as 15 minutes. But its last eruption dates from 1977, and Mr. Brigou said the NIYRAGONGO "is not showing any sign of that type of eruption." "There is no need to panic," he added. "We can't be certain there will be an eruption, but we don't want to be caught unprepared." The second volcano near GOMA, the NYAMURAGIRA, whose lava is much less liquid and therefore less dangerously fast, erupted last in July 1994 and is considered likely to have another eruption in March. Lava from the NYAMURAGIRA, Mr. Brigou said, would take two or three days to reach the nearest camps, where 200,000 refugees are housed. Sophisticated equipment has been placed on the slopes of both volcanos to monitor their seismic activity, and the UNHCR is preparing to explain to the refugees how the evacuation of the camps would be carried out. (AFP)

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UNAMIR
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PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 05 Jan 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **N\A**	
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE:	

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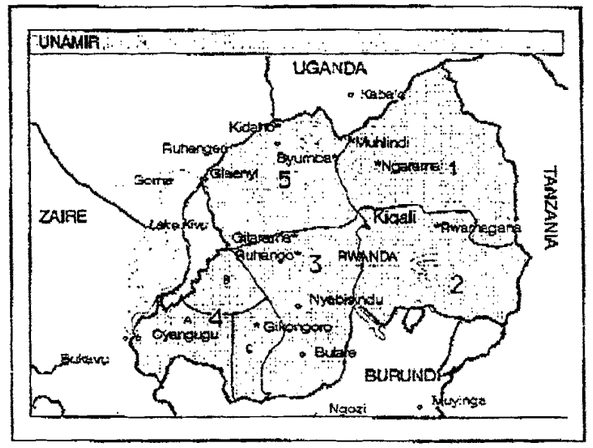
DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT
UNAMIR - RWANDA
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 05 January 1995

POLITICAL

Burundi: On 04 January, it was reported that two Burundi government officials were killed in separate attacks that officials said bore the hallmarks of ethnic violence. (REUTER)



MILITARY

On 04 January, RPA troops were reported deployed at most commune centres in all sectors to provide security and crowd control for the currency exchange exercise. In GISENYI, RPA troops fired several volleys of artillery into Lake Kivu aimed at warding off any boats trying to cross the lake into Rwanda with old Rwandese currency.

A group of bandits suspected to be former RGF troops attempted to steal livestock from villagers in MUKINJA in Sector 4C. RPA troops in the area responded to an alarm raised by the villagers and fired into the area. The bandits abandoned the livestock and escaped by swimming to a waiting boat on the lake. The local inhabitants were reportedly satisfied with the RPA response to the incident.

The sub-prefect at RUHANGO, in Sector 3, allegedly urged local inhabitants at a public meeting not to cooperate with UNAMIR. The prefect of GITAMARA has arranged to summon the sub-prefect on 06 January in the presence of the Commander of Sector 3 to demand an explanation.

HUMANITARIAN

On 04 January, a Rwandan employee of the NGO Médecins Sans Frontières is reported to have been killed in CYANGUGU while in the custody of the RPA in the area.

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F/IN-0055

PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 04 Jan 95
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SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
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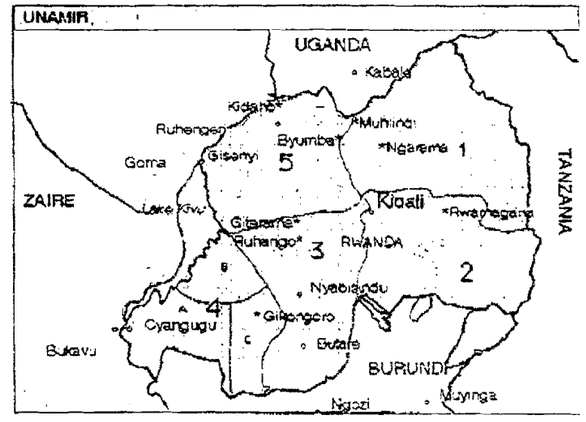
DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT
UNAMIR - RWANDA
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 04 January 1995

POLITICAL

Ambassador Shahryar Khan, Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General on Rwanda, will arrive in DAR ES SALAAM on 04 January for a two-day visit to Tanzania. Mr. Khan will brief Tanzanian President Ali Hassan Mwinyi on the latest developments in Rwanda.



MILITARY

On 03 January, Sector 3 UNMOs reported that though the security situation had improved considerably in the area, few internally displaced persons (IDPs) were observed to have returned to their respective homes.

UNMOs in Sector 4B-KIBUYE reported that all IDPs in KIBUYE had been evacuated.

In Sector 5, the Tunisian Battalion (TUNBATT) reported that shots were heard at NYARUTOVU and a 40mm rocket also exploded very close to the same locality. TUNBATT is investigating.

UNAMIR Headquarters operations staff conducted a helicopter reconnaissance of the Ijwi Island and NYAMASHEKE in Sector 4C. Inhabitants of these areas are not happy with the security provided by the RPA and have asked for a UNAMIR presence to deter bandits.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

Uganda plans to export electricity to Rwanda, reported the KAMPALA daily *"The New Vision"* on 04 January. (XINHUA)

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PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 03 Jan 95
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 03 January 1995

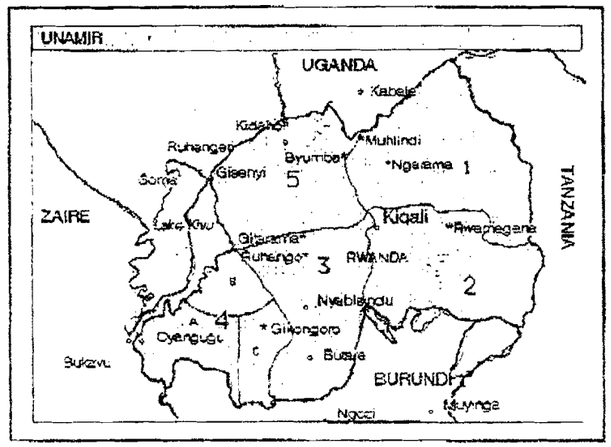
(Covering the period from 30 December 1994 to 03 January 1995)

HIGHLIGHTS

- The German Air Force has ended supply flights to Rwanda.

POLITICAL

On 30 December, the SRSG visited Zaire to meet with Government officials to discuss, among others, the issue of security in the refugee camps.



MILITARY

On 30 December, the military situation continued to be generally stable. Reports reaching UNMOs in Sector 2 indicated that on 28 December, a total of 62 inhabitants were murdered in KABARE, CANVETONGA and RUBUMBA. UNMOs in conjunction with the UNHCR and local authorities are investigating the incident. The victims were allegedly killed with machetes. Five persons were reported to have been arrested by the RPA in connection with the murders but UNHCR officials were not available to confirm. In Sector 4C, UNMOs reported that the situation remained unstable and tense in the area of NYAMASHEKE due to the raids by insurgent groups and the threat of further raids against locals businessmen. After some investigations, UNMOs reported that the raids were carried out by elements of former government forces and Interahamwe. In Sector 5, the Tunisian Battalion discovered four mass graves at MWIYANIKE. The graves contained a total of 19 bodies.

It was reported that Hutu militiamen killed 10 villagers who had refused to follow them into exile in Tanzania in an attack in southeastern Rwanda. Radio reports, monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation, on 30 December, from the southeastern town of KIBUNGO said nine members of the former government's Interahamwe militia attacked people in KIGARAMA village near Akagera park, which borders on Tanzania. It said 10 people including women and children were killed and three others were seriously wounded in two separate attacks after villagers refused to follow them into northwest Tanzania. Hutu militiamen based in border areas and refugee camps are intimidating refugees against returning home in a campaign to deprive the government in the capital of KIGALI of any Hutus to govern. (REUTER)

On 31 December, it was reported that UN plans to send an international force to police the anarchic Rwandan refugee camps of eastern Zaire are likely to be shelved for lack of funds and troops. Mr. Sharharyar Khan, special representative for Rwanda, said the Security Council would probably abandon plans to post 5,000 peacekeeping troops to the area and concentrate instead on supporting Zairian security efforts. Mr Khan, in KINSHASA for talks with Zairian officials, said the Secretary-General's proposal was too expensive and would take too long. "I don't think that kind of money is available now," he told Reuters. "There is also a problem regarding the actual allocation of forces from member states, which may not emerge, or if it does emerge, may take a long time." As an alternative, UN officials were discussing giving Zaire logistical help, including jeeps, trucks, telecommunications equipment, uniforms and protective clothing. Arms would not be on offer but the UN would take responsibility for moving Zairian forces and providing food. "If they want UN advisers we would also be ready to provide them," Mr. Khan added. (REUTER)

On 01 January, in Sector 4C, UNMOs reported that the situation continued to remain [illegible]

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shore of Lake Kivu, particularly in GAFUNZO and KAGANO, with violent activities on the night of 31 December. The Ethiopian Battalion reported that information received revealed that former government soldiers from nearby camps in Zaire entered Rwanda by boats through the NYAITERELY coast of GAFUNZO. There was an exchange of fire between the bandits and RPA soldiers in which one RPA soldier was wounded. In another report, UNMOs revealed that a group of eight former government forces in uniform were identified by a local at NGOMA. They were reported to have looted household items and food and after that, withdrew to the lake shore. The locals followed them to the shore and found a large boat anchored. The bandits departed firing small arms into the air. Locals indicated that there was another large group besides the eight seen in the area.

On 02 January, ETHIOBATT had reported that in west of RWESORO, RPA killed eight people who came from Zaire and arrested one person. This incident was observed by an ETHIOBATT patrol team. The RPA intensified day and night patrols in major towns and villages. Ten FRGF soldiers were reported to have entered Rwanda through NYAMASHEKE. ETHIOBATT patrol in that area is investigating. In Sector 3, in MURABO, the number of returnees from Burundi is increasing weekly. In Sector 4A, it was reported that in MUNINI, 15 RPA soldiers arrested an ex-CPL (RGF) and three others persons. At noon same day four dead bodies were found at KAMANA village. In Sector 4C RPA killed an NGO guard in CYANGUGU. Three other persons who were with this man were released after been beaten.

HUMANITARIAN

On 02 January, the German Air Force ended supply flights for Rwandan refugees. Two C-160 Transall transport planes and one Boeing 707 had flown in 3,750 tonnes of relief goods and 1,600 people, mostly aid agency staff, in 250 missions since July 1994. The flights were halted on 31 December after the UN refugee agency said the airlift was no longer necessary since goods could be sent by road or in emergencies by charter planes. (REUTER)

CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 02 January, it was reported that National Bank of Rwanda Governor Gerald Niyitegeka said in a statement broadcast on state radio that new notes would be issued to replace current 5,000, 1,000 and 500 Rwandan franc notes. "Facilities to exchange the (old) notes for new ones at selected banks in KIGALI and other principal towns will be available on 03 and 04 January, but thereafter the old notes will be valueless," Mr. Niyitegeka said. Mr. Niyitegeka said currency notes below 100 francs and coins would remain in circulation for the moment. Finance experts said the announcement was well-timed, coming on a holiday, and giving those holding the currency outside the nation little time to reach banks and exchange. Rwandan experts said the move was intended to cripple the remnants of Rwanda's former government, which looted state coffers before fleeing to eastern Zairian camps in May. The new currency would also provide the new cash-strapped government with the means to begin reconstruction work, one expert said. (REUTER)

(FOUR)

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PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 30 Dec 94
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
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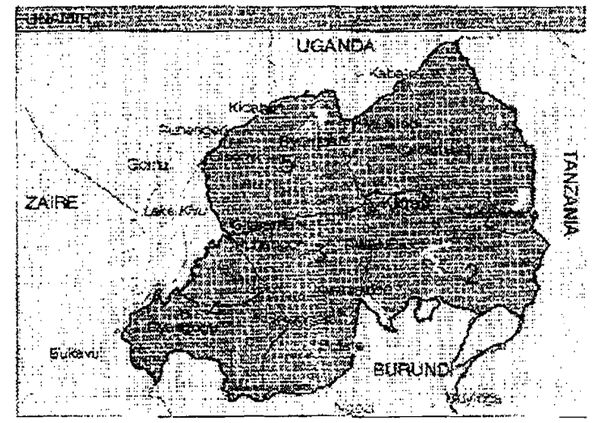
DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 30 December 1994

POLITICAL

BURUNDI: Burundi's leaders have agreed on the removal of the parliament speaker to defuse a political crisis that has threatened to plunge the country into a Rwanda-style bloodbath. They said the government, political parties and mediators agreed at a meeting which ended on 28 December that the two main political parties should study practical steps in removing as speaker, Mr. Jean Minani, elected on 01 December. (REUTER)



MILITARY

On 29 December, UNAMIR reported that RPA troops in NYAMASHEKE (Sector 4C) have exchanged fire with about 25 insurgents from the isle of IDJWI in LAKE KIVU.

On 29 December, UNAMIR received reports from local inhabitants and RPA/Government sources in CYANGUGU indicating that Burundi Government Forces had been engaged in heavy clashes with a guerilla movement apparently supported by former RGF and Interhamwe members. According to UNAMIR, it was understood that this guerrilla force was experienced and had been relatively succesful. UNAMIR also noted the possibility that the guerilla force was trying to establish a firm base in northwest Burundi for future operations into Rwanda.

HUMANITARIAN

On 29 December, UNMOs in KIGALI met with human rights representatives who reported that there had been no reported cases of human right violations in KIGALI Sector during the last month.

On 30 December, the media reported that Tanzanian President Ali Hassan Mwinyi reiterated the idea of safe zones inside Rwanda, saying refugees could be moved into Rwanda from Tanzania under supervision of the UN and the Organisation of African Unity (OAU).

CIVIL AFFAIRS

Tunisian Forces reported that mass graves were located near REKURA and MBOGO [illegible]

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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 29 - 12 - 94
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
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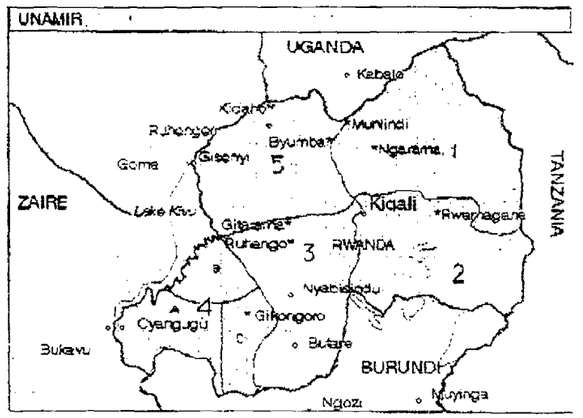
DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT
UNAMIR - RWANDA
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 29 December 1994

MILITARY

On 28 December, the military situation in Rwanda remained relatively stable.



CIVIL AFFAIRS

On 28 December, a UNAMIR CIVPOL observer team visited the KIGALI prison and were informed that there was an increase in the death rate of inmates. An average of five deaths are recorded daily. According to prison officials, this must be attributed to a lack of sufficient food and medical care.

On 28 December, Ghanaian Forces reported that a total of five suspects they currently hold were to be handed over to the office of the prosecutor on 29 December, for further investigation. The suspects are variously charged with assault and homicide.

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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 28 - 12 -94
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 28 December 1994

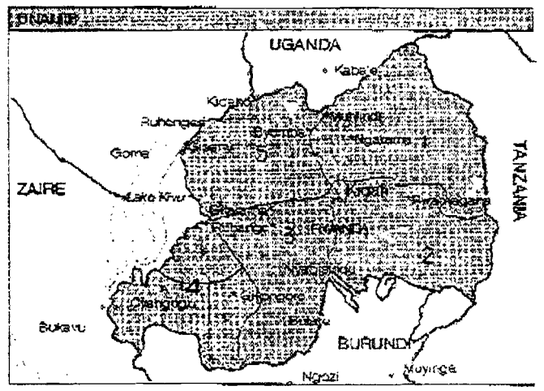
(Covering the period from 23 December to 28 December 1994)

HIGHLIGHTS

- ►Looting followed ethnic clashes in Burundi .
- ►UPRONA, a largely Tutsi party, decided to remain in the Burundi government.

POLITICAL

BURUNDI: On 23 December, looting broke out in abandoned sectors of BUJUMBURA as an aftermath of the fighting between Hutus and Tutsis. The government is encouraging those people who had fled to return home. (REUTER)



On 23 December, fighting between Hutu and Tutsi militias spread to BUJUMBURA's western suburb of BUYENZI, with youths throwing hand-grenades and firing automatic weapons. Troop reinforcements were brought into the capital from the provinces to maintain order. (AFP)

On 25 December, it was reported that Burundi's main Tutsi party has backed down from a decision to quit a coalition government, and President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya said a solution had been found to the country's political crisis. The Tutsi party, the Union for National Progress (UPRONA), had earlier declared it was going to leave the coalition set up with the Hutu Burundi Front for Democracy (FRODEBU) on 10 September. (REUTER)

On 27 December, the media reported that Burundian Prime Minister Anatole Kanyenkiko in a televised address aired on 25 December said that he will stay in office to save his country. Mr. Kanyenkiko according to reports, has split with the leadership of his mainly Tutsi opposition party, UPRONA. (XINHUA).

On 28 December, the media, quoting Burundi's state radio, reported that President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya intended to replace the speaker of parliament, a Hutu accused by minority Tutsis of fuelling ethnic hatred, in a move to end the country's political crisis. (REUTER).

MILITARY

The military situation in Rwanda continued to remain generally stable throughout the reporting period.

On 23 December, Tunisian forces received reports from refugees crossing into Rwanda from GOMA that the attitude of the militia was becoming more aggressive. The militia had been reported to be forbidding people to return to Rwanda and attempting to shoot those who tried to do so.

On 26 December, UNMOs investigated a shooting incident in which a local was shot in NYUNDO. Further investigation revealed that the attacker was a member of the Interahmwe.

CIVIL AFFAIR

Malawi forces in Sector 3 reported that the number of returnees from Burundi was increasing weekly.

CASUALTIES

On 25 December, a corporal with the Canadian contingent was found dead from a self-inflicted gunshot wound. An investigation is being conducted.

(FOUR)

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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 23 DEC 94
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
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Happy XMAS and a Happy

and Peaceful New Year

SASH FC CMD 5/DK

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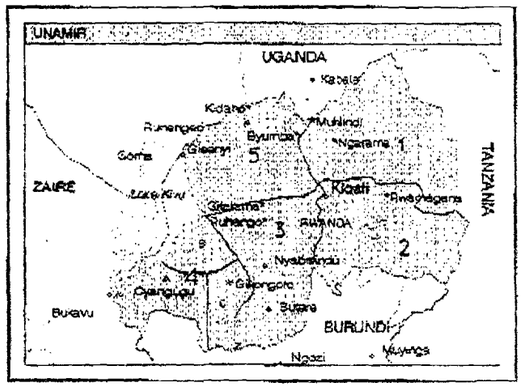
DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT
UNAMIR - RWANDA
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 23 December 1994

HIGHLIGHTS

- The Security Council expressed concern at the escalation of violence in Burundi.

POLITICAL

BURUNDI: On 22 December, the Security Council expressed concern at the escalation of violence in Burundi, citing danger to stability of the sub-region and encouraged the Government of Burundi and all others concerned, particularly the army, to respect and support the the Convention of Government of 10 September.



MILITARY

On 22 December the overall military situation was reported as calm. The RPA was allegedly involved in the killing of two persons in the area of Lake Kivu. An investigation of the incident was being conducted by UNAMIR.

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

The GISENYI border post continued to be closed for UNAMIR personnel.

HUMANITARIAN

On 22 December, a total of 1,215 displaced persons returned to Rwanda from Uganda, Tanzania, Burundi and Zaire. Repatriation of displaced persons from the camps in Rwanda to their homes continued with the assistance of UNAMIR.

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PRIORITY
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OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 21 DEC 94
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
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END

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT
UNAMIR - RWANDA
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 21 December 1994

HIGHLIGHTS

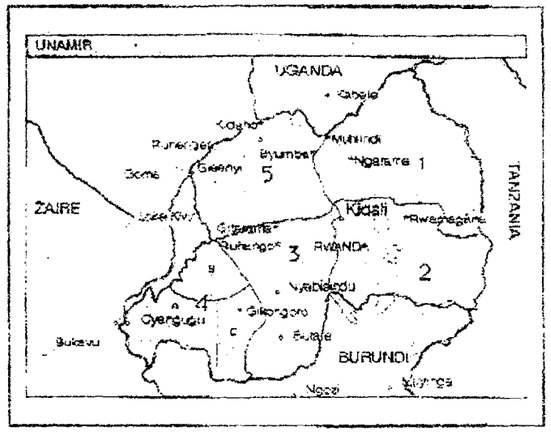
- Several died as a new wave of violence swept BUJUMBURA in Burundi.
- Japan ended their relief mandate in Zaire.
- UNHCR denounced an aid agency for leaving refugee camps.

POLITICAL

BURUNDI: On 20 December, several people were killed in the Burundian capital in renewed clashes between rival ethnic Hutu and Tutsi youths, following the murder of about 10 people. The youths killed several people suspected of starting clashes. (AFP)

UN genocide prosecutor Goldstone completed his visit to Rwanda where he obtained the Rwandan government's full co-operation with the international tribunal. He underlined the need for Rwanda to be built up through International support.

On 20 December, the SRSG accompanied by Mr. Goldstone met President Bizimungu and discussed the judicial system and the International Tribunal. Both the SRSG and Mr. Goldstone then met with UN heads of agencies to brief them on the issues relating to the judicial system and preparation for the International Tribunal.



MILITARY

On 20 December, the RPA commander in Sector 4a addressed a meeting of local people in KADUHA and assured them on the improvement of the security situation and advised them to start cultivating their fields. MILOBS patrolling the Rwanda - Burundi border reported the arrival of 300 new Displaced Person (DP) from BUTARE. They alleged that the RPA had continuously harassed them, thereby creating fear and panic amongst the DP.

HUMANITARIAN

On 21 December, UNHCR denounced a decision by a French wing of Doctors Without Borders (MSF) to pull out of Rwandan refugee camps in Tanzania as a callous publicity stunt before Christmas. The MSF decision to withdraw was based on their belief that aid was supporting the authority of Rwandan killers. (REUTER)

The last group of 140 Japanese soldiers, engaged in relief aid to Rwandan refugees in Zaire, will fly home on 23 December. They left Zaire on 20 December by transport aircraft, ending a three month long relief mandate. (XINHUA)

(FOUR)

UNAMIR
94 DEC 20 17 .. 57 PMN 5412

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

OUTGOING FAX NO: **A - 4**	DTG: 20 Dec 94
TO: **UNAMIR FIELD MISSION**	FROM: **UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE**
FAX NO: **3-3090**	FAX NO: **(212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)**
SUBJECT: **SITUATION CENTRE DAILY REPORT**	
ATN: **UNAMIR FORCE COMMANDER**	DRAFTER: **LT COL. K. JOBSON**
INFORMATION: **N\A**	
TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSMITTED PAGES INCLUDING THIS PAGE:	

MESSAGE

1. **FOR ATTENTION OF THE FORCE COMMANDER.**

2. **PLEASE FIND A COPY OF THE DAILY UNAMIR REPORT PRODUCED BY THE SITUATION CENTRE.**

3. **REFER ANY QUESTIONS TO THE DUTY ROOM CLERK ON 3-2690.**

FC (SRSG) ED/DR DFC DCOS DCOO

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

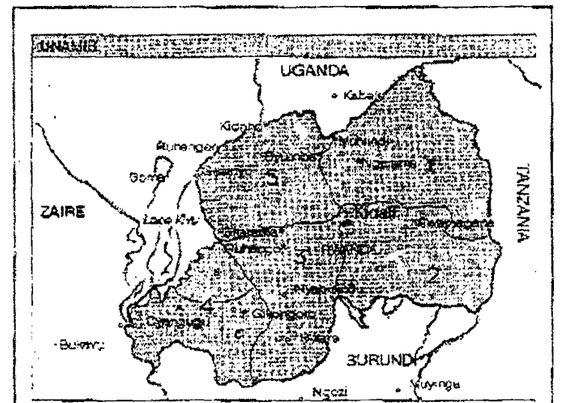
UNAMIR - RWANDA

Time: 0800 Hours NYT 20 December 1994

HIGHLIGHTS

- The UN Prosecutor visited Rwanda.
- UNHCR will resume repatriating Rwandan refugees.

POLITICAL



On 19 December, UN war crimes prosecutor Mr. Goldstone arrived in Rwanda. A commission of three legal experts who visited Rwanda in August and September concluded that there was overwhelming evidence that the extermination of Tutsis by Hutus was planned months in advance which is in violation of Article 2 of the 1946 Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the crime of Genocide. The SRSG and deputy Force Commander gave a briefing to Mr. Gladstone. The SRSG later had a meeting with Rwanda Minister of Rehabilitation to discuss Operation Retour. The SRSG also had a discussion with Mr. Shatzer (Director IOM) and Humanitarian Co-ordinator at Geneva on Operation Retour.

MILITARY

On 19 December, the RPA in Sector 2 met with MILOBs to discuss the recent detention of MILOBs at KIBUNGO. MILOBs were assured that there will be no restriction on the movement of UNAMIR personnel in the sector. In Sector 3 the Malawi Army commander visited Malawi troops. A curfew was in effect in KARAMA in Sector 6 to prevent Interahmwe activities. All UNAMIR troops proceeded with routine patrols, border monitoring and enforcement duties.

HUMANITARIAN

UNHCR said it would resume repatriating Rwandan refugees from camps in Tanzania, Zaire and Burundi. According to a UNHCR spokesman, "It is clear the conditions in Rwanda are not completely safe, but they are safer and better than in the camps". (REUTER)

On 19 December, IOM and UNHCR transported Internally Displaced Persons (IDP) from KIGALI to GASHORA and the repatriation of IDP to home communes from camps in Sector 4a continues at the temporary camps in AMAHORO stadium. The ICRC, after discussion with UNAMIR, will provide food for the 44 prisoners handed over to the GIKONGORO prefecture after Operation Hope

(FOUR)

F/in - 5370

PRIORITY
RESTRICTED

UNAMIR
94 DEC 16 20 .. 28

OUTGOING FAX NO: A - 4	DTG: 16 Dec 94
TO: UNAMIR FIELD MISSION	FROM: UN HQ - DPKO SITUATION CENTRE
FAX NO: 3-3090	FAX NO: (212)-963-9053 (PLAIN) (212)-963-9852(CRYPTO)
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SRSG EDIR FC CAO

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DPKO SITUATION CENTRE REPORT

UNAMIR - RWANDA

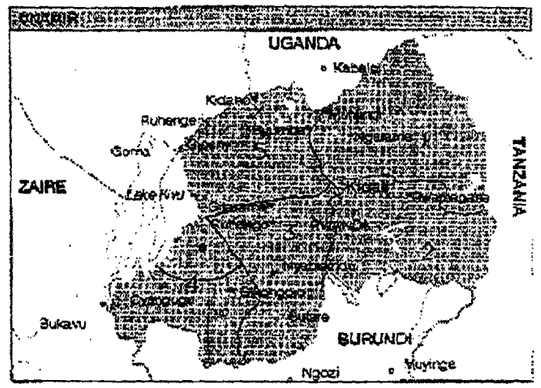
Time: 0800 Hours NYT 16 December 1994

HIGHLIGHTS

- The Rwandan Vice-President appealed to the international community for assistance.

POLITICAL

On 15 December, in an address to the Security Council, Rwandan Vice-President and Minister of Defence Major-General Kagame appealed to the international community for assistance in disarming and relocating "uniformed, armed killers that were intimidating and killing Rwandan refugees" in Zaire who wished to return home. He also asked for international assistance to address the question of impunity.



MGen Kagame later suggested to reporters that UNAMIR could be expanded by about 3,000 to monitor the camps, and use force if necessary to restore order in the camps. (REUTER)

MILITARY

On 15 December, the overall military situation in Rwanda was reported as calm. UNAMIR troops continued to conduct patrolling and escort duties. The UNAMIR Deputy Force Commander left BUTARE on the termination of "Operation Hope".

RESTRICTIONS ON MOVEMENT

On 15 December, the GISENYI border posts were closed to UNAMIR personnel, but opened to all other traffic.

HUMANITARIAN

On 15 December, the RPA in MUSHAKA and NYENJI (Sector 4) allowed UNMOs and Human Rights Teams to interview prisoners who were accused of participating in the genocide during the war.

CIVIL AFFAIRS

The 44 suspects arrested during "Operation Hope" were held by Malawi troops in BUTARE and would be handed over to the Public Prosecutor in GIKONGORO on 16 December.

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