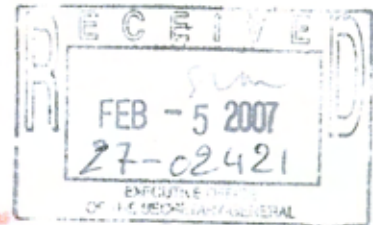


for update
OCHA

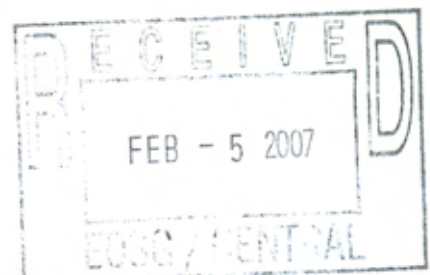
Note to Mr. Nambiar

FLOODING IN INDONESIA



1. As you may know, there has been severe flooding in Jakarta, which has displaced hundreds of thousands and killed at least seven persons. Attached for your information are our first situation report on the subject and a map providing details on the impact of the flooding.
2. OCHA has been in contact with the Government of Indonesia and the UN Country Team in Jakarta to see what support we may be able to lend.
3. We will keep you updated of further developments.

Margareta Wahlstrom
Margareta Wahlstrom
5 February 2007





OCHA Field Situation Report 2

Indonesia – Floods
JABODETABEK (Jakarta-Bogor-Depok-Tangerang-Bekasi) Affected
Areas
5 February 2007

This report has been prepared by the UN HC/RC Office in Indonesia based on information provided by the National Coordinating Board for the Management of Disaster (BAKORNAS PB), the Provincial Coordinating Unit for the Management of Disaster (SATKORLAK PB) Jakarta, the Indonesian Red Cross (PMI), the Meteorology and Geophysics Agency (BMG), and media reports.

I. SITUATION

1. Jakarta was paralyzed over the week-end as parts of the city were swept by severe flooding following torrential rain since 31 January. Flooding has forced the state-owned power firm PT PLN to shutdown some power plants in Jakarta and Tangerang. The flood has also disrupted the distribution of fuel and basic commodities. Communications have also been affected as the water submerged hundreds of base transceiver stations in JABODETABEK (Jakarta-Bogor-Depok-Tangerang-Bekasi). Supply of clean water, as tap water, has been cut off in flood affected areas. In some areas, flood victims have been in need of food, clothes, and alternate accommodations, while in others flood victims remained trapped in their houses. Scarce availability of transportation vehicles has restricted food distribution to a number of flood hit areas.
2. Latest data from BAKORNAS PB has reported that 26 out of 43 sub-districts in DKI Jakarta Province are now affected by floods. In addition, 11 sub-districts in Bekasi District of West Java and 7 sub-districts in Tangerang District of Banten Province are also inundated. The water level on the street varies, but in some areas it has reached the two meter mark.
3. The following table provides data on casualties, IDPs and flooded houses as of Feb 5, 2007:

No	Location	Affected People		Flooded houses	IDP locations
		Died	IDPs		
1	East Jakarta	3	41,349	21,488	38
2	West Jakarta	3	46,679	9,517	23
3	South Jakarta	0	1,704	3,443	30
4	Central Jakarta	0	774	1,004	4
5	North Jakarta	0	5,678	25,682	28
6	Bekasi	2	36,408*	9,102*	n/a
7	Tangerang	1	15,000*	3,000*	n/a
	Total	9	147,592	73,236	

* Predicted number from respective SATLAK PB (District Executing Unit on Disaster Management)

4. The government is closely monitoring the water level in each sluice gate that could indicate upcoming overflowing in respective areas. The following table provides the updated status of the water levels. Alert 1 indicates imminent overflow, alert 2 indicates medium possibility of overflow, and alert 3 indicates a lower possibility of overflow.

No	Sluice Gate	Normal	Current	Status
1	Katu Lampa	80	100	Normal
2	Depok	200	265	Alert 3
3	Manggarai	750	950	Alert 2
4	Pesanggrahan	150	160	Alert 3
5	Krukut Hulu	150	110	Alert 3
6	Angke Hulu	150	310	Alert 1
7	Waduk Pluit	170	90	Normal
8	Sunter Hulu	140	90	Normal
9	Sunter Selatan	100	260	Alert 1
10	Sunter Utara	170	155	Alert 1
11	Cipinang Hulu	80	145	Normal
12	Pasar Ikan	100	155	Alert 2
13	Karet	440	710	Alert 1
14	Pulogadung	550	785	Alert 1

Source: BAKORNAS PB, 5 February, 10:00 hrs

5. As reported by local media, BMG informed that heavy rain would continue until the next few days in the areas of Jakarta – Bogor – Depok – Tangerang – Bekasi (JABODETABEK). There are also possibilities of landslides in some areas due to heavy rains.

II. NATIONAL RESPONSE

6. SATLAK PB, relevant government departments, and communities continue to evacuate people who have remained stranded in their flooded houses. Emergency relief (i.e. rice/basic food items, drinking water, ready-to-eat food, etc), tents, public toilets and public kitchens have been provided. BAKORNAS PB is also providing four BO-105 helicopters to help SATLAK PB to distribute emergency relief items to IDP locations.
7. The Social Affairs Department (DEPSOS) has distributed food and non-food items, and is now preparing additional items to affected areas. DEPSOS has also deployed a specially trained team from East Java, Central Java, South Sumatra and North Sumatra to help Search and Rescue (SAR) team by providing logistical assistance.
8. The Air Force has deployed a field health team and established a public kitchen in Halim Perdana Kusuma airport. They are also on standby to help with evacuation and aid distribution from the air to IDP locations.
9. BAKORNAS PB is facing challenges in terms of coordination with relevant department/offices due to current problems with phone connectivity. Communications are relying heavily on mobile phones.
10. SATLAK PB has distributed food and non-food items across Jakarta. Reportedly, coverage of assistance has reached 80% in Central Jakarta, 40% in South Jakarta and 50% respectively in East, West and North Jakarta.

III. INTERNATIONAL RESPONSE

11. Several donor countries have provided assistance for emergency relief. The United States Government through the USAID - FDA will provide US\$ 100,000 in emergency relief assistance for flood-ravaged Jakarta and surrounding communities. The assistance will be provided to the IFRC and its partner PMI, CARE, Mercy Corps, and World Vision to support emergency response effort and provide emergency supplies, hygiene kits, plastic sheets, jerry cans, cooking utensils and sleeping mats. The Australian Government through AUSAID will provide A\$ 50,000 for the provision of emergency food assistance. The funds will be channelled to PMI. The Embassy of France in cooperation with the international community are ready to provide clean water to all areas in DKI Jakarta. Meanwhile the governments of Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Italy and the United Kingdom have also indicated their willingness to provide assistance. ECHO has also indicated similar interest.
12. International NGOs have also provided emergency relief to affected areas. Christian Children's Funds (CCF) through its local NGO partners has distributed basic surviving supplies, while Church World Service (CWS) through its local NGO partner has distributed non-food items and drinking water to 300 families in Cipinang. Save the Children UK has also distributed 20 hygiene kits, 434 household kits, 3,000 tarpaulins, 1,600 shelter tool kits and 60 classroom tents.
13. UN agencies (OCHA, UNDP, UNFPA, UNICEF, WFP and WHO) and IOM are also ready to provide assistance as requested by the government. The UN RC/HC Office in Jakarta continues monitoring the situation in close contact with pertinent government and non-government institutions, as well as the Indonesian Red Cross (PMI).

IV. ASSISTANCE REQUESTED

14. BAKORNAS PB has identified the following immediate needs:
 - a. Food: rice/basic food items, baby food, ready-to-eat food, and drinking water.
 - b. Non-food items: clothes (children and adults), blankets, medicines and public toilets.
 - c. Tools and human resources: rubber boats (60), trucks (22), inner tubes (1,000), flashlights (600), kerosene lanterns (250), clean water tanks (5) and SAR teams.Flooding is projected to worsen in the coming days, and additional assistance maybe required. Those interested to provide assistance can contact BAKORNAS PB Crisis Centre at 62 21 345 8400.

**For detailed information
please contact:**

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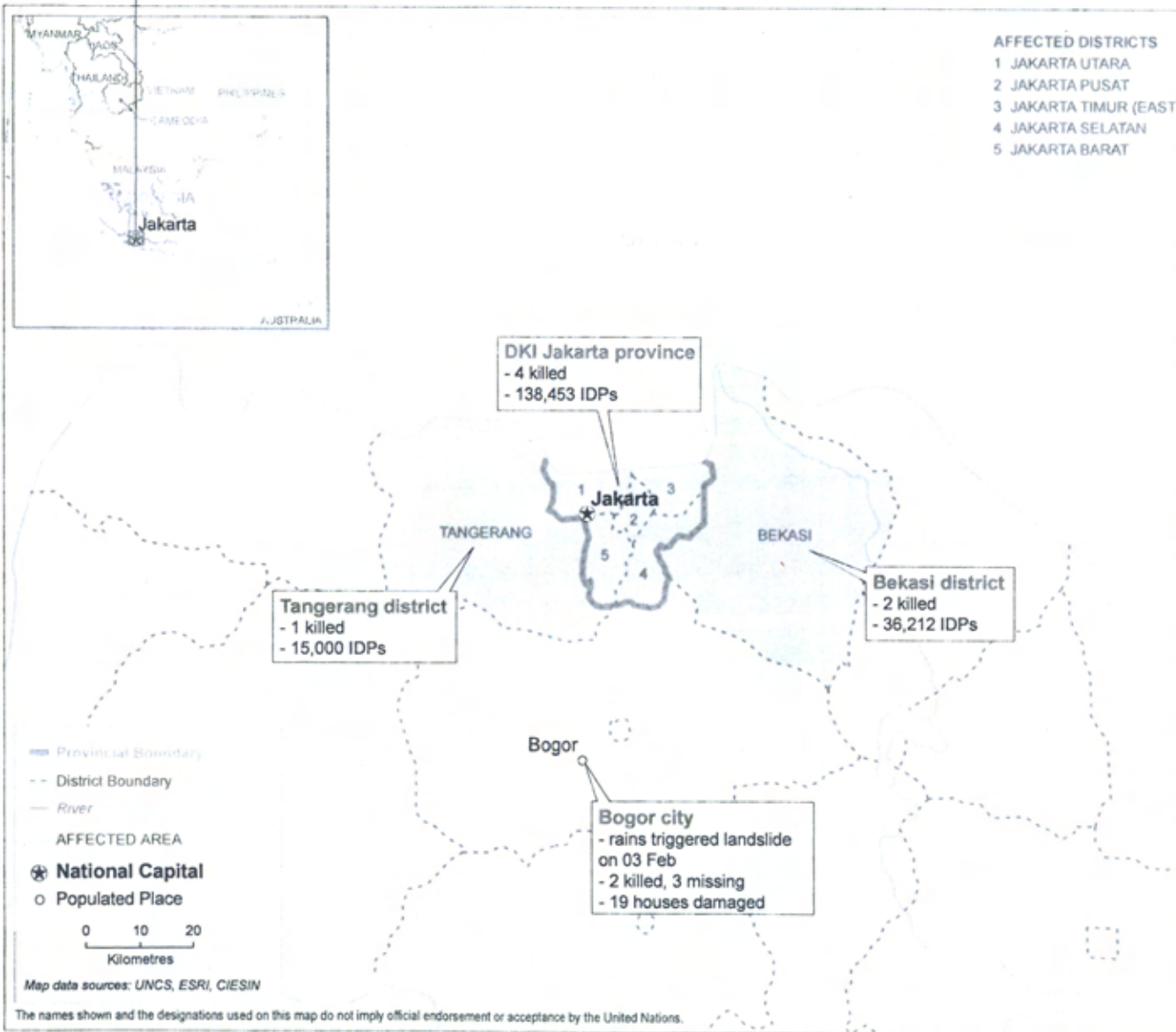
Indonesia: Floods

Torrential rain for several days during the last week until today in Bogor, combined with heavy rains over Jakarta triggered overflowing of rivers and flooding in Jakarta, Bekasi and Tangerang, since Thursday 1 February.

- OCHA Situation Report No. 1, issued 04 Feb 2007



Created by ReliefWeb on 05 February 2007
Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs
United Nations



SITUATION

- Thousands of houses, buildings (including 1,498 schools), and roads inundated
- In Jakarta, 60% of five mayoral areas inundated, with East Jakarta as worst affected area
- Telephone lines and electricity networks cut off
- Floodwaters blocked major roads
- Flood water levels increased during last four days and reached beyond four meters in some areas
- Evacuation and distribution of logistics compounded by limited availability of rubber boats and large coverage of flooding
- Number of displaced people drastically increased on Friday 2 February, from around 8,000 that morning up to 68,886 at night
- Intensity of rains will remain at same level for next two days

ACTION

- SATKORLAK continue evacuating people, providing basic supplies, emergency shelters, health clinics, mobile latrines and public kitchens
- PMI deployed SATGANA (Field Action Team) to carry out assessment and facilitate evacuation process together with local government in all affected areas
- OCHA and UNDP set up support structure to BAKORNAS info. centre for information management

LINKS

- OCHA Situation Report No. 1
- Latest updates for Indonesia: Floods
- Related maps

Based on Indonesia: Floods DKI Jakarta province, Bekasi and Tangerang, Banten province OCHA Situation Report No. 1, issued 04 Feb 2007
GLIDE: FL-2007-000023-IDN
Contact: maps@reliefweb.int



OCHA Field Situation Report 1
Indonesia – Floods
DKI Jakarta Province, Bekasi and Tangerang, Banten Province
4 February 2007

This report has been prepared by the UN HC/RC Office in Indonesia based on information provided by the National Coordinating Board for the Management of Disaster (BAKORNAS PB), the Provincial Coordinating Unit for the Management of Disaster (SATKORLAK PB) Jakarta, the Indonesian Red Cross (PMI), the Meteorology and Geophysics Agency (BMG), and media reports.

I. SITUATION

1. Torrential rain for several days during the last week until today in Bogor, a city located 60 km south of Jakarta and at a higher altitude, combined with heavy rains over Jakarta triggered overflowing of rivers and flooding in Jakarta, Bekasi and Tangerang, since Thursday 1 February. Thousands of houses, buildings (including 1,498 schools), and roads have been inundated. In Jakarta, more than 60% of the five mayoral areas have been inundated, with East Jakarta as the worst affected area. Telephone lines and electricity networks have been cut off in some parts of the city. Floodwaters have blocked some major roads and paralyzed transportation in the city. In parts of the city, trains are not functioning as railways have been also inundated. Flood water levels have rapidly increased during the last four days and reached beyond four meters in some areas. People are trapped on the roofs of their houses while evacuation and distribution of logistics have been compounded by the limited number of available rubber boats and the large coverage of the flooding. In Bogor, continuous rains triggered a landslide on Saturday 3 February, which caused two deaths and left three persons missing, and 19 houses damaged.
2. BAKORNAS PB reported that the number of displaced people drastically increased on Friday 2 February, from around 8,000 that morning up to 68,886 at night. The latest available data from BAKORNAS (3 February, 20:00 hrs) shows that the total number of IDPs is 189,665 persons/73,187 HH (Jakarta: 138,453 IDPs/61,134 HH; Bekasi 36,212 IDPs; Tangerang: 15,000 IDPs). Seven persons have reportedly died (four in Jakarta, one in Tangerang, and two in Bekasi).
3. BMG has predicted that the intensity of rains will remain at the same level for the next two days.

II. NATIONAL RESPONSE

1. SATKORLAK in cooperation with related departments and offices (such as the Department of Health, Public Works, Social Affairs, PMI, Search and Rescue) continue evacuating affected people, providing basic supplies, emergency shelters, health clinics, mobile latrines and public kitchens.
2. PMI has deployed SATGANA (Field Action Team) to carry out an assessment and facilitate the evacuation process together with the local government in all affected areas.

3. BAKORNAS and SATKORLAK held a meeting on 3 February to discuss the emergency response. Three BAKORNAS staff are currently assisting SATKORLAK at the SATKORLAK Crisis Center.
4. President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono visited affected areas on Saturday 3 February, and handed over emergency relief packages.
5. The Indonesian Air Force mobilized two helicopters to monitor the situation. The military and police have been deploying their personnel to help in the evacuation process and to start guarding the property of displaced people from possible looting in some areas.
6. BAKORNAS will conduct an internal coordination meeting with SATKORLAK on Sunday 4 February. Some of the pressing needs that have been identified consist in motorized rubber boats, community tents, ready-to-eat meals, supplemental feeding for under five children, medicines, blankets, mats.
7. For the coordination of assistance, BAKORNAS has established an operational centre to support the Provincial Government of Jakarta. It has also deployed a liaison officer to coordinate with the Provincial Government of Jakarta and SATKORLAK, and another liaison officer at Halim airport.
8. The Minister of State-Owned Companies held a coordination meeting on Saturday 3 February with the heads of eighteen state-owned companies to discuss the activation of paralyzed public services on Monday 5 February.

III. INTERNATIONAL RESPONSE

1. BAKORNAS held a first meeting with the international community on Sunday 4 February to discuss coordination of the emergency response and update on the latest available information. At the time of writing, BAKORNAS head was still conducting a meeting with the Vice President and SATKORLAK to discuss the level of assistance required from the Central government to the Provincial government in dealing with this crisis.
2. OCHA and UNDP have set up a support structure to the BAKORNAS information centre for information management.
3. Australia has donated AUD 50,000 to PMI for provision of food. GoI has not made until now any official request of international assistance.
4. The UN RC/HC Office in Jakarta continues monitoring the situation in close contact with pertinent government and non-government institutions, as well as PMI.

**For detailed information
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