Registry Section

United Nations Council for Namibia
Visiting Missions, Ottawa, 1977 [Part 1]

16/07/1976 - 9/06/1977

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# UNITED NATIONS | NATIONS UNIES

S-0443-0137-0002

Trusteeship & Non-Self-Governing Territories 145(OTTA 1977)

UNITEL NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

VISITING MISSIONS

OTTAWA 1977

PART / PARTIE 1

FILE BEGINS / DOSSIER COMMENCE LE JULY 1976 ENDS / TERMINE LE JUNE 1977

| DATE | REFERRED TO TRANSMIS A | ROOM BUREAU NO. | P. A. / B. F. | DATE | INIT | DATE | REFERRED TO TRANSMIS A | ROOM BUREAU NO | P. A. / B. F. | DATE | INIT |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

TR 145 (OTTA 1977) PT. 1

# REGISTRY FILE CLOSURE FORM

[✓] FILE FOR PERIOD OF 1 JAN. 72

THROUGH 31 DEC. 78 CLOSED.

A NEW PERIODIC FILE WILL BE OPENED

IF REQUIRED.

[ ] PART _____ CLOSED.

SEE PART _____

[ ] FILE NO. _____ CLOSED.

CORRESPONDENCE CONTINUED UNDER FILE NO.

_____

The Canadian Government reiterated its warning that Canadian companies investing in Namibia were doing so at their own risk and without the permission or protection of the Canadian Government.

The Canadian Government stated that it would consider carefully any proposal for a mandatory arms embargo and economic sanctions to be imposed by the Security Council in respect of Namibia. In this context, the Mission expressed its concern about the dangers of a military build-up of the illegal South African occupation forces in Namibia.

The Mission, on behalf of the Council, thanked the Government of Canada for its earlier contribution of $100,000 to the United Nations Institute for Namibia. The possibility of further assistance to the Institute and the United Nations Fund for Namibia was discussed with the Government and was taken up again subsequently in greater detail with the Canadian International Development Agency. The Canadian Government also told the Mission that it is considering a contribution to the United Nations Conference in Support of the Peoples of Zimbabwe and Namibia to be held in Mozambique from 16 to 21 May 1977.

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UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

JR 145 ottc 1977

Communiqué issued in Ottawa on 11 March 1977 by the Mission of the United Nations Council for Namibia

The Mission expressed its thanks to all those whom it had met for the manifest concern shown by them over the refusal of South Africa to withdraw from Namibia. This was expressed to the Mission by officials of the Government, by individual parliamentarians, and by some non-governmental organizations. The United Nations goal of an independent Namibia, as a unitary State, on the basis of self-determination and majority rule, free of the illegal presence of South Africa, was clearly shared by them.

The Mission had substantive talks with the Government, followed by a cordial meeting with the Prime Minister and very useful discussions with the Foreign Minister.

A review was made of the latest events in Namibia, particularly the so-called "Constitutional Conference", the intensification of repressive policies in the Territory by the authorities of the Pretoria régime, the increase in the South African military presence in Namibia, the establishment of a security zone in the Territory of Namibia in the area of the border with Angola, and South Africa's persistent refusal to withdraw from the Territory despite the repeated calls by the General Assembly and the Security Council of the United Nations.

The Government of Canada reiterated its support for the position that Namibia is the direct responsibility of the United Nations. The Government of Canada reiterated its non-recognition of any form of South African authority over the Territory of Namibia and the legal consequences flowing therefrom.

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# UNITED NATIONS

NEW YORK

## CASH RECEIPT VOUCHER

DEPOSITED IN BANK: | COUNTRY

A/C

CODER: | CURRENCY

No. A 134857

DATE

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

Date: 1 April 1977

TR 145 after 1977

Received from: Mr. JOHN ROBSON

Address: Room 3320

Amount (in words): *Sixty and 22/100 dollars****

In payment of: Refund of Travel Advance. Ref. TA/7-06-24083....Index No. 777740, Credit A/C No. UN/300-25-00.

UNITED NATIONS $60.22

Amount (in figures): $60.22
Cash -

V. Wright
For United Nations

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM MEMORANDUM INTERIEUR

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

TO: A: Mr. M. Minchin, Chief
Secretariat Services Division

DATE: 1 April 1977

REFERENCE: TR 145 0/1a '77

THROUGH: S/C DE:

FROM: DE: M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

SUBJECT: OBJET: Communiqué issued in Ottawa by the Mission of the Council for Namibia

1. The Chairman of the Mission to Canada has authorized the processing of the communiqué issued in Ottawa on 11 March 1977 by the Mission of the United Nations Council for Namibia to Canada.

2. I am submitting for your consideration the text to be issued as A/AC.131/60.

file

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

JR/cr

Mr. George Lansky, Chief
Field Operations Service

31 March 1977

TR 145 otte 1977

J.F. Robson, Principal Secretary
Mission to Canada
United Nations Council for Namibia

Financial report

The sum of US$ 1,500.00 received from Field Service for Mission expenses is accounted for as follows:

(a) Receipts

| | Canadian dollars | Exchange rate | US dollars |
|---|---|---|---|
| | 104.40 | 1.044 | 100.00 |
| | 210.50 | 1.0525 | 200.00 |
| | 1,263.00 | 1.0525 | 1,200.00 |
| Totals | 1,577.90 | | 1,500.00 |

(b) Expenditure

| | | | UN Ex. rate | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Item 365 - Newspapers | | | | |
| K. Beavan | C$ 11.25 | | | |
| J.F. Robson | 3.75 | C$ 15.00 | 1.04 | US$ 14.42 |
| Item 410 - Rental of office space | | | | |
| Ottawa (receipts attached) | | 107.00 | 1.04 | 102.88 |
| Item 439 - Local transportation (Receipts attached) | | | | |
| Toronto | 32.00 | | | |
| Ottawa | 230.56 | 262.56 | 1.04 | 252.46 |
| Item 441 - Press cables (Receipts attached) | | | | |
| List attached | | 792.47 | 1.04 | 761.99 |
| Item 446 - Telephone calls (Receipts attached) | | | | |
| Toronto | 75.00 | | | |
| Ottawa | 60.41 | 135.41 | 1.04 | 130.20 |
| Item 451 - Hospitality (List attached) (Receipts attached) | | | | |
| Lunch by Chairman | | | | |
| Mr. R. Jaipal | | 200.00 | 1.04 | 192.31 |
| Total expenditure | | C$ 1,512.44 | 1.04 | US$ 1,454.26 |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Unspent balance | 65.46 | 1.04 | 45.74 |
| Gain on exchange (see below) | | | 14.48 |
| Amt. deposited with cashier 31/3/77 | | | 60.22 |

Computation of Gain on Exchange

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Canadian dollars received | 1,577.90 | | |
| Exchange at official UN rate | 1,560.00 | | |
| Gain on exchange | 17.90 | 1.04 | 17.20 |
| Unspent balance (C$) at bank rate | (65.46) | US$ 60.22 | |
| Unspent balance (C$) at UN rate | (65.46) | " 62.94 | |
| Loss in exchange | | | 2.72 |
| Total gain in exchange | | | 14.48 |

NB. Please note that this advance of 1,500.00 was charged to travel advance account UN 300-25-00.

cc: Mr. H. Riedel
Mrs. O. Rives-Niessel

Hospitality lunch

United Nations Council for Namibia Mission to Canada, March 1977

Ottawa, 11 March at Chateau Laurier

Guests

Mr. P.A. Bissonnette, Assistant Under-Secretary

Mr. G.A. Pearson, Director, Bureau of UN Affairs

Mr. Shenstone, Director-General, Bureau of African Affairs

Mr. L.R. Rogers, Director General, Bureau of Asian Affairs

Mr. J.R. Francis, Director, UN Political Affairs Division

Mr. A. Advokaat, Officer, UN Political Affairs Division

UNITED NATIONS

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

Distr.
GENERAL

A/AC.131/60
March 1977

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

TR 145 offa 277

CONSULTATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTS OF MEMBER STATES

Communiqué issued in Ottawa on 11 March 1977 by the Mission of the Council to Canada

The Mission expressed its thanks to all those whom it had met for the manifest concern shown by them over the refusal of South Africa to withdraw from Namibia. This was expressed to the Mission by officials of the Government, by individual parliamentarians, and by some non-governmental organizations. The United Nations goal of an independent Namibia, as a unitary State, on the basis of self-determination and majority rule, free of the illegal presence of South Africa, was clearly shared by them.

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The Government of Canada reiterated its support for the position that Namibia is the direct responsibility of the United Nations. The Government of Canada reiterated its non-recognition of any form of South African authority over the Territory of Namibia and the legal consequences flowing therefrom,

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RECORDS COPY

file copy

ORIGINAL DIRECT

JFR/cr

Mr. George Iansky, Chief
Field Operations Service

29 March 1977

~~TR 145 CAN~~

TR 145 Ottawa 1977

M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

Mission of the United Nations Council for Namibia to Canada

Further to my memo dated 22 February 1977, I am informed by the Chairman of the Mission to Canada, Mr. R. Jaipal that, while in Canada, ehe authorized changes in the itinerary as a result of which travel actually took place as follows:

1. Mr. R. Jaipal and Mr. T. Tlou travelled Ottawa/New York on the evening of Friday, 11 March.

2. Mr. J.F. Robson and Miss C. Reinares travelled to Montreal on Saturday, 12 March, for a meeting with French-speaking NGOs that afternoon. The Chairman scheduled them to travel to New York the following day.

3. Mr. K. Beavan travelled to Montreal on Saturday, 12 March, for contacts with the Montreal press on that day and to give a radio broadcast to Africa on Sunday, 13 March. He returned to New York on the evening of 13 March.

cc: Mr. Riedel
Mrs. O. Rives-Niessel
Mr. K. Beavan

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

POSTAL ADDRESS—ADRESSE POSTALE: UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. 10017
CABLE ADDRESS—ADRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE: UNATIONS NEWYORK

22 March 1977

TR 145 Otte 77

REFERENCE

Dear Ambassador Jaipal,

This draft is for your approval. It is customary for mission communiqués to be issued as UN documents as well as in press release form.

The last mission communiqués were issued as joint A/ and S/ documents (see attached sample) and this is therefore proposed for our communiqué.

Alternatively, it could come out simply as a document of the Council for Namibia (A/AC.131/ ... ).

Sincerely,

J.F. Robson

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

POSTAL ADDRESS—ADRESSE POSTALE: UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. 10017
CABLE ADDRESS—ADRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE: UNATIONS NEWYORK

REFERENCE

22 March 1977

JR 145 ottc (97)

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Alternatively, it could come out simply as a document of the Council for Namibia (A/AC.131/ ... ).

Sincerely,

J.F. Robson

Approved as slightly amended.

A. Jaipal
23.3.77

Mr. J.F. Robson
UN Secretariat 33rd Floor
Room 3320.

UNITED NATIONS

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Distr.
GENERAL

A/AC.131/
March 1977

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

CONSULTATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTS OF MEMBER STATES

Communiqué issued in Ottawa on 11 March 1977 by the Mission of the Council to Canada

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The Government of Canada reiterated its support for the position that Namibia is the direct responsibility of the United Nations. The Government of Canada reiterated its non-recognition of any form of South African authority over the Territory of Namibia and the legal consequences flowing therefrom, such as the lack of validity of any treaty with the Republic of South Africa as extending to the Territory of Namibia.

/...

The Canadian Government reiterated its warning that Canadian companies investing in Namibia were doing so at their own risk and without the permission or protection of the Canadian Government.

The Canadian Government stated that it would consider carefully any proposal for a mandatory arms embargo and economic sanctions to be imposed by the Security Council in respect of Namibia. In this context, the Mission expressed its concern about the dangers of a military build-up of the illegal South African occupation forces in Namibia.

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NISC379 (PATO) NEWYORK 150 CO 1947Z=

LAT

MR. DONALD W. MCINTYRE

PRESIDENT

JOHNSON'S LAW CO.

TORONTO=

TR 145 ottc 1977

AT THE INVITATION OF CANADIAN GOVERNMENT UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA IS PLANNING VISIT TO OTTAWA TO DISCUSS MATTERS RELATING TO NAMIBIA UNDER UNITED NATIONS TRUSTE.

AT LAST SESSION THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY REQUESTED UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA TO CONTACT ADMINISTERING AND MANAGING BODIES OF FOREIGN CORPORATIONS=

P2=

OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND CONTROL TEST OF THESE COMPANIES THAT ARE OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND IN POSITION OF CONTROL.

ACCORDINGLY MISSION OF COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA COULD BE GLAD TO MEET YOU EITHER IN TORONTO ON WEDNESDAY 9 MARCH 1977 OR IN OTTAWA ON 10 AND 11 MARCH 1977 TELEPHONE YOUR=

P3=

REPLY TO J. F. POSSON OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT IN NEWYORK OF WHOM ADDRESSED AT (212) 754 5252. BASIC LEGALITY OF FACTS CONCERNING NAMIBIA IS:

(A) SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA IS UNLAWFUL SINCE AT OUTBREAK 1966 WORLD SOUTH AFRICA'S MANDATE WAS ENDED. THIS POSITION WAS CONFIRMED BY INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE.

(B) SOUTH=

P4/P5=

AFRICA'S PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA CAUSED ILLEGALITY OF FACT IS TOTALLY UNACCEPTABLE TO UNITED NATIONS.

(C) UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA HAS BEEN GIVEN BY UNITED NATIONS COMPETENCE TO FILL THE VACUUM=

Received from Beaman 17 March

TR 145 ottw 1977

Dissemination of Information

The Mission held a Press Conference at United Nations Headquarters before leaving for Ottowa, on 7 March, issued a communique after talks with Canadian Government officials, on IO March, and held a Press Conference in Ottowa, on II March. The texts of the statements made to the Press were reproduced as Press releases by ~~ex~~ the Office of Public of Information. (NAM/ 265, 269 and 270)

The information in these statements ~~were~~ was widely and prominently reproduced in Canadian newspapers across the country, ranging from two-column to seven column headlines, in Ottowa, Winnipeg, Montreal, Toronto and Quebec among others, and carried on the main newscasts of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, in both English and French.

The information was also used by the major wire agencies in New York and sent to the South African press and was also widely used in that country through correspondents of the South African media based in New York.

In addition, the Mission gave an interview to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation which was used as a 5 minute telecast on II March in the television news magazine programmes of that day, following the main television news ~~in the~~ that evening. An interview was also given to CBC radio which was used in CBC's programmes to Africa.

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

Meeting with NGO - Carrefour International
Montreal, 12 March 1977, 4:30 p.m.

Ms. Monique Olmi - CARREFOUR INTERNATIONAL

JR 145 ofta '77

Ms. Olmi said CARREFOUR International in Montreal was a small group of three staff working full time. They work with ethnic groups, have contacts with the people and prepare publications, brochures. She handed several out. They also had films which they distribute.

The main purpose of the organization was to give the right information on international problems, especially countries which were trying to free themselves from colonial domination. They show films in colleges, church groups, etc. They also had connexion with CIDA and had agreements with trained techers and they publish material free for the organization which was their contribution. They rent films for television programmes, etc.

Mr. Robson explained the work of the Council for Namibia, SWAPO and liberations movements. He also said that many NGOs had the tendency to group together Namibia, South Africa and Rhodesia as a whole which was not feasible. Namibia and Rhodesia seem to have something of a solution to take place within a matter of years, but South Africa was not the same. He also explained that Namibia was by itself - the main thing was the illegal occupation of South Africa and the apartheid system. So, it was important to keep Namibia separate.

The Canadian Government seemed receptive to the Mission's purpose. Their support was needed as members of the UN and presently the Security Council. The Council was seeking a mandatory arms embargo.

He explained the policy of the bantustans and of the constitutional talks; Canadian investments in Namibia and different companies.

Ms. Olmi spoke of SWAPO's last visit to Montreal in April and they got in touch with some workers from the mines in Falconbridge.

Mr. Robson thanked Ms. Olmi for the meeting.

For internal use only

RECORDS CONTROL JUN 1977

Meeting with NGO's-Ottawa, 11 March 1977

3:30 p.m.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Dennis Schroeder | - | Canadian University Service Overseas |
| | Brian Tomlinson | - | OXFAM, Canada |
| | Hugh Mangle | - | Canadian University Service Overseas |
| | Jean Christie | - | Canadian University Service Overseas |
| (Rev.) | Jean Lacoursiere | - | Development and Peace |
| | John Harker | - | Canadian Labour Congress |

TR 145 otte 1977

Chairman explained situation of Namibia - an international responsibility and Canada and India co-signers in League of Nations, now dissolved. South Africa was elected to supervise under the trust but now continued to stay there -- it should hand over the trust but it refuses to do so.

1st Speaker spoke of Canadian companies operating in Namibia -- and rights of corporations on taxes being a problem with Government of Canada and inquired of meeting with the company heads or representatives.

Chairman explained letters written by Mission to companies and various replies, specifically the 2 companies which wanted to get in touch before-hand with the Canadian authorities before meeting with Mission group. Also, mentioned Canadian Government's response that companies were told they were operating at their own risks

Speaker said that Canada had to have an "awareness". Also maybe invite a Canadian representative in Nairobi to go to Lusaka then have a meeting with the ~~xxxx~~ President of the Council and members when he got back. Also draw attention to the Namibian position, about Canadian corporations and moral obligations Canadian Government had. That had to be expressed repeatedly. Talked about difficult time getting information on South Africa and Namibia and that the Canadian media did not get the routine material.

Chairman said US took firm stand and made strong statements to US investors in Namibia and 2 or 3 of them "pulled out". However, he did not like to highlight that aspect. The main concern was one of time. Events seem to be escalating and things were heading for a head-on collision and that should be avoided. Also said that Western Powers were asked to help in asking SA to move out. What he wanted to achieve was the withdrawal of SA, holding of free elections, protection of investments for Namibians - a civilized turnover. However, things were not working that way because there was not enough interest.

Chairman said that the Mission was concentrating on the political aspects since thingswere pretty bad there and that there was evidence of South African military build-up. That meant that the liberation forces were also getting ready. The UN was virtually in a state of war with SA and we had to do something about that.

3rd Speaker inquired, in the performance of the Council's functions, what were the stubborn factors it had to reckon with that make its work difficult? Were there helpful signs from SA?

Chairman said there was cause for limited optimism as there was na new president in Washington who would like to take some initiatives on the question of Rhodesia and Namibia. Hoped that Pres. Carter would initiate some steps and others like UK, Germany, etcwould follow. There were ways of getting SA out, but there was a lcak of realization that it was an international obligation.

3rd Speaker wanted to know if the Mission took up the question of compensating factors on investments. US said it would not compensate in the event of war, etc.

Chairman said that the Canadian Government said that too. He added that at present the only option was the noise ffrom Pres. Carter; if things were left with SA, things would get a lot worse before they got better.

Thanked everybody for the meeting.

...

Meeting adjourned.

Mr. Robson: Just to remind you that I was out of the room for most the above meeting taking care of the catering arrangements.

Carmen

TELEVISION INTERVIEW - OTTAWA

Ambassadors Jaipal and Tlou
11 March, 12:45

TR 145 Otta 1977

Short run down on Namibia and Canadian companies operating there and said that Mission to Canada headed by an Indian was in Ottawa "trying to put pressure"on the Canadian Government regarding the companies' operations.

---

Reporter - Mentioned "buffer zone" and interest in Namibia. As regards the Canadian companies operating there, are they taking out some minerals from Namibia?

Chairman - Yes, they are taking practically all the minerals out of there. Namibia is rich in minerals, diamonds, lead, zinc, uranium, etc.

Reporter - What is the word, "pillage"?

Chairman - Yes, also, Namibia is sparsely populated.

Reported - How are we involved in Namibia?

Chairman - Canada, likeall members of the United Nations is involved since Namibia is an international Territory and therefore a concern to all of us.

Reporter - Canada has economic involvement there, is it not? Is it not one of the reasons ? Can you tell us the names of these companies?

Chairman - Yes, that is one of the reasons. Canada does not have as large an investment as the other countries like the US, UK, etc. The names of the companies are Falconbridge Mines, Rio Algom, etc. Canada can tell them that they are operating at their own risks. One hopes that they can see the dangers of these operations ...

Reporter - You went to Toronto and tried to see them there, is that right?

Chairman - They could not meet with us because they wrote us to tell us they want to meet us under the auspices of the Canadian Government and that was not possible.

Reporter - Some of the US companies left, is that right?

Chairman - Yes, some have left or else suspended their operations until the situation is clear.

DRAFT

Meeting with NGO's in Toronto, 9 March 1977, 2 p.m.

TR 145 offc 1977

OXFAM

Toronto Committee for the Liberation of Africa(TCLSAC)

Lutheran Church and Taskforce on Churches

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. J.M. Zimmerman | - Lutheran Church and Taskforce on Churches and Corporate Responsibility |
| Ms. Renate Pratt | = Co-ordinator, Taskforce on Churches |
| Mr. Paul Puritt | - Regional Director, OXFAM, Canada |
| Ms. Judith Marshall | - Programme Development Co-ordinator Southern Africa Regional, OXFAM |
| Ms. Susan Hurlich | - Toronto Committee for the Liberation of Southern Africa (TCLSAC) |
| Mr. Jonathan Barner | - TCLSAC |

Chairman said the Mission was there to listen to what they had to say and said they probably knew the Mission's purpose; to meet with the Canadian Government and see their point of view on the main objective - independence for Namibia. UN had a collective responsibility as Namibia had international status. He expected to discuss the political aspects - South Africa's presence in Namibia was illegal. He invited those present to feel free to air their views and if there were matters they did not want included in the Mission's report, he would see to it that it was kept that way.

1st speaker(TCLSAC) inquired as to the Mission's purpose and said that there was an overlap in things and perhaps the first place to start might be the Taskforce.

2nd speaker said that in the area of human rights, Namibia was linked. She mentioned the Canadian companies operating in Namibia and said they were concerned, mentioned Falconbridge specifically and said that they had taken the matter up with the Canadian Government, particularly since the UN brought up the Decree No. 1. According to her, Falconbridge was completely unconcerned and informed them that "we do not know what we are talking about". South Africa had no right to be in Namibia, there were no laws, no international laws binding... The Canadian Government said that it was not their policy to interfere with free enterprise. When the Decree came out Mr. MacBride was in Toronto and he met with themand suggested they get in touch with the UN. MacBride tried to meet with some companies who seemed willing but at the last minute they changed their minds.

At this point, a letter ~~from~~ to Mr. Jamieson was distributed to the Mission members. She added that they met with the Minister for External Affairs and

had a long discussion with him on Namibia but they do not recognize the "two-faced policy"...

Chairman said that the Decree was adopted by the General Assembly and had to go through international law and that it was up to the Canadian Government to regard it as such and that it was to the Mission to ask them what their intentions were. As to the legal aspects of it, Falconbridge was operating at it's own risk. He added that there must be some stockholders who must realize their risks.

2nd speaker said that they had meetings with the stockholders and morality and risks were brought up, they were not used to church groups and have shown excessive prudence. She further said that the stockholders were not aware, and thought that they could tell them that the risk they run was that if a black majority government was formed, it would not be good for them.

Chairman asked if the shareholders knew that the attitude of the Canadian Government was not contradictory to the International Court's opinion?

Answer Yes, they knew that.

Mr. Tlou asked, what about among the parliamentarians, the politicians?

3rd speaker said there was little contact with local members of Parliament-said the MPs do not have a great deal of "clout" and he cited something on 7 recommendations to the Government... He then inquired about the Security Council not imposing sanctions on Namibia. He also talked of the tax concession it being a sore point with the Canadian Government. Read phrase in material distributed. Talked of Falconbridge not being concerned with public opinion, had poorest management and not like Hudson's Bay; said they were nervous about a paper put out by the church group; they contradict themselves.

Chairman inquired about principal consumer goods or product.

No. 3 said that nickel was needed by war supplied and not so much by the public, Canada was not a big consumer of nickel.

Chairman asked if they considered appearing before the Council for Namibia.

Answer said they thought about it but haven't done anything yet.

Chairman said that that might be useful and helpful if they asked to be heard. Said the Council heard many NGO's among them a white person who came from South Africa.

No. 4 said there was a huge outcry by Canada, voting on General Assembly and Security Council resolutions but then avoided any resolutions with a "bite".

Chairman said he spoke to lawyers in New York on the legal aspects on the companies investments but no local lawyers were consulted..

Discussions ensued on the property where mining took place, ownership of same, concessions being given by South Africa, etc. Also, other companies. Mr. Robson explained further, ownership, taxation, legal aspects, Decree.

No. 1 (TCLSAC) Spoke of conversations with the workers in Namibia. She requested that her name not be mentioned; the organization could be.

No. 2 said Canadian Governdment felt a connexion with American Government and fearful of contributions of corporations. Also mentioned smme companies VIPs being Directors or head of corporations

No. 1 talked about what she saw; the military personnel (South African) walking around, their military training school, movement of troops, the armory in Windhoek, tight security and stock of arms; their presence was visible.

Mr. Tlou said there was evidence of war preparations going on, big base in the north, telecommunications tower, military checkpoint.

Chairman said that the UN was in a state of war with South Africa over Namibia.

No. 1 said there was evidence ofSouth African intimidations, threats and even break=ins in schools, confiscation of books, pamphlets, etc.

Mr. Tlou inquired what about Turnhalla talks.

No. 1 answered that on the ground there was no support for Turnhalla. Kapuuo had bodyguards all the time and people were aware that the Dama delegations was put together. People were conscious of lateral manoeuvres of US Government to try to get Turnhalla support.

Chairman said that he read somewhere that the white population in Namibia were nervous of late.

No. 1 said that it was hard to get figures. There was an outflow of farmers' funds and advertisements of farms for sale were all over. On the investment level there was no information but that the majority of the white population saw Turnhalla as the option they support -- there was certainly a sign of nervousness. Mentioned Falconbridge receiving exploration more rights for uranium .

No. 1 asked what did the Mission hope to achieve with talks with Canadian Government and where was it "limping".

Chairman hoped the Council for Namibia called upon Security Council to discuss that question again that year and Canada was a member of the SC . Talked of Chapter 7 against SA and all countries operating in Namibia. Whatever came out had to be carefully worded and drafted and maybe the Canadian Government would have to act on that basis. He further stated that he would explore that aspect along those lines. Another thing was the mandatory arms embargo and that some Canadian officials were in favour of that, but not all.

No. 1 wanted to know if the Chairman would talk about banks making loans that could be dealt with in a manner without a real arms embargo.

Chairman answered that that was why it was "ticklish". Namibian had to be isolated from South Africa and that had to be worded carefully in order to avoid vetoes.

No 5 talked about the press and CBC receiving a lot of hate letters. Also mentioned meeting of Ministry of External Affairs with SWAPO, etc. Mentioned blatant racism and cartoons in Globe and Mail.

Chairman said that Canada wanted a peaceful solution like everybody else as the alternative would be bloodshed.

No. 1 said that to stress for a peaceful solution was still good but that they should urge the Canadian authorities to "move".

Chairman summed up and said that the meeting was quite "enlightening" and that perhaps the Mission would see them in the near future and that we would send them a copy of the report.

Meeting adjourned

NGO meeting
Ottawa, 11 March
3:30 pm.

Dennis Schroeder
Canadian University Service Overseas

TR 145 ottc 1977

Brian Tomlinson
OXFAM-CANADA

HUGH SANGLE
CANADIAN UNIVERSITY SERVICE OVERSEAS (CUSO)

Jean Christie
Canadian University Service Overseas

Attendance

| Name | Organization | Tel. |
| --- | --- | --- |
| JEAN LACOURSIÈRE ✓ | Dev. + Peace | 238-5718 |
| JOHN HARKER ✓ | C.L.C. | 521-3400 |
| BRIAN TOMLINSON ✓ | OXFAM | 237-5236 |
| HUGH NANGLIG | CANADIAN UNIVERSITY SERVICE OVERSEAS (CUSO) | 237-0390 |
| DENNIS SCHROEDER ✓ | | |

NGO's; Toronto
2 p.m.
9 march

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977
CREATIVATION

TR 145 Oct 1977

| NAME | |
|---|---|
| J.M. ZIMMERMAN | LUTHERAN CHURCH and Taskforce on Churches + Corporate Responsibility |
| RENATE PRATT | COORDINATOR, TASKFORCE ON THE CHURCHES AND CORPORATE RESP. |
| PAUL PURITT | Regional Director, Oxfam-Canada |
| JUDITH MARSHALL | PROGRAMME DEVELOPMENT COORDINATOR SOUTHERN AFRICA REGION OXFAM-CANADA |
| SUSAN HURLICH | TORONTO COMMITTEE FOR THE LIBERATION OF SOUTHERN AFRICA (TCLSAC) |
| Jonathan Bonner | TCLSAC |

The Permanent Mission of Canada
to the United Nations

La Mission Permanente du Canada
aupres des Nations Unies

RECEIVED CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

Secretariat,
Council for Namibia
Date
received 15/9/76

NEW YORK, September 14, 1976.

JR 145 ottc 1977

Excellency,

I have the honour to transmit to you a letter from the Secretary of State for External Affairs of Canada, the Honourable Allan J. MacEachen, embodying an invitation to the Council for Namibia to send a mission to Ottawa during 1977.

Accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

W.H. Barton

William H. Barton,
Ambassador and
Permanent Representative.

His Excellency Mr. Dunstan W. Kamana,
Chairman,
United Nations Council for Namibia,
United Nations,
NEW YORK, N.Y.

CR.3 (5-69)

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UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

# CABLE

RECORDS CENTRE
9 JUN 1977

*For use of drafter – A remplir par le rédacteur :*

| Date : | Drafter – Rédacteur : | Room – Bureau : | Ext. – Poste : |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8.3.77 | JF Robson | 3310 | 5396 |
| Dept.: PATD | Allotment – Compte : | File – Dossier : TR 145 | |

TR 145 ottawa 1977

TO:
A : MR . DONALD S. MCGIVERN
PRESIDENT
HUDSON'S BAY CO.
TORONTO

TELEX NO. 06 22038

AT THE INVITATION OF CANADIAN GOVERNMENT UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA IS SENDING MISSION TO OTTAWA TO DISCUSS QUESTIONS RELATING TO NAMIBIA WHICH HAS INTERNATIONAL STATUS.

AT LAST SESSION THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY AUTHORIZED UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA TO CONTACT ADMINISTERING AND MANAGING BODIES OF FOREIGN CORPORATIONS OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND CAUTION THEM OF ILLEGAL BASIS ON WHICH THEY ARE OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND OF POSITION OF COUNCIL.

ACCORDINGLY MISSION OF COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA WOULD BE GLAD TO MEET YOU EITHER IN TORONTO ON WEDNESDAY 9 MARCH 1977 OR IN OTTAWA ON 10 AND 11 MARCH 1977

TELEPHONE YOUR REPLY TO J.F. ROBSON OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT IN NEW YORK OR MISS MALDONADO AT (212) 754 5396.

BASIC SUMMARY OF FACTS CONCERNING NAMIBIA IS:

(A) SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA IS UNLAWFUL SINCE 27 OCTOBER 1966 WHEN SOUTH AFRICA'S MANDATE WAS REVOKED. THIS POSITION WAS CONFIRMED BY INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE.

(B) SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA BASED SOLELY ON FORCE IS TOTALLY UNACCEPTABLE TO UNITED NATIONS

(C) UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA HAS BEEN CREATED TO ADMINISTER TERRITORY UNTIL INDEPENDENCE.

RIKHI JAIPAL
PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF INDIA TO THE UNITED NATIONS
AND CHAIRMAN OF THE MISSION TO CANADA

Cleared by:
Visé par :

Authorized by:
Autorisé par :
Signature

M. Rego-Monteiro Secretary Council for Namibia
J. Monteiro (please type) – Nom et qualité (à dactylographier)

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Conference Room Paper No.1/Rev.1/Adl

Mission to Canada, March 1977

9 March 1977

TR 145 6th 1977

AMENDMENTS TO PROGRAMME OF ACTIVITIES

Thursday, 10 March

| | |
|---|---|
| 10:00 am<br>12:30 pm | Interdepartmental meeting, as before (Note lunch not 12:00 noon and Guest List has also been amended) |
| 14:00 0 15:00 | House of Commons, Question Time |
| 15:00 | Meeting with Prime Minister. Mission introduced by Mr. Pearson or Mr. Advocaat. |
| 15:30 | Meeting with Secretary of State, Mr. Donald C. Jamieson. |

Friday, 11 March

| | |
|---|---|
| 10:00 | Press Conference |
| 11:00 | Formal meeting with Mr. Lalande, Vice-President of CIDA. Mission introduced by Mr. Ladouceur. |
| 11:15 | Meeting with CIDA officials |
| 13:00 | Mr. Jaipal's lunch. Canadian Guests:<br>Mr. Bissonnette (Provisionally);<br>Mr. and Mrs. Pearson<br>Mr. L.R. Rogers (Dir.Gen. Asia Pacific Bureau)<br>Mr. M. Shenstone (Dir.Gen Africa and Middle E.B)<br>Mr. A. Advocaat<br>Additional Canadian to be nominated by us. |
| 15:00 | Meeting with following NGO's arranged by Canadian UNA and co-operativeunion:<br>Church groups<br>Oxfam<br>Canadian Universities Overseas Service (CUSO)<br>Canadian Catholic Conference<br>South Africa Information Group (SAIG)<br>International Development Research Centre<br>Canadian Labour Congress<br>Amnesty International |
| 16:30 | Mr. Jaipal and Mr. Tlou leave meeting. |
| 17:35 | Mr. Jaipal and Mr. Tlou depart (Air Canada) |

Saturday, 12 March (in Montreal)

| | |
|---|---|
| (time to be announced) | Broadcast on Canadian Broadcasting Corp. Africa Service |
| 14:00 | Meeting with Carrefour International (NGO) |

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BRITISH COLUMBIA

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

AT THE INVITATION OF CANADIAN GOVERNMENT UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL

FOR NAMIBIA IS SENDING MISSION TO OTTAWA TO DISCUSS QUESTIONS

RELATING TO NAMIBIA WHICH HAS INTERNATIONAL STATUS PARA AT LAST

SESSION IN DOCUMENT 1976 UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY

AUTHORIZED UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA TO CONTACT

ADMINISTERING AND MANAGING BODIES OF FOREIGN CORPORATIONS
OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND CAUTIONED THEM OF ILLEGAL BASIS ON WHICH

THEY ARE OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND OF POSITION OF COUNCIL PARA

ACCORDINGLY MISSION OF COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA WOULD BE GLAD TO MEET

YOU EITHER IN TORONTO ON WEDNESDAY 9 MARCH 1977 OR IN OTTAWA ON

10 AND 11 MARCH. KINDLY TELEPHONE YOUR REPLY TO JP ROBSON OF

UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT IN NEW YORK TELEPHONE 212 754-5359

OR MISS WALDONADO 212 754-5356 PARA SUMMARY OF BASIC FACTS

CONCERNING NAMIBIA IS AAA SOUTH AFRICAN PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA IS

UNLAWFUL SINCE 27 OCTOBER 1966 WHEN SOUTH AFRICAN MANDATE WAS

REVOKED. THIS POSITION CONFIRMED BY INTERNATIONAL COURT OF

JUSTICE. BBB SOUTH AFRICAN PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA BASED SOLELY ON

FORCE AND TOTALLY UNACCEPTABLE TO UNITED NATIONS CCC UNITED

NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA HAS BEEN ENTRUSTED TO ADMINISTER

TERRITORY UNTIL INDEPENDENCE PARA LETTER OF CONFIRMATION FOLLOWS:

RISHI JAIPAL, PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF INDIA TO THE

UNITED NATIONS AND CHAIRMAN OF THE MISSION TO CANADA 3 NRNS

END

MSG RJCT EOAS AR 05/03 23:13 EOM DETECTED BEFORE MSG W SOM

ACCEPTED 1 THRU 7 EOAS AR 05/03 23:13

TR 145 otta 1977

RECORDS CENTRE
9 JUN 1977

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GRAMOND MINES LTD. 401-150 UNIVERSITY AVENUE, TORONTO, ONTARIO

CANADA

/3A ZIP 00000

A.C. BENTZ

(From Canadian authorities)

U.N. COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Inter-Departmental Meeting, 10 a.m., Thursday, March 10, 1977
10th Floor, Tower A, Department of External Affairs

TR 145 Ottawa 1977

Agenda:

I The Situation in Namibia
(tour d'horizon, including the protection of its natural resources)

II The Responsibilities of the United Nations

III The Role of the U.N. Council for Namibia
(including the process leading to the independence of Namibia)

IV Assistance to Namibians

(a) United Nations Fund and Institute for Namibia

(b) United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa

(c) United Nations Trust Fund for South Africa

(d) Humanitarian assistance

PARTICIPANTS in interdepartmtg

Chairman:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. P. A. Bissonnette | Assistant Under-Secretary, External Affairs |

U.N. Council for Namibia Representatives:

| | |
|---|---|
| H. E. Rikhi Jaipal | Vice-President of the U.N. Council for Namibia |
| H. E. Roberto de Rosenzweig-Diaz | Vice-President of the U.N. Council for Namibia |
| H. E. Thomas Tlou | U.N. Council for Namibia |
| Mr. John Robson | Deputy Head, Council for Namibia Secretariat |
| Mr. Keith Beavan | U.N. Office of Public Information |

Department of External Affairs:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. G.A.H. Pearson | Director General, Bureau of United Nations Affairs |
| Mr. J. R. Francis | Director, United Nations Political Affairs Division |
| Mr. A. Advokaat | United Nations Political Affairs Division |
| Mr. H. H. Carter | Deputy Director General, African and Middle Eastern Affairs Bureau |
| Mr. G. A. Weir | African Affairs Division |
| Mr. T. J. Arcand | Director, Commonwealth Institutions Division |
| Mr. H. D. Peel | Legal Advisory Division |
| Ms. H. Steinberg | Aid and Development Division |
| Mr. C.J.M. Thompson | Commercial Policy Division |

Other Government Agencies and Departments:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. Paul Ladouceur | U.N. Programmes, Canadian International Development Agency |

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. P. F. Fiori | Chief, U.N. Programmes,<br>Department of Finance |
| Mr. J. L. MacNeil | Director,<br>Pacific, Asia and Africa Bureau,<br>Department of Industry, Trade<br>and Commerce |

U. N. Council for Namibia

Guest List for luncheon to be held March 10, 1977, hosted by Mr. P. A. Bissonnette, Assistant Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs

| | |
|---|---|
| H. E. Rikhi Jaipal | Vice-President of the U.N. Council for Namibia |
| H. E. Roberto de Rosenzweig-Diaz | Vice-President of the U.N. Council for Namibia |
| H. E. Thomas Tlou | U.N. Council for Namibia |
| Mr. John Robson | Deputy Head, Council for Namibia Secretariat |
| Mr. Keith Beavan | U.N. Office of Public Information |
| Hon. R. Stanbury | Member of Parliament |
| Mr. M. Prud'homme | Member of Parliament |
| Mr. Ivan Head | Senior Advisor, International Relations, Prime Minister's Office |
| Mr. Robert K. Joyce | Assistant Deputy Minister, Department of Finance |
| Mr. G. Lalande | Vice-President, Canadian International Development Agency |
| Mr. Charles King | Associate Editor, The Citizen |
| Mr. Steve Scott | Canadian Press |
| Mr. G.A.H. Pearson | Director General, Bureau of United Nations Affairs, Department of External Affairs |
| Mr. M. Shenstone | Director General, Bureau of African and Middle Eastern Affairs, Department of External Affairs |

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|---|---|
| Mr. J.M.T. Thomas | Director General,<br>Pacific, Asia and Africa Bureau,<br>Department of Industry, Trade and Commerce |
| Mr. H. H. Carter | Deputy Director General,<br>Bureau of African and Middle Eastern Affairs,<br>Department of External Affairs |
| Mr. J. R. Francis | Director,<br>United Nations Political Affairs Division |

(From Canadian authorities)

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

U. N. Council for Namibia

Guest List for luncheon to be held March 10, 1977, hosted by Mr. P. A. Bissonnette, Assistant Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs

TR 145 Oct. 1977

| | |
|---|---|
| H. E. Rikhi Jaipal | Vice-President of the U.N. Council for Namibia |
| H. E. Roberto de Rosenzweig-Diaz | Vice-President of the U.N. Council for Namibia |
| H. E. Thomas Tlou | U.N. Council for Namibia |
| Mr. John Robson | Deputy Head, Council for Namibia Secretariat |
| Mr. Keith Beavan | U.N. Office of Public Information |
| Hon. R. Stanbury | Member of Parliament |
| Mr. M. Prud'homme | Member of Parliament |
| Mr. Ivan Head | Senior Advisor, International Relations, Prime Minister's Office |
| Mr. Robert K. Joyce | Assistant Deputy Minister, Department of Finance |
| Mr. G. Lalande | Vice-President, Canadian International Development Agency |
| Mr. Charles King | Associate Editor, The Citizen |
| Mr. Steve Scott | Canadian Press |
| Mr. G.A.H. Pearson | Director General, Bureau of United Nations Affairs, Department of External Affairs |
| Mr. M. Shenstone | Director General, Bureau of African and Middle Eastern Affairs, Department of External Affairs |

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| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. J.M.T. Thomas | Director General,<br>Pacific, Asia and Africa Bureau,<br>Department of Industry, Trade<br>and Commerce |
| Mr. H. H. Carter | Deputy Director General,<br>Bureau of African and Middle<br>Eastern Affairs,<br>Department of External Affairs |
| Mr. J. R. Francis | Director,<br>United Nations Political Affairs<br>Division |

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

Carmen

TR 145 otta 1977
(From Canadian authorities)

Schedule of Appointments

Thursday, March 10, 1977

10:00 hours - Interdepartmental meeting, 10th floor, Conference Room, Tower 'A', External Affairs (Agenda and list of participants attached)

12:30 for 12:45 hours - Official luncheon hosted by Mr. P.A. Bissonnette (guest list attached)

14:00 hours - Visit to House of Commons - Visitors' Gallery

15:30 hours - Meeting with Secretary of State for External Affairs the Honourable Don Jamieson (442-N)

Friday, March 11, 1977

10:00 hours - Press Conference, National Press Club 150 Wellington Street

11:00 hours - Meeting with CIDA officials, Jackson Building 122 Bank Street

13:00 hours - Luncheon hosted by H.E. Rikhi Jaipal Canadian Grill, Château Laurier.

U.N. COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Inter-Departmental Meeting, 10 a.m. Thursday, March 10, 1977
10th Floor, Tower A, Department of External Affairs

TR 145 Office 1977

Agenda:

I Opening remarks by Mr. P.A. Bissonnette

II The Situation in Namibia

III The Responsibilities of the United Nations

IV The Role of the U.N. Council for Namibia

V Assistance to Namibians

(a) United Nations Fund and Institute for Namibia

(b) United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa

(c) Humanitarian assistance

PARTICIPANTS

Chairman:

| | |
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| Mr. P. A. Bissonnette | Assistant Under-Secretary, External Affairs |

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| Mr. John Robson | Deputy Head, Council for Namibia Secretariat |
| Mr. Keith Beavan | U.N. Office of Public Information |

Department of External Affairs:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. Roquet | Assistant Under-Secretary |
| Mr. G.A.H. Pearson | Director General Bureau of United Nations Affairs |
| Mr. M. Shenstone | Director General Bureau of African & Middle Eastern Affairs |
| Mr. J. R. Francis | Director, United Nations Political Affairs Division |
| Mr. A. Advokaat | United Nations Political Affairs Division |
| Mr. H. H. Carter | Deputy Director General African & Middle Eastern Affairs Bureau |
| Mr. G. A. Weir | African Affairs Division |
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Other Government Agencies and Departments:

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| Mr. Paul Ladouceur | U.N. Programmes, Canadian International Development Agency |
| Mr. P.F. Fiori | Chief, U.N. Programmes, Department of Finance |
| Mr. R. Marceau | A/Chief Africa and Middle East Division Department of Industry Trade & Commerce |

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Conference Room Paper No. 7

Mission to Canada, March 1977

9 March 1977

RECORDS CENTRE JUN 1977

TR 145 Ottawa 1977

POSITION OF CANADIAN COMPANIES

| | |
|---|---|
| FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LTD.<br>Toronto, Ont. | Mr. James Crane, Vice-President sent telex to Council stating willingness to meet Council at later date under auspicesof Canadian Government. |
| RIO ALGOM LTD.<br>Toronto, Ont. | Mr. G.R. Albino, President, sent following telex to Council, "We have contacted the Canadian Government who presumably are in charge of your visit to Canada and therefore will await their comment." |
| NORANDA MINES LTD.<br>Toronto, Ont. | Mr. Hines, President of Noranda Exploration replied by phone that his company had no further involvement in Namibia. |
| LAURASIA RESOURCES<br>Toronto, Ont. | President is away. They say they are no longer involved in Namibia. |
| HUDSON'S Bay Co.<br>Toronto, Ont. | New telex sent to other Hudson Bay Co. |
| BRILUND MINES LTD.<br>Toronto, Ont. | The company stated address is actually a lawyer's office. The office stated that the company recently moved its address to another lawyer's office. We are still checking. |
| INTERNATIONAL WELLINGTON RESOURCES LTD.<br>Vancouver | This company's address is also at a lawyer's office. The lawyer states that the company is no longer involved in Namibia. |

JR 145 Ottawa 1977

NGO Contact in Montreal :

1. Miss Monique Olmi
   CARREFOUR INTERNATIONAL
   Tel. (514) 527-6611

2. Mr. Alan Brosieri
   CUSO
   c/o Miss Olmi
   Tel. (514) 735-4561

2:00 p.m. meeting, 12 March 1977

Miss Doucet
Ottawa - 232-5751

file

232422 UNATIONS NEWYORK FROM BEAVAN NAMIBIA COUNCIL CANADA FOR OMNIPRESSES

TR 145 OTTA 1977

LONDON (ENGLAND)

PARIS (FRANCE)

COPENHAGEN (DENMARK)

ROME (ITALY)

MOSCOW (USSR)

DAR ES SALAAM (TANZANIA)

~~PORT OF SPAIN (TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO) AND~~

TELEX 89 506 UNI INFOCEN WASHINGTON AND

ECA ADDIS ABABA (ETHIOPIA)

UNDEVPRO LUSAKA (ZAMBIA)

UNDEVPRO NAIROBI (KENYA)

~~UNDEVPRO GEORGETOWN (GUYANA) SIMON~~

TANG POWELL STADJUHAR CHANG TOMBELAINE FROM BEAVAN STOP FOLLOWING IS TEXT PRESS CONFERENCE STATEMENT NAMIBIA COUNCIL'S MISSION TO CANADA OTTAWA ELEVEN MARCH MADE BY RIKHI JAIPAL INDIA AND THOMAS TLOU BOTSWANA COLON QUOTE FIRST OF ALL THANK YOU FOR YOUR INTEREST IN ATTENDING THIS PRESS CONFERENCE PARA SECONDLY EYE WOULD LIKE TO EXPRESS THANKS OF MISSION TO ALL THOSE WE MET FOR MANIFEST CONCERN SHOWN BY THEM OVER REFUSAL OF SOUTH AFRICA TO WITHDRAW FROM NAMIBIA STOP THIS EXPRESSED TO US BY OFFICIALS OF GOVERNMENT BY INDIVIDUAL PARLIAMENTARIANS AND BY SOME NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS STOP UNATIONS GOAL OF AN INDEPENDENT NAMIBIA COMMA AS UNITARY STATE COMMA ON BASIS OF SELF-DETERMINATION AND MAJORITY RULE COMMA FREE OF ILLEGAL PRESENCEOF SOUTH AFRICA COMMA WAS CLEARLY SHARED BY THEM ~~COMMA~~ PARA WE HAD SUBSTANTIVE TALKS WITH GOVERNMENT COMMA FOLLOWED BY CORDIAL MEETING WITH YOUR PRIME MINISTER AND VERY USEFUL DISCUSSIONS WITH YOUR FOREIGN MINISTER PARA WE REVIEWED LATEST EVENTS IN NAMIBIA COMMA PARTICULARLY THE SO-CALLED QUOTE CONSTITUTIONAL CONFERENCE UNQUOTE COMMA INTENSIFICATION OF REPRESSIVE POLICIES IN TERRITORY BY THE AUTHORITIES OF THE PRETORIA REGIME COMMA THE INCREASE IN SOUTH AFRICAN MILITARY PRESENCEIN NAMIBIA AND ESTABLISHMNT OF A SECURITY ZONE IN THE TERRITORY OF NAMIBIA IN THE AREA OF THE BORDER WITH ANGOLA COMMA AND SOUTH AFRICA'S PERSISTENT REFUSAL TO WITHDRAW FROM THE TERRITORY DESPITE THE REPEATED CALLS BY ASSEMBLY AND SECCO OF UNATIONS PARA GOVERNMENT OF CANADA REITERATED ITS SUPPORT FOR POSITION THAT NAMIBIA IS THE DIRECT RESPONSIBILITY OF UNATIONS PARA GOVERNMENT OF CANADA REITERATED ITS NON-RECOGNITION OF ANY FORM OF SOUTH AFRICAN AUTHORITY OVER TERRITORY OF NAMIBIA AND THE LEGAL CONSEQUENCES FLOWING THEREFROM COMMA SUCH AS THE LACK OF VALIDITY OF ANY TREATY WITH THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA AS EXTENDING TO TERRITORY OF NAMIBIA PARA

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT REITERATED ITS WARNING THAT CANADIAN COMPANIES INVESTING IN NAMIBIA WERE DOING SO AT OWN RISK AND WITHOUT THE PERMISSION OR PROTECTION OF CANADIAN GOVERNMENT PARA CANADIAN GOVERNMENT STATED THAT IT WOULD CONSIDER CAREFULLY ANY PROPOSAL FOR AYE MANDATORY ARMSEMBARGO AND ECONOMIC SANCTIONS TO BE IMPOSED BY SECCO IN RESPECT OF NAMIBIA STOP IN THIS CONTEXT MISSION EXPRESSED ITS CONCERN ABOUT DANGERS OF MILITARY BUILDUP OF THE ILLEGAL SOUTH AFRICAN OCCUPATION FROCES IN NAMIBIA PARA MISSION ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL THANKED GOVERNMENT OF CANADA FOR ITS CONTRIBUTION OFDOLLARS ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND TO UNATIONS INSTITUTE FOR NAMIBIA STOP THE POSSIBILITY OF FURTHER ASSISTANCE TO THE INSTITUTE AND THE UNATIONS FUND FOR NAMIBIA WAS DISCUSSED AND WILL BE TAKEN UP AGAIN IN GREATER DETAIL WITH CANADIAN INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION THIS MORNING STOP CANADIAN GOVERNMENT HASALSO TOLD US ITIS CONSIDERING AYE CONTRIBUTION TO UNATIONS CONFERENCEIN SUPPORTOF PEOPLES OF ZIMBABWE AND NAMIBIA TO BE HELD IN MOZAMBIQUE SIXTEEN TWENTYFIRST MAY SEVENTYSEVEN UNQUOTE PARA

ANSWERING QUESTIONS MISSION SAID CANADIAN FIRMS MENTIONED AS OPERATING REGARDING NAMIBIA ILLEGALLY IN TERMS UNATIONS RESOLUTIONS WERE FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES SEMI RIO ALGOM SEMI NORANDA MINES SEMI LAURASIA RESOURCES SEMI HUDSONS BAY SEMI BRILUND MINES SEMI INTERNATIONAL WELLINGTON RESOURCES SEMI ALL REGISTERED TORONTO EXCEPT WELLINGTON WHICH VANCOUVER STOP MAIN TWO WERE FALCONBRIDGE AND RIO ALGOM STOP BOTH HAD OFFERED MEET COUNCIL MEMBERS UNDER CANADIAN GOVERNMENT AUSPICES STOP NORANDA COMMA LAURASIA COMMA WELLINGTON ALL SAID NO LONGER INVOLVED NAMIBIA STOP OTHERS NOT REPLIED PARA MISSION STATED OPERATIONS OF CANADIAN FIRMS NAMIBIA ILLEGAL STOP HOPED WOULD REALIZE WHERE THEIR TRUE INTERESTS LAY COMMA TAKE ACCOUNT CANADIAN GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT THEY OPERATING THEIR OWN RISK AND REALIZE THAT IF FUTURE INDEPENDENT NAMIBIA GOVERNMENT EXPROPRIATED

THEM CANADIAN GOVERNMENT WOULD NOT GIVE THEM PROTECTION STOP MISSION SUGGESTED IF FIRMS COULD NOT WITHDRAW NAMIBIA AT LEAST SUSPEND OPERATIONS FOR FIVE YEARS UNTIL SITUATION CLEARS UP PARA MISSION TERMED CANADIAN VISIT VERY SUCCESSFUL WITH MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING ACHIEVED STOP EXPRESSED HOPE CANADA FIND IT POSSIBLE TO TAKE AYE SEAT ON NAMIBIA COUNCIL END ALL

HUDSON BAY MINING AND SMELTING CO., LIMITED

P.O. BOX 28, TORONTO-DOMINION CENTRE, TORONTO, CANADA M5K 1B8

9 JUN 1977

Office of the President

March 9th, 1977.

TR 185 Offa 1977

Mr. Rikhi Jaipal
Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada
United Nations
P.O. United Nations
N.Y. 10017

Dear Sir:

Thank you for your letter of March 2nd, 1977.

Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Co., Limited does not have any operation or any interest in an operation in Namibia. Nor does it administer or in any way participate in administering any operation in Namibia. Accordingly, we do not believe it would serve any purpose to meet with you during your visit to Toronto.

Yours sincerely,

E. P. Gush

Mr. J.F. Robson.

EPG/nh

received from Am. Jaipal 25/3/77

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Mission to Canada, March 1977

Conference Room Paper No.1/Rev.1/Add1

9 March 1977

TR 145 otta 1977

AMENDMENTS TO PROGRAMME OF ACTIVITIES

Thursday, 10 March

| | |
|---|---|
| 10:00 am<br>12:30 pm | Interdepartmental meeting, as before (Note lunch not 12:00 noon and Guest List has also been amended) |
| 14:00 o 15:00 | House of Commons, Question Time |
| 15:00 | Meeting with Prime Minister. Mission introduced by Mr. Pearson or Mr. Advocaat. |
| 15:30 | Meeting with Secretary of State, Mr. Donald C. Jamieson. |

Friday, 11 March

| | |
|---|---|
| 10:00 | Press Conference |
| 11:00 | Formal meeting with Mr. Lalande, Vice-President of CIDA. Mission introduced by Mr. Ladouceur. |
| 11:15 | Meeting with CIDA officials |
| 13:00 | Mr. Jaipal's lunch. Canadian Guests:<br>Mr. Bissonnette (Provisionally);<br>Mr. and Mrs. Pearson<br>Mr. L.R. Rogers (Dir.Gen. Asia Pacific Bureau)<br>Mr. M. Shenstone (Dir.Gen Africa and Middle E.B)<br>Mr. A. Advocaat<br>Additional Canadian to be nominated by us. |
| 15:00 | Meeting with following NGO's arranged by Canadian UNA and co-operativeunion:<br>Church groups<br>Oxfam<br>Canadian Universities Overseas Service (CUSO)<br>Canadian Catholic Conference<br>South Africa Information Group (SAIG)<br>International Development Research Centre<br>Canadian Labour Congress<br>Amnesty International |
| 16:30 | Mr. Jaipal and Mr. Tlou leave meeting. |
| 17:35 | Mr. Jaipal and Mr. Tlou depart (Air Canada) |

Saturday, 12 March (in Montreal)

| | |
|---|---|
| (time to be announced) | Broadcast on Canadian Broadcasting Corp. Africa Service |
| 14:00 | Meeting with Carrefour International (NGO) |

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CR.3 (5-69)

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Réservé au Groupe de la correspondance télégraphique

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

# CABLE

RECORDS CENTRE
JUN 1977

TR 145 otta 1977

For use of drafter – A remplir par le rédacteur :

| Date : | Drafter – Rédacteur : | Room – Bureau : | Ext. – Poste : |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8.3.77 | JF Robson | 3310 | 5396 |
| Dept.: PATD | Allotment – Compte : | File – Dossier : TR 145 | |

TO:
A : MR . DONALD S. MCGIVERN
PRESIDENT
HUDSON'S BAY CO.
TORONTO

TELEX NO. 06 22038

AT THE INVITATION OF CANADIAN GOVERNMENT UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA IS SENDING MISSION TO OTTAWA TO DISCUSS QUESTIONS RELATING TO NAMIBIA WHICH HAS INTERNATIONAL STATUS.

AT LAST SESSION THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY AUTHORIZED UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA TO CONTACT ADMINISTERING AND MANAGING BODIES OF FOREIGN CORPORATIONS OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND CAUTION THEM OF ILLEGAL BASIS ON WHICH THEY ARE OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND OF POSITION OF COUNCIL.

ACCORDINGLY MISSION OF COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA WOULD BE GLAD TO MEET YOU EITHER IN TORONTO ON WEDNESDAY 9 MARCH 1977 OR IN OTTAWA ON 10 AND 11 MARCH 1977

TELEPHONE YOUR REPLY TO J.F. ROBSON OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT IN NEW YORK OR MISS MALDONADO AT (212) 754 5396.

BASIC SUMMARY OF FACTS CONCERNING NAMIBIA IS:

(A) SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA IS UNLAWFUL SINCE 27 OCTOBER 1966 WHEN SOUTH AFRICA'S MANDATE WAS REVOKED. THIS POSITION WAS CONFIRMED BY INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE.

(B) SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA BASED SOLELY ON FORCE IS TOTALLY UNACCEPTABLE TO UNITED NATIONS

(C) UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA HAS BEEN CREATED TO ADMINISTER TERRITORY UNTIL INDEPENDENCE.

RIKHI JAIPAL
PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF INDIA TO THE UNITED NATIONS
AND CHAIRMAN OF THE MISSION TO CANADA

Cleared by:
Visé par :

Authorized by:
Autorisé par :

Signature

M. Rego-Monteiro Secretary Council for Namibia

J. Monteiro (please type) – Nom et qualité (à dactylographier)

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

TR 145 Otta 1977

# COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

## VISITING MISSION TO CANADA

### COMPOSITION

**Delegates:**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Amb. Rikhi Jaipal (000115) | Chairman | India | TR 9-7800 |
| Amb. Thomas Tlou (000366) | Member | Botswana | 759-6587 |
| Amb. | | | |

**Secretariat:**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr. John F. Robson (77740) | (P-3) | Principal Secretary | U.K. | X.5399 Rm.3320 |
| Miss Carmen Reinares (764120) | (G-4) | Secretary | Phillip. | X.5398 Rm.3301 |
| Mr. Keith Beavan (055610) | (P-4) | Press Officer | U.K. | X.7163 Rm.388 |

### ITINERARY:

9 March (am) - NYC/TORONTO
9 March (pm) - TORONTO/OTTAWA

11 March - OTTAWA/MONTREAL
14 March - MONTREAL/NYC

### PER DIEM:

Delegates - $56 per day

Staff Members - $40 per day

### HOTEL RESERVATIONS:

Ottawa -- Lord Elgin, 100 Elgin Blvd. at Laurier Ave. (Phone: 613-235-3333)

1 single = check in 8 March, check out 11 March
4 singles= check in 9 March, check out 11 March
1 suite = check in 9 March, check out 11 March

Single rate = C$24.08 Suite = C$42.80 (incl. tax - without meals)

WILL HOLD RESERVATIONS FOR 9.00 P.M. ARRIVAL

### TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS:

To be handled by individuals. Please contact Mr. Turla of T. Cook, ext. 6280.

FOS/OGS
3 March 1977

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

JR/cr

7 March 1977

Mr. George Lansky, Director
Field Operations Service

TR 145 Offa 1977

M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

Mission of Council for Namibia to Canada

Since a major purpose of the Council for Namibia Mission to Canada is publicity and a press officer has been specially assigned to the Mission for the purpose, the Chairman has requested an advance of a further $1,000.00 to cover probable cable costs in transmitting information regarding the Mission's activities and its press conference to United Nations Information Centres in Addis Ababa, Lusaka, London, Washington, Paris and Copenhagen, et al.

cc: Mrs. O. Rives-Niessel

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

TR 145 OTLa 1977

FOR INFORMATION OF UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT ONLY

7 March 1977

PRESS BRIEFING BY CHAIRMAN OF MISSION TO CANADA OF THE COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Keith Beaven introduced Ambassador Rikhi Jaipal of India, Chairman of the mission of the Council for Namibia, which will go to Canada on Wednesday and return on the week-end.

Mr. Beaven said that Ambassador Jaipal represented India on the Council for Namibia, the Apartheid Committee and the Committee of 24, the three main bodies dealing with southern Africa. Mr. Jaipal had also been a member of a mission of the Committee of 24 to southern Africa. He had met with the front-line country presidents, and thus had first-hand experience with the situation, Mr. Beaven said.

In addition, Mr. Jaipal represented India on the Security Council for its two-year term.

Before Mr. Jaipal read his statement, Mr. Beaven told correspondents that a press conference would be held by the mission at the Ottawa Press Club at 10 a.m. Friday.

Ambassador Jaipal then read a prepared statement regarding the mission to Canada. (For text, see Press Release NAM/265 of 7 March.)

After the statement, Mr. Jaipal responded to reporters' questions.

A correspondent asked with whom the mission would meet. Mr. Jaipal said the mission was meeting the Secretary of State for External Relations, Donald C. Jamieson, whose predecessor had extended the invitation to the mission. The mission, Mr. Jaipal continued, would like to pay a courtesy call on the Prime Minister, but that would depend on the Prime Minister's convenience. Also, the mission would be meeting with members of the Canadian Foreign Office and the Canadian Industrial Development Association. As the mission was also "open to the public", Mr. Jaipal said he did not yet know who else the mission might be meeting with.

Asked what Canadian companies were involved in operations in Namibia, Mr. Jaipal said that letters had been sent last week to seven corporations, but replies had not yet been received from six of them. The seventh -- Rorande Exploration Ltd., a mining company based in Toronto -- had telephoned the mission to state that it no longer operated in Namibia. Mr. Jaipal said he would prefer not to disclose the names of the six remaining firms until they had a chance to reply. Since many corporations had head offices in Toronto, Mr. Jaipal said the mission had planned on staying "extra hours" in that city.

(more)

Asked when he thought the Security Council might consider a mandatory arms embargo against South Africa, Mr. Jaipal replied that he did not know, but added it might be sometime this year.

A correspondent asked whether the mission intended to meet with representatives of the Justice Ministry to talk about legal action against corporations which refused to turn over assets taken out of Namibia, Mr. Jaipal said the mission had no plans to do so. The correspondent asked why the Council had no such plans, as it had the authority to do so as the decree made it clear that the Council had sovereignty over all Namibia's natural resources. Mr. Jaipal replied the Council would probably think about it. He said he thought something had been done in that area in the last three years, as some ships had been identified as carrying illegally exported assets. Reports had been made to various Governments, he said. Legal action had not been taken as there were "certain difficulties". The Council would explore the possibilities in this area, he said.

In reply to another question, Mr. Jaipal said that any contacts with the Justice Ministry would depend on information received during the course of the mission. He reminded correspondents that the mission's mandate was limited to making recommendations to the Council for Namibia.

Did the Council intend to file claims against any offending firms? a reporter asked. Mr. Jaipal replied that the Council had not yet taken that decision. That was a matter that would have to be discussed by the Council with its own legal advisers.

Mr. Jaipal was asked what action would be taken if the mission did not hear from the six remaining firms. He replied the mission would inform the Canadian Government of its efforts. Asked whether the Canadian Government would co-operate with the mission in helping gain access to those companies, Mr. Jaipal replied that the Government would not be asked to co-operate as the mission could contact the firms directly.

Asked how much the Canadian Government was going to contribute to the Fund for Namibia, Mr. Jaipal said the Canadian contribution at the moment was $100,000 for the United Nations Institute for Namibia, located in Lusaka, Zambia. The mission intended to discuss the matter of a possible increase in that figure during its visit.

Asked whether the "heart" of the mission was to look into the circumstances of the "illegal" operations of the companies involved, Mr. Jaipal said that that was one problem, but the heart of the mission was to talk to the Canadian Government about fulfilling United Nations objectives in Namibia -- the withdrawal of South Africa and the attainment of independence and majority rule of the Namibian people. The Canadian Government's attitude was certainly not negative and in fact had been positive on several counts. The Canadian vote on the main issue had been positive, he said. It had also abstained several times, but Mr. Jaipal said he did not consider that to be a negative position.

(more)

A correspondent asked why Canada was being "singled out".

Mr. Jaipal responded that the mission was not "singling anybody out". As a matter of fact, the mission had gone to a great number of countries, he said.

Did the mission intend to press the Canadian Government to review its legislation in certain aspects? a reporter asked. Mr. Jaipal said that the mission was going to discuss the possibilities and explain United Nations objectives. It was to be "nothing more than a dialogue", he said.

Asked about the volume of participation of the Canadian companies in the total of illegally exported assets of Namibia, Mr. Jaipal said some figures had been given in the report of the Council for Namibia. Mr. Beaven added that the report of the Committee of 24 had been published in Objectives: Justice in the fall of 1976, which contained various figures in that regard.

Would the mission visit Washington? a reporter asked. Mr. Jaipal said that the Council had planned that for this year, but he knew nothing of a date for such a visit yet.

When would the Security Council meet on the matter of apartheid? another reporter asked. Nothing had been decided yet, Mr. Jaipal said, but he had heard that the African Group intended to ask for a meeting of the Council later this month.

* *** *

ORIGINAL DIRECT

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

4 March 1977

TR 145 ottawa 1977

Mr. George Lansky, Director
Field Operations Service

M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

Mission of Council for Namibia to Canada

Further to my memo dated 22 February 1977, the Chairman of the Mission, Mr. Rikhi Jaipal has now informed us that he desires a hotel reservation (one suite), in the Château Laurier, Ottawa, for the evenings of 9, 10 and 11 March.

I should be grateful if you would make the necessary arrangements.

cc: Mrs. O. Rives-Niessel
Mr. H. Riedel
Mr. Jaipal

3 March 1977 JF. Robson 3320 PATD

5399

TR 145 ottawa 1973

X

SEE LIST ATTACHED

AT INVITATION OF CANADIAN GOVERNMENT UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA IS SENDING MISSION TO OTTAWA TO DISCUSS QUESTIONS RELATING TO NAMIBIA WHICH HAS INTERNATIONAL STATUS PARA AT LAST SESSION IN DECEMBER 1976 UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY AUTHORIZED UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA TO CONTACT ADMINISTERING AND MANAGING BODIES OF FOREIGN CORPORATIONS OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND CAUTIONED THEM OF ILLEGAL BASIS ON WHICH THEY ARE OPERATING IN NAMIBIA AND OF POSITION OF COUNCIL PARA ACCORDINGLY MISSION OF COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA WOULD BE GLAD TO MEET YOU EITHER IN TORONTO ON WEDNESDAY 9 MARCH 1977 OR IN OTTAWA ON 10 AND 11 MARCH. KINDLY TELEPHONE YOUR REPLY TO JF ROBSON OF UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT IN NEWYORK TELEPHONE 212 754-5399 OR MISS MALDONADO 212 754-5396 PARA SUMMARY OF BASIC FACTS CONCERNING NAMIBIA IS
AAA SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA IS UNLAWFUL SINCE 27 OCTOBER 1966 WHEN SOUTH AFRICA'S MANDATE WAS REVOKED. THIS POSITION CONFIRMED BY INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE.
BBB SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENCE IN NAMIBIA BASED SOLELY ON FORCE AND TOTALLY UNACCEPTABLE TO UNITEDNATIONS
CCC UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA HAS BEEN CREATED TO ADMINISTER TERRITORY UNTIL INDEPENDENCE PARA LETTER OF CONFIRMATION FOLLOWS.

RIKHI JAIPAL

PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF INDIA
TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND
CHAIRMAN OF THE MISSION TO CANADA

M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

LIST OF NAMES/ADDRESSED FOR CABLE TO CANADA

M.A. COOPER
FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LTD.
P/O/ BOX 40
COMMERCE COURT WEST
TORONTO, ONT

TELEX 02-2720

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TORONTO, ONT

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c/o DAVIS AND CO. 14TH FLOOR
1030 WEST GEORGIA ST.
VANCOUVER
BRITISH COLUMBIA

ORIGINAL DIRECT

Mr. George Lansky, Director
Field Operations Service

3 March 1977

TR 145 ottc 1977

M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

Mission of the Council for Namibia to Canada

Further to my memos dated 18 and 22 February 1977, the Members of the Mission to Canada met yesterday and decided upon the following arrangements:

The Mission as a whole will travel from New York to Toronto on Wednesday, 9 March, departing at 10:55 a.m. It will hold discussions in Toronto with representatives of Canadian companies which are operating in Namibia.

The Mission will continue to Ottawa the same evening, leaving Toronto at 7:00 p.m. The Mission will stay at the Lord Elgin Hotel in Ottawa and reservations for one suite and five siggles should be made for the evenings of 9, 10 and 11 March.

The Mission will travel from Ottawa to Montreal on 12 March and the travel and hotel reservations should be left open. The Mission will stay in Montreal in order to write its report on 12 and 13 March. It will be in Montreal on 14 March for the purpose of holding further consultations with the Canadian companies and non-governmental organizations and will proceed to New York in the evening of the same day (open reservations).

The press officer, Mr. K. Beavan, will travel directly New York/Ottawa on 8 March for the purpose of contacting Canadian press and television. He will accompany the Mission for the remainder of its itinerary.

Mr. Robson and Miss Reinares will travel New York/Toronto on 8 March for the purpose of arranging the meeting with the Canadian companies. They will spend the evening of 8 March in Toronto and will make their own reservations and will be with the Mission for the remainder of its itinerary.

The composition of the Mission is as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. Rikhi Jaipal (India) | - Chairman |
| Mr. Roberto de Rosenzweig-Diaz (Mexico) | - Member |
| Mr. Thomas Tlou (Botswana) | - Member |
| Mr. J.F. Robson | - Principal Secretary |
| Mr. K. Beavan | - Press Officer |
| Miss C. Reinares | - Secretary |

We are informed by the Canadian authorities that the Canadian Government will not provide any transportation in Ottawa. The Chairman of the Mission has therefore requested that an amount be provided to cover local transportation for one day in Toronto and two days in Ottawa.

The Chairman of the Mission also desires to extend invitations to representatives of Canadian companies and other Canadian organizations involved in the question of Namibia. He has therefore requested that an amount for hospitality should be provided.

It is requested that an imprest be provided to Miss Reinares to cover the expenses described in the above two paragraphs.

In view of the fact that the Chairman of the Mission has requested that the Secretariat staff members should stay in the same hotel as the members, it is requested that an increase in per diem be granted to them for this purpose.

cc: Mrs. O. Róves-Niessel
Mr. H. Riedel
Mr. Jaipal

ORIGINAL DIRECT

JR/cr

TR 145 Ottawa 1977

TR 145

2 March 1977

Sir,

At the invitation of the Government of Canada, the United Nations Council for Namibia is sending a mission to Ottawa to discuss with the Canadian Government questions relating to Namibia, which has international status.

At its last session on 20 December 1976, the United Nations General Assembly authorized the United Nations Council for Namibia to contact administering and managing bodies of foreign corporations operating in Namibia and to caution them of the illegal basis on which they are operating in Namibia and of the position of the Council in this regard (General Assembly resolution 31/148, paragraph 8).

In accordance with this disposiiton, the Mission of the United Nations Council for Namibia would be glad to meet you during its visit either in Toronto on Wednesday, 9 March 1977, or in Ottawa on 10 and 11 March 1977. You may kindly telephone your reply to Mr. J.F. Robson of the United Nations Secretariat in New Y rk whose telephone number is (212) 754-5399, or Miss M. Maldonado, (212) 754-5396.

The basic facts concerning Namibia are as follows:

(a) South Africa's presence in Namibia has been declared unlawful since 27 October 1966 when the General Assembly adopted resolution 2145 (XXI), revoking South Africa's mandate over that Territory. This position was confirmed by the International Court of Justice in its opinion rendered on 21 June 1971.

(b) Consequently, South Africa's continued presence in Namibia is based solely on force, which is totally unacceptable to the United Nations.

(c) The United Nations Council for Namibia has been created by the General Assembly to administer the Territory until independence.

Yours sincerely,

Rikhi Jaipal
Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada

Mr. Emanuel Rosenblat
Chairman of the Board and President
BRILUND MINES LTD.
401-330 University Avenue
Toronto, Ont
Canada

ORIGINAL DIRECT

JFR/cr

TR 145 Ottawa (97)

~~TR 145~~

2 March 1977

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Yours sincerely,

Rikhi Jaipal
Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada

Mr. M.A. Cooper
President
FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LTD.
Commerce Court West
Toronto, Ont. M5L1B4
CANADA

JFR/cr

TR 145 Otta 1977

~~TR 145~~

2 March 1977

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At the invitation of the Government of Canada, the United Nations Council for Namibia is sending a mission to Ottawa to discuss with the Canadian Government questions relating to Namibia, which has international status.

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In accordance with this disposition, the Mission of the United Nations Council for Namibia would be glad to meet you during its visit either in Toronto on Wednesday, 9 March 1977, or in Ottawa on 10 and 11 March 1977. You may kindly telephone your reply to Mr. J F. Robson of the United Nations Secretariat in New York whose telephone number is (212) 754-5399, or Miss M. Maldonado, (212) 754-5396.

The basic facts concerning Namibia are as follows:

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(b) Consequently, South Africa's continued presence in Namibia is based solely on force, which is totally unacceptable to the United Nations.

(c) The United Nations Council for Namibia has been created by the General Assembly to administer the Territory until independence.

Yours sincerely,

Rikhi Jaipal
Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada

Mr. W.A. Morrice
President
HUDSON BAY AND SMELTING CO.
P.O. Box 28
Toronto Dominion Centre
Toronto, Ont. M5K1B8
Canada

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT

9 JUN 1977

JR/cr

TR 145 ottc 1977

TR 145

2 March 1977

Sir,

At the invitation of the Government of Canada, the United Nations Council for Namibia is sending a mission to Ottawa to discuss with the Canadian Government questions relating to Namibia, which has international status.

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Rikhi Jaipal
Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada

Mr. A.P. Bentz
President
INTERNATIONAL WELLINGTON RESOURCES LTD.
c-o Davis and Co., 14th Floor
1030 West Georgia St.
Vancouver, Brit. Columbia

ORIGINAL DEPOSIT

JR/cr

TR 145 Ottawa (77)

2 March 1977

Sir,

At the invitation of the Government of Canada, the United Nations Council for Namibia is sending a mission to Ottawa to discuss with the Canadian Government questions relating to Namibia, which has international status.

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Yours sincerely,

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Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada

Mr. A.C.A. Howe
President
LAURASIA RESOURCES
826-159 Bay St.
Toronto, Ont M5J1J7
CANADA

ORIGINAL DIRECTION

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

Mr. Pierre Lavau
Director
Budget Division

2 March 1977

MAU/77-35

TR 145 Otta 1977

Albert De Lauro, Acting Director
Field Operations Service
Office of General Services

Budget Estimates - Council for Namibia Visiting Mission to Canada

.... 1. In accordance with the attached memorandum from Mr. Rego-Monteiro to Mr. Lansky, we submit for your approval the attached budget for the Council for Namibia's visiting mission to Canada.

2. Please note that Account No. UNA-03151-XXX-0-072 is being used to cover this mission and total estimated expenditures are anticipated to be $3,800.00.

cc: Ms. Lester

## BUDGET ESTIMATES

**BUDGET YEAR:** 1977

**MISSION:** Council for Namibia Visiting Mission to Canada

**AUTHORITY:** Memo from Mr. Rego-Monteiro to Mr. Lansky of 2 March 1977

**COMPOSITION:** 3 Delegates and 3 Staff Members

**ITINERARY:** NY/TORONTO/OTTAWA/MONTREAL/NY

**DURATION:** 9-14 March 1977

**DETAILS:**

(i) Travel - 210 Delegates

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3 delegates x $183.00 | = | $ 549 |
| **Travel - 220 - Staff** | | |
| 3 staff members x $183.00 | = | $ 549 |
| | Total travel: | $1,098 |

(ii) Subsistence and Terminal Allowances

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3 delegates x $56 x 5 days | = | $ 840 |
| 2 staff members x $40 x 6 days | = | $ 480 |
| 1 staff member x $40 x 4 days | = | $ 160 |
| Terminal $46 x 6 | = | $ 276 |
| | Total subsistence: | $1,756 |

(iii) Miscellaneous

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Local transportation* | = | $ 500 |
| Hospitality** | = | $ 150 |
| Other (cables) | = | $ 250 |
| | Total Miscellaneous: | $ 900 |

---

* Local transportation required because Canadian Government not providing any transportation.

** Hospitality allowance requested for entertainment of Government and other officials in connexion with the group's work.

.../...

## RECAPITULATION

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| (i) | Travel | $ 1,098 |
| (ii) | Subsistence and Terminal Expenses | $ 1,756 |
| (iii) | Miscellaneous | $ 900 |
| | | $ 3,754 |
| | ROUNDED: | $ 3,800 |

Account UNA-03151-XXX-0-072

FOS/OGS
2 March 1977

RECORDS CENTRE
9 JUN 1977

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Conference Room Paper No. 2 Rev. 1

Mission to Canada, March 1977

2 March 1977

TR 145 ottawa 1977

## Agenda for Discussions in Ottawa

1. Situation in Namibia; "tour d'horizon", including the protection of its natural resources.

2. Responsibility of the United Nations.

3. Rôle of the United Nations Council for Namibia in the process leading to the independence of Namibia.

4. Assistance to Namibians:

   - Institute for Namibia
   - United Nations Fund for Namibia
   - United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa (UNETPSA)
   - Humanitarian issues connected with the liberation struggle.

***

MISSION TO CANADA

1977

HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS

TR 145 Otta 1977

OTTAWA

FOUR SEASONS

$35.00 a night (single)

LORD ELGIN Tel. (613) 235-3331

$23.50 (single)

$18.50 Fridays and Saturdays

$40.00 (suite) bedroom and sitting room

PARK LANE Tel. (613) 238-1331

$30.00 (single)

$55.00 Sats. and Suns with four meals

EMBASSY (Apt.Hotel) Tel. (613) 237-2111

$23.00 (single) or $140.00 a week

(all include fridge and kitchen)

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA
Mission to Canada, March 1977

Conference Room Paper No. 1
28 February 1977

REVISED PROGRAMME OF ACTIVITIES PROPOSED BY THE CANADIAN MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN NEW YORK

TP 245 ottc 1977

| Date | |
|---|---|
| Wednesday, 9 March | Arrival in Ottawa<br>Mission will be met at airport |
| Thursday, 10 March | Meeting with officials of following departments:<br>Department of External Affairs<br>Department of Industry, Trade and Commerce<br>Department of Finance<br>Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) |
| 12 noon - 2 p.m. | "Working lunch" comprising senior officials of the abovementioned four departments, the three Mission Members and the principal secretary; two to three Members of Parliament and possibly Mr. Ivan Head, who is the Special Representative of the Prime Minister. |
| 2:15 | Visit of House of Commons, "question time" |
| 3:00 | Meeting with Mr. Donald C. Jamieson, Secretary of State for External Affairs. |
| 4:15 | Press conference at the National Press Club |
| 8:00 | All members of the Mission invited to the National Arts Centre to hear the Ottawa Choral Society (Maureen Forrester, Soprano) by the Director-General of United Nations Affairs, in the Department of External Affairs, Mr. H.H. Pearson and Mrs. Pearson. |

| Date | |
|---|---|
| Friday, 11 March | (Time to be announced): |
| a.m. | Meeting with officials of CIDA |
| 12 noon (approx) | Possibly lunch with MPs. Not confirmed. |

DRAFT

~~TR 141/1(5)~~ 25 February 1977

TR 145 Otta. (77)

Sir,

At the invitation of the Government of Canada, the United Nations Council for Namibia is about to send a mission to Ottawa to discuss with the Canadian Government, resolutions on Namibia and observance of the advisory opinion on the matter of the International Court of Justice.

At its last session on 20 December 1976, the United Nations General Assembly authorized the United Nations Council for Namibia to contact administering and managing bodies of foreign corporations operating in Namibia, with particular emphasis on those which are not under direct governmental control, to warn them of the illegal basis on which they are operating in Namibia and of the position of the Council in this regard( General Assembly resolution 31/148, paragraph 8).

In accordance with this disposition and making use of the occasion of the forthcoming visit to Canada, the Mission of the United Nations Council for Namibia would like to invite you to a private lunch in Toronto on Wednesday, 9 March 1977, with the exact time and place to be communicated to you later.

If more convenient, it would also be possible to meet the Mission in Ottawa on 10 and 11 March, and in Montreal on Monday, 14 March.

As you may be aware, the general background to the situation is as follows:

(a) South Africa's presence in Namibia has been unlawful since 27 October 1966 when the General Assembly adopted resolution 2145 (XXI), revoking South Africa's mandate over the Territory. This position has been confirmed by the International Court of Justice in its advisory opinion rendered on 21 June 1971: its opinion represents the definitive statement on the international status of the Territory, and has been accepted by the Government of Canada.

Mr. ...
President (or Chairman of Board of Directors)

(b) South Africa's presence in Namibia has, since the adoption of resolution 2145, been based solely on force, without colour of right. Consequently, South Africa constitutes a mere usurper and is simply an unlawful occupying force.

(c) The United Nations Council for Namibia is the only lawful authority in Namibia, having been created by the General Assembly to administer the Territory on behalf of the United Nations until independence.

Yours sincerely,

Rikhi Jaipal
Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA
Mission to Canada, March 1977

Conference Room Paper No. 2
24 February 1977

TR 145 Ottawa 1977

Draft Agenda for Discussions in Ottawa Proposed by the Canadian Mission to the United Nations on 24 February 1977

1. Situation in Namibia; "tour d'horizon", including possible establishment of an interim Government and rôle of SWAPO.

2. Rôle of the United Nations, having regard to the anticipated Security Council debate on Namibia and General Assembly resolutions; reaction of SWAPO to an interim Government.

3. Rôle of United Nations Council for Namibia in the event of Namibia gaining so-called independence under South Africa; Decree No. 1 for the Protection of the Natural Resources of Namibia.

4. Assistance to Namibians:
   - Institute for Namibia
   - United Nations Fund for Namibia
   - United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa (UNETPSA)
   - Humanitarian issues.

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Conference Room Paper No. 2

TR 145 Ottawa 1977

Mission to Canada, March 1977

2 March 1977

## Agenda for Discussions in Ottawa

1. Situation in Namibia; "tour d'horizon", including the protection of its natural resources.

2. Responsibility of the United Nations.

3. Rôle of the United Nations Council for Namibia in the process leading to the independence of Namibia.

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   - Humanitarian issues connected with the liberation struggle.

***

MISSION TO CANADA, March 1977

File

TR 145 OTTA (1977)

Draft press statement. 2/3/77

First of all, on my own behalf, and on behalf of the other members of the the Council for Namibia's mission to Canada, Ambassadors Jackson and Tlou, of Guyana and Botswana, let me thank you for your interest in attending ~~xxx~~ this Press conference.

Secondly, I wish to ~~publicly~~ express thanks of mission to all those we met the Canadian Government for their invitation to the Council to send this mission, thereby giving the Council, through us, an opportunity for dialogue with high Government officials, including the Secretary of State, on how best and speedily to end the illgal South African occupation of Namibia and ensure the painfully overdue self determination and independence of the Namibian people, within the unitary whole of their rightfully sovereign nation.

The mission we are undertaking should be ~~xxx~~ viewed as part of an on-going series - missions of the Council have already been to Europe, East and West, Africa, Asia and Latin America - through which the Council seeks implementation of UN objectives in the case of Namibia. This is done through direct talks with Govenments in a position to help bring about fulfillment of those objectives in particular areas and through stimulation of public opinion in furtherance of those objectives by an accurate understanding of the issues involved.

This latter point is of great importance and, if I may say so, particularly so in the ~~case~~ case of Western public opinion. What ~~xxxxxx~~ seems so often missed is the simple and fundamental point. The Africans in Southern Africa have taken to arms because the illegal and racist regimes there have left no other choice,. Every other avenue has been closed by Smith and Vorster. The war of liberation was the choice made by Smith and Vorster themselves, for they left the people pf Southern Africa no other alternative, ~~but~~ except for continued illgal subjugation and the submission to the denial of fundamental human rights, based, abhorrently on colour of skin. The minority forced the war, not the majority. That is the essence. That fundamental point must be grasped, and once grasped, there will be understanding of the resolution of the last General Assembly which gave United Nations support for "the armed struggle of the Namibian people, led by SWAPO, to achieve self-determination, freedom and national independenec in a united Namibia."

Having mentioned the broad issues, I want now briefly to touch on one or two specific issues bearing upon our visit to Canada,

While the UN has, as I have said, expressed its support for the armed struggle forced upon the Namibian people by the intransigence of the illegal occupying Power, South Africa, ~~xxxxxxxxxx~~ — exemplified today by the sham conference of South African hand picked non-representatives of the Namibian people at the Turnhalle tribal talks, it is obvious that the UN is not ~~xxx~~ in the immediate future going to provide the military hardware for that struggle.

But it does have a power to influence events; through mobilizing public opinion by the correct understanding of events and issues, an aim of the Maputo Confernce in Support of the People of Zimbabwe and Namibia in May, jointly organized by the Council and the Declonization ~~xxx~~ Committee; through preparing Namibians to take over the running of their country, an undertaking of the Namibia Institute; ~~xxx~~ through the alleviation of suffering, as the various ~~xxxxxx~~ UN refugee operations in souuthern Africa, attempt, and through the potentailty of sanctions, a potent force which I want to elaborate on in a moment.

Most of you here are well aware of the Institute and the refugee funds as well as the Maputo Conference, so I will not repeat specific details. It is however the hope of the mssion. and the Council as a whole, that the Canadian Governemnt will not only continue its generous contributions to these UN activities but find its way to assist the new endeavours being undertaken. I want to take this ~~xxxxxx~~ opportunity to thank the Candian Government for the support it has shown in this field in the past.

Now, the aspect of sanctions.

As representative of a country now serving on the Security Council, I am only too well aware of Western opposition to imposing sanctions against South Africa, ~~but~~ though I do continue to hope that at the very minimum we will get a mandatory arms embargo, supported by the West, and partucularly NATO, of which Canada is a member.

But a casual political analysis of the regreattble triple veto on the sanctions issue in the Security Council ~~overlooks one xx xxnd important xxxxxxx~~ tends to overlook one important point and ~~xxing~~ lull those investing in Namibia into a false security. The point missed is the power of a sovereign Namibia, which no one denies is coming, to ~~xxxx~~ itslf impose sanctions, or, if one prefers, ~~xxx~~ deferred sanctions by way of reparations.

By decree of 1974, endorsed by the General Assembly, ~~xxxorm~~ attorney over the natural resources of Namibia was vested in the Council until independence. Contrary to that decree Canadian, and other Western firms, in concert with the ilegal authority, South Africa, have continued to pillage Namibia, notably in the case of copper, where Falconbridge ~~xxxxx~~ Nickel Mines of Canada plays an important role, and in uranium, ~~in~~ where ~~which~~ Rio Algon of Canada is aiding and abetting illegal exploitation of resources.

~~Itxhasxbeenxe~~

This illegal exploitation of resources can be put into more human terms by an analysis of statistics compiled for a report of Decolonization Committee and presented to the last Assembly.

It is estimated that one third to one half of the Namibian gross domestic product is repatriated annually in the form of profits and dividends accruing to shareholders, principally in South Africa, the United Kingdom and the United States, but also in Canada, among others. Further analysis of these figures suggests that if the total profits of the three major mining companies in Namibia, amounting to some $57 ~~xxx~~ million in the early 1970's, had remained in Namibia, the per capita income of the black Namibian of $250 a year - compared to that of the white's $4,250, incidently - would have increased by $100 a year, a ~~xxxant~~ gigantic increase in a developing country.

Now, given this circumstance, given the low per capita income of the black Namibian, given the enormous illegal drain of resources and profits, given justified and growing resentment over the perpetuation of this intolerable situation, is it really to be expected that an independent Namibia will ~~xxxxxxxxxxxx~~ such continue such a situation?

Call it a threat of sanctions, call it a threat of reparations but clearly stated in the ~~xxx~~ United Nations decree on Namibian natural resources is a sixth Article as follows: " Any person, entity or corporation which contravense the present decree in respect of Namibia may be held liable in damages by the future Government of independent Namiba."

I emphasize this somewhat unreported aspect of the Namibian situation on the eve of our departure to Canada. I emphasize it so that those Canadian firms not complying with UN resolutions ~~xxx~~ in respect to illegal exploitation of Namibian resources are aware of this potential and potent sanction. I emphasize it in full knowledge of the welcome assurance of the Canadian Government that it will not protect the investments of Canadian firms doing business with the illegal occupying power, South Africa, in respect of Namibia. And I emphasize it in the hope that the shareholders of firms such as Falconbridge and Rio Alcom will take full cognizance of the situation, if not out of respect for justice, principles and humanity, at least out of an ~~unhealthy~~ selfish respect for their own pocket books.

But whether the shareholders remain ~~xxxxxxxxx~~ astigmatic or become enlightened, the fact remains that the independence of Namibia is inevitable, and it will be an independence based on majority rule, within a unitary State. It remains the hope of this mssion, ~~of the xxxxx~~

1 March 1977

CANADIAN COMPANIES OPERATING IN NAMIBIA

TR 145 Ottawa (97)

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LTD. TELEX 02-2720
P.O. Box 40
Commerce Court West
Toronto, Ontario M5L1B4
CANADA

President: Mr. M.A. Cooper

RIO ALGOM LTD.
2600-120 Adelaide West
Toronto, Ontario M5H1W5
CANADA

Chairman: Mr. R.E. Armstrong

NORANDA MINES LTD.
P.O. Box 45
Commerce Court West
Toronto, Ontario M5L1B6

Chairman: Mr. W.S. Row

LAURASIA RESOURCES
826-159 Bay St.
Toronto, Ontario M5J1J7

President: Mr. A.C.A. Howe

HUDSON BAY AND SMELTING CO.
B.O. Box 28
Toronto Dominion Centre
Toronto, Ontario M5K1B8

President: Mr. W.A. Morrice

BRILUND MINES LTD.
401-330 University Avenue
Toronto, Ontario

Chairman and President: Mr Emanuel Rosenblat

INTERNATIONAL WELLINGTON RESOURCES LTD.
c-o Davis and Co. , 14th Floor
1030 West Georgia St.
Vancouver, Brit. Columbia

President: Mr. A.P. Bentz

ORIGINAL DIRECT

JR/cr

TR 145 Otta (177)

2 March 1977

Sir,

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In accordance with this disposition, the Mission of the United Nations Council for Namibia would be glad to meet you during its visit either in Toronto on Wednesday, 9 March 1977, or in Ottawa on 10 and 11 March 1977. You may kindly telephone your reply to Mr. J.F. Robson of the United Nations Secretariat in New York whose telephone number is (212) 754-5399, or Miss M. Maldonado, (212) 754-5396.

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Yours sincerely,

Rikhi Jaipal
Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada

Mr. W.S. Row
Chairman of the Board
NORANDA MINES LTD.
P.O. Box 45
Commerce Court West
Toronto, Ont. M5L1B6
CANADA

ORIGINAL DIRECT

RECD 9 JUN 1977

JR/cr

TR 145 Otta 1977

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Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada

Mr. R.E. Armstrong
Chairman of the Board
RIO ALGOM LTD.
2600-120 Adelaide West
Toronto, Ont. M5H1W5
CANADA

Press Conference of 7 March 1977

Mission to Canada

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

TR 145 ottawa 1977

NAM

AM-MISSION 3-7
(MONTREAL - JOHANNESBURG)

UNITED NATIONS (UPI)-- A THREE-MEMBER U.N. DELEGATION WILL LEAVE FOR CANADA TUESDAY TO DISCUSS CANADA'S POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR AN INDEPENDENT NAMIBIA (SOUTH WEST AFRICA). IT WILL MEET WITH MINISTER FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS DON JAMIESON AND OTHER CANADIAN AUTHORITIES AND WITH PRIVATE FIRMS DOING BUSINESS IN NAMIBIA.

INDIAN AMBASSADOR RIKHI JAIPAL, WHO IS HEADING THE MISSION, SAID SUNDAY HE HOPED THAT THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT WOULD "RESPOND POSITIVELY" TO THE U.N. RESOLUTIONS ON NAMIBIA WHICH REQUESTED SOUTH AFRICA'S WITHDRAWAL FROM THE TERRITORY AND THE CREATION OF AN INDEPENDENT NAMIBIAN STATE.

HE SAID QUESTIONS TO BE DISCUSSED IN OTTAWA INCLUDED THE PROPOSED ARMS EMBARGO AGAINST SOUTH AFRICA AND CANADIAN FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF THE U.N. FUND FOR NAMIBIA AND OTHER U.N. INSTITUTIONS SUPPORTING THE INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT.

SPEAKING AT A NEWS CONFERENCE, JAIPAL RECALLED THAT CANADA IS NOW A MEMBER OF THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL WHICH WILL HAVE TO DECIDE FAIRLY SOON WHETHER TO IMPOSE AN ARMS EMBARGO AGAINST NAMIBIA. HE ALSO SAID THE MISSION PLANNED TO DISCUSS INVESTMENTS WITH CANADIAN PRIVATE FIRMS WHO HAVE INTERESTS IN NAMIBIA.

OTHER MEMBERS OF THE MISSION WHICH IS SENT TO CANADA BY THE COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA ARE MEXICAN AMBASSADOR ROBERTO DE ROSENZWEIG-DIAZ AND THOMAS TLOU OF BOTSWANA.

DISCUSSING CANADIAN PRIVATE INVESTMENTS, JAIPAL SAID THE MISSION HAD INFORMED THE CONCERNED COMPANIES "OF OUR WILLINGNESS TO MEET THEM IN THIS CONNECTION. BY ITS DEGREE OF 1974," HE SAID, "THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY HAS DECLARED THAT AUTHORITY OVER THE NATURAL RESOURCES OF NAMIBIA IS VESTED IN THE COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA UNTIL INDEPENDENCE. CONTRARY TO THE PROVISIONS OF THAT DECREE, SOME CANADIAN PRIVATE FIRMS ARE COLLABORATING WITH THE ILLEGAL SOUTH AFRICAN REGIME IN THE EXPLOITATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES OF NAMIBIA."

JAIPAL SAID THAT SEVEN CANADIAN CORPORATIONS WERE INVOLVED AND HAD BEEN INFORMED ABOUT THE ARRIVAL OF THE MISSION. OF THESE, HE SAID, THE NORENDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, TORONTO, A MINING FIRM, HAD REPLIED THAT IT WAS NO LONGER DOING BUSINESS IN NAMIBIA.

HE DECLINED TO NAME THE OTHER CORPORATIONS PENDING DISCUSSIONS WITH THEM. A RECENT U.N. PUBLICATION NAMED "OBJECTIVE: JUSTICE" SAID THAT RIO ALGOM LTD., A SUBSIDIARY OF THE BRITISH RIO TINTO ZINC CORPORATION, HAD A 10 PER CENT SHARE IN ONE OF THE LARGEST FOREIGN HOLDINGS IN NAMIBIA, THE ROESSING URANIUM MINE WHICH HAS ENVISAGED A TOTAL INVESTMENT OF 750 MILLION POUNDS OR ($1.275 MILLION). THE ROESSING MINE IS SCHEDULED TO START OPERATIONS THIS YEAR AND PRODUCE 1,000 METRIC TONS OF URANIUM ANNUALLY BY 1980. RIO TINTO WITH 68 PER CENT IS THE LARGEST SHAREHOLDER.

JAIPAL SAID IN REPLY TO A QUESTION THAT CANADA HAD NOT BEEN

[illegible] IN THAT TO THE KNOWLEDGE OF THE COUNCIL, SOME CANADIAN PRIVATE FIRMS ARE COLLABORATING WITH THE ILLEGAL SOUTH AFRICAN REGIME IN THE EXPLOITATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES OF NAMIBIA."

JAIPAL SAID THAT SEVEN CANADIAN CORPORATIONS WERE INVOLVED AND HAD BEEN INFORMED ABOUT THE ARRIVAL OF THE MISSION. OF THESE, HE SAID, THE NORENDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, TORONTO, A MINING FIRM, HAD REPLIED THAT IT WAS NO LONGER DOING BUSINESS IN NAMIBIA.

HE DECLINED TO NAME THE OTHER CORPORATIONS PENDING DISCUSSIONS WITH THEM. A RECENT U.N. PUBLICATION NAMED "OBJECTIVE: JUSTICE" SAID THAT RIO ALGOM, LTD., A SUBSIDIARY OF THE BRITISH RIO TINTO ZINC CORPORATION, HAD A 10 PER CENT SHARE IN ONE OF THE LARGEST FOREIGN VENTURES IN NAMIBIA, THE ROESSING URANIUM MINE WHICH HAS ENVISAGED A TOTAL INVESTMENT OF 750 MILLION POUNDS OR ($1.275 MILLION). THE ROESSING MINE IS SCHEDULED TO START OPERATIONS THIS YEAR AND PRODUCE 1,000 METRIC TONS OF URANIUM ANUALLY BY 1980. RIO TINTO WITH 60 PER CENT IS THE LARGESTR SHAREHOLDER.

JAIPAL SAID IN REPLY TO A QUESTION THAT CANADA HAD NOT BEEN "SINGLED OUT" BY THE COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA. HE SAID SIMILAR MISSIONS HAD VISITED WESTERN AND EASTERN EUROPE, ASIA, AFRICA AND LATIN AMERICA. HE ALSO INDICATED THAT THE COUNCIL PLANNED TO SEND A DELEGATION TO WASHINGTON. THE MISSION WILL VISIT TORONTO AND OTTAWA ON MARCH 9, 10 AND 11.

(NOTE MONTREAL: THE MISSION SCHEDULED A NEWS CONFERENCE AT 10 A.M. FRIDAY AT PRESS CLUB IN OTTAWA).

2:52P -RMS

UPI 03-07 03:01 PES

2-45/1
ZCZC NYA 272
YY LJP NOR SAF
1544:TERRITORY:

UNITED NATIONS, MARCH 7, REUTER - AMBASSADOR RIKHI JAIPAL OF INDIA SAID TODAY SOUTH AFRICA'S ACTIONS CONCERNING NAMIBIA (SOUTH WEST AFRICA) HAD LEFT THE INHABITANTS OF THE TERRITORY WITH THE CHOICE EITHER OF ACCEPTING PERMANENT SUBJUGATION OR OF FIGHTING.

HE WAS BRIEFING REPORTERS ON A THREE-MAN MISSION TO CANADA WHICH HE IS HEADING ON BEHALF OF THE U.N. COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA.

MR. JAIPAL TOLD REPORTERS: "SOUTH AFRICA, BY REJECTING THE RESOLUTIONS OF THE U.N. AND THE OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE AND BY CONTINUING TO OCCUPY NAMIBIA BY FORCE HAS LEFT THE PEOPLE OF NAMIBIA WITH ONLY TWO ALTERNATIVES: NAMELY, EITHER TO ACCEPT PERMANENT SUBJUGATION, OR TO FIGHT."

THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE MISSION, WHICH LEAVES FOR OTTAWA ON WEDNESDAY FOR A THREE-DAY VISIT, ARE AMBASSADOR THOMAS TLOU OF BOTSWANA AND MEXICAN AMBASSADOR ROBERTO DE ROSENZWEIG-DIAZ.

THE GROUP, WHICH HAS BEEN INVITED BY THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT, IS ONE OF A NUMBER OF MISSIONS DISPATCHED BY THE COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA TO VARIOUS COUNTRIES TO ENLIST SUPPORT FOR EFFORTS TO SECURE SOUTH AFRICA'S WITHDRAWAL FROM THE MINERAL-RICH TERRITORY.

;;MORE AG

2445/L
ZOZC NYB 455
YY LJP NOR SAF
1553:TERRITORY 3 UNITED NATIONS:
AMBASSADOR JAIPAL SAID SEVEN CANADIAN COMPANIES HAD BEEN APPROACHED BY THE COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA, BUT THE ONLY RESPONSE SO FAR HAD BEEN A TELEPHONE CALL FROM ONE OF THEM SAYING IT WAS NO LONGER OPERATING IN NAMIBIA.
HE IDENTIFIED THAT COMPANY AS NORANDA EXPLORATION, A TORONTO-BASED MINING FIRM. HE DID NOT NAME THE OTHER SIX.
HE SAID THE COUNCIL PLANNED TO SEND A SIMILAR MISSION TO WASHINGTON LATER THIS YEAR.

REUTER AG

NNNN

572
CC NYS 454
LJP NOR SAF
554:TERRITORY 2 UNITED NATIONS:

MR. JAIPAL SAID HE WAS LOOKING FORWARD TO A DIALOGUE WITH CANADIAN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS ON WAYS AND MEANS OF IMPLEMENTING RESOLUTIONS OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND SECURITY COUNCIL CONCERNING NAMIBIA, PARTICULARLY THE ATTAINMENT OF MAJORITY RULE AND INDEPENDENCE BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY.

HIS GROUP WOULD CONFER WITH EXTERNAL AFFAIRS MINISTER DONALD JAMIESON AND HOPED TO BE ABLE TO PAY A COURTESY CALL ON PRIME MINISTER PIERRE ELLIOTT TRUDEAU.

THE INDIAN ENVOY ALSO SAID THE MISSION WOULD LIKE TO DISCUSS THE QUESTION OF CANADIAN PRIVATE INVESTMENT IN NAMIBIA AND HAD INFORMED THE FIRMS CONCERNED OF THE GROUP'S WILLINGNESS TO MEET THEM.

"BY ITS DECREE OF 1974, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HAS DECLARED THAT AUTHORITY OVER THE NATURAL RESOURCES OF NAMIBIA IS VESTED IN THE U.N. COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA UNTIL INDEPENDENCE. CONTRARY TO THE PROVISIONS OF THAT DECREE, SOME CANADIAN PRIVATE FIRMS ARE COLLABORATING WITH THE ILLEGAL SOUTH AFRICAN REGIME IN THE EXPLOITATION OF THE NATURAL RESOURCES OF NAMIBIA," MR. JAIPAL STATED.

/MORE AG

First Draft

For use of Mission Members Only

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Mission to Canada, March 1977

Conference Room Paper No. 3

28 February 1977

TR 145 Ottawa 1977

Provisional annotated agenda 1/

I. ROLE OF THE COUNCIL AS A POLICY-MAKING ORGAN OF THE UNITED NATIONS

1. Action through the General Assembly

(a) What conditions would need to be fulfilled in order that Canada, which abstained on resolution 31/146, might:

(i) endorse the armed struggle;

(ii) consider the situation in Namibia a threat to international peace and security;

(iii) agree that independence talks must be between South Africa and SWAPO.

In addition, what effective measures would Canada envisage to bring about the free elections mentioned in resolution 31/146.

(b) What were the Canadian objections to resolution 31/152 (observer status) and in what way could they be overcome?

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1/ This agenda represents a total of all possible items. Members of the Mission will no doubt wish to make a selection from them.

The Canadian Mission to the United Nations, in addition to proposing its own agenda - see Conference Room Paper No. 2 - has also requested a copy of our own agenda. Consideration could be given to handing them a shortened version of the present paper.

2. Action through the Security Council

Now that Canada is again a member of the Security Council, what Security Council action would Canada envisage to bring about the withdrawal of South Africa from Namibia[2/] as called for by Security Council resolution 264 (1969) and later resolutions.

3. Representation of Namibia

(a) Is Canada satisfied that the Council for Namibia does indubitably represent Namibia?

(b) The Council for Namibia had been invited to two forthcoming United Nations conferences, the Water Conference and the Conference on the Succession of States. Is Canada willing to make statements at these conferences welcoming the presence of the Council and its ability to act for Namibia? The Council will also continue to attend the Law of the Sea Conference.

II. WORK OF THE COUNCIL AS THE LEGAL ADMINISTERING AUTHORITY OF NAMIBIA

1. Compliance with United Nations resolutions

(a) Although Security Council resolution 283 (1970) [3/] is said to be not binding as it is not accompanied by a Chapter VII determination that a threat to international peace and security exists, is Canada, which has given effect to several of its provisions, now willing to give effect to the others by:

(i) cancelling arrangements which give relief from Canadian tax as a result of taxes paid to South Africa on profits and investment income gained in Namibia; ("withholding ...financial support")

(ii) undertaking a study of bilateral treaties between South Africa and Canada ("detailed study and review...") and, in cases where South Africa has purportedly applied the treaty to Namibia, denouncing this portion of the treaty.[4/]

---

2/ In case of Security Council veto, what General Assembly action would Canada envisage with a view to "compelling South Africa to withdraw from Namibia" (resolution 31/148).

3/ This Security Council resolution is selected because it gives a particularly comprehensive list of actions which States are supposed to take.

4/ Security Council resolution 301/1971 specifies the purpose of the review of treaties:"to ensure that they are not inconsistent" with the advisory opinion.

(b) What action would Canada consider in the implementation of resolution 31/147, to make it known among Canadian citizens and companies that the United Nations Council for Namibia does indeed represent Namibia?

(c) Would Canada officially support the action of the Council for Namibia in accordance with resolution 31/148, in making direct contact with companies of Canadian and other nationality?

(d) The Council for Namibia would like Canada to confirm that Canadian consular officials have no jurisdiction over, and are not allowed to travel in, Namibia. Canada might wish to issue a statement warning its citizens - particularly those engaged in business in Namibia - that no consular services are available to them.

(e) All Member States are called upon in specific terms by General Assembly resolution 31/146, and in general terms by Security Council resolution 385 (1976), to refrain from according any recognition to any régime which may emerge from the fraudulent consitutional talks. The Council for Namibia hopes that Canada will be able to issue a statement along these lines.

2. Foreign economic interests[6/]

The Council for Namibia has received information that six Canadian companies are operating in Namibia, as follows, listed in approximate order of importance of their investments in Namibia:

Falconbridge Nickel Mines, Ltd.
Rio Algom Ltd.
Noranda
Laurasia Resources
Brilünd Mines Ltd.
Hudson's Bay Company

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5/ See Security Council resolution 301 (1971) and ICJ advisory opinion.

6/ See Conference Room Paper No. 4 for details.

The Council for Namibia has a gradation of possible measures which it can discuss. These are set out below, arranged in order of severity.

(a) Total cut-off of trade with Namibia, or even economic sanctions against South Africa - General Assembly resolutions 3295 (XXIX), section IV, para. 2; 3399 (XXX), para 13; 31/148, para 2.

(b) Cut-off of trade specifically in uranium - General Assembly resolution 3399 (XXX) para 16 - bearing in mind that South Africa is building a uranium enrichment plant and has not signed the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty.

(c) Request for Canadian legislation to give legal effect to Decree No. 1 - General Assembly resolutions 3295 (XXX), section IV, para. 7; 3399(XXX), para. 15; 31/148, para. 3.

(d) Request for Canadian legislation to prevent new investment in Namibia;

(e) Request for administrative action to discourage new investments - Security Council resolution 283 (1970); Canada may say that by issuing a statement which it has done, it has discharged its obligation.

(f) Request for administrative action to abolish tax relief (see Compliance, section I (a) (i) above) - Security Council resolution 285 (1970).

(g) Request Canadian legislation to ensure observance of Universal Declaration of Human Rights by Canadian companies in Namibia, in their labour practices - Security Council resolution 310 (1972).

(h) Request government exhortation to same end.

(i) Request publication of Decree No. 1 in Official Gazette (cf. Venezuela).

(j) Request publication of Decree No. 1 in journal of Department of Industry, Trade and Commerce.

(k) Ask Department of Industry to warn companies of sovereignty problems in Namibia.

(l) Ask government to issue statement welcoming the direct contacts by Council for Namibia with Canadian companies, as called for by General Assembly

(m) Ask government to provide information to Council for Namibia on activities of Canadian companies.

3. UNDP and Specialized Agencies

Request Canada to speak in favour of projects for the Council for Namibia and SWAPO - General Assembly resolution 31/149.7/

4. Dissemination of information

(a) Request Canada to issue a statement on illegal trial of Namibians, on constitutional conferences, and on other incidents as they arise.

(b) Suggest Canadian postage stamp on Namibia.

5. United Nations Institute for Namibia

Present short report on Institute showing budget problems now solved and administration going smoothly - Conference Room Paper No. 5 - and seek second contribution.

6. United Nations Fund for Namibia

Present short report on Fund showing close supervision by Committee on the Fund, role of Mission Chairman (India) in Fund Committee, and seek contribution Conference Room Paper No. 6.

7. Travel documents

Thank Canada for recognizing same.

III. OTHER MATTERS

1. United Nations Education and Training Programme for Southern Africa

Thank Canada for contribution, suggest increase.

2. Maputo Conference

Suggest contribution.

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7/ Mission members should discuss among themselves the IBRD and IMF question .

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

Mission to Canada, March 1977

Conference Room Paper No. 2

24 February 1977

TR 145 Ott0 1977

Draft Agenda for Discussions in Ottawa Proposed by the Canadian Mission to the United Nations on 24 February 1977

1. Situation in Namibia; "tour d'horizon", including possible establishment of an interim Government and rôle of SWAPO.

2. Rôle of the United Nations, having regard to the anticipated Security Council debate on Namibia and General Assembly resolutions; reaction of SWAPO to an interim Government.

3. Rôle of United Nations Council for Namibia in the event of Namibia gaining so-called independence under South Africa; Decree No. 1 for the Protection of the Natural Resources of Namibia.

4. Assistance to Namibians:
   - Institute for Namibia
   - United Nations Fund for Namibia
   - United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa (UNETPSA)
   - Humanitarian issues.

revised

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA
Mission to Canada, March 1977

Conference Room Paper No. 1
28 February 1977

REVISED PROGRAMME OF ACTIVITIES PROPOSED BY THE CANADIAN MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN NEW YORK

7R 145 OHA (77)

| Date | |
|---|---|
| Wednesday, 9 March | Arrival in Ottawa<br>Mission will be met at airport |
| Thursday, 10 March | Meeting with officials of following departments:<br>Department of External Affairs<br>Department of Industry, Trade and Commerce<br>Department of Finance<br>Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) |
| 12 noon - 2 p.m. | "Working lunch" comprising senior officials of the abovementioned four departments, the three Mission Members and the principal secretary; two to three Members of Parliament and possibly Mr. Ivan Head, who is the Special Representative of the Prime Minister. |
| 2:15 | Visit of House of Commons, "question time" |
| 3:00 | Meeting with Mr. Donald C. Jamieson, Secretary of State for External Affairs. |
| 4:15 | Press conference at the National Press Club |
| 8:00 | All members of the Mission invited to the National Arts Centre to hear the Ottawa Choral Society (Maureen Forrester, Soprano) by the Director-General of United Nations Affairs, in the Department of External Affairs, Mr. H.H. Pearson and Mrs. Pearson. |

| Date | |
|---|---|
| Friday, 11 March | (Time to be announced): |
| a.m. | Meeting with officials of CIDA |
| 12 noon (approx) | Possibly lunch with MPs. Not confirmed. |

ORIGINAL DIRECT

DRAFT

TR 141/1(5)

25 February 1977

TR 145 OTTA 1976

Sir,

At the invitation of the Government of Canada, the United Nations Council for Namibia is about to send a mission to Ottawa to discuss with the Canadian Government, resolutions on Namibia and observance of the advisory opinion on the matter of the International Court of Justice.

At its last session on 20 December 1976, the United Nations General Assembly authorized the United Nations Council for Namibia to contact administering and managing bodies of foreign corporations operating in Namibia, with particular emphasis on those which are not under direct governmental control, to warn them of the illegal basis on which they are operating in Namibia and of the position of the Council in this regard( General Assembly resolution 31/148, paragraph 8).

In accordance with this disposition and making use of the occasion of the forthcoming visit to Canada, the Mission of the United Nations Council for Namibia would like to invite you to a private lunch in Toronto on Wednesday, 9 March 1977, with the exact time and place to be communicated to you later.

If more convenient, it would also be possible to meet the Mission in Ottawa on 10 and 11 March, and in Montreal on Monday, 14 March.

As you may be aware, the general background to the situation is as follows:

(a) South Africa's presence in Namibia has been unlawful since 27 October 1966 when the General Assembly adopted resolution 2145 (XXI), revoking South Africa's mandate over the Territory. This position has been confirmed by the International Court of Justice in its advisory opinion rendered on 21 June 1971: its opinion represents the definitive statement on the international status of the Territory, and has been accepted by the Government of Canada.

Mr. ...
President (or Chairman of Board of Directors)
...
...

Corrig

(b) South Africa's presence in Namibia has, since the adoption of resolution 2145, been based solely on force, without colour of right. Consequently, South Africa constitutes a mere usurper and is simply an unlawful occupying force.

(c) The United Nations Council for Namibia is the only lawful authority in Namibia, having been created by the General Assembly to administer the Territory on behalf of the United Nations until independence.

Yours sincerely,

Rikhi Jaipal
Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations and
Chairman of the Mission to Canada

file

ORIGINAL DIRECT

JR/cr

TR 145 OTA 1977

~~TR 145 GEN~~

25 February 1977

Excellency,

I have the honour to refer again to your letter dated 23 August 1976 and to my own reply to you dated 29 September 1976.

At its 245th plenary meeting on 16 February 1977, the United Nations Council for Namibia decided to accept the invitatioanwhich your predecessor addressed to the Council. On this occasion I should like to reiterate to you the thanks of the United Nations Council for Namibia for this opportunity to discuss with Canadian authorities the question of Namibia, and to inform you that the Mission of the Council will arrive in Ottawa on the evening of Wednesday, 9 March 1977.

The Mission will be led by Mr. Rikhi Jaipal, Permanent Representative of India to the United Nations and will include Mr. Roberto de Rosenzweig-Diaz, Permanent Representative of Mexico to the United Nations, and Mr. Thomas Tlou, Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations, accompanied by Secretariat staff.

It is expected that the Mission will leave Ottawa on the evening of Friday, 11 March 1977.

Accept, Excellency, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

Dunstan W. Kamana
President
United Nations Council for Namibia

His Excellency
The Honorable Donald C. Jamieson, P.C., M.P.
Secretary of State for External
Affairs
Ottawa, Ontario
CANADA

file

JR/cr

Draft

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

TR 145 OTTA 1977

ORIGINAL DIRECT

~~TR 145 GEN~~

25 February 1977

Sir,

With further reference to the letter of the Secretary of State for External Affairs dated 23 August 1976, I have the honour to request you to forward to him the enclosed communication.

I should like to take this opportunity to inform you that the Mission which will hold consultations with the Canadian Government will be composed as follows:

Mr. Rikhi Jaipal, Permanent Representative of India to the United Nations - Chairman

Mr. Roberto Rosenzweig-Diaz, Permanent Representative of Mexico to the United Nations - Member

Mr. Thomas Tlou, Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations - Member

Mr. J.F. Robson, Principal Secretary

Mr. Keith Beavan, Press Officer

Miss Carmen Reinares, Secretary

The Mission will arrive in Ottawa on Wednesday, 9 March 1977, and it is expected that the Mission will leave Ottawa on the evening of Friday, 11 March.

Accept, Sir, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Dunstan W. Kamana
President
United Nations Council for Namibia

H.E. Mr. William H. Barton
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Permanent Representative to the United Nations
Permanent Mission of Canada to the
United Nations
866 United Nations Plaza, Suite 250
New York, N.Y. 10017

ORIGINAL TYPED

JR/cr

Mr. George Lansky, Director
Field Operations Service

22 February 1977

~~TR 141/1(3)~~

TR 145 OHA 1974

M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

Mission of Council for Namibia to Canada

Further to my memo dated 18 February 1977, the Council for Namibia has decided to add to this mission a press officer, Mr. Keith Beavan, of OPI.

Mr. Beavan will travel New York/Ottawa on Wednesday, 9 March and return Ottawa/New York on Saturday 12 March 1977. I should be grateful if you would make the necessary travel arrangements for him.

The remaining members of the mission will return Ottawa/New York on Monday, 14 March, after preparing the first draft of the mission report while in Canada.

The leader of the mission has informed us that, should the need to contact Canadian corporations investing in Namibia require it, he may prolong the stay of all the members of the mission beyond the dates mentioned above.

cc: Mr. Dickinson
Mrs. O. Rives-Niessel

RECORDS CONTROL
JUN 1977

For Use of Mission Members

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

22 February 1977

Mission to Canada

TR 145 ottø (977)

Note on the Meeting

Present: Mr. Rikhi Jaipal (Permanent Representative of India) - Chairman

Mr. Roberto Rosenzweig-Diaz (Permanent Representative of Mexico) - Member

Mr. Thomas Tlou (Permanent Representative of Botswana) - Member

Mr. J.F. Robson, Principal Secretary

Chairman: Stated that he had made arrangements for a press officer to accompany the Mission

Mr. Rosenzweig: Said that it would be a good idea to have a press conference and to appear on television in Canada.

Chairman : Suggested that that could be arranged by the press officer, Mr. Beavan, who would be authorized by the Mission to convene one, perhaps at the hotel. Interviews could also be arranged.

Mr. Robson : Quoted the last paragraph of a cable from CBC regarding Canadian Government's position on foreign investments in Namibia.

Chairman : Suggested that maybe the Mission could invite the presidents of the Canadian companies doing business in Namibia, perhaps to lunch, and explain to them the Council's position regarding investments in Namibia.

Mr. Robson : Said that some companies had written the Council for Namibia seeking information. Mentioned that General Assembly resolution 31/148 authorized the Council to make direct contact, if necessary, with investors. Inquired from the group how they thought that could be done.

Chairman : Mentioned he could write to the presidents of all the companies and invite them to a lunch or some other meeting in Canada.

Mr. Tlou : Inquired if the Council had substantial data on Canadian investments.

Mr. Robson : Answered that several leading companies were involved in prospecting for minerals, etc. and cited figures from reports of the Special Committee of 24.

Mr. Rosenzweig : Suggested a breakfast meeting on Friday, 11 March.

Chairman : Said maybe invitees could choose either breakfast on Friday, or cocktails on Wednesday or Thursday, at 6:00. Further mentioned that he could invite Mr. and Mrs. Pearson to a dinner.

Suggested a courtesy call on the Prime Minister by the Mission.

- Mr. Robson would convey that message.

Inquired about the usual procedure of Council missions in the past on drafting of reports, to which the answer was that the reports were frequently written and drafted at the mission site.

Suggested that report could be written in Montreal and Quebec City over the week-end and the Mission could return to New York on Monday, 14 March.

He further stated that a communiqué was essential and Mr. Robson should inform the Canadian Mission to the United Nations accordingly. If a joint communiqué was not possible the Mission would issue a unilateral communiqué.

- Mr. Robson was requested to check further on the itinerary.

The Chairman inquired about the contribution of Canada to the Fund for Namibia, to which Mr. Robson answered that Canada contributed to the Institute and training of Namibians through UNETPSA, but did not contribute to the Fund.

Mentioned he would like to take the matter up with the Canadian authorities and would ask them to contribute to the Fund.

Mr. Rosenzweig : Suggested giving them brochures on the Fund and Institute.

Chairman : Mentioned medicine for SWAPO, a matter which would also be brought up by him.

Stated the Mission would like to have the results of Canada's voting on various United Nations resolutions on Namibia; also Canada's basic legal position on important votes, and on the ICJ advirory opinion. Mentioned that India and Canada were co-signers of the Covenant of the League of Nations anda both were included in the Principal Allied and Associated Powers which had granted the mandate over South West Africa to South Africa.

Mr. Robson : Mentioned multilateral treaties of South Africa involving Namibia.

Mr. Tlou : Inquired about the so-called constitutional talks in Namibia and Canada's position on them.

Chairman : Mentioned that perhaps Canadian authorities would ask the Mission why the United Nations designated SWAPO as the representative of the Namibian people. Further inquired about trusteeship system and the role of United Nations in supervision of elections or referenda. Mentioned saactions.

Mr. Robson : Said Mission should be prepared on the question of bantustans and mentioned ICJ opinion and position of various countries on that opinion.

Chairman : Asked about United States involvement in any trusteeship plans for Namibia to which Mr. Robson said that the United States declined membership in the Council.

Inquired on question of per diem and hotels and possibility of hiring limousines from certain points; said he had no objections to Secretariat staying in a cheaper hotel so as to stay within the per diem entitlement but that the three delegates should probably stay at the Four Seasons.

Mr. Robson - Would look further into all that. Mr. Robson said that the Council was receiving press inquiries (Business Week and others) on the position of Canada on the matter of Canadian companies doing business in Namibia.

Chairman : Mentioned payment of taxes and said maybe companies should first consult the Council for Namibia for "permission" before investing in Namibia and said that they should pursue that "logical reasoning" further.

Mr. Robson : Mentioned Decree No. 1 and the four legal sources which dealt with Namibian investments, namely, Security Council, General Assembly, International Court of Justice and Council for Namibia.

It was decided to ask the Secretariat to prepare:

(a) A paper on Canadian investments in Namibia;
(b) Information on the Fund and the Institute;
(c) A list of topics to be discussed with the Canadian Government with background in each case.

The meeting was adjourned

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

18 February 1977

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA - MISSION TO CANADA

TR 145 OTTA 1977

Accommodations

External Affairs have confirmed reservations in the Four Seasons Hotel in Ottawa for the evenings of 9 and 10 March at the rate of $35.00 per night.

Per diem entitlement

Delegates: $40.00 + 40% = $56.00

Secretariat: $40.00

Possible itinerary - Entitlement, $120.96 (air)

1. NY/OTTAWA - air; OTTAWA/MONTREAL - air; MONTREAL/QUEBEC-Train, price: $9.25 O/W; twice a day (8 am and 5 pm); duration: 2 hrs. 45 minutes.

Any stops from a ticket NY/OTT/NY to Montreal is additional, ($20.36)

OW trains from OTTawa to Montreal: Price; $6.50; duration: 2 hrs.; 6 times a day; 7:30 am, 10:30 am; 2 pm, 4:30 (one dollar additional); 6:31 p.m.

If the mission goes by train from Ottawa to Montreal the entitlement remains the same ($120.96);

ORIGINAL DIRECT

JR/cr

Mr. George Lansky, Director
Field Operations Service

18 February 1977

~~TR 141/1(3)~~

TR 145 OTTA 1977

M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

Mission to Canada

At its 245th meeting held on 16 February 1977 the United Nations Council for Namibia decided to accept the invitation of the Government of Canada and to despatch a mission to hold consultations in Ottawa with the Canadian Government.

The mission will consist of: the permanent representative of Botswana, Mr. Thomas Tlou, the permanent representative of India, Mr. Rikhi Jaipal, the permanent representative of Mexico, Mr. Roberto Rosenzweig-Diaz. The leader of the mission will be the permanent representative of India.

The mission will be accompanied by the following Secretariat members: Mr. J.F. Robson, Principal Secretary; Miss C. Reinares, Secretary.

I should be grateful if you would make the necessary travel arrangements.

The mission will leave New York on 9 March 1977.

cc: Mr. H. Riedel

Mrs. O. Rives-Niessel

TR 145 OTTA 177

Secretariat,
Council for Namibia
Date
received 22 Sep 76

WITH THE COMPLIMENTS OF

PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF

THE REPUBLIC OF ZAMBIA

TO THE UNITED NATIONS

September 20, 1976

Mr. Rego-Monteiro

Ambassador Kamana would like you please to circulate the attached letter and please arrange a reply.

Thank you.

NEW YORK

The Permanent Mission of Canada
to the United Nations

La Mission Permanente du Canada
auprès des Nations Unies

79

NEW YORK, September 14, 1976.

Excellency,

I have the honour to transmit to you a letter from the Secretary of State for External Affairs of Canada, the Honourable Allan J. MacEachen, embodying an invitation to the Council for Namibia to send a mission to Ottawa during 1977.

Accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

William H. Barton,
Ambassador and
Permanent Representative.

His Excellency Mr. Dunstan W. Kamana,
Chairman,
United Nations Council for Namibia,
United Nations,
NEW YORK, N.Y.

The Secretary of State for External Affairs

Canada

Secretaire d'Etat aux Affaires exterieures

OTTAWA K1A 0G2

August 23, 1976

Excellency,

I have the honour to refer to discussions during last June and July between representatives of the Council and members of the Permanent Mission of Canada to the United Nations concerning the proposed visit to Canada this year of a mission from the Council to discuss Namibia. As you know, this visit did not prove possible because of severe scheduling difficulties. I very much appreciated the efforts of the Council, in particular of Ambassador Jaipal, to adjust your own schedules to accommodate the timing I had proposed, and I regret that I was not able to discuss the Namibian question with your representatives. My Government remains interested in discussing this issue with your representatives and I hope that a visit to Ottawa might be possible during the next year. Accordingly, I wish to take this opportunity to formally invite your organization to send a mission to Ottawa during 1977. I am certain that a mutually convenient time can be determined in the forthcoming months. I would be grateful if you would in due course advise our Permanent Mission to the United Nations if you are agreeable to this proposal.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Yours sincerely,

Allan J. MacEachen

Allan J. MacEachen

His Excellency Mr. Dunstan W. Kamana,
Chairman,
United Nations Council for Namibia,
United Nations Organization,
New York, New York.

The checked docs. were requested for
this mission and stored in "back" room.

10 copies 8E 3F 15

Basic Docs for delegation member

**DOCUMENTS FOR THE LATIN AMERICAN MISSION**

Charter

1 - A/AC.131/L.33 - Organization of Work of the United Nations Council for Namibia E
add. 1

2 - A/AC.131/SR.234 - Summary Record of the 234th Plenary Meeting - S E — HAITIAN

3 - A/AC.131/SR.233 - Summary Record of the 233rd Plenary Meeting - S E TR 145 OTTH '77

4 - A/AC.131/SR.232 -Summary Record of the 232nd Plenary Meeting - S E

5 - A/AC.131/SR.231 - Summary Record of thr 231st Plenary Meeting - S E

6 - A/AC.131/SR.230 - Summary REcord of the 230th Plenary Meeting - S E

7 - A/AC.131/SR.229 - Summary Record of the 229th Plenary Meeting - S E

8 - A/AC.131/SR.228 - Summary Record of the 228th Plenary Meeting - S E

9 - United Nations Council for Namibia Resolutions (1976)

a) A/AC.131/47 A/AC.131/48

b) A/AC.131/46

c) A/AC.131/45

d) A/AC.131/44

e) A/AC.131/43

f) A/AC.131/42

g) A/AC.131/41

h) A/AC.131/40

10 - Decree No. 1 for the Protection of the Natural Resources of Namibia - S E
Official Gazette No 1.

11 - ~~Compendium of the Security Council Resolutions on~~ Namibia E

a) S/~~Resolution~~ 283 (1970) 29 July 1970 - S E

b) S/~~Resolution~~ 276 (1970) 30 January 1970 - S E
301

c) " Resolution 246 (1968) 14 March 1968 - S E
Res. 301 (1971)

d) " Resolution 264 (1969) 20 March 1969 - S E

e) " Resolution 385 (1976) 30 January 1976 - S E

12 - Compendium of General Assembly Resolutions on the United Nations Fund for Namibia E

13 ) Resolution 2248 (S-V) Question of South West Africa S E

14) Resolution 2145 (XXI) Question of South West Africa - S E

A/RES/2372 (XXII) A/RES/3031 (XXVII) 3295 (XXIX)
" 2871 (XXVI) " 3111 (XXVIII)

15) A/RES/3399 S E GA

16) A/RES.3400 S E GA/

17) A/AC.109/L.1089 S E

18) A/AC.109/L.1087 S E

A/AC.109/L.1069

19) A/AC.109/L.1069/Add.1 S E

20) A/AC.109/L.1069/Add.2 S E

~~21) Decolonization E~~

~~22) Press Clippings~~

A/10024 I & II

~~Disbursement~~

~~Decolonization~~

Background info for Secretary of Health

D. List of other United Nations documents distributed at the Conference :

1E, 1F 1. Exploitation of Labour Through Illicit and Clandestine Trafficking (E/CN.4/Sub.2/L.629) 8E 4F

1E, 1F 2. Report of the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts prepared in accordance with resolution 1796 (LIV) and decisions 18 (LVI) and 25 (LVII) of the Economic and Social Council (E/5622) 8E 4F

3. The Historical and current development of the right to self-determination on the basis of the Charter of the United Nations and other instruments adopted by United Nations organs, with particular reference to the promotion and protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms (E/CN.4/Sub.2/L.625)

4. The adverse consequences for the enjoyment of Human Rights of political, military, economic and other forms of assistance given to the colonial and racist regimes in Southern Africa.

1E 1F 5. Report of the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts prepared in accordance with resolution 19(XXIX) of the Commission on Human Rights and resolution 1868(LVI) of the Economic and Social Council. (E/CN.4/1159) 8E 4F

6. Texts of resolutions of the Security Council concerning the situation in Namibia (1968 - 1974)

1E 1F 7. Implementation of United Nations resolutions on the right to self-determination of peoples subject to colonial and alien domination (E/CN.4/Sub.2/L.626)

3E 3F 8. Note on new developments in the orientation of South Africa's commercial relations (A/AC.115/L.416)

Documents for European Mission

Dissemination (E) (F) ½ + ½

C. List of documents distributed at the Conference by the United Nations Council for Namibia

10 1. Report of the United Nations Council for Namibia (covering the period 12 October 1974 to 12 September 1975) Vol. I — ~~25E~~ 20E 10F

10 2. Report of the United Nations Council for Namibia (covering the period 12 October 1974 to 12 September 1975) Vol. II — 20E 10F

100 3. United Nations Council for Namibia - What it is ... What it does... How it works... ~~E+F~~ — 200E 100F

20 4. Decolonization - Issue on Namibia look in store-room — 40E 20F

50 5. Resolution adopted by the General Assembly (on the report of the Fourth Committee (A/10358) ) - 3399 (XXX) - Question of Namibia — 100E 50F

50 6. Resolution adopted by the General Assembly (on the report of the Fourth Committee (A/10358) ) - 3400 (XXX) - United Nations Fund for Namib — 100E 50F

50 7. Resolution ~~366~~ 385 (1974) adopted by the Security Council at its 1811th meeting on 17 December 1974 — ~~100~~ 50G 25F

100 8. A trust betrayed : Namibia — 50E 50F 50 GERMAN

~~9. Resolution unanimously adopted by the 25th Plenary Assembly of the World Federation of United Nations Associations, Moscow, 1-6 October 1975~~

~~10. Namibia Bulletin (N°1/75)~~ 50E 50F 50G } of current issue - if it comes out in time

~~11. Sixty-second Inter-parliamentary Conference - Resolution adopted -~~

~~12. Extract from "Business Week" of 24 November 1975~~

~~13. Statement by the Representative of the Netherlands, Mr. J.H. Burgers, in the Fourth Committee (30th Session of the United Nations General Assembly~~

~~14. Reproduction of article published in "The Review" of the International Commission of Jurists N° 14, June 1975.~~

~~A/AC.109/L.1069~~
~~" " Add 1~~
~~" " Add 2~~ } 50E 25F

## CANADA

**English**

The Secretary of State for External Affairs
c/o The Permanent Mission of Canada
to the United Nations
Suite 250
866 United Nations Plaza
New York, N.Y. 10017

**Original plus two copies with forwarding slip**

TR 145 OTTA 1975

The Permanent Representative of Canada
to the United Nations
Suite 250
866 United Nations Plaza
New York, N.Y. 10017

**Original plus two copies**

Telegraphic address:

(1) As postal

(2) EXTERNAL
OTTAWA
(CANADA)

If, in exceptional cases, a cable is addressed direct to the Department of External Affairs, mail one copy to the Permanent Mission.

**His Excellency**
**The Honorable Donald C. Jamieson, P.C., M.P.**
**Secretary of State for External Affairs**

**(Son Excellence**
**L'Honorable Donald C. Jamieson, P.C., M.P.**
**Secrétaire d'Etat aux affaires extérieures)**

His Excellency
**Mr. William Hickson Barton**
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Permanent Representative of Canada
to the United Nations

(Son Excellence
**Monsieur William Hickson Barton**
Ambassadeur extraordinaire et plénipotentiaire
Représentant permanent du Canada auprès de
l'Organisation des Nations Unies)

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

ORIGINAL DIRECT

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM MEMORANDUM INTERIEUR

RECORDS CENTRE
9 JUN 1977

TO:
A: Mr. M. Minchin, Chief
Secretariat Services Division

DATE: 16 February 1977

REFERENCE: ~~TR 141/1(3)~~

TR 145 OTTA 1977

THROUGH:
S/C DE:

FROM:
DE: M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

SUBJECT:
OBJET: Mission to Canada Background Paper

1. At its 245th meeting held on 16 February 1977 the United Nations Council for Namibia decided to accept the invitation of the Government of Canada and to dispatch a mission to hold consultations in Ottawa with the Canadian government.

2. The mission will consist of the permanent representatives of Botswana, India and Mexico.

3. The leader of the mission, the permanent representative of India, has requested the Secretariat to prepare immediately a background paper, which should contain the following information:

(a) Voting record of Canada in the General Assembly on Namibia resolutions in recent years;

(b) Statements by Canadian representatives in the General Assemlby, Fourth committee and other fora;

(c) Dealings by the Canadian government or Canadian companies involving Namibia;

(d) Activities of the Canadian Government or Canadian companies which may be in violation of United Nations resolutions on Namibia, or the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice of 21 June 1971.

4. It is expected that the mission will take part in a seminar organized by two Canadian universities, and that at this seminar and on other occasions the mission will face questioning from persons negatively disposed towards the position of the Council for Namibia. The mission has therefore requested that the paper also include:

(e) Simple statisitcs (i) to indicate the high degree of segregation in Namibia in types of employment, salary levels, health, education and standard of living; and (ii) to refute the often-advanced contention that while discrimination may exist in Namibia, the economic situation of its African population is still better than that of most other countries in Africa.

16 February 1977

PROGRAMME OF ACTIVITIES PROPOSED BY THE CANADIAN MISSION
TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN NEW YORK

TR 145 OTTA 1977

| Date | |
|---|---|
| Wednesday, 9 March | Travel from New York to Ottawa<br>Mission will be met at airport |
| Thursday, 10 March | Meeting with officials of following departments:<br>Department of External Affairs<br>Department of Industry, Trade and Commerce<br>Department of Finance<br>Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) |
| 12 noon-2 p.m. | "Working lunch" comprising senior officials of the abovementioned four departments, the three mission members and the principal secretary; two to three Members of Parliament and possibly Mr. Ivan Head, who is the Special Representative of the Prime Minister. |
| 2:15 p.m. | Visit of House of Commons , "questions time" |
| 3:00 p.m. | Meeting with Mr. Donald C. Jamieson, Secretary of State for External Affairs. |
| free afternoon | The mission may be escorted on a tour of Ottawa by Mr. Tony Advocaat from the Department of External Affairs. |
| 8:00 p.m. | All members of the mission invited to the National Arts Centre to hear the Ottawa Choral Society (Maureen Forrester, Soprano) by the Director-General of United Nations Affairs, in the Department of External Affairs, Mr. H. H. Pearson and Mrs. Pearson. |

| Date | |
|---|---|
| Friday, 11 March | |
| a.m. | (Time to be announced): Meeting with officials of CIDA |
| 12 noon (approx) | Quick lunch, not official. Lunch hour event: campus address by leader of mission followed by question and answer session to which press will be invited (Carleton University) |

LEVEL AT WHICH COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA HAS BEEN RECEIVED IN THE PAST

TR 145 OTTA 1977

1976

| | |
|---|---|
| India: | Vice-President |
| Indonesia: | President |
| | Foreign Minister |
| | Information Minister |
| Japan: | Prime Minister (Mr. Takeo Miki) |
| | Foreign Minister<br>Minister for International Trade and Industry |
| Zambia: | President |
| Botswana: | President |

1975

| | |
|---|---|
| NATO | Secretary General (Mr. Joseph Luns) |
| Ireland | Foreign Minister |
| United Kingdom | Foreign Minister (Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs) |
| Romania | Prime Minister |

1973

| | |
|---|---|
| Sweden | Foreign Minister |

CBCRDONEWS TOR

UN NYK 16/02/77 14555

RADNEWS ASSIGNMENT DESK TOR ATTN D GETZ

TVNEWS ASSIGNMENT DESK TOR ATTN P REHAK

Canadian Broadcasting Company.
Main news ~~bulletin~~ programme item
on both English & French networks

RECORDS CENTRE
JUN 1977

3320.

TR 145 OTTH 1977

F Y I

THE UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA THIS MORNING DECIDED TO SEND A THREE MAN MISSION TO OTTAWA AT THE INVITATION OF THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT. THE MISSION IS CHAIRED BY THE U N AMB OF INDIA WHO WILL BE ACCOMPANIED BY THE AMBASSDORS OF MEXICO AND BOTSWANA .
THEY WILL ARRIVE IN OTTAWA IN THE EVENING OF 9 MARCH AND WILL HODL CONSULTATIONS WITH GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS ON 10 AND 11 MARCH.

THE SUBJECT OF THEIR TALKS WILL BE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF NUMEROUS U N RESOLUTIONS DEALING WITH THE SITUATIONNIN NAMIBIA. ONE ISSUE WHICH WILL CERTAINLY COME UP IS THE QUESTION OF CANADIAN INVESTMENTS IN SOUTHWESTAFRICA AND U N RESOLUTIONS CALLING ON GOVERNMENTS TO DISCOURAGE SUCH INVESTMENTS.
THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT FEELS IT HAS NO POWER TO INTERFERE IN THAT AREA AND THAT IT CANNOT PREVENT ANYONE FROM TRADING WITH ANY COUNTRY ASIDE FROM RHODESIA. (IN TH E CASE OF RHODESIA, CANADA APPLIES MANDATORY SANCTIONS WHICH WERE SET UP BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL).

ALSO -- ON ANOTHER MATTER

ANDREW YOUNG THE NEW U S AMBASSADOR TO THE U N WILL GIVE APRESS CONFERENCE TOMORROW MORNING THURSDAY AT 11:00 AM AT U N HQS.

WILL KEEP U POSTED.

REGARDS

GINETTE AST

CBC UN NYK

Ian Robson
As discussed
Kenn Beaven

421 - 7820.

Nelson

RECORDS CENTRE
9 JUN 1977

Exm

To Minister
from MRM
Subj. Mission to Canada

(Background Paper for)

TR 145 OTTW 1977

At its 20th meeting held on 16 June 1977 the UNCTAD decided to ~~[illegible]~~ ~~to~~ hold consultations with the Canadian Govt.

The Minister and members of the permanent representations of Botswana, India and Mexico

The Minister, the perm. representative of India has requested the secretariat to prepare immediately a background paper, which should contain the following information:

(a) Voting record of Canada in the UNCTAD on Namibian resolutions in recent years;

(b) Statements by Canadian representatives in the UNCTAD with other and other fora;

(c) Dealings by the Canadian Govt or

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

No. 5/77
2 February 1977

TR 145 6ffa 1977

AIDE-MEMOIRE

The Acting President of the United Nations Council for Namibia wishes to make available to the members of the Council for their information the following communication from the Assistant Supervisor, Information Centre of Falconbridge Nickel Mines Limited.

- - - - - - - - - - -

Would you kindly send a list of publications available from you about Namibia at your earliest opportunity.

Would you also place my name on a distribution list to advise me of any new publicatons available in the future.

TR 145 OTTA 1977



(Mr. Razouqi, Kuwait)

occupation of Namibia was a violation of human rights and a threat to international peace and security. Accordingly, his delegation called for the application of Chapter VII of the Charter, in particular Articles 41 and 42, and urged Member States to institute an economic boycott against South Africa, including an embargo on arms sales. Lastly, his delegation wished to reiterate its full support for SWAPO, the sole legitimate representative of the Namibian people.

Mr. BAUDOUIN (Canada) said that he did not plan to refer to the item under discussion but wished simply to announce that the Canadian Government had approved a contribution of $100,000 to the Institute for Namibia. That decision had been prompted largely by the objective of the Institute, which was to prepare young Namibians so that they would be able to contribute to their country's future when the time came, particularly during the difficult period which would follow independence.

His Government also welcomed the fact that the Institute received assistance from the specialized agencies of the United Nations, and he hoped that many other countries would contribute to its budget in order to help finance the cost of setting up and running the Institute.

With regard to the suggestion by some delegations that a committee of experts should be sent to Namibia to study complaints of violations of human rights in the Territory, his delegation would be prepared to support a resolution requesting the General Assembly to recommend that the Commission on Human Rights should study the matter with a view to establishing such a committee of experts.

The meeting rose at 5.55 p.m.

UNITED NATIONS COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

No. 69/76

30 November 1976

TR 145 OHA 1977

AIDE-MEMOIRE

The Acting President of the United Nations Council for Namibia wishes to make available to the members of the Council for their information the attached cable from Mr. Sam Nujoma, President of SWAPO.

CABLE FROM MR. SAM NUJOMA TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL

HAVE HONOUR INFORMING YOU THAT WE LEARNT WITH INDIGNATION THE DECISION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF RED CROSS TO GRANT MATERIAL AID TO SO CALLED ANGOLAN REFUGEES IN NAMIBIA STOP TRUE FACT SOUTH AFRICAN TROOPS OFTEN INVADING PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF ANGOLA IN COMPANY OF ANGOLAN COUNTER REVOLUTIONAIRES OF FNLA-UNITA KILLING VILLAGERS BURNING THEIR HOUSES AND PROPERTIES KIDNAPPED THOSE ON ANGOLA SIDE TAKE THEM TO NAMIBIA PARADING VILLAGERS AS SO CALLED REFUGEES STOP REQUEST UN COUNCIL FOR NAMIBIA TO PROTEST TO INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF RED CROSS TO CEASE PROVIDING ANY AID TO ANGOLA REFUGEES DELIBERATELY KIDNAPPED BY RACIST SOUTH AFRICA TROOPS STOP CONDEMNING RACIST VORSTER REGIME USING NAMIBIA AS BASE OF AGGRESSION AGAINST THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF ANGOLA AND REPUBLIC OF ZAMBIA STOP

SAM NUJOMA SWAPO PRESIDENT

Secretariat,
Council for Namibia
Date received 22 NOV 76

The telegramme related to this was circulated to all Council members (aide-mémoire 69/76)

OP/OND/P/76/

22nd November, 1976

TR 145 OTTO 1977

The Representative
International Committee of Red Cross
LUANDA
People's Republic of Angola

Sir,

I am writing to register SWAPO's strongest protest to the International Committee of the Red Cross for its decision to render material aid to the so-called Angolan refugees in Namibia as a result of the request by the South African racist Red Cross.

HOW THE "ANGOLAN REFUGEES" ENTERED NAMIBIA

The South African racists often carry out military encroachment into the People's Republic of Angola, more particularly along the Angolan-Namibian frontiers, whereby, they kill innocent civilian population, burning their villages and kidnapping the survivals to bring them into Namibia where they are paraded as "refugees". These sorts of acts are accomponied by blackmail and lies, alleging that the Angolan people have been forces to leave their country because of the alleged reppression by the Angolan troops and SWAPO.

Racist South Africa is illegally occupying Namibia, and uses Namibia a base of aggression against the independed countries, namely, Angola and Zambia.

2.....

See also Cable to Pres of Council for Namibia

SWAPO of Namibia considers that the decision of the Internation Committee of the Red Cross to give material support to the so-called Angolan refugees who are deliberately kidnapped from their country by the Boer troops and paraded in Namibia as "refugees" is not justifiable, because such actions on the part of the International Committee of Red Cross is an encouragement for international gangsterism to the fascist and racist regime of South Africa.

SWAPO of Namibia calls upon the International Committee of the Red Cross to immediately cease to give material support in any form to the racist South African Red Cross for the so-called Angolan refugees in the occupied Namibia.

Sincerely yours,

Sam Nujoma
PRESIDENT OF SWAPO

c.c.
President of the U.N. Council of Namibia
OAU-Administrative Secretary-General
Office of the Prime Minister
People's Republic of Angola

MRM/cr

Mr. G. Lansky, Director
Field Operations Service

19 July 1976

~~TR 141/1(3)~~

M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

TP 145 OTTA '77

Mission to Canada

Ambassador Rikhi Jaipal, Acting President of the United Nations Council for Namibia, has informed me that in the light of difficulties in organizing the mission of the Council to Canada, that the mission will no longer take place at the present time.

cc: Mr. Riedel

ORIGINAL DIRECT

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM MEMORANDUM INTERIEUR

TO: A: Mr. G. Lansky, Director
Field Operations Service

DATE: 16 July 1976

REFERENCE: ~~TR141/1(3)~~

TR 145 OHA 1977

THROUGH: S/C DE:

FROM: DE: M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

SUBJECT: OBJET: Mission to Canada

Ambassador Jaipal has indicated that he would like the mission to conclude discussions with Canadian authorities on the 23 July and to proceed to Montreal in order to establish contact with Non-Governmental Organizations active on the issues of Southern Africa. The mission would stay in Montreal Saturday and Sunday and return to New York on Sunday 25 July.

Please note that I will replace Mr. Robson as Principal Secretary.

cc:Riedel

ORIGINAL DIRECTN

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM MEMORANDUM INTERIEUR

TO: A: Mr. G. Lansky, Director
Field Operations Service

DATE: 16.7.76

REFERENCE: ~~TR141/1(3)~~

RECORDS CONTROL
9 JUN 1977

TR 145 OTTA 1977

THROUGH: S/C DE: cc:Riedel

FROM: DE: M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
United Nations Council for Namibia

SUBJECT: OBJET: Council for Namibia-Canadian Itinerary

Please book hotels in Canada for the following:

| Place | Date | Person |
|---|---|---|
| Ottawa | 22 and 23 July | Am. Rikhi Jaipal |
| Ottawa | 21 through 23 July | Am. Mikanagu |
| " | " | Mr. Holger |
| " | " | Mr. Rego-Monteiro |
| " | " | Miss Reinares |
| Montreal | 24 and 25 July | Am. Jaipal |
| | | Am. Mikanagu |
| | | Mr. Holger |
| | | Mr. Rego-Monteiro |
| | | Miss Reinares |

ORIGINAL DIRECT

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

MRM/lt

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM MEMORANDUM INTERIEUR

TO: A: Mr. George Lansky, Director
Field Operations Service

DATE: 16.7.76

REFERENCE: ~~TR141/1(3)~~

THROUGH: S/C DE:

cc:Riedel

TR 145 OTTA 1977

FROM: DE: M. Rego-Monteiro, Secretary
Council for Namibia

SUBJECT: OBJET: United Nations Council for Namibia Mission to Canada

1. The Acting President of the Council for Namibia, Ambassador Rikhi Jaipal, will head a mission of the United Nations Council for Namibia to Ottawa. The mission will include Ambassador Patrice Mikanagu of Burundi, and Mr. James Holger of Chile. The Principal Officer will be Mr. John F. Robson and the secretary, Miss Carmen Reinares.

2. The mission will be in Canada from the 21 until the 25 of July 1976. Ambassador Jaipal, due to previous committments, will have to fly to Ottawa on the morning of the 22, while the other members of the mission will be flying on the afternoon of the 21.

3. I would appreciate your authorization for the appropriate arrangements to facilitate the task of the mission.

4. The expenses are to be charged to the budgetary allocation of the United Nations Council for Namibia.