

UNCIO-Working papers - Darlington correspondence on Dumbarton Oaks Proposals.

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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

## (Committee I/1)

There should be established an international organization under the title of The United Nations, the Charter of which should contain provisions necessary to give effect to the proposals which follow.

## AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

[Note: Amendments agreed to by the four sponsoring governments on May 4, 1945, are indicated by printing added passages in italic type and deleted passages in canceled type.]

## (Committee I/1)

## Chapter I. Purposes

The purposes of the Organization should be:

1. To maintain international peace and security; and to that end to take effective collective measures for the prevention and removal of threats to the peace and the suppression of acts of aggression or other breaches of the peace, and to bring about by peaceful means adjustment or settlement of international disputes which may lead to a breach of the peace;

2. To develop friendly relations among nations and to take other appropriate measures to strengthen universal peace;

3. To achieve international cooperation in the solution of international economic, social and other humanitarian problems; and

4. To afford a center for harmonizing the actions of nations in the achievement of these common ends.

1. To maintain international peace and security; and to that end to take effective collective measures for the prevention and removal of threats to the peace and the suppression of acts of aggression or other breaches of the peace, and to bring about by peaceful means, *and with due regard for principles of justice and international law*, adjustment or settlement of international disputes which may lead to a breach of the peace.

2. To develop friendly relations among nations *based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples* and to take other appropriate measures to strengthen universal peace;

3. To achieve international cooperation in the solution of international economic, social, *cultural* and other humanitarian problems *and promotion and encouragement of respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, language, religion or sex*; and



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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

(Committee I/1)

*Chapter II. Principles*

In pursuit of the purposes mentioned in Chapter I the Organization and its members should act in accordance with the following principles:

1. The Organization is based on the principle of the sovereign equality of all peace-loving states.
2. All members of the Organization undertake, in order to ensure to all of them the rights and benefits resulting from membership in the Organization, to fulfill the obligations assumed by them in accordance with the Charter.
3. All members of the Organization shall settle their disputes by peaceful means in such a manner that international peace and security are not endangered.
4. All members of the Organization shall refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force in any manner inconsistent with the purposes of the Organization.
5. All members of the Organization shall give every assistance to the Organization in any action undertaken by it in accordance with the provisions of the Charter.
6. All members of the Organization shall refrain from giving assistance to any state against which preventive or enforcement action is being undertaken by the Organization.

The Organization should ensure that states not members of the Organization act in accordance with these principles so far as may be necessary for the maintenance of international peace and security.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

1. The Organization is based on the principle of the sovereign equality of all ~~peace-loving states~~ *its members*.
3. All members of the Organization shall settle their *international* disputes by peaceful means in such a manner that international peace and security are not endangered.

[New paragraph to be added following paragraph 6, to take the place of paragraph 7 of Chapter VIII, Section A, which would be deleted:]

7. *Nothing contained in this Charter shall authorize the Organization to intervene in matters which are essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of the State concerned or shall require the members to submit such matters to settlement under this Charter; but this principle shall not prejudice the application of Chapter VIII, Section B.*



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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

(Committee I/2)

*Chapter III. Membership*

1. Membership of the Organization should be open to all peace-loving states.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS



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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

(Committee I/2)

*Chapter IV. Principal Organs*

1. The Organization should have as its principal organs:

- a. A General Assembly;
- b. A Security Council;
- c. An international court of justice; and
- d. A Secretariat.

2. The Organization should have such subsidiary agencies as may be found necessary.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS



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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

(Committee II/1)

*Chapter V. The General Assembly*

**Section A. Composition.** All members of the Organization should be members of the General Assembly and should have a number of representatives to be specified in the Charter.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

(Committee II/2)

**Section B. Functions and Powers.** 1. The General Assembly should have the right to consider the general principles of cooperation in the maintenance of international peace and security, including the principles governing disarmament and the regulation of armaments; to discuss any questions relating to the maintenance of international peace and security brought before it by any member or members of the Organization or by the Security Council; and to make recommendations with regard to any such principles or questions. Any such questions on which action is necessary should be referred to the Security Council by the General Assembly either before or after discussion. The General Assembly should not on its own initiative make recommendations on any matter relating to the maintenance of international peace and security which is being dealt with by the Security Council.



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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

## (Committees I/2 and II/1)\*

2. The General Assembly should be empowered to admit new members to the Organization upon recommendation of the Security Council.

## (Committees I/2 and II/2)\*\*

3. The General Assembly should, upon recommendation of the Security Council, be empowered to suspend from the exercise of any rights or privileges of membership any member of the Organization against which preventive or enforcement action shall have been taken by the Security Council. The exercise of the rights and privileges thus suspended may be restored by decision of the Security Council. The General Assembly should be empowered, upon recommendation of the Security Council, to expel from the Organization any member of the Organization which persistently violates the principles contained in the Charter.

## (Committee II/1)

4. The General Assembly should elect the non-permanent members of the Security Council and the members of the Economic and Social Council provided for in Chapter IX. It should be empowered to elect, upon recommendation of the Security Council, the Secretary-General of the Organization. It should perform such functions in relation to the election of the judges of the international court of justice as may be conferred upon it by the statute of the court.

\*I/2—Questions of the conditions of admission; II/1—Questions of procedure.

\*\*I/2—Questions of conditions applicable to suspension and restoration of rights and expulsion; II/2—Questions of procedure.



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## (Committee II/1)

5. The General Assembly should apportion the expenses among the members of the Organization and should be empowered to approve the budgets of the Organization.

## (Committees II/2 and II/3)\*

6. The General Assembly should initiate studies and make recommendations for the purpose of promoting international cooperation in political, economic and social fields and of adjusting situations likely to impair the general welfare.

\*II/2—Questions of political cooperation and of adjustment of situations likely to impair the general welfare.

II/3—Questions of cooperation, economic and social.

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6. The General Assembly should initiate studies and make recommendations for the purpose of promoting international cooperation in political, economic, ~~and~~ social and cultural fields to assist in the realization of human rights and basic freedoms for all, without distinction as to race, language, religion or sex and also for the encouragement of the development of international law and of adjusting situations likely to impair the general welfare.

[New paragraph to follow paragraph 6:]

*Subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Section, the General Assembly should be empowered to recommend measures for the peaceful adjustment of any situations, regardless of origin, which it deems likely to impair the general welfare or friendly relations among nations, including situations resulting from a violation of the Purposes and Principles set forth in this Charter.*



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## (Committee II/3)

7. The General Assembly should make recommendations for the coordination of the policies of international economic, social, and other specialized agencies brought into relation with the Organization in accordance with agreements between such agencies and the Organization.

## (Committee II/2)

8. The General Assembly should receive and consider annual and special reports from the Security Council and reports from other bodies of the Organization.

## (Committee II/1)

**Section C. Voting.** 1. Each member of the Organization should have one vote in the General Assembly.

2. Important decisions of the General Assembly, including recommendations with respect to the maintenance of international peace and security; election of members of the Security Council; election of members of the Economic and Social Council; admission of members, suspension of the exercise of the rights and privileges of members, and expulsion of members; and budgetary questions, should be made by a two-thirds majority of those present and voting. On other questions, including the determination of additional categories of questions to be decided by a two-thirds majority, the decisions of the General Assembly should be made by a simple majority vote.

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[New paragraph to follow paragraph 7:]

*The General Assembly should examine the administrative budgets of such specialized agencies with a view to making recommendations to the agencies concerned.*



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(Committee II/1)

**Section D. Procedure.** 1. The General Assembly should meet in regular annual sessions and in such special sessions as occasion may require.

2. The General Assembly should adopt its own rules of procedure and elect its President for each session.

3. The General Assembly should be empowered to set up such bodies and agencies as it may deem necessary for the performance of its functions.



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(Committee III/1)

*Chapter VI. The Security Council*AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
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**Section A. Composition.** The Security Council should consist of one representative of each of eleven members of the Organization. Representatives of the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the Republic of China, and, in due course, France, should have permanent seats. The General Assembly should elect six states to fill the non-permanent seats. These six states should be elected for a term of two years, three retiring each year. They should not be immediately eligible for reelection. In the first election of the non-permanent members three should be chosen by the General Assembly for one-year terms and three for two-year terms.

**Section A. Composition.** The Security Council should consist of one representative of each of eleven members of the Organization. Representatives of the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the Republic of China, and, in due course, France, should have permanent seats. The General Assembly should elect six states to fill the non-permanent seats, *due regard being specially paid in the first instance to the contribution of members of the Organization towards the maintenance of international peace and security and towards the other purposes of the Organization, and also to equitable geographical distribution.* These six states should be elected for a term of two years, three retiring each year. They should not be immediately eligible for reelection. In the first election of the non-permanent members three should be chosen by the General Assembly for one-year terms and three for two-year terms.



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AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS**Section B. Principal Functions and Powers.**

1. In order to ensure prompt and effective action by the Organization, members of the Organization should by the Charter confer on the Security Council primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security and should agree that in carrying out these duties under this responsibility it should act on their behalf.



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2. In discharging these duties the Security Council should act in accordance with the purposes and principles of the Organization.

3. The specific powers conferred on the Security Council in order to carry out these duties are laid down in Chapter VIII.

4. All members of the Organization should obligate themselves to accept the decisions of the Security Council and to carry them out in accordance with the provisions of the Charter.

5. In order to promote the establishment and maintenance of international peace and security with the least diversion of the world's human and economic resources for armaments, the Security Council, with the assistance of the Military Staff Committee referred to in Chapter VIII, Section B, paragraph 9, should have the responsibility for formulating plans for the establishment of a system of regulation of armaments for submission to the members of the Organization.



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[Here follows the text of Section C as proposed at the Crimea Conference:]

**Section C. Voting.** 1. Each member of the Security Council should have one vote.

2. Decisions of the Security Council on procedural matters should be made by an affirmative vote of seven members.

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FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

3. Decisions of the Security Council on all other matters should be made by an affirmative vote of seven members including the concurring votes of the permanent members; provided that, in decisions under Chapter VIII, Section A, and under the second sentence of Paragraph 1 of Chapter VIII, Section C, a party to a dispute should abstain from voting.



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2. The Security Council should be empowered to set up such bodies or agencies as it may deem necessary for the performance of its functions including regional subcommittees of the Military Staff Committee.

3. The Security Council should adopt its own rules of procedure, including the method of selecting its President.

4. Any member of the Organization should participate in the discussion of any question brought before the Security Council whenever the Security Council considers that the interests of that member of the Organization are specially affected.

5. Any member of the Organization not having a seat on the Security Council and any state not a member of the Organization, if it is a party to a dispute under consideration by the Security Council, should be invited to participate in the discussion relating to the dispute.

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2. The Security Council should be empowered to set up such bodies or agencies as it may deem necessary for the performance of its functions, ~~including regional subcommittees of the Military Staff Committee.~~

5. Any member of the Organization not having a seat on the Security Council and any state not a member of the Organization, if it is a party to a dispute under consideration by the Security Council, should be invited to participate in the discussion relating to the dispute. *In the case of a non-member, the Security Council should lay down such conditions as it may deem just for the participation of such a non-member.*



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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

(Committee IV/1)

*Chapter VII. An International Court of Justice*AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

The provisions of Chapter VII of the Dumbarton Oaks Proposals should be adjusted to bring it into conformity with the recommendations of Commission IV in light of the report of the Jurists Committee.

1. There should be an international court of justice which should constitute the principal judicial organ of the Organization.

2. The court should be constituted and should function in accordance with a statute which should be annexed to and be a part of the Charter of the Organization.

3. The statute of the court of international justice should be either (a) the Statute of the Permanent Court of International Justice, continued in force with such modifications as may be desirable or (b) a new statute in the preparation of which the Statute of the Permanent Court of International Justice should be used as a basis.

4. All members of the Organization should *ipso facto* be parties to the statute of the international court of justice.

5. Conditions under which states not members of the Organization may become parties to the statute of the international court of justice should be determined in each case by the General Assembly upon recommendation of the Security Council.



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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

*Chapter VIII. Arrangements for the Maintenance of International Peace and Security Including Prevention and Suppression of Aggression*

(Committee III/2)

**Section A. Pacific Settlement of Disputes.**

**AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS**

37 1. The Security Council <sup>15</sup> should be empowered to investigate any dispute, or any situation which may lead to international friction or give rise to a dispute, in order to determine whether its continuance is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security.

[The following new paragraph should be inserted before Paragraph 1 of Section A of Chapter VIII:]

*Without prejudice to the provisions of paragraphs 1-5 below, the Security Council should be empowered, if all the parties so request, to make recommendations to the parties to any dispute with a view to its settlement in accordance with the principles laid down in Chapter II, Paragraph 3.*



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DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

38 *A non-member state*  
2. Any state, whether member of the Organization or not, may bring any such dispute or situation to the attention of the General Assembly or of the Security Council. *or the General Assembly*  
*any such dispute to which it is a party, if it accepts in advance, for the purposes of the dispute, the obligations of pacific settlement provided in the Charter.*

2. Any state, whether member of the Organization or not, may bring any such dispute or situation to the attention of the General Assembly or of the Security Council. *In the case of a non-member, it should be required to accept, for the purposes of such dispute, the obligations of pacific settlement provided in the Charter.*

36 3. The parties to any dispute the continuance of which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security ~~should obligate themselves, first of all, to seek a solution by negotiation, mediation, conciliation, arbitration or judicial settlement, or other peaceful means of their own choice. The Security Council should call upon the parties to settle their dispute by such means.~~

*shall*  
*may*  
*resort to regional agencies or arrangements*

*Article 1*

*Article*

41 4. If, nevertheless, parties to a dispute of the nature referred to in paragraph 3 above fail to settle it by the means indicated in that paragraph, they should obligate themselves to refer it to the Security Council. The Security Council should in each case decide whether or not the continuance of the particular dispute is in fact likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security, and, accordingly, whether the Security Council should deal with the dispute, and, if so, whether it should take action under paragraph 5.

4. If, nevertheless, parties to a dispute of the nature referred to in paragraph 3 above fail to settle it by the means indicated in that paragraph, they should obligate themselves to refer it to the Security Council. ~~The~~ *If the Security Council should in each case decide whether or not deems that the continuance of the particular dispute is in fact likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security, and, accordingly, whether the Security Council should deal with the dispute, and, if so, whether it should take action under paragraph 5 or whether itself to recommend such terms of settlement as it may consider appropriate.*

*shall*

*it shall decide*

*or whether itself to recommend etc.*



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5. The Security Council should be empowered, at any stage of a dispute of the nature referred to in paragraph 3 above, to recommend appropriate procedures or methods of adjustment.

may)

The Security Council etc

Article 1 or of a situation of like nature,

In making recommendations under consideration that

Article of the Sec. Council should take

6. Justiciable disputes should normally be referred to the international court of justice. The Security Council should be empowered to refer to the court, for advice, legal questions connected with other disputes.

by the parties

7. The provisions of paragraph 1 to 6 of Section A should not apply to situations or disputes arising out of matters which by international law are solely within the domestic jurisdiction of the state concerned.

7. The provisions of paragraph 1 to 6 of Section A should not apply to situations or disputes arising out of matters which by international law are solely within the domestic jurisdiction of the state concerned.

[Note: This paragraph would be replaced by the new paragraph proposed for addition following paragraph 6, Chapter II, Principles.]

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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

(Committee III/3)

Section B. Determination of Threats to the Peace or Acts of Aggression and Action With Respect Thereto.

[Texts of paragraphs on following pages.]

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

Section B. Determination of Threats to the Peace or Acts of Aggression and Action With Respect Thereto. 1. Should the Security Council deem that a failure to settle a dispute in accordance with procedures indicated in paragraph 3 of Section A, or in accordance with its recommendations made under paragraphs 4 or 5 of Section A, constitutes a threat to the maintenance of international peace and security, it should take any measures necessary for the maintenance of international peace and security in accordance with the purposes and principles of the Organization.

2. In general the Security Council should determine the existence of any threat to the peace, breach of the peace or act of aggression and should make recommendations or decide upon the measures set forth in paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Section to be taken to maintain or restore peace and security.

[Insert the following paragraph between paragraphs 2 and 3:]

*Before making the recommendations or deciding upon the measures for the maintenance or restoration of peace and security in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2, the Security Council may call upon the parties concerned to comply with such provisional measures as it may deem necessary or desirable in order to prevent an aggravation of the situation. Such provisional measures should be without prejudice to the rights, claims or position of the parties concerned. Failure to comply with such provisional measures should be duly taken account of by the Security Council.*

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1. Should the Security Council deem that a failure to settle a dispute in accordance with procedures indicated in paragraph 3 of Section A, or in accordance with its recommendations made under paragraph 5 of Section A, constitutes a threat to the maintenance of international peace and security, it should take any measures necessary for the maintenance of international peace and security in accordance with the purposes and principles of the Organization.

2. In general the Security Council should determine the existence of any threat to the peace, breach of the peace or act of aggression and should make recommendations or decide upon the measures to be taken to maintain or restore peace and security.

3. The Security Council should be empowered to determine what diplomatic, economic, or other measures not involving the use of armed force should be employed to give effect to its decisions, and to call upon members of the Organization to apply such measures. Such measures may include complete or partial interruption of rail, sea, air, postal, telegraphic, radio and other means of communication and the severance of diplomatic and economic relations.

4. Should the Security Council consider such measures to be inadequate, it should be empowered to take such action by air, naval or land forces as may be necessary to maintain or restore international peace and security. Such action may include demonstrations, blockade and other operations by air, sea or land forces of members of the organization.

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5. In order that all members of the Organization should contribute to the maintenance of international peace and security, they should undertake to make available to the Security Council, on its call and in accordance with a special agreement or agreements concluded among themselves, armed forces, facilities and assistance necessary for the purpose of maintaining international peace and security. Such agreement or agreements should govern the numbers and types of forces and the nature of the facilities and assistance to be provided. The special agreement or agreements should be negotiated as soon as possible and should in each case be subject to approval by the Security Council and to ratification by the signatory states in accordance with their constitutional processes.

6. In order to enable urgent military measures to be taken by the Organization there should be held immediately available by the members of the Organization national air force contingents for combined international enforcement action. The strength and degree of readiness of these contingents and plans for their combined action should be determined by the Security Council with the assistance of the Military Staff Committee within the limits laid down in the special agreement or agreements referred to in paragraph 5 above.

7. The action required to carry out the decisions of the Security Council for the maintenance of international peace and security should be taken by all the members of the Organization in cooperation or by some of them as the Security Council may determine. This undertaking should be carried out by the members of the Organization by their own action and through action of the appropriate specialized organizations and agencies of which they are members.

8. Plans for the application of armed force should be made by the Security Council with the assistance of the Military Staff Committee referred to in paragraph 9 below.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
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9. There should be established a Military Staff Committee the functions of which should be to advise and assist the Security Council on all questions relating to the Security Council's military requirements for the maintenance of international peace and security, to the employment and command of forces placed at its disposal, to the regulation of armaments, and to possible disarmament. It should be responsible under the Security Council for the strategic direction of any armed forces placed at the disposal of the Security Council. The Committee should be composed of the Chiefs of Staff of the permanent members of the Security Council or their representatives. Any member of the Organization not permanently represented on the Committee should be invited by the Committee to be associated with it when the efficient discharge of the Committee's responsibilities requires that such a state should participate in its work. Questions of command of forces should be worked out subsequently.

10. The members of the Organization should join in affording mutual assistance in carrying out the measures decided upon by the Security Council.

11. Any state, whether a member of the Organization or not, which finds itself confronted with special economic problems arising from the carrying out of measures which have been decided upon by the Security Council should have the right to consult the Security Council in regard to a solution of those problems.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

9. There should be established a Military Staff Committee the functions of which should be to advise and assist the Security Council on all questions relating to the Security Council's military requirements for the maintenance of international peace and security, to the employment and command of forces placed at its disposal, to the regulation of armaments, and to possible disarmament. It should be responsible under the Security Council for the strategic direction of any armed forces placed at the disposal of the Security Council. The Committee should be composed of the Chiefs of Staff of the permanent members of the Security Council or their representatives. Any member of the Organization not permanently represented on the Committee should be invited by the Committee to be associated with it when the efficient discharge of the Committee's responsibilities requires that such a state should participate in its work. Questions of command of forces should be worked out subsequently. *The Military Staff Committee, with the authorization of the Security Council, may establish regional subcommittees of the Military Staff Committee.*



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- Chile.** Doc. 2, G/7 (i)  
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- France.** Doc. 2, G/7 (o)  
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- Mexico.** Doc. 2, G/7 (e) (1)  
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- Norway.** Doc. 2, G/7 (n)  
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- Venezuela.** Doc. 2, G/7 (d)  
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(Committee III/4)

## Section C. Regional Arrangements

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

1. Nothing in the Charter should preclude the existence of regional arrangements or agencies for dealing with such matters relating to the maintenance of international peace and security as are appropriate for regional action, provided such arrangements or agencies and their activities are consistent with the purposes and principles of the Organization. The Security Council should encourage settlement of local disputes through such regional arrangements or by such regional agencies, either on the initiative of the states concerned or by reference from the Security Council.



*(Comments Pertain to All of Section C)*

- Belgium.** Doc. 2, G/7 (k) (1)  
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- Brazil.** Doc. 2, G/7 (e) (2)  
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- Guatemala.** Doc. 2, G/7 (f)  
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- Guatemala.** Doc. 2, G/7 (f) (1)  
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- Netherlands.** Doc. 2, G/7 (j)  
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- Paraguay.** Doc. 2, G/7 (l)  
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Inter-American system, need to promote development of, p. 4.
- Turkey.** Doc. 2, G/14 (e)  
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- Chile.** Doc. 2, G/7 (l)  
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- France.** Doc. 2, G/7 (o)  
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- Mexico.** Doc. 2, G/7 (c) (1)  
Inter-American system, compatibility of with the Organization, p. 13.
- New Zealand.** Doc. 2, G/14 (f)  
Regional arrangements, consistency of, approved by Organization, p. 3.

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2. The Security Council should, where appropriate, utilize such arrangements or agencies for enforcement action under its authority, but no enforcement action should be taken under regional arrangements or by regional agencies without the authorization of the Security Council.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

2. The Security Council should, where appropriate, utilize such arrangements or agencies for enforcement action under its authority. But no enforcement action should be taken under regional arrangements or by regional agencies without the authorization of the Security Council *with the exception of measures against enemy states in this war provided for pursuant to Chapter XII, paragraph 2, or, in regional arrangements directed against renewal of aggressive policy on the part of such states, until such time as the Organization may, by consent of the Governments concerned, be charged with the responsibility for preventing further aggression by a state now at war with the United Nations.*

3. The Security Council should at all times be kept fully informed of activities undertaken or in contemplation under regional arrangements or by regional agencies for the maintenance of international peace and security.



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- Bolivia.** Doc. 2, G/14 (r)  
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- Czechoslovakia.** Doc. 2, G/14 (b)  
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- France.** Doc. 2, G/7 (o) (2)  
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- Brazil.** Doc. 2, G/7 (e)  
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- Chile.** Doc. 2, G/7 (i)  
*Proposed addition of a new paragraph to Section C:*  
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- Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador and Peru.** Doc. 2, G/28  
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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

(Committee II/3)

*Chapter IX. Arrangements for International  
Economic and Social Cooperation*AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

**Section A. Purpose and Relationships.** 1. With a view to the creation of conditions of stability and well-being which are necessary for peaceful and friendly relations among nations, the Organization should facilitate solutions of international economic, social and other humanitarian problems and promote respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms. Responsibility for the discharge of this function should be vested in the General Assembly and, under the authority of the General Assembly, in an Economic and Social Council.

**Section A. Purpose and Relationships.** 1. With a view to the creation of conditions of stability and well-being which are necessary for peaceful and friendly relations among nations *based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples*, the Organization should facilitate solutions of international economic, social, *cultural*, and other humanitarian problems and promote respect for human rights and *for* fundamental freedoms *for all without distinction as to race, language, religion or sex*. Responsibility for the discharge of this function should be vested in the General Assembly, and under the authority of the General Assembly, in an Economic and Social Council.



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2. The various specialized economic, social and other organizations and agencies would have responsibilities in their respective fields as defined in their statutes. Each such organization or agency should be brought into relationship with the Organization on terms to be determined by agreement between the Economic and Social Council and the appropriate authorities of the specialized organization or agency, subject to approval by the General Assembly.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

**Section B. Composition and Voting.** The Economic and Social Council should consist of representatives of eighteen members of the Organization. The states to be represented for this purpose should be elected by the General Assembly for terms of three years. Each such state should have one representative, who should have one vote. Decisions of the Economic and Social Council should be taken by simple majority vote of those present and voting.



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**Section C. Functions and Powers of the Economic and Social Council.** 1. The Economic and Social Council should be empowered:

- a. to carry out, within the scope of its functions, recommendations of the General Assembly;
- b. to make recommendations, on its own initiative, with respect to international economic, social and other humanitarian matters;
- c. to receive and consider reports from the economic, social and other organizations or agencies brought into relationship with the Organization, and to coordinate their activities through consultations with, and recommendations to, such organizations or agencies;
- d. to examine the administrative budgets of such specialized organizations or agencies with a view to making recommendations to the organizations or agencies concerned;
- e. to enable the Secretary-General to provide information to the Security Council;
- f. to assist the Security Council upon its request; and
- g. to perform such other functions within the general scope of its competence as may be assigned to it by the General Assembly.

**Section D. Organization and Procedure.** 1. The Economic and Social Council should set up an economic commission, a social commission, and such other commissions as may be required. These commissions should consist of experts. There should be a permanent staff which should constitute a part of the Secretariat of the Organization.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

**Section C. Functions and Powers of the Economic and Social Council.** 1. The Economic and Social Council should be empowered:

[Insert after paragraph a, new paragraph as follows:]

*To make recommendations for promoting respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms;*

b. To make recommendations, on its own initiative with respect to international economic, social, *cultural* and other humanitarian matters;

c. To receive and consider reports from the economic, social, *cultural* and other organizations or agencies brought into relationship with the Organization, and to coordinate their activities through consultations with, and recommendations to, such organizations or agencies;

**Section D. Organization and Procedure.** 1. The Economic and Social Council should set up ~~an economic commission, a social commission and such other commissions as may be required~~ *commissions in the fields of economic activity, social activity, cultural activity, promotion of human rights and any other field within the competence of the Council.* These commissions should consist of experts. There should be a permanent staff which should constitute a part of the Secretariat of the Organization.



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2. The Economic and Social Council should make suitable arrangements for representatives of the specialized organizations or agencies to participate without vote in its deliberations and in those of the commissions established by it.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

3. The Economic and Social Council should adopt its own rules of procedure and the method of selecting its President.



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## DUMBARTON OAKS PROPOSALS

(Committee I/2)

*Chapter X. The Secretariat*

1. There should be a Secretariat comprising a Secretary-General and such staff as may be required. The Secretary-General should be the chief administrative officer of the Organization. He should be elected by the General Assembly, on recommendation of the Security Council, for such term and under such conditions as are specified in the Charter.

2. The Secretary-General should act in that capacity in all meetings of the General Assembly, of the Security Council, and of the Economic and Social Council and should make an annual report to the General Assembly on the work of the Organization.

3. The Secretary-General should have the right to bring to the attention of the Security Council any matter which in his opinion may threaten international peace and security.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE  
FOUR SPONSORING GOVERNMENTS

1. There should be a Secretariat comprising a Secretary-General, *four deputies* and such staff as may be required. ~~The Secretary-General should be the chief administrative officer of the Organization. He should be elected by the General Assembly, on recommendation of the Security Council, for such term and under such conditions as are specified in the Charter.~~ *The Secretary-General and his deputies should be elected by the General Assembly on recommendation of the Security Council for a period of three years, and the Secretary-General should be eligible for re-election. The Secretary-General should be the chief administrative officer of the Organization.*

4. *In the performance of their duties, the Secretary-General and the staff should be responsible only to the Organization. Their responsibilities should be exclusively international in character, and they should not seek or receive instructions in regard to the discharge thereof from any authority external to the Organization. The members should undertake fully to respect the international character of the responsibilities of the Secretariat and not to seek to influence any of their nationals in the discharge of such responsibilities.*