

UNAMIR

RADIO UNAMIR - DAILY REPORTS

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Radio News

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, January 19, 1995 - The two-day round-table on the rebuilding of Rwanda, gathering the delegates of the Rwandese Government led by Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu and representatives of the donor community, started on Wednesday in Geneva, in Switzerland. The donor community is represented by over 250 delegates of Governments and international organisations. Speaking at the start of the round-table discussions, Prime Minister Twagiramungu asked for US\$ 764 million assistance to rebuild Rwanda and to prepare conditions for the repatriation of Rwandese refugees.

In his speech, Prime Minister Twagiramungu said that three of the transitional institutions provided for under the Arusha Peace Agreement, namely the Presidency, the Transitional Government and the National Assembly, were set up, and the fourth institution, the Supreme Court, will be set up in the near future.

He indicated that 25% of recent Rwandese refugees, that is about 500,000 people including over 2,000 former Government soldiers and 65 % of ancient Rwandese refugees, have returned home in the country.

Mr. Twagiramungu announced that 16,000 suspected criminals are being held in prison in Rwanda. He asked for foreign assistance to reorganise the Rwandese judiciary which lacks of quality and quantity in magistrates. In the 1100 magistrates working before the month of April in 1994, only 100 magistrates are present, and in the 100 prosecutors, only 12 are working, the others being dead or in exile.

Prime Minister Twagiramungu said that his Government is concerned by the free movement of planners of massacres in several countries. He asked that the international community help speed up the process by the UN international tribunal to organise the trial of people accused of being involved in massacres in Rwanda. He also asked for the separation of innocent Rwandese refugees in camps from criminals to ensure the safe return home of those wanting to go home.

The Rwandese Prime Minister pointed out that people who did not take part in massacres were still welcome in Rwanda to take part in

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the public administration. He insisted that reconstruction and reconciliation were two linked realities and that the international community should take this fact into account.

- President Bizimungu of Rwanda on Wednesday received in his office for talks the assistant representative of the Vatican in Rwanda, and their talks focused on the letter written by Rwandese Roman Catholic bishops to the Rwandese Minister for Justice, on security in Rwanda, and the relations between the Church and the Government. President Bizimungu explained to the Vatican representative the efforts carried out by the Government to restore peace and security in the country.

- Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense Major-General Paul Kagame on Tuesday visited RPA troops in Gisenyi and discussed with the local military and political authorities about security in the area. Paul Kagame underlined that the job of ensuring security should not be seen only as the responsibility of the army but that it is also the role of everybody in the country. He indicated that the region of Gisenyi had a particular problem of security because of the acts of destabilisation carried out by Interahamwe elements.

- The Members of the Rwandese Parliament on Wednesday continued their discussions in their first ordinary term, with the debate on the internal law governing the Parliament, the budget for the Parliament and the working languages, but did not reach a consensus and the debate was to continue on Thursday. On the working languages, different MPS proposed that Kinyarwanda, French, English, Swahili and Arabic be used in their discussions. Some of the proposals were however contrary to the Rwandese Constitution which stipulates that Kinyarwanda and French are the official languages in Rwanda.

- The UNHCR has decided to shift Rwandese Refugee camps in neighbouring countries to 150 kilometers from the border with Rwanda. The operation is to cost US\$ 2 million.

- Zairian soldiers on Wednesday started patrols in the Zairian town of Bukavu to protect expatriates working with NGOs. Over 29 NGOs operating in BUKAVU have been attacked by bandits.

- The Rwandese Ministry of Health on Wednesday denied that there was an epidemic of meningitis in Kibeho internally displaced people camp and said that there was no reason for preventing people from returning home, after the NGOs operating in the camp suspended the operation to return home displaced people alleging that people were first of all to be vaccinated against meningitis epidemics that had erupted in the camp.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
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UN Radio/ Rwanda



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Kigali, January 18, 1995 - The delegates of the UN International Tribunal on Rwanda are expected in Rwanda next week to set up an office in Kigali. The trials of those accused of being involved in the massacres in Rwanda will begin in the month of June, this year 1995.

- A meeting on security was held on Monday in Ruhengeri under the chairmanship of the Prefect to discuss ways of reinforcing security in the region. The participants were informed of a recent grenade attack by bandits in Gatonde commune, which left one person killed, and acts of cattle stealing. The meeting concluded that insecurity was mainly due to the fact that the local inhabitants were harbouring criminals, and did not denounce them, and several weapons were being held illegally in the area.

- The Rwandese Minister for Primary and Secondary education, P.C Rwigema on Tuesday continued his tour in the country with the prefecture of Gitarama, to discuss with those responsible for education ways of re-opening secondary schools. They found out that some schools were used by UNAMIR troops and others by RPA soldiers, and many others had been looted and destroyed as a result of the war.

- The round-table gathering representatives of the Rwandese Government led by Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu and aid donors in Geneva, in Switzerland, on the rebuilding of Rwanda, is to open on Wednesday at 11 hours, Kigali time. Rwanda says it needs US\$ 764 million for its reconstruction programme.

The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General for Rwanda, Mr. Shaharyar Khan who is also to take part in the round-table discussions, on Tuesday held a news conference in Geneva. He announced that the Rwandese Government should first be granted assistance which it desperately needs for its reconstruction effort and the training of its civil servants before being criticised for having not achieved its goals, and its action be assessed afterwards.

- Acts of insecurity have been recently reported in the camps for internally displaced people in Gikongoro prefecture, with a grenade attack that occurred in Kibeho camp, but left no casualty, and a dead body found in the area between Kibeho and Ndago, believed to be a victim of attacks by elements among displaced people who have

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Kigali, January 17, 1995 - In the programme "Sports Round-up" on Monday at 19:30, a representative of the Rwandese Ministry of Youth and Associations, said that "UNAMIR appears not to be willing to leave the Amahoro Stadium, even if it had agreed to leave it by January 17. UNAMIR has damaged very much our stadium, and we have been expecting them to repair our stadium, what it has not done so far". He however indicated that UNAMIR allowed that a part of the Stadium be used for sports activities.

- Radio Rwanda on Monday quoted Radio France Internationale (RFI) as saying that the International Tribunal on Rwanda will open its office in Kigali by the end of this January.

- A group of 33 elements of the former Rwandese Government army have recently infiltrated in Mukingo commune, in Ruhengeri prefecture, in a bid to steal cattle, but were chased by the local population. One soldier, a corporal, who admitted to be a member of the former army, was arrested, but the 32 others managed to flee.

- The NGO Reporters Sans Frontières has asked UNESCO and the UN Security Council, to prevent the publication of newspapers that spread bad propaganda intended to discourage the Rwandese refugees from returning home, and preaches ethnic hatred in Rwandese refugee camps in Zaire.

- The members of the Rwandese Government delegation in Geneva, where they will take part in a round-table with aid donors on the rebuilding of Rwanda on Wednesday and Thursday, on Monday held a preparatory meeting together to find ways of convincing the aid donors to release aid to Rwanda.

- According to the UNHCR, about 200,000 returning refugees have arrived in Rwanda during the last three months, and 600 former refugees have been arriving in Rwanda per day.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'Mugabo'.

UN Radio/ Rwanda

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Kigali, January 16, 1995 - The Rwandese Prime Minister, Faustin Twagiramungu, on Saturday left Kigali for Geneva, in Switzerland, at the head of a Rwandese Government delegation which will take part in the round-table with aid donors on the rebuilding of Rwanda, from the 18th to the 19th of this January, 1995.

- A cabinet meeting was held on Friday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda. The cabinet meeting discussed ways of organising the national exam for pupils in the final classes of primary schools in Rwanda. It was decided that the exam will be written in four languages, namely French, English, Swahili, and Kinyarwanda, depending on the language used in the educational system of the country where the pupils, who include many returnees, formerly lived.

The cabinet meeting was informed that in the 65,000 pupils who are in the final classes of primary schools, only 6,500 pupils, that is 10%, will be admitted into public secondary schools, given the capacity of available public schools in Rwanda. About rwf 4.5 billion are needed to rebuild schools, to pay teachers, to acquire logistical facilities, to acquire food supplies and laboratory materials.

- The United Nations has appointed Mr. Honoré Raktumana, a Malagasy Judge, to be the Deputy Prosecutor of the UN International Tribunal on Rwanda, with an office in Kigali. The Deputy Prosecutor in Kigali will be assisted by 175 prosecutors, human rights monitors, and judges.

- France on Friday appointed Mr. Jean Courbin, who was formerly the head of the French diplomatic antennae in Kigali, to be the new French Ambassador in Rwanda. Rwanda also appointed Mr. Christophe Mfizi, to be the new Ambassador of Rwanda to France.

France also on Friday announced that it would send to Rwanda a 85-ton aid of school materials.

- The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan and the Rwandese Minister of Information, Mr. Jean Baptiste Nkuriyigoma, on Saturday signed an agreement whereby Radio UNAMIR, the first private radio station to be established in Rwanda after the victory of the RPF, was allowed to

start broadcasting. The radio aims at giving information about the UN activities in Rwanda, and will be impartial in its news coverage vis a vis the political groups in Rwanda.

- The primary schools in Rwanda are to re-open on January 16, 1995, throughout the country, for the school year 1994-1995.

- The World Bank on Saturday announced an emergency loan to Rwanda equivalent to USD 50 million, to be delivered after the Rwandese Government has repaid its debt to the Bank, that amounts to USD 7 million. The Governments of Canada, the US, Netherlands, Belgium and Norway, pledged to repay the debt of Rwanda, but have not yet honoured their promise.

- An association of April war widows, known as AVEGA\Agahozo, was formed on Sunday. The members of the association on Sunday signed the association statute and elected their leadership bureau, in presence of the Rwandese Minister for Work and Social Affairs, Mr. Pie Mugabo.

- About 6,800 returning refugees arrived in Gisenyi during the last two weeks, including 2,100 returning ancient refugees and 4,700 returning recent refugees.

- In the programme "Music and Ideas" on Radio Rwanda, on Saturday from 7:00 to 8:00, the journalist criticised what he called "the dangerous extremist trend in the current private press in Rwanda, that reminds of the former extremist magazines like Kangura. Some private journalists are showing excessive happiness over the victory of the RPF, seeing politics in Rwanda in terms of minority and majority ethnic groups, considering the army as if belonging to one man, idolising one political leader, and entertaining personality cult."

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Kigali, January 13, 1995 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Thursday received for talks the Rwandese Roman Catholic Bishops, who are heads of the 7 Roman Catholic dioceses, and members of the Rwandese Episcopalian Council. The Rwandese bishops expressed their concern over the question of security in Rwanda, and the trial of suspected criminals accused of being involved in the massacres in Rwanda. President Bizimungu reminded the Bishops that the teachings of the church must convey good moral values and the respect of human rights. He told them that the current Government acts in accordance with the principles of the Arusha Peace Agreement, but that those who violated this Agreement have been excluded from the Government.

President Bizimungu also informed the Bishops that the Government has identified areas where it has established transit centers where the returnees are to spend some time before joining their home villages. He equally renewed the Government's commitment to the principle of the inviolability of private property. The Rwandese Head of State attracted the Bishops' attention to the gravity of the question of orphans in Rwanda and asked for the Church contribution to deal with this problem.

- The Spokesman of the Rwandese Patriotic Army (RPA), Colonel Frank Mugambage on Thursday rejected the reports carried by foreign media and UNAMIR, alleging that there was an attack in the night of Tuesday to Wednesday in Cyangugu prefecture by 50 elements of the Rwandese former Government army who engaged in a two-hour fighting with RPA troops. "The incident, which only involved a group of bandits from the Zairian island of Idjwi, who opened fire on a group of fishers fishing in Lake Kivu, provoking the response of RPA troops, in a fire exchange which lasted only 30 minutes, was exaggerated, and was wrongly termed as a guerilla raid." Colonel Mugambage told Radio Rwanda.

He asked the population not to be deceived by the media propaganda on the preparation of war by former Government soldiers, and reassured them that what had happened so far are just acts of banditry.

Colonel Mugambage also announced that there was no connection between the incident in Cyangugu and the operation of home-searching carried out on Thursday in Kigali by RPA soldiers. He said that the operation in Kigali aimed at seizing illegally held

weapons used in banditry acts, and arresting the soldiers who deserted their barracks. The operation ended with the seizure of 25 personal guns, 27 handgrenades, dynamites and military uniforms. He said that for instance 9 people were killed a few days ago, and the killers had not yet been identified.

On the last incident in Nshili in which 12 people were killed and 36 others were wounded, Colonel Mugambage said that the investigations were going on, and that two hypotheses were being considered, either the RPA soldiers were provoked and used excessive force, or they just opened fire on civilians unnecessarily.

- Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Thursday met members of the Rwandese Parliament in Kigali, and exchanged ideas on the document of the Rwandese Government which will be submitted to discussions during the round-table of Geneva, in Switzerland, that will gather representatives of Rwanda and aid donors, from the 18th to 19th of this January.

Prime Minister Twagiramungu also on Thursday received in his office the Special Envoy of Canadian Government, Mr. Bernard Roussau. The Canadian Special Envoy announced that Canada was examining ways to support financially the UN International Tribunal on Rwanda, and in the re-organisation of the judicial system in Rwanda.

- The Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Mr. Jacques Bihozagara, on Thursday held a news conference in Kigali, that focused on the problem of Rwandese refugees and the explanation of the document issued by the Rwandese Government on the coordination of NGO activities in Rwanda. He said that recent Rwandese refugees still could not return home mainly because they were being held hostage by Interahamwe militia and former Rwandese Government troops. He also said that it was regrettable that the problem of returning ancient Rwandese refugees who have no shelter and live in miserable conditions, was always ignored by humanitarian agencies operating in Rwanda.

Mr. Bihozagara told newsmen that 3 NGOs operating in Rwanda, namely AICF (Action Internationale contre la Faim), Equilibre and Solidarite, had problems with security services in Rwanda. AICF was temporarily suspended because it published a negative report tarnishing the reputation of Rwandese Government and RPA soldiers, and Equilibre and Solidarite were employing superfluous staff, such as drivers from Europe, while they could be recruited locally. Mr. Bihozagara said that the representative of AICF, based in France, came to Rwanda and held talks with him on Wednesday, and apologised to the Rwandese Government, and decided to dismiss the AICF representative in Kigali. Rwanda is waiting for a formal written apology from AICF in order to allow it to operate again in Rwanda.

- The ambassador of China to Rwanda and the Rwandese Foreign Minister Anastase Gasana on Thursday signed an agreement of

cooperation between the two countries, under which China will rebuild Kibungo hospital and send a team of doctors to work in the hospital. China will also rebuild the Gitarama- Kibuye road.

- 200 Rwandese returnees were on Thursday attacked in Goma on their way home by Interahamwe militia men who beat them and dispersed them. 50 of the returnees managed to arrive in Gisenyi, but were suffering from wounds sustained during the attack.

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Kigali, January 12, 1995 - The UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) on Wednesday began a one-month operation to repatriate Burundian refugees living in Rwanda, some of them who sought refuge in Rwanda in 1972. The operation started with the repatriation of 321 Burundian refugees on Wednesday, carried to Burundi border with Rwanda by HCR vehicles. 3,000 Burundian refugees have registered with the UNHCR in Kigali to ask for being repatriated. The operation aims at the same time to repatriate Rwandese refugees living in Burundi.


- The Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Mr. Jacques Bihozagara, on Monday held a meeting with representatives of the NGOs operating in Rwanda, foreign diplomats based in Kigali, and representatives of UN agencies in Rwanda, to discuss a new document issued by the Rwandese Government concerning the procedures of NGOs activities in Rwanda. Mr. Bihozagara explained that the document aims at better coordinating the NGOs activities, but indicated that the document was not a gospel and was not intended to be followed to the letter.

Speaking at the meeting, Mr. Bihozagara also informed the participants that the Rwandese Government was preparing a list of criminals suspected of being involved in the massacres in Rwanda, to be published in the near future, in order to facilitate the return home of innocent Rwandese refugees.

- The Rwandese Minister for Tourism and Environment, Mr. Jean Damascene Nayinzira, on Wednesday visited the Volcanoes National Park in Ruhengeri prefecture, in order to explore the ground, and to examine ways of boosting tourist activities in the area.

Mr. Nayinzira visited the 12-gorilla group in Sabyinyo Volcano forest, and was told that another 33-gorilla group known as Susa group was living on Karisimbi volcano.

- A meeting on epidemics surveillance in the Rwandese refugee camps was on Wednesday held in Kigali. The meeting was organised by the World Health Organisation (WHO) and gathered representatives of the HCR, Rwandese Ministry of Health, and health organisations working in Bukavu and Goma refugee camps in Zaire, and Ngara camp in Tanzania, and was intended to examine health priorities in camps and modalities of facilitating communication between the different refugee camps.

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Kigali, January 10, 1995 - The RPA Spokesman, Colonel Frank Mugambage, on Monday told Radio Rwanda that following the incident of exchange of fire between displaced persons and RPA soldiers near a camp of displaced people in Nshili commune, in Gikongoro prefecture, during the night of 5 January to 6 January, which left 11 displaced people killed and one RPA soldier wounded, it became necessary to incarcerate provisionally the two military officers in charge of security in the area, namely the acting military commander of Gikongoro area, Major Philbert Rwigamba and Second Lieutenant Rutaganda, in charge of Nshili area.

Colonel Mugambage said that the detention of the two military officers does not imply their guiltiness, but that it was only part of the judicial procedure to carry out the investigations to determine the circumstances surrounding the incident. He said that they are being held in prison in order for them to give clarifications on the incident which occurred in the area whose security they are responsible for.

- The UNICEF office in Kigali on Monday donated 10 vehicles to the Rwandese Ministry of Health. UNICEF also pledged to rebuild 150 health centers throughout the country, as well as Kanombe Hospital in Kigali, that were destroyed as a result of the war.

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Kigali, January 6, 1995 - President Mobutu of Zaire and President Mwinyi of Tanzania on Thursday asked the international community to repatriate at the latest in five-month period the Rwandese refugees who sought refuge on their land, as those refugees have abused the hospitality offered to them and caused insecurity in the country of asylum, Radio Rwanda announced on Thursday at 12:00.

- The Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Anastase Gasana on Thursday held talks with the Resident Representative of UNDP in Kigali, Mr. Ahmed Razaoui, and discussed about the preparation of the round-table between representatives of the Rwandese Government and aid donors on the rebuilding of Rwanda, planned to be held this January in Geneva. Mr. Gasana asked for UNDP contribution in the sensitization of the International opinion over the problem of Rwanda and the mobilisation of resources.

- A communique signed by the Rwandese Minister for Finance, Mr. Marc Rugenera, and read on Radio Rwanda on Thursday evening and Friday morning, says that the operation of exchange of the old banknotes with denominations of 500, 1000, 5000, was over on Thursday throughout the country. The communal offices are ordered to have brought to prefecture offices all the old banknotes received and remaining new banknotes by 12 hours deadline on Friday. The banks in the country will re-open on Monday, 9 January 1995. Radio Rwanda announced on Friday at 6:30 that "it looks like the operation of exchange of the banknotes was over on the whole territory of Rwanda on Thursday, but in some communes, like Gituza and Ngarama, in Byumba prefecture, the operation continued beyond the 16 hours deadline on Thursday, and in Nyarugenge commune, in Kigali town, several people who were waiting for exchanging their banknotes had the door closed against them at 12 hours deadline. In some communes in Gisenyi prefecture, where there was a one-day delay in the exchange of banknotes, a UNAMIR helicopter was used to carry the new banknotes to the area.

- A meeting of representatives of the Rwandese Government Ministries, the HCR, UNICEF and the Rwandese Patriotic Army, was held on Thursday in Kigali, to discuss the problem of about 5,000 abandoned children left behind in displaced person camps in Gikongoro prefecture. The participants in the meeting are to visit on Friday the children in the camps to find ways of addressing their problem.



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Kigali, January 5, 1995 - The Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Mr. Jacques Bihozagara, on Wednesday took the decision to bar the NGO known as AICF (Action Internationale contre la Faim) from operating in Gikongoro prefecture. The NGO is accused of ignoring the government's order to stop distributing food aid to displaced people, thus preventing people from returning home. Mr. Bihozagara asked the NGO to give clarifications on its operations in Gikongoro and especially on the reports saying it is discouraging people from returning home.

- A cabinet meeting was held on Wednesday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda and discussed the process of exchanging the old banknotes with denominations of 500, 1000 and 5000 for new banknotes. The meeting noticed that the operation was not yet over in Kigali on Wednesday and other parts of the country as previously planned and decided to extend the operation until 12 hours deadline in Kigali and 16 hours deadline in other parts of the country on Thursday.

Speaking in an interview with Radio Rwanda on Wednesday, the Rwandese Finance Minister, Mr. Marc Rugenera, reassured the population that old banknotes will be exchanged for everybody in the country. He also dismissed the widespread rumours alleging that the Rwandese currency has been devaluated.

- The US ambassador to Rwanda, Mr. David Lawson, on Wednesday announced to the Rwandese Minister for Justice that the United States is preparing a draft resolution to submit to the UN Security Council, asking all countries harbouring suspected criminals to arrest them and forward them to the International Tribunal.

- The Rwandese Minister for Primary and Secondary Education, P.C Rwigema on Wednesday announced that the school year 1994-1995 will open on 16 January 1995.

- The Belgian military auditor who has come in Rwanda to investigate the killing of 10 Belgian soldiers serving with UNAMIR in April 1994, on Wednesday met the Rwandese Minister for Justice, Mr. Alphonse-Marie Nkubito, and asked for the authorisation to carry out investigations together with a Rwandese colleague on the circumstances surrounding the plane crash in which former President Juvenal Habyarimana of Rwanda and former President Cyprien Ntaryamira of Burundi were killed. He said that the investigations are necessary because the 10 Belgian soldiers were killed on

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Kigali, January 4, 1995 - A cabinet meeting was held on Monday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda. The meeting decided to replace the banknotes with the denominations of Rwf 500, 1000 and 5,000. The old banknotes were not to be acceptable starting from Monday midnight, 2 January 1995. The Government decided to set up exchange points for new banknotes at several places, including the bank offices, the communal offices and sector offices, in Kigali and the rest of the country. The operation of exchange was to take place on two days time, on Tuesday from 8 hours to 16 hours, and on Wednesday from 8 hours to 16 hours. A communique from the cabinet meeting also pointed out that as provided under the Rwandese law, people will not be allowed to enter or to leave the country with over Rwf 5,000.

The Governor of the Rwandese National Bank on Tuesday told Radio Rwanda that if it did not prove possible to finish distributing the new banknotes to the population by 16 hours deadline on Wednesday, the time limit for banknotes distribution would be extended onto the following day.

-The Rwandese Minister for Justice Alphonse-Marie Nkubito on Monday officiated the opening ceremony for a 3-month course for to-be prosecutors in the Rwandese courts of justice. The trainees include military people as well as civilians with a secondary school diploma.

-The prefect of Gikongoro prefecture on Wednesday ended his tour of the communes of his prefecture. He announced that there was in his prefecture a persistent problem of distrust between internally displaced people and survivors of massacres. He also complained that the NGOs operating in Gikongoro had not respected the agreement reached with the authorities that food aid distribution to displaced persons should stop, and the NGOs had continued to distribute food aid to the displaced people, preventing them to return home.

One NGO representative in Gikongoro, a woman, strongly protested against the authorities' decision not to give food aid to displaced people, causing the anger of the area military commandant Philbert Rwigamba.

- In the programme of Armed Forces on Monday, it was announced that starting from January 16, 1995, due to increasing road accidents,

the owners of cars without insurance contracts will be heavily fined and their cars confiscated.

-The Government ministers on Saturday each visited an orphanage in the country and shared with orphans biscuits and sweet drinks offered by the Government to celebrate the New Year. President Bizimungu of Rwanda visited on Saturday an orphanage in Kibungo prefecture which is based at ETO secondary school. "That orphanage was formerly based in a Roman Catholic Church building in Kibungo, which is now used by UNAMIR troops who also set up a bar there, while the orphans still know nowhere to go when school re-opens" Radio Rwanda announced on Sunday.

-In his New Year's address to the nation, President Bizimungu of Rwanda reminded that "the international community representatives and UN troops left Rwanda and celebrated in Nairobi leaving people who were being massacred. The RPA fought Interahamwe militia and former army to rescue the population."

He also said that "any talks with criminals, those people who killed, intend to attack the country and kill again, are unfounded and are to be excluded."

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 30, 1994 - Mr. Jean Bapfakurera, a member of the Rwandese Parliament representing PSD party died on 23 December in a road accident in Gitarama.

- The Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Anastase Gasana on Thursday held a meeting of appointed Rwandese ambassadors accredited to foreign missions and presented to them a document on Rwanda's new foreign policy. He announced that Rwanda needs 1 billion and 250 million of Rwandese francs to repatriate former Rwandese foreign mission employees and to settle the new employees of embassies. Mr. Gasana also disclosed that his Ministry had managed to get tickets for some ambassadors to go to their foreign missions to start work.

- The Rwandese Minister for Primary and Secondary Education, P.C Rwigema on Thursday returned home from his tour in Germany, France and Belgium where he asked for assistance to support the education system in Rwanda. In his interview with Radio Rwanda, he said that his different interlocutors had pledged to provide material and financial aid to his Ministry.

Mr. Rwigema also announced that the primary and secondary school year 1994-1995 will open in January 1995. He also reassured parents that his Ministry is preparing to deliver exams to final classes pupils in primary schools in order for them to be allowed to go to secondary school and that the delay was due to the lack of logistical facilities.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
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UN Radio / Rwanda

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 29, 1994 - A cabinet meeting was held on Tuesday under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda. The meeting discussed administration hierarchy and leadership in the Ministries. The Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense, Paul Kagame informed the cabinet meeting that his Ministry is preparing a plan to integrate elements of the former Government army into the current national army.

- The Rwandese Prime Minister, Faustin Twagiramungu, on Wednesday held a news conference with German journalists in Kigali. Mr. Twagiramungu expressed his satisfaction over the cooperation between Germany and Rwanda especially in the sectors of education and broadcasting media. He equally appreciated the contribution of NGOs which assisted the population of Rwanda in critical times and asked foreign Governments to increase their support to the NGOs operating in Rwanda.

- A delegation of the Rwandese association of farmers known as Imbaraga, on Wednesday met the Rwandese Minister for Planning, Jean Berchmans Birara and the Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Jacques Bihozagara. Mr. Bihozagara asked the farmers delegates to help the Government in the work to carry out the enumeration of orphans and widows as a result of the massacres in the country.

-The prefect of Butare prefecture, Pierre Claver Rwangabo on Wednesday toured some communes of his prefecture and expressed his concern over the threat of famine in the region because of the failure of this year's crops.

- According to the Director of cabinet in the Ministry of Finance, Mr. J.M.V. Nkezabera, the Rwandese Government needs over \$ US 800 million of assistance from aid donors for the restoration of infrastructures, the repatriation and resettlement of refugees and its payment balance, for the country's rebuilding effort. He said that the matter will be discussed during the envisaged round-table between the Rwandese Government and aid donors planned to take place in Geneva, in Switzerland, from the 18th to the 20th of January 1995.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 28, 1994 - A landmine exploded at Christmas night in Ruhengeri (North of Rwanda) but caused no casualty or damage. Security forces have undertaken an inquiry to investigate the origin of the landmine. No suspects were arrested.

- The Ruhengeri prefecture authorities on Tuesday held a security meeting to discuss the security situation in Ruhengeri. The meeting expressed its concern over increasing heavy drinking habits in the region and decided that the bars and pubs close during working hours and at the latest at 20 hours. The participants also pointed out that groups of bandits in military uniform set up illegal checkpoints and carried out abuses on the roads.

- A Belgian military auditor, Van Windson Nicolas, on Tuesday arrived in Rwanda to carry out investigations on the killing in April 1994 of 10 Belgian soldiers who were taking part in UNAMIR I force in Rwanda. He told journalists that he had little information on the circumstances of the incident, either from UNAMIR or the Rwandese Government. Mr. Van Windson Nicolas met on Tuesday the Rwandese Foreign Minister Anastase Gasana and asked for the cooperation of Rwandese Government in his inquiry.

- The final classes students in Kigali Secondary schools of Lycee Notre Dame and Lycee de Rugunga on Tuesday received their diplomas. The students began their third term lessons in October to complete the 1993-1994 school year that was disrupted in April by the civil war.

- In an editorial on Radio Rwanda on Tuesday, the journalist reminded an extract of the speech of President Pasteur Bizimungu in Brazzaville summit, in which he said that " As the whole world community mobilized against Apartheid in South Africa, it should also mobilize against the philosophy of genocide and exclusion in Rwanda."

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 27, 1994 - The Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense, Major General Paul Kagame, on Friday, 23 December, held an interview with Radio Rwanda after his three-week tour of Belgium, Great Britain and the United States. The interview focused on the problem of lack of security in Rwanda.

Asked to comment as Minister for Defense and primarily in charge of security, on the formerly broadcast statement of Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Radio Rwanda alleging that the Government's instructions have been ignored by those in charge of insuring security, who do not do anything to curb the prevalent acts of insecurity in the country, Paul Kagame responded as follows, in statements broadcast on Friday at 19:00, on Saturday at 6:30 and on Saturday at 18:00 in Kinyarwanda:

"What he said is surprising in view of the fact that this was said by someone who is in the Government. The cause of the current situation in Rwanda is that the Rwandese leaders for the last 30 years have never understood the problems of the population in the country. It is not easy to find solutions when people pretend to ignore the problems, are selfish and make false statements only for their own interests."

"Some Rwandese who think really like those of 30 years ago remain in the country. The major problem in this country is not lack of security, there are many overlapped questions in Rwanda ranging from economy, refugees, security, poverty and criminality. Those in charge of security deal with it in a special way, after the war and the genocide."

"It is an insult to say that those in charge of security do not assume their responsibility. People confuse democracy with telling lies and using insults. In my Ministry for instance; these soldiers fought against the authors of the genocide to liberate the country and put things in order, and helped set up a multiparty Government, shed their blood, and you say they do not care about security."

"What is the responsibility of that very man who says that those in charge of security do not do anything to address the question of security, knowing so well that keeping security is also part of his mandate. How can you run the country this way, using insults on the radio? I am surprised. Before, during the war, when a soldier killed, raped or committed robbery, we killed him. Now, they just

detain soldiers because they say we must respect the human rights."

"I am interested to know that person who is an obstacle to security, because it is my right to know being also Rwandese."

"Our army has done the best it can. Soldiers who took houses by force, even when they are senior army officers, they were punished. I am surprised that some people are trying to globalize the situation while only isolated incidents of acts of insecurity have been reported. Now, people also fled the country after killing people and destroying the houses owned by other citizens, and they return home in the country and claim that some houses are theirs and try to chase people out of their shelter."

"That statement on Radio Rwanda has complicated the situation. The internally displaced people in camps did not return home because they heard on Radio Rwanda someone saying that there is no security at home."

On the question on two documents which were published almost simultaneously by the MDR party and the Belgian University Professor Philip Reyntjens on the problem of lack of security in Rwanda, Paul Kagame said:

"I think that that document allegedly published by the MDR party was in fact written by those foreign people such as that Professor Philip Reyntjens who are manipulating those Rwandese who behave like idiots and are used as their puppets in the country. In fact, even if the armed, bullet war is over, the struggle continues, the political struggle continues. We have for instance a national army. The formation of a national army is a process. It is not a matter of counting such and such number of soldiers and merging them, because as you know, that former national army killed people they were supposed to protect. So, let those intelligent people who behave like idiots, let them abolish our army, the allegedly illegal army if they can."

-On Thursday, in a meeting between the authorities of Gikongoro prefecture and the displaced people in camps, in efforts to urge the population to return home, the population complained that UNAMIR troops confiscated their domestic tools such as spears, machetes and axes, which they used to gather firewood, when those UN soldiers failed to seize real weapons. They also accused the UNHCR of confiscating their tents before people decided to return home.

-A cabinet meeting was held on Friday under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu, and appointed the judges in the High Military Court and the Military Tribunal. The cabinet meeting also set up a commission on the repatriation and resettlement of refugees, comprising 2 representatives of the Government, 2 representatives of the UNHCR, 2 representatives of refugees and a representative of the OAU (Organisation of African Unity).

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 23, 1994 - The Rwandese Minister of Information, Mr. Jean Baptiste Nkuriyigoma on Thursday returned home from his official visit in Germany. In his interview with Radio Rwanda, he said that Germany pledged to assist Radio Rwanda in the acquirement of broadcasting equipments.

Mr. Nkuriyigoma also on Thursday officiated a ceremony to hand over 6,000 radio sets to representatives of the farmers, at Kabusunzu, in Kigali. The radio sets were donated by the Swiss NGO Reporters Sans Frontières.

- The Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Anastase Gasana on Thursday returned home from his official visit in Kenya where he met his Kenyan counterpart to discuss the relations of cooperation between the two countries. Mr. Gasana praised Kenya for allowing the use of Kenyan airport and Mombasa port as a passageway for aid supplies destined to Rwanda.

- The Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Thursday received in his office for talks Mr. Bernard Kouchner, a member of the European Parliament, and former French Minister for Health. The talks focused on the general situation of security and economy in Rwanda.

In an interview with French journalists, Mr. Twagiramungu said that Rwanda wants France to ease its relations with Rwanda and join other European countries in efforts to support the reconstruction of Rwanda.

On the question of the envisaged trial of the children being held in Rwandese prisons on suspicion of being involved in massacres, Mr. Twagiramungu said that separate trials will be held for children and adults.

- A meeting was held on Thursday in Kigali between the Rwandese Minister for Home Affairs, Mr. Seth Sendashonga and the prefects of the 11 Rwandese prefectures to discuss security on Rwandese territory. In his interview with Radio Rwanda after the meeting, Mr. Sendashonga said that 70% of the Rwandese population is now in Rwanda, estimating that one million of Rwandese citizens were killed in the massacres.

He also said that the situation of homeless returnees was dramatic and that it was unfortunate that their problem had been ignored.

He admitted that arrests and detentions are still carried out in disorderly way in some parts of the country with soldiers and communal officers and other administration officers arresting and detaining people without legal papers.

He equally announced that armed elements infiltrating from Zaire and Tanzania have been carrying out abuses on Rwandese territory in a bid to tarnish the reputation of RPA soldiers.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 22, 1994 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Wednesday received in his office for talks Mr. Johannes, the chairman of the Democratic Christian Union political party in the German Rhineland province, and held an interview with German journalists.

On the question of members of the former Rwandese Government in exile, wanting to take part in the current Government in Rwanda, President Bizimungu said that Rwanda wants all Rwandese refugees to return home, for criminals to be tried by the tribunals and innocent people to be given jobs in the public administration.

Asked about the problem of property being illegally occupied in Rwanda, President Bizimungu said that the Government accepts the principle that property must be returned to the rightful owners.

- Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Wednesday visited his native village, Gishoma, in Cyangugu prefecture. In his speech on the occasion, Mr. Twagiramungu urged the population to respect the commandments of God, not to kill and not to steal. He regretted that almost all the public buildings in Cyangugu prefectures, schools, hospitals, and dispensaries, were destroyed, and looted. He asked the population to work for reconstruction and to reinforce security in the region.

- The Rwandese Minister for High Education, Culture and Scientific Research, Joseph Nsengimana, on Wednesday returned home from Canada where he met Canadian officials in charge of education to ask for assistance to the National University of Rwanda (UNR). Mr. Nsengimana told Radio Rwanda that the National University will reopen in January 1995. He indicated however that all was not yet ready as most University teachers were massacred and others had fled the country, and the buildings were looted. He announced that 60% of the needed teachers have now been recruited.

Mr. Bernard Kouchner, former French Minister for Health, and member of the European Parliament, on visit in Rwanda, on Wednesday inaugurated a reception center for non-accompanied children in Gitarama prefecture, that is financed by a French NGO he founded.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 21, 1994 - A cabinet meeting was held on Tuesday in Kigali under the chairmanship of Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu. In a communique read on Radio Rwanda, the cabinet meeting approved all the decisions it took during its previous session, except for the draft law on the authorisation of broadcasting stations in Rwanda. The cabinet meeting also decided that the current Government will be henceforth named "the Government of National Union" instead of "the Transitional Broad-Based Government".

-The appointed Rwandese Ambassador to Belgium, Mr. Denis Polisi on Tuesday extended his credentials to His Majesty King Albert II of Belgium. The approval of the appointment of Mr. Polisi has been delayed for several days because he was suspected by some Belgian politicians and especially the Christian Socialist Party and the International Démocrate chrétien (IDC), of being hostile to the Christian Church and Belgian political institutions.

-The Prosecutor for the International Tribunal on the former Yugoslavia and Rwanda, Judge Richard Goldstone, on Tuesday held talks with President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda. Speaking at a news conference in Kigali before his departure, Richard Goldstone said that an office for the Tribunal Prosecutor will be opened next month in Kigali with about 170 officers to collect evidence on the massacres in Rwanda. He also said that the Tribunal will probably hold its first court hearings by the beginning of the 2nd semester of next year 1995. He also indicated that the Tribunal cannot sit in Rwanda for fears that security cannot be ensured for the accused. He added that countries that will not facilitate the extradition of suspected criminals will face sanctions by the UN Security Council.

The Rwandese Minister of Justice, Alphonse-Marie Nkubito on Tuesday told Radio Rwanda that he was satisfied with the progress of efforts to get the Tribunal to be operational, given what he called the traditional slow pace of the UN bureaucracy.

-The Rwandese first Lady, Seraphine Bizimungu, on Thursday visited Ngarama orphanage, in Byumba prefecture, where live 152 orphaned children, in her information campaign to increase awareness over the plight of Rwandese war orphans. At Ngarama, artificial families were formed, with one mother called "Maman" for five children, who prepares food and cares for them, and a father called "Papa" by all the children in the orphanage.

~~The French Charity Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) on Tuesday~~
decided to pull out of the Rwandese refugee camps in Tanzania in
protest of the increasing acts of insecurity caused by former
Rwandese Government officials, armed militia and ex-soldiers.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 20, 1994 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Tuesday returned home from a UNESCO-sponsored forum on peace and culture in the Congolese capital Brazzaville. President Bizimungu told Radio Rwanda on his return that he exchanged views with his counterparts on ways of founding a regional common market and reinforcing security in the region. He also held talks with the French Minister of Cooperation Bernard Debray and both expressed the willingness to improve relations between France and Rwanda.

-The Prosecutor of the UN International Tribunal on the former Yugoslavia and Rwanda, Richard Goldstone, on Tuesday met with the Rwandese Minister of Justice Alphonse-Marie Nkubito. The talks focused on the choice of the area where the Headquarters of the Tribunal is to be established.

-Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Tuesday held talks with a special envoy of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Robert Dillon, who brought a message from Boutros Boutros Ghali concerning repatriation of Rwandese refugees, security in Rwandese refugee camps in Zaire, and the progress made in efforts to get the International Tribunal on Rwanda to be operational.

-Two RPA army officers, a captain and a lieutenant, with 3 escort soldiers and 4 civilians in two military vehicles, on Saturday night robbed the Tanzania embassy in Kigali. They first kidnapped the two guards at the embassy and brought them at Nyarugunga valley where they shot them dead. Then they stole from the embassy two Nissan pickups and 30 chairs. The robbers have been all arrested. The captain whose name is Rwapapa was wounded following a clash with security forces and is in hospital.

-According to journalists from Radio Rwanda who visited Amahoro Stadium on Tuesday, "the stadium has become a military barracks for UNAMIR troops and its access to Rwandese citizens is impossible. The playing grounds are also inaccessible as motor engines, tents and heavy vehicles have been set up there. The stadium, on which the Rwandese Government has spent a lot of money, is now in a disastrous condition and parts of it have been damaged, and are crumbling. UNAMIR has not respected the clauses of the agreement of occupancy it signed with the Government. UNAMIR is expected to leave the stadium on January 17 and to repair the damage done as provided under the agreement reached with the Government."

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 16, 1994 - About 500 people on Sunday staged a demonstration at Remera, in Kigarama commune, in Kibungo prefecture, by blocking traffic to UNAMIR vehicles on the road in the area, to ask for the hand-over to security forces of a man called Mujyambere, accused by the local population of killing an RPA soldier last November and being involved in massacres, and who found refuge and protection with UN troops in Kibungo.

-On Wednesday an operation jointly organised by UNAMIR troops and RPA soldiers was conducted in Gikongoro displaced person camps to disarm criminals in the camps. One handgrenade was seized, 40 criminals arrested and a thousand weapons consisting of spears, machetes and axes confiscated. The operation began after criminals started attacking convoys of aid supplies.

- The UNHCR on Thursday donated to the Rwandese Ministry of Rehabilitation and Social Integration 7 vehicles that will be used by the Ministry to carry refugees.

- The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) on Thursday published a communique saying that there are risks of other massacres in Rwanda if nothing is done by the international community to assist Rwanda. With widespread disputes over property, unemployment, destroyed roads, the problem of refugees in exile and displaced people in the country, who are being held hostage, either by intimidation propaganda or the fear of social and economic insecurity back home, there are risks of another conflict in the country if the aid to Rwanda is not increased, the communique says.

- The Rwandese first Lady, Seraphine Bizimungu on Thursday at Hotel Mille Collines in Kigali, launched an information campaign in Rwanda in favour of Rwandese orphans, in the presence of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda and the representative of UNICEF in Rwanda. In her speech on the occasion, she said that 12,000 orphans live in 51 orphanages in the country, and 200,000 other orphans have been received by families throughout the country. She asked all Rwandese families of good will to receive each one child. She announced the creation of a fund for orphans with her personal contribution of 50,000 rwf in the fund. The Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Jacques Bihozagara donated

his own salary for this month in the fund.

Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense Paul Kagame on Thursday continued his official visit in the United States. Speaking at a news conference in New York, Gen. Kagame said that there was no justification for giving assistance to armed militia and soldiers in uniform in refugee camps and criticised NGOs for feeding criminals, and creating a situation in camps where criminal groups find sanctuaries, do business and make profits, and do not feel the necessity to go home; and he renewed the Rwandese Government's demand that the international community help separate criminals from innocent refugees for the safe return home.

Gen. Kagame also indicated that Rwanda wishes to normalise relations with all countries including France and to forget the past.

Asked about the alleged failure of the UN in Rwanda, Kagame said that more than in Somalia and in Bosnia, the UN can speak of some success because of the cooperation it has found in Rwanda, as UNAMIR has been enabled to operate.

He however added that "we felt betrayed that such a body escaped its responsibility when its assistance was desired and withdrew its forces just when people were being massacred. We look forward to helping that body. We need its presence in such particular time, to assess the situation on the ground for the international community."

On the question of adoption of Rwandese orphans by foreigners, Kagame said that spreading Rwandese orphans to various countries would create problems for the orphans and asked instead for foreign assistance to deal with this situation while orphans remain and are assisted in Rwanda.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 15, 1994 - The former President of Burundi, Pierre Buyoya arrived on Wednesday in Kigali on a private visit in Rwanda. During his stay in Rwanda, Mr. Buyoya will hold talks with different Rwandese Government officials including President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda, on the underway efforts for reconstruction in Rwanda and restoration of security in the sub-region.

-The representatives of the Rwanda and Burundi Governments, and the UNHCR, on Wednesday signed an Agreement under which the three parties commit themselves to facilitate the voluntary and safe repatriation of refugees in either country.

Under the Agreement, suspected criminals involved in the massacres in Rwanda will be extradited at the request of the UN International Tribunal.

According to the Radio Rwanda local correspondent in Ruhengeri, the returnees from Zaire have increased in number these last days, with 1,000 people arriving a day. The interviewed returnees say that the reason for the increase in repatriation is that acts of insecurity have increased in refugee camps, and the new camp in Zaire to which Rwandese refugees were transferred from camps on the border area, is at Kayindo, a region where malaria disease is endemic.

To assist in the reception of returnees, the UNHCR has set up a transit camp at Kidaho, in Ruhengeri prefecture.

Radio Rwanda on Thursday quoted Radio France International (RFI) as citing that the UNAMIR military spokesman Captain Grenier said that UNAMIR troops on Wednesday carried out a disarmament operation in displaced person camps in the South-West of Rwanda. The UN troops seized over 200 weapons including spears, machetes and axes, and arrested 30 suspected criminals. The operation was carried out after a truck carrying aid supplies was attacked by bandits near the camp.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 14, 1994 - The Rwandese Parliament on ^{Tuesday} ~~Thursday~~ held a session to discuss the agenda of their first term proceedings.

- President Bill Clinton's National Security Advisor, Anthony Lake, on Tuesday began a 10-day tour of a number of African countries including Rwanda.

- "Rwandese are still waiting impatiently for the trials of the criminals responsible for genocide in Rwanda by the UN International Tribunal and for the modification of the UN Security Council resolution 955 which is in contradiction to the reports carried out by UN human rights experts who concluded that the genocide was planned long before January 1994 while the UN Tribunal is not allowed to try those responsible for crimes committed before that date", Radio Rwanda announced on Wednesday at 6:30.

- A two-day seminar on AIDS epidemic sponsored by Rwandese NGOs, ARBF and PNLs, started on Tuesday in Hotel Meridien in Kigali. According to the statistics provided by those NGOs, from 30 to 35% of the town population in Rwanda are HIV positive, while from 1 to 15% of the population in the countryside are HIV positive.

- Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Anastase Gasana, on Tuesday held talks with the Belgian Ambassador to Rwanda, Frank de Koning. The Belgian diplomat informed Mr. Gasana that under the Belgian Government's decision of 8 December 1994, Belgium would finance different sectors in Rwanda, ranging from health, justice, agriculture, to public administration. The Belgian Ambassador also announced that Belgium would assist in the organisation of a regional conference on refugees.

Mr. Gasana also on Thursday received in audience the Tanzanian Ambassador to Rwanda, Saleh Tambwe, who came to bid him farewell following the decision by Tanzania to close a number of foreign embassies including its embassy in Rwanda. The Tanzania embassy in Kampala has been charged to control Tanzanian diplomatic interests in Rwanda.

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A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'Mugabo'.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 13, 1994 - The Rwandese National Assembly on Monday held its first ordinary session, gathering 62 of the 70 MPs, in presence of Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu and representatives of international organisations. In his introductory speech, the Parliament Speaker Juvenal Nkusi reminded that the legitimacy of the current Parliament is founded on the Arusha Peace Agreement and a protocol of understanding signed by the political parties taking part in the Parliament and having as working principles, unity, democracy and respect of human rights. He asked the Parliament to pass laws banishing forever ethnic discrimination and for the rapid setting up of a commission on national unity and reconciliation.

In his address, Prime Minister Twagiramungu reiterated the Government's political programme, and asked innocent soldiers in exile to dissociate themselves from the criminals and return home to join the national army in Rwanda.

-UNAMIR on Monday published a report saying that Interahamwe elements infiltrating from Burundi and Zaire have increased criminal activities in the displaced person camps in the former French Security Zone and have been murdering in particular witnesses to the massacres and people intending to return home. They use machetes and handgrenades in their criminal acts. According to the report, UNAMIR has unsuccessfully tried to stop the killings as the criminals manage to flee and to hide. Radio Rwanda reminds that Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration has already asked for the closure of those camps which have become hideouts for criminals.

-UNAMIR has announced that in ten days it will make available days trucks for the transport of returning displaced people in its recently initiated "Operation Retour" and that UNAMIR troops and NGOs will work together to ensure their security on their return home.

- Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Anastase Gasana on Monday signed an agreement of understanding with the representative of Canadian International Development Agency in Central Africa, under which Canada will finance a project to electrify permanently the city of Kigali.

- Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration Jacques Bihozagara on Monday visited Kibeho displaced person camp to urge the people there to return home. On the question of acts of insecurity caused by RPA soldiers, he responded that UNAMIR troops and human rights monitors are there to ensure security and that 200 soldiers are now being held in prison for being involved in revenge killings.

He also indicated that the Government is still preparing the list of suspected criminals which will be published in the near future.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio/ Rwanda



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 12, 1994 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Friday returned home from a PTA (Preferential Trade Area) summit in Blantyre in Malawi which worked out the modalities of the setting up of COMESA (Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa). On his return home, President Bizimungu came with President Meles Zenawi of Ethiopia who visited on Friday the Ethiopian contingent participating in UNAMIR, in Gikongoro prefecture, before leaving for Uganda.

-Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Friday received in audience a 7-member delegation sent by the European Union, which brought with them to Rwandese Government an assistance of 60 million of ECU, part of the financial aid pledged to Rwanda by the EU to Rwanda on 25 December 1994.

-Over 10,000 suspected criminals are being held in Rwandese prisons for being involved in the massacres in Rwanda, Rwandese Minister for Justice, Alphonse-Marie Nkubito announced on Saturday on the occasion of the closing ceremony of Human Rights Week in Rwanda. Mr.Nkubito also announced that the Prosecutor of the International Tribunal on the massacres in Rwanda, will arrive in Rwanda on 19 December.

-The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General for Rwanda, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan on Saturday held talks with Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu. The SRSG informed the Rwandese Minister of a UNAMIR plan of gradual resettlement of internally displaced persons known as "Operation Retour".

- 5,300 1960's Rwandese returning refugees living at Rugerero in Gisenyi prefecture are in great need of assistance in food and other basic needs, but are neglected by NGOs which have been called for help.

- A 32-page report on investigations on the massacres in the communes of Nyarugenge, Kacyiru and Kicukiro, of Kigali city, resulting from the first inquiry to be carried out by Rwandese nationals, was published on Saturday. The report says that 3,000 people were actively involved in the massacres in the area. Those criminals include government officials, Interahamwe militia elements and members of the former Rwandese political opposition. The report also stresses the role of France in arming and training the killers. The team of investigators sponsored by CLADHO and

Kanyarwanda human rights associations also plans to carry out further investigations on massacres in other areas of the country.

- A four-member family of 1960s returning refugees was on Monday, 9 December, massacred in Nkuli commune in Ruhengeri prefecture by suspected Interahamwe. One of the suspected killers, who is a former soldier, was arrested and pleaded guilty. In Kinigi, Interahamwe elements reportedly also infiltrated and stole cattle from the population.

-Rwandese Foreign Minister, Anastase Gasana on Saturday received in his office the head of French diplomatic antennae in Rwanda. The French diplomat announced that the French Cultural Center in Kigali will re-open soon. He also extended to Rwandese Minister the invitation of French Minister Alain Juppe to visit France. The invitation was accepted.

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"I lost myself 32 members of my family, I cannot ask those still alive to take machettes and kill people."

Asked to comment on the document of MDR party criticising the RPF of trying to establish a one party-state and prolong the transitional period to five years, Mr. Twagiramungu said that time has not yet come to comment on the document and invited the journalists to come and see him on another occasion.

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- Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense Maj. Gen. Paul Kagame on Wednesday arrived in London after Brussels. In an interview with the BBC, Kagame criticised the conduct of humanitarian agencies which give aid to the Rwandese criminals in Zaire instead of good people in Rwanda. He said that many of the refugees in Zaire committed massacres and must be brought to justice to be punished in order to prevent the repeat of other massacres.

Asked to comment on the document published by the MDR party which criticises the RPF, MGen Kagame said that he heard about the report, alleging that the Arusha Peace Agreement is not respected, but that what it says is unfounded, and the MDR party leader when asked, denied knowing about the document. Kagame said that the origin of the document is still being investigated as it looks like the people behind are trying to sabotage the government, and the authors did not use the legal channel to express their opinion.

On the problem of lack of security in Rwanda, Kagame said that RPA soldiers went literally mad when they saw the skeletons of their family members, that he was expecting the worse, and that in fact those soldiers should be thanked for their self-control. He however recognised that some soldiers in isolated incidents carried out revenge killings and would be punished for that.

In an interview with Africa No 1, MGen Kagame criticised France for blocking the aid destined to Rwanda.

-Rwandese Minister for Information J.B Nkuriyingoma on Thursday received in his office for talks the Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General Ambassador Shaharyar Khan who explained the mission of the UN Radio in Rwanda. He informed the Rwandese Minister that UNAMIR was giving two transmitters and a generator to Radio Rwanda to reinforce its broadcasting capacity. Mr. Nkuriyingoma announced that Rwandese government is examining the

request for delivering a licence to Radio MINUAR and that the answer will be given soon.

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-A funeral for the remains of dead bodies resulting from massacres will be held on December 16 at Muyongwe, Tare commune, Kigali prefecture.

- Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs Anastase Gasana on Thursday received in his office the US ambassador to Rwanda David Lawson. The US ambassador informed the Rwandese Minister that the US government has pledged a US\$ 12 million aid to support the public administration in Rwanda. He also announced that Mr. Anthony Lake, President Clinton's National Security Advisor, will visit Rwanda in the near future.

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

*PT's
Statement in
English. Summary for
reported to New York
Security Council
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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, December 9, 1994 - Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Thursday returned home from his tour of the United States and Europe. In his interview with Radio Rwanda as broadcast on Thursday at 12:45 and at 19:00 and on Friday at 6:30, Mr. Twagiramungu strongly condemned those responsible for insecurity acts in the country and asked those in charge of insuring security to assume their responsibility. "Several countries are insisting on the issue of the lack of security. Wherever I visited in Europe and in the USA, it was not easy for me to explain the problem of internal insecurity. For the last four months, several criminal groups operating like the death squads known before, have been carrying out killings; civilians as well as soldiers are implicated in the killings. We must put an end to the revenge killings and the torture style of tying hands behind the back must stop for good in this country. We cannot any longer say that people are killing or seizing private property by force out of anger, because of their family members who have been massacred. This has been going on for the last four months and it may go on endlessly. These criminal groups are sabotaging the government's action and we cannot tolerate that. "

"There are a lot of killings, and these have continued since July in all the areas of the country. We cannot go on lying to the international community and Rwandese people, saying those are only isolated incidents. We cannot go on asking Rwandese refugees to return home when there is so much insecurity. We hear everyday that here and there people were killed or robbed of their property and this for the last four months."

"It is not a matter of the government being incapable. People have been killed and the government's instructions have been ignored. We cannot accept the existence of two governments in the country, the government must otherwise recognise it and reconsider its own working, no two governments in the country, I repeat. Bandits have taken control over the country and this cannot be accepted. Insecurity is the major problem and if it is resolved, the other problems will be resolved as well."

"We want security to be insured for refugees to return home, if we give instructions that are not respected, we are not assuming role. Investors will not come either and reconciliation will not

possible if there is no security. We cannot tolerate revenge killings going on without the government reacting and the government's instructions being ignored."

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 8 December 1994 - Rwandese Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Tuesday arrived in Belgium after his tour of the United States, Italy, and Luxembourg. In Brussels Prime Minister Twagiramungu met Belgian businessmen and encouraged them to invest in Rwanda. He also held talks with Belgian government officials and asked them for increased assistance for the reconstruction of Rwanda.

-Rwandese Minister for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Jacques Bihozagara on Wednesday received in his office the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan, who was accompanied by the ambassador of Holland to Rwanda and the Resident Representative of UNDP. The Dutch ambassador presented to Mr. Bihozagara a US \$5-million project to finance the rehabilitation of public buildings in Rwanda including the ministry buildings and the parliament building, and general cleaning of Kigali city. He announced that Holland has already made available US \$1-million for the project.

-The UN consultant, Madam Gratia Machel (wife of former president Samora Machel of Mozambique) on Thursday ends her 6-day visit in Rwanda on a mission to assess the situation of children. In her interview with the press, she stressed that Rwandese children have been particularly affected by the disastrous events of massacres they witnessed.

- Rwandese Minister of Information and Government Spokesman, J.B Nkuriyingoma on Wednesday received in his office for talks the Belgian ambassador to Rwanda, Frank de Koning. He asked Belgium to assist Rwanda in its reconstruction effort, the repatriation of refugees, and in the organisation of a regional conference on refugees.

[Mr. Nkuriyingoma also announced that the Rwandese government is in favour of a political dialogue and is ready to hold talks with innocent Rwandese citizens, but that no dialogue is possible with the criminals who should instead be brought to justice.

L He informed the Belgian ambassador that Rwandese government has adopted a policy of press liberalisation, and some TV and radio stations will soon be authorised to start broadcasting in Rwanda.

-The head of security forces in Gitarama prefecture on Wednesday in

a meeting with the local population announced that soldiers would soon be withdrawn from the countryside and would be replaced by trained civilians to insure security for the population. The population reported that bandits uniformed as soldiers were frequently carrying out abuses in the countryside.

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UNAMIR - KIGALI

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 7 December 1994 - President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya of Burundi on Tuesday paid a 12-hour state visit to Rwanda at the invitation of the Rwandese Government. He is the first African Head of State to visit Rwanda following the installation of the new Government in Kigali.

The President of the Republic of Burundi attended an official luncheon at Hotel Mille Collines at the invitation of his Rwandese counterpart President Pasteur Bizimungu. In their respective toasts, the two Presidents regretted the violence that occurred in their countries and President Bizimungu condemned what he called "a culture of false moral values that justifies revenge and massacres." The two Heads of State also visited the Nyarubuye mass grave in Kibungo prefecture where hundreds of dead bodies resulting from the massacres were buried.

In a joint communique signed by the two Heads of State at the end of the visit, the two governments committed themselves to control security on their common border. They pledged to protect refugees from either country in each other's country. Rwanda accepted the request of Burundi to investigate the circumstances surrounding the plane crash which caused the death of former Presidents Juvenal Habyarimana of Rwanda and Cyprien Ntaryamira of Burundi on 6 April 1994. The two Governments also renewed the necessity to organise a regional conference to discuss the problem of refugees and displaced persons. They expressed the wish to bring back on track the regional economic organisations and made a commitment to study the possibility of granting citizenship rights to refugees in the two countries.

- Rwandese Vice-President and Minister for Defense Paul Kagame who is on an official visit in Belgium, on Monday at a news conference at the Université Libre de Bruxelles criticized NGOs and international organisations operating in Rwandese refugee camps in Zaire, and the UNHCR in particular, for feeding the criminals responsible for massacres in Rwanda, and accused the NGOs of lacking transparency in their activities.

Major-General Paul Kagame appealed to the international community to separate the criminals from innocent people in the camps in order to allow for the safe return home of Rwandese refugees.

- The Prefect of Kigali town prefecture, Major Rose Kabuye, on Tuesday expressed her concern over soldiers committing abuses during night patrols that are not officially registered. She also pointed out that many Interahamwe elements are walking free in Kigali town where they cause insecurity after having left their home villages where they carried out massacres.

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 6 December 1994 - President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya of Burundi on Tuesday arrives in Rwanda for his first state visit in Rwanda.

-Rwandese Foreign Minister Anastase Gasana on Monday held a meeting with foreign diplomats accredited to Rwanda and representatives of international organisations operating in Rwanda to consult with them on ways of contributing to the reconstruction of Rwanda.

Speaking on the occasion, Mr. Gasana rejected the demand by some foreign countries that the current government include moderate members of MRND party of former president Juvenal Habyarimana. "No moderate MRND party supporters exist, none of them, neither the former Minister for Defense James Gasana who then fled the country, have denounced the massacres carried out by MRND party. The party is rather to be brought to justice for planning and executing the genocide."

Mr Gasana also insisted that the UN International Tribunal on the massacres in Rwanda be based in Rwanda.

-The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan, on Monday held an interview with Radio Rwanda journalists. In the interview, Ambassador Khan said that UNAMIR is often misunderstood, people tend to see it as having a political mandate while its mandate is mainly humanitarian. Ambassador Khan said that Rwanda has suffered too much and needs unconditional assistance, and that European countries now understand and have promised to help. Radio Rwanda in its 0630 newscast this morning reported that Ambassador Khan regretted that Rwandese refugees do not come back home while security has been restored in the country.

-Rwandese Minister for Justice Alphonse-Marie Nkubito on Monday opened Human Rights Week in Rwanda. The week will be characterized by activities of the Rwandan human rights group CLADHO throughout the country to explain human rights issues.

-An association of Rwandese lawyers, named AGM, was on Monday created.

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UNAMIR - KINSHASA

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 5 December 1994 - The UN team of experts appointed to investigate human rights violations in Rwanda led by Koffi Amega on Friday published their final report. In the report, they confirm with evidence that former President Juvenal Habyarimana of Rwanda was the main instigator of the genocide of ethnic Tutsis. They say that the massacres were planned several months before and executed systematically. The report also says that Tutsi elements have carried out massacres of ethnic Hutus but found no evidence that there were ordered by the current Rwandese Government. The report asks the International Tribunal to carry out thorough investigations on the human rights violations by RPA elements.

Radio Rwanda asks the UN Secretary-General to press the Security Council to review the UN resolution 955 on the International Tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda to allow it to try also the planners of the genocide whose crimes were committed before January 1, 1994. "The UN Secretary-General cannot go on not considering the human rights reports that he himself recommends."

-The UN Consultant on children rights, Madam Gratia Machel on a visit in Rwanda, on Sunday visited Rugunga orphanage and Kigali Prison. In Kigali Prison, she visited the 5,500 inmates among them 132 women and girls, and 113 children, accused of being involved in massacres. She was particularly concerned by the situation of children in prison and asked the Government to release the children who are aged between 11 and 13. She was told by the Prison officials that one of the child inmates set on fire a car full of people. The prisoners have been detained since 13 August 1994.

-Rwandan Minister for Social Affairs and Work, Pie Mugabo on Sunday held talks with the UN Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Rwanda Shaharyar Khan. Ambassador Khan pledged that he would continue to ask for foreign assistance for the reconstruction of Rwanda, after being briefed the Rwandese Government's needs.

-The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) on Saturday returned 11 children to their families in Rwanda from Rwandan refugee camps in Zaire. The ICRC says that it has already registered 35,000 non-accompanied children.

- The Africa Women's Week celebration for Rwanda ended on Saturday. The women leaders who held speeches on the closing ceremony stressed the continued exploitation of women and discrimination.

against women in politics and administration in Rwanda while women are 50% of the the Rwandese population." The women indicated that the traditional Rwandan politics based on clans and ethnic groups is the main source of troubles in the country.

- Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu who is on tour in the US on Sunday at a press conference renewed the Rwandan Government's will to resume normal relations with France and to collaborate with the UN International Tribunal. In New York, Mr Twagiramungu also met different UN officials including the UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali, and commended efforts by the UN to address the problems of Rwanda.

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UN Radio / Rwanda



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 2 December 1994 - President Pasteur Bizimungu on Thursday in an address to the nation on the occasion of World AIDS Day asked Rwandese people to take AIDS seriously. " The number of AIDS patients has been increasing in Rwanda, and our country is one of the countries most affected by AIDS epidemic in the World. We realize that most people who tested HIV positive live in towns. It does not mean that they are not informed of the danger posed by the epidemic but that they simply have no discipline in their conduct."

According to the statistics published by the Ministry of Health in 1992, 70% of AIDS patients were women and 25% of women going to hospital tested HIV positive.

- A thousand persons on Thursday left the displaced person camps in Gikongoro to go back home, and were driven home in 10 buses given by the UNHCR.

- The World Bank has approved to give to Rwanda a financial assistance equivalent to USD 50 million to support the reconstruction and security programme. The Bank requires as a precondition however for Rwanda to repay debt arrears to the Bank and to restructure the economic sector and to deal with the issue of internal insecurity.

Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu who is in Washington also held talks with officials of the IMF and the US government and discussed the current situation in Rwanda.

- The UN Security Council on Wednesday decided to extend the UNAMIR mandate for another 6 months, but delayed discussion of the proposal to send a UN force to Zaire for next year.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio / Rwanda

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'Mugabo'.

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 1 December 1994 - Rwandese Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Anastase Gasana, while talking with the Russian Ambassador to Rwanda on Wednesday asked that the money the United Nations plans to use in the deployment of a UN force in Zaire be used rather to finance the International Tribunal on the massacres in Rwanda to make it to be quickly operational. Mr. Gasana also asked Russia to support the judicial system in Rwanda.

Minister Gasana also on Wednesday received in his office the representative of the Canadian International Development Agency in East and Central Africa, Mr. Hebert Bruno. Mr. Bruno announced that Canada will contribute five million Canadian dollars in the creation of a fund to assist Rwanda in the sectors of education, health and justice.

-Rwandese Minister for Social Affairs and Work, Pie Mugabo, on Wednesday visited the displaced person camps in Gikongoro prefecture where he urged people to return home and work and strongly warned people there against engaging in criminal activities. "The government cannot allow you to create a State within a State. We cannot tolerate any longer the criminal activities. If you venture to touch again on our RPA soldiers, we will destroy your camps. We have already informed UNAMIR about this."

"You must go home, and don't be arrogant. Ask for pardon. If you want confrontation, we are ready to fight you. If you keep on being arrogant, you'll see. Our eyes are wide-open, not like CDR party (Hutu extremist party), because if their eyes were really wide-open, the country could not have experienced what happened. Go home, work and be disciplined. Only those among you who have committed crimes will be brought to justice."

-The head of security forces in Cyangugu prefecture, Major Katabarwa on Tuesday announced that insecurity acts have continued these last days in the area with Interahamwe elements infiltrating from Burundi and Zaire. He said that the Bourgmestre of Gatara commune had escaped a night ambush by Interahamwe. He also indicated that 300 guns had been seized in the area and 41 soldiers arrested for human rights violations. He equally said that on 26 November 1994, 2 small boats had infiltrated at night from Zaire

yes. I agree I
shall send it to
appropriate
authorities

To: SRSG

The above remarks attributed to the Minister of Social Affairs are not being helpful for our repatriation effort. Is there a way we can encourage the authorities to be more conciliatory and to adopt a more confidence-building posture?

with Interahamwe elements on board who exchanged fire with security forces, leaving two Interahamwe dead.

-Thursday, 1 December, is AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome) day. In Kigali, a march is to be held on Thursday from the Roundabout to Nyamirambo Stadium, in a bid to increase the population's awareness over the danger posed by the incurable disease.

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INFORMATION BULLETIN FROM UN RADIO/RWANDA

Below are excerpts from an editorial published in the Rwandese weekly "Le Messenger" in the issue No 45 of 24 November, 1994.

"When you analyse closely the fear that is haunting people at present, you conclude that there is no difference between this period and the period of the months preceding the death of Ikinani (the Unbeatable, ironical nickname for President Habyarimana). The fishermen of men (kidnappers) are alienating people from the RPF. Normally, the main characteristic of a new regime, especially after the fall of a dictatorial regime, is to do what is good. New leaders are expected to forget about their private interests and to work first for the interests of the people, to give them what they had been deprived of before."

"After Ikinani had toppled President Kayibanda from power, he restored security to the population and treated the ethnic Tutsis in a satisfactory way, as it was the habit so far for anyone who wanted to study politics and to become a political leader to do so by killing Tutsis and make them to be the foundation of his new regime. Thus a man came and said "I restore peace to you, if I had not been here, you would all have been killed." Ikinani massacred them and when he took power on July 5, 1973, he said "I bring you back peace and unity. "The Tutsis really lived in peace but none of their children went to school, and this was the reason why private schools such as APACOPE were created, and Ikinani even interfered in the business activities of Tutsis and forced them to share with him their benefits."

"According to the prophecy of Magayane (a now-dead very well known popular inmate of Kigali Prison who is widely believed to have prophesied the bloody massacres in Rwanda and the assassination of President Habyarimana), anyone who could survive the killings predicted to take place after the death of Ikinani, would live in as in paradise. People are now asking one another: When is the prophecy of Magayane coming true? Tell me if the terrible events he predicted are still coming for me to flee on time. Very few of the rich people in Rwanda live with their wives. Whether it is political leaders or business men, they live here but their wives and children live abroad. When you ask the reason for it to one of them, he tells you that the children are studying abroad. When he accepts to tell you the truth, he says "I am ready to die, but I

want my wife and children to stay alive."

"The fear is caused by what they see: somebody with whom you have a conflict, or when there is no conflict at all, comes anytime he wants with soldiers who kidnap you and treat you as they like or even kill you. No one has been so far prosecuted or punished for it, as people can see. The people being arrested are not detained in police stations or prisons. They put them in the back yards of those houses in Kigali where soldiers live. The latest to be kidnapped that way, whose news even reached the senior officials, are people called Hakizimana Matiyasi (a business man) and Semunyana (a senior official in ELECTROGAZ). So many people have disappeared this way, and even many more are afraid of searching for their relatives for fear of being kidnapped themselves."

"Defense Minister Kagame is used to warning the soldiers against such behaviour, but nobody listens to him. Prime Minister Twagiramungu said on his part that a Government that cannot restore houses and farms to the owners, cannot be expected to address any other problem! When you try to analyse the situation, you get the impression that the RPF has no intention to compete in multiparty politics. If multiparty competition were accepted, I think that the acts of some of the RPF soldiers would bring us to deny our votes to the movement that we once supported with all of our strength."

"People are wondering, where is friendship? Is tying your arms together with a rope behind your back friendship? We have no answer. When a motorbike passes by at night, the owner is shot dead and the motorbike disappears. When they kidnap you, they first deprive you of everything you have on you, and what comes afterwards is even worse..... The other unexplained thing is that people who were living in the country before the war, Hutus as well as Tutsis, we are not trusted by those who came from outside the country. They say that even the Tutsi one who survived massacres is an Interahamwe. This was repeated to me by women with whom we were travelling together recently on my way to Kampala. How are unity and reconciliation possible? Your whole family was massacred because they suspected you to be supporters of the RPF and now they say you are an Interahamwe! However, those people who came from outside the country came with their parents and their children."

"You Inkotanyi (Pitiless Fighters, self-called name for RPA soldiers) must know that you are responsible for everything bad or good this time in the country. Those acts will not be blamed on Amajyogi (Cannabis Seeds, supporters of Prime Minister Twagiramungu) or Abakombozi (Liberators, supporters of PSD party). You are the ones to be blamed because you saved us from the killers and you are now encouraging people to support the exiled Government of Prime Minister Kambanda. Do not ask people whose relatives were killed or are in jail for no reason not to support the Abatabazi (Saviours, Government of Kambanda in exile). The Cyanguu-based business man, Nkubito, was recently detained and this caused

hundreds and hundreds of people to flee the country to the Zairian town of Bukavu. He has been now released but the exiled people did not return. What are they now saying about our Government, where they are, around Kambanda? ...We do not want lies, we want a Government that is really committed to restore security in the country. We want lasting peace, we want a Government that can punish wrong-doers. You soldier, give security to the people, and the people will not touch either your money or your Government."

Mutsinzi Edouard

Translation by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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File: Radio news



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UNAMIR - KINSHASA

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 30 November 1994 - The newly sworn-in MP of the PL party, Nzigiyimana Louis Gilbert, on Monday resigned his seat in the Parliament after the news media accused him of being intoxicated during the swearing-in ceremony on last Friday. In a letter of resignation on Monday to the Speaker of the Parliament, former MP Nzigiyimana recognizes that his conduct was a shame on the Parliament, his party PL, and the country. The Speaker of the National Assembly welcomed his decision to resign as an act of courage.

- The Gisenyi prefecture officials on Tuesday denied reports by foreign media that the 37 Interahamwe extradited to Rwanda by Zairian authorities were being tortured by RPA soldiers. The Gisenyi authorities say that the extradited Interahamwe were accompanied by UNHCR workers, and will be brought to justice for their crimes just as any other Rwandan citizens.

-Rwandan Minister for Health, Dr. Karemera was invited by France to participate on December 1 in the Paris meeting on AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome) which will gather 42 countries from over the world. In an interview with Radio Rwanda, Dr Karemera who will also hold talks with the French Minister of Cooperation, and the French Minister for Health, saw the invitation as a sign of a shift in French policy towards Rwanda.

Dr. Karemera also warned Rwandese population against the increasing danger of AIDS epidemic. He indicated that Rwanda needs foreign assistance to deal with the problem of AIDS, as AIDS centers in Rwanda were looted and destroyed, and the workers in those centers massacred. He underlined that AIDS is a more grave problem than before the last war, because AIDS was a weapon of genocide used by Interahamwe suffering from the disease who raped massively Tutsi women. AIDS is still used to ravage the population in refugee camps where rapes are a common place.

- The famous Zairian singer and dancer, Tshala Mwana, accompanied by her group of 12 dancers and musicians on Tuesday arrived in Kigali. She plans to hold a series of concerts in Kigali to show her solidarity with Rwandese people.

- Rwandan Minister for Agriculture and livestock development, Mr. Augustin Iyamuremye on Tuesday returned in Kigali from Rome where he took part in the FAO (Food and Agriculture Organisation)

meeting. He announced to Radio Rwanda that FAO will finance agricultural projects in Rwanda, and especially in farming equipment and logistics.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio / Rwanda



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 29 November 1994 - The Zairian authorities of the Kivu province on Sunday handed over to RPA soldiers in Gisenyi prefecture 37 Interahamwe, accused of causing insecurity in Goma Rwandan refugee camps. The 37 Interahamwe were arrested by Zairian security forces following bloody clashes at Katale refugee camp opposing Rwandan refugees and Zairian soldiers. The clashes left at least 19 refugees dead and over 50 others wounded and one Zairian soldier killed.

-Radio Rwanda on Monday announced that the dead body of the very known wealthy business man in Kigali, Mathias Hakizimana, and also a member of PSD party, was found on Sunday at Kicukiro, in Kigali town, by security forces. The kidnapping of the business man was widely reported by newspapers. According to the wife of Hakizimana, interviewed by Radio Rwanda, he was kidnapped by two soldiers one night at his home in Kigali. Radio Rwanda also widely aired the interview with two arrested soldiers who admit to have killed the business man they accuse of being an interahamwe, at the instigation of a business man friend of Hakizimana who paid them a million of Rwandan francs and has now flown to Belgium. The prefect of Kigali prefecture who commented on the assassination, insisted that "the killing was not politically motivated as some people may think, but only a result of revenge with the complicity of undisciplined soldiers."

-Rwandan Minister for Foreign Affairs, Anastase Gasana on Monday received for talks the Swiss Ambassador to Rwanda with residence in Kenya, Hanz Dietrich. Minister Gasana asked Switzerland to contact European countries in order to pressurize the UN Secretary-General for the International Tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda to become operational without delay.

- The Rwandan government on Monday received aid from Libya, consisting of medicines, soaps and food stuffs, to be used by the Ministry for Rehabilitation and Social Integration.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalists
UN Radio / Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 28 November 1994 - The European Union on Friday released an unconditional aid of USD 76 million to Rwanda to support the rehabilitation of the sectors of health and education.

-An extraordinary summit conference on Saturday gathered the Heads of State of Zaire, Burundi, and Rwanda, in the Zairian town of Gbadolite. President Mobutu of Zaire, President Ntibantunganya of Burundi, and President Bizimungu of Rwanda, met to discuss on the agenda, the problem of security in the sub-region and the situation of the Great Lakes Economic Community Countries (CEPGL). In a communique issued at the end of the meeting, the three Heads of State agreed on the establishment of a UNAMIR-protected Security Zone for returnees in Rwanda to encourage the return of Rwandan refugees, and resettlement of refugees in Zaire away from the border area.

The summit also decided that a security meeting would be held in two weeks in the Burundian capital of Bujumbura.

- A Rwandan delegation led by Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Saturday left Kigali for Washington where it was to hold a meeting with the World Bank to find ways of supporting Rwandan economy.

- Rwandan Foreign Minister, Anastase Gasana, on Saturday received for talks, Mr Johann Swinnen, the senior Advisor to the Belgian Prime Minister on Foreign Affairs, to discuss ways of improving the relations between Rwanda and Belgium. In an interview with Radio Rwanda after the audience, Mr Gasana rejected the possibility of including " moderate MRND supporters in the current government as asked by some European Countries". " MRND as a political party should rather be brought to court for having carried out massacres and formed Interahamwe militia group," Mr Gasana announced.

- A two-day seminar convened by the Ministry for Rehabilitation and Social Integration and gathering representatives of different Ministries and local administrators to discuss the coordination of humanitarian aid in Rwanda, ended on Sunday with strict measures to control the activities of NGOs. " The government must take part in the governing and inspect NGOs in the interest of the population. A government national representative is to be appointed for the joint management of every NGO. NGOs that are likely to cause

insecurity, as well as unproductive NGOs, are to be closely surveyed by the government," Radio Rwanda announced on Monday at 6:30

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Broadcast Journalist
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UNAMIR - MINUAR

26 November 1994

TO: Dr. Abdul H. Kabia
Executive Director

THROUGH: Sammy Kum Buo *[Signature]*
Political Adviser/Acting Spokesman

FROM: Allen Hundley *[Signature]*
Radio Broadcast Project Manager

SUBJECT: Security for Radio UNAMIR local staff

1. Radio UNAMIR's local staff consists of three journalists and one technician. At a meeting with me yesterday they all expressed serious concerns for their personal safety given the very high profile role they will play as Radio UNAMIR broadcast personnel. They also reminded me that many local UNAMIR employees had been killed during the civil war simply because they worked for UNAMIR.

2. Already, even before Radio UNAMIR has begun officially broadcasting, there have been two security-related incidents. In one incident which happened earlier this week a journalist and his wife were threatened and robbed by RPA soldiers. It is not clear that this assault was connected to his position with the station. In the second incident, which happened while we were conducting the test transmissions, the technician was threatened by RPA soldiers who demanded that Radio UNAMIR cease broadcasting.

3. The local staff believes that the threat to them will increase greatly once the station begins broadcasting. Also they believe that popular frustration with the genocide tribunals scheduled to commence soon will result in physical attacks on anyone connected with UNAMIR but especially those most visibly associated with it.

4. The best solution in the opinion of the Radio UNAMIR journalists is to put them in a studio in Nairobi and do the broadcasts via satellite to UNAMIR's transmitters in Rwanda. If the satellite equipment that I requested on 29 October is purchased this could be accomplished easily. Most of the equipment will be needed in any event, whether the UNAMIR Radio studio is located in Kigali or in Nairobi. Since the total for the entire system comes

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to only US \$63,300 it can be purchased under Immediate Operating Requirement rules. I am told by Mr. Sargent at DPKO/NY that it is likely that at least some of this equipment will be purchased. However, it appears that a final decision is still pending in NY.

*we house
local
staff
why??*
5. The second best solution to the security problem for local radio staff is to house them in a UN secure compound in Kigali. The logical choice is the Amohoro Hotel when it is converted into UN staff living quarters in the coming weeks. The radio station could remain on the fourth floor with the result that the broadcasters would be living in the same building where they are working. While the UN does not normally provide housing for local staff I believe this is a special case and deserves serious consideration.

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A
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Cambodia
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proved
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successful.*
6. The local radio staff expressed a desire to be equipped with handheld VHF radios. This would be useful both from the standpoint of providing them with greater security but in addition would increase their productivity as journalists since they could be in constant contact with HQ and could even report events from a remote location live as they are happening. A similar system was used at Radio UNTAC in Cambodia and proved very successful.

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OK Although handheld radios are not normally issued to local staff I believe an exception should be made in this instance given the special nature of work the journalists do and its importance to the the mission. The radios would of course be programmed only for a limited number of channels so as not to compromise UNAMIR communications security. The journalists have agreed to take financial responsibility for the radios if they are issued to them.

8. The radio staff and I would welcome the opportunity to discuss these issues with you at your convenience.

TO ED

I can support providing them with VHF radios. Clearly, this is to me the most practical and reasonable of the options outlined.

File: Radio News

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 25 November 1994 - The swearing-in ceremony for the members of the Rwandan parliament is to take place on Friday, 25 November 1994, in Kigali. The new Rwandan parliament has 70 members. 64 MPs represent political parties, while 6 other MPs represent the army and gendarmerie.

- A cabinet meeting was held on Thursday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda, and discussed and approved the presidential decree on the agreement on the Common Market for East-Africa and Southern Africa countries of which Rwanda is a founding member state.

- Rwandan Minister for Information, Jean Baptiste Nkuriyingoma, who is also the Spokesman for the government, on Thursday reacted against the recent statement of the French Minister for Foreign Affairs, Alain Juppe. In a communique issued on Thursday, Mr Nkuriyingoma says that "Alain Juppe said that the Rwandan government is composed of Tutsis exclusively. The Rwandan government was formed on the basis of political parties and not on the basis of ethnic groups. Over half of the government ministers are ethnic Hutus including the President of the Republic, the Prime Minister and the deputy Prime Minister. France wants our government to include MRND Hutu criminals, who planned and executed the genocide, whose authors it trained and financed. We disapprove of such wickedness, but we appreciate the position of some realistic French leaders like Bernard Debray, the French Minister for Cooperation, who understand the situation in Rwanda."

- Mr Anastase Gasana was on Thursday appointed the new Rwandan Minister for Foreign Affairs, after the defection of former foreign Minister J.M Ndagijimana who found exile in France.

- President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Thursday received an advisor to President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya of Burundi. The Burundian envoy brought a message relating on security, repatriation of refugees and CEPGL summit.

- Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Wednesday held a meeting with representatives of the donor community. He asked them not to make just promises but to provide concrete assistance. Another round-table on emergency assistance to Rwanda will be held in Geneva in January.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio/ Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 24 November 1994- President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Wednesday received a message from an advisor on security matters to President Mobutu of Zaire, Mr Ngwanda. The Zairian envoy who held an interview with Radio Rwanda, refused to disclose the content of the message. He indicated however that " the presence of Rwandan refugees on Zairian soil causes a problem of lack of security for the Zairian population as robbery, looting and raping acts by Rwandan refugees have increased". He added that "neither Zaire nor Rwanda can force Rwandan refugees to return home, a political solution is to be found in collaboration between the two countries and with the assistance of the international community."

-Rwandan Vice-President and Minister for Defense, Paul Kagame, on Wednesday visited his native village Buhoro, in Tambwe commune, in Gitarama prefecture, after over 30 years in exile. He received from the local population gifts consisting of a spear, a shield and a cow (symbols of power and wealth).

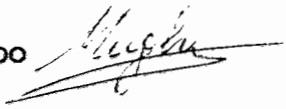
-The UN human rights rapporteur Rene Denis Segui has published his third report on human rights abuses in Rwanda. In his report, he is critical of the big powers, Zaire and current Rwandese government. He warns that if the big powers fail to assist Rwanda, another war may break out in the country. He also criticises Zaire for not helping resolve the problem of lack of security in refugee camps in Zaire, and Rwandese government for not curbing harassment and intimidation acts by RPA soldiers on Rwandan returnees.

-The prefect of Gikongoro prefecture on Wednesday asked the displaced people in camps in Gikongoro to leave soon and all together the camps and return home to be assisted at their homes.

-The Spanish Charity Medicus Mundi on Wednesday donated to Rwanda an aid consisting of medical equipment, three vehicles and generators, that was received by Rwandan Minister for Health, Dr Karemera.

- A meeting of experts of the Great Lakes Economic Countries Community (CEPGL) combining Zaire, Burundi and Rwanda, opened on Wednesday in Goma, in Zaire, to prepare the ministerial conference that will be held from Friday prior to the CEPGL summit conference.

-The French Minister for Cooperation Bernard Debray on Wednesday announced that the Rwandan population has undergone much suffering and the donor community should increase its assistance to Rwanda, regardless of the political evolution in the country. The announcement indicated the possibility of a potential shift in the French policy towards Rwanda.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo 
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio / Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 23 November 1994 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Tuesday received credentials from the new Belgian ambassador, Frank de Koning, who is accredited to Rwanda. The Belgian ambassador said that Belgium would try to persuade the European Community to make available to Rwanda the US \$200 million loan that was pledged to Rwanda.

- "A law is being prepared by the Rwandan government to govern the activities of NGOs in Rwanda so as to insure joint management of assisted projects" the Minister for Work and Social Affairs, Pie Mugabo announced on Tuesday in Byumba. Local social workers there had complained about the working manner of NGOs.

- The seven bishop delegation of the East Africa Episcopalian Church who were visiting Rwanda since last Sunday, left Kigali on Tuesday for Zaire to visit Rwandan refugee camps there. The bishops met on Monday Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu, and asked the government to do everything possible to restore security in Rwanda.

- The Prefect of Ruhengeri prefecture, Ignace Karuhije on Tuesday dismissed rumours circulating in the region saying that there was a plan by the RPA soldiers to kidnap school children and kill them, rumours that brought many parents to keep their children away from school, in a meeting with the local population.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio / Rwanda

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'Mugabo', written over the typed name and title.

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File: UN Radio



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

21 November 1994

To: Sammy Kum Buo
Political Advisor/Acting Spokesman

Fr: Allen Hundley *MAH*
Radio UNAMIR Project Manager

Re: Final Draft - Proposed staffing for Radio UNAMIR
Job descriptions for above

1. Please find attached two proposed organizational charts for with a list of staff positions, both international and local, for each. The first chart represents a minimal radio broadcast service while the second reflects staffing requirements if Mr. Medili's requirement for two hours per day of informational programming is to be met.
2. Also attached is an updated set of job descriptions for each position. The number of personnel is not changed, only certain job titles.
3. Also attached is a copy of my 16 November memo to Mr. Golo, cc to Dr. Kabia regarding staffing. Total staff requested for Phase 2 is actually nineteen. The original memo incorrectly listed the total as twenty.
4. Please note that the issue of a driver has now been solved.

Attachments: Organizational charts (2)
Job Descriptions
Memo to Mr. Golo of 16 November



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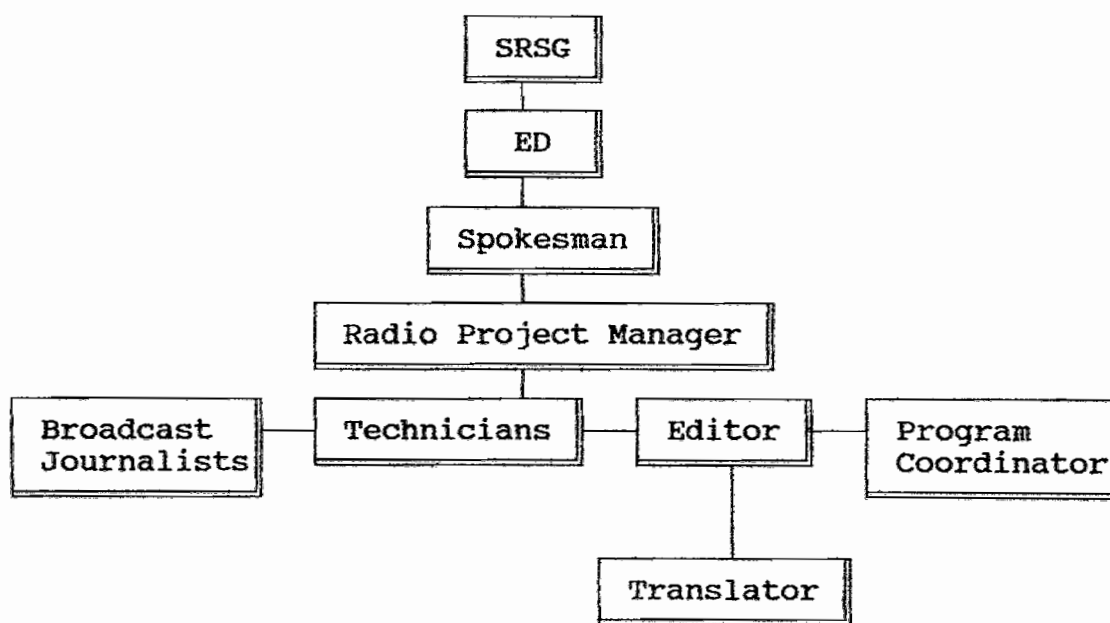
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UNAMIR - KINSHASA

UN RADIO/RWANDA

Table of Organization - Phase 1



Radio Personnel:

	International	Local	UNV
Radio Project Manager	1		
Program Coordinator	1		
Editor/Researcher	1		
Translator		1	(or 1)
Broadcast Journalists	1	3	
Technicians		2	
total	4	6	

With the radio staff above UN Radio/Rwanda can broadcast six hours per day including up to one hour per day of informational programming.



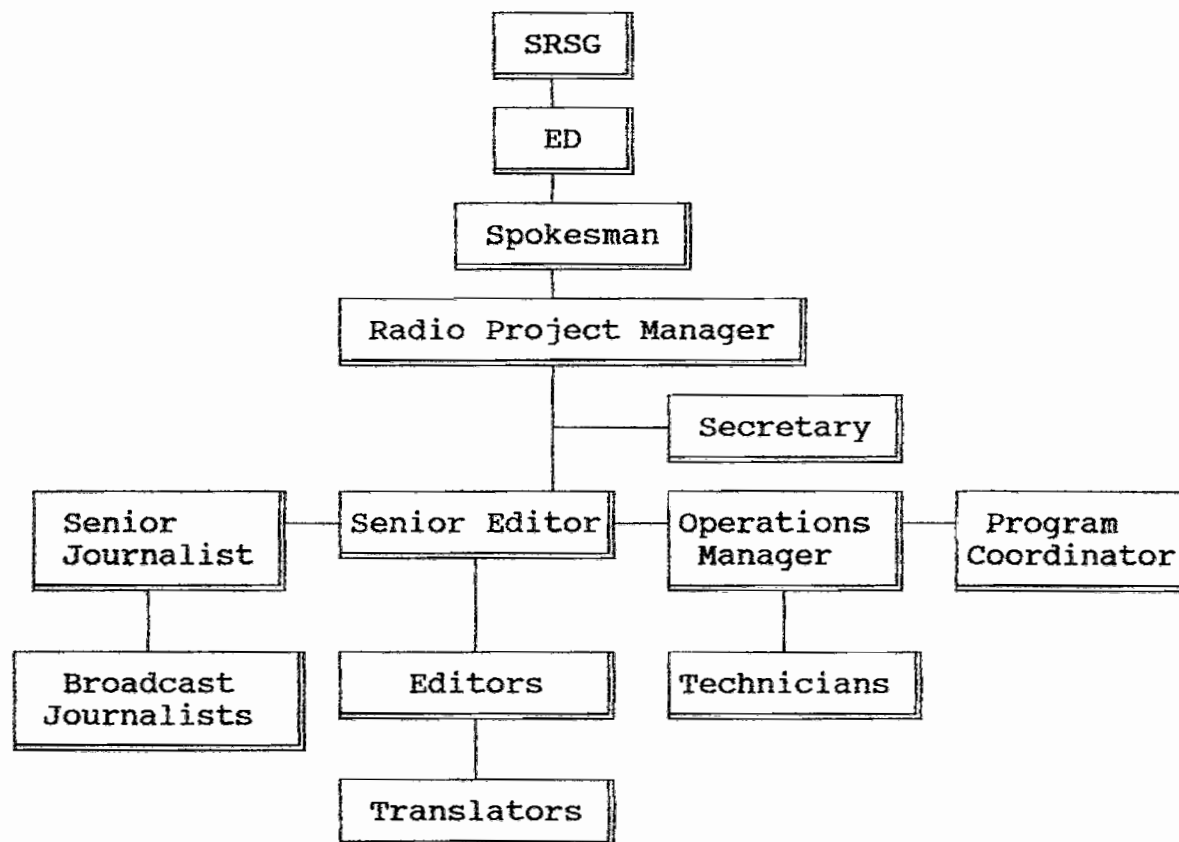
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UNAMIR - MINUAR

UN RADIO/RWANDA

Table of Organization - Phase 2



	International	Local	UNV
Radio Project Manager	1		
Program Coordinator	1		
Operations Manager	1		(or 1)
Senior Editor	1		
Editor	2		
Translator		2	(or 1)
Senior Broadcast Journalist	1		
Broadcast Journalists	1	5	
Technician/operators		4	2
Secretary		1	
total		11	

With the expanded staff listed above UN Radio/Rwanda would be able to produce and broadcast up to ten hours per day including up to two hours of informational programming per day.

Notes:

1. "International" staff includes Mission Appointed SSA's.



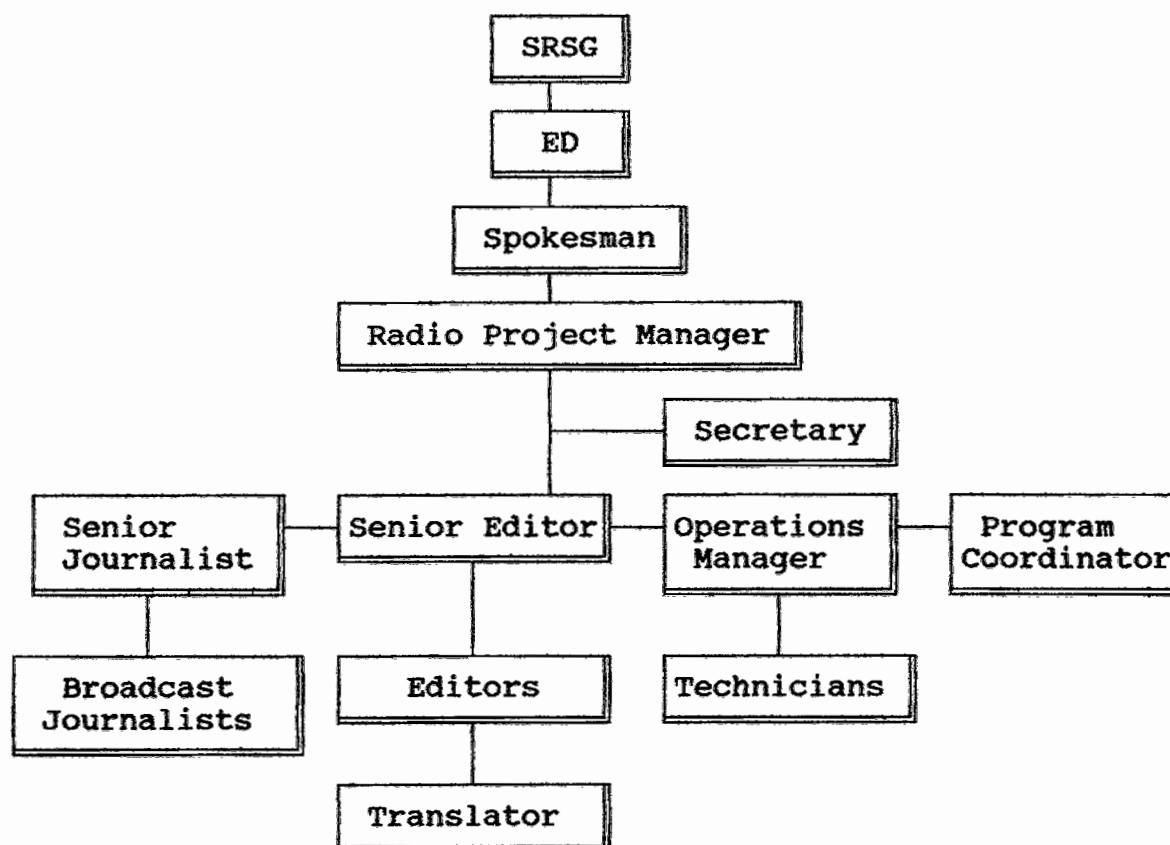
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UNAMIR - MINUAR

UN RADIO/RWANDA

Table of Organization - Phase 2



	International	Local	UNV
Radio Project Manager	1		
Program Coordinator	1		
Operations Manager	1		(or 1)
Senior Editor	1		
Editor	2		
Translator		1	(or 1)
Senior Broadcast Journalist	1		
Broadcast Journalists	1	5	
Technician/operators		4	(or 2)
Secretary		1	
total	8	11	



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: Radio UNAMIR project manager

The duties of the Radio UNAMIR project manager are as follows:

1. Responsible for supervising the overall design, installation, and day to day operation of the station.
2. Develops operational plans and policies to effectively explain UNAMIR actions and policies within Rwanda to the Rwandese public.
3. Selects, in consultation with UNAMIR Personnel, station staff.
4. Trains staff as necessary in the operation of equipment.
5. Evaluates performance of staff in accordance with UNAMIR standards and policies and recommends promotions, reassignments, reprimands, and dismissals as appropriate.
6. Advises Senior UNAMIR staff in the effective use of mass media to further the goals and policies of the Mission.
7. Develops, in consultation with other UNAMIR components, contingency plans for various types of emergency situations that might affect the lives and safety of UNAMIR and other UN personnel.

Qualifications:

1. Twenty-five years experience in all aspects of professional radio broadcasting required.
2. Extensive knowledge of and experience in the utilization of modern broadcast technology including program distribution via satellite required.
3. Minimum four years experience in studio and transmitter installation and maintenance required.
4. Minimum five years experience in broadcast journalism required.
5. Previous experience at a UN peace-keeping mission highly desirable.

This position shall be filled by an international staff member appointed by the Mission.



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MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: program coordinator

The duties of the Program Coordinator are as follows:

1. Coordinates programme production schedule.
2. Assists in the coordination of the construction and installation phase of the radio studios and the transmitter sites.
3. Liaise with other UN agencies and NGOs in the planning of their contributions to the radio.
4. Makes field recordings of UNAMIR press conferences and other UNAMIR public functions.
5. Organizes travels for the journalists.
6. Administrative assistance to the staff.
7. Available for temporary assignments as an editor and/or a translator.

Qualifications:

1. Knowledge of journalistic standards and practices.
2. Knowledge of English and French.
3. Previous experience in radio broadcast administration.
4. Experience in operating portable broadcast equipment.
5. Experience in broadcast interview technique.
6. Experience as published author highly desirable.
7. Word processing experience highly desirable.
7. Previous UN administrative experience highly desirable.

This position should be filled by ...



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: broadcast journalist

The duties of the broadcast journalist are as follows:

1. Researches, writes, and reads scripts for radio broadcast.
2. Reports on meetings and events taking place in the country, always adhering to the highest standards of journalistic accuracy, fairness, and balance.
3. Conducts interviews with government officials and private individuals regarding current events and issues confronting Rwanda.
4. Translates radio scripts and recorded interviews from Kinyarwanda into English and/or French as required.

Qualifications:

1. Education at the secondary school level or higher.
2. At least two years in broadcast journalism required.
3. Must be able to correctly set up and operate portable recording equipment.
4. Must be fluent in Kinyarwanda and English and/or French. (A few selected broadcast journalists may be international staff fluent in only French or English).
5. Knowledge and experience in tape editing and studio recording technique highly desirable.
6. Must be able to type at least 20 wpm. Experience in word processing highly desirable.

This position may be filled by local staff, international staff, mission appointed SSA, or UNV.



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: editor/researcher

The duties of the editor/researcher are as follows:

1. Reads radio scripts prior to broadcast and performs editorial supervision over informational programs broadcast over Radio UNAMIR, insuring that material presented conforms both to good journalistic practice and to UNAMIR policies and practices.
2. Researches topics of an informational nature, providing written materials and summaries to the broadcast journalists for production into radio programs.
3. Writes radio scripts on an occasional basis as assigned by the Radio Project Manager.
4. Laisses with Radio Project Manager and UNAMIR Political and Legal Officers when necessary to insure that all editorial decisions are in accordance with current Mission policy.
5. Represents Radio UNAMIR at daily UNAMIR military and press briefings to insure up to date knowledge of policies and conditions in the region.

Qualifications:

1. University level education in journalism, law, or political science.
2. Fluent in written English and/or French.
3. At least two years experience in professional writing and/or editing and/or research.
4. Knowledge of radio broadcasting standards and practices highly desirable.
5. Experience in word processing highly desirable.
6. Previous experience at a United Nations peace-keeping mission desirable.

This position should be filled international staff.



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: translator

The duties of the translator are as follows:

1. Accurately translate radio scripts from Kinyarwanda into either English or French for review by editor/researcher.
2. Advise international and local staff on language nuances and sensitivities that may affect the understanding and acceptance of Radio UNAMIR programs by the Rwandese population.

Qualifications:

1. Fluent in Kinyarwanda and French and/or English.
2. University level training in the above languages is preferred.
3. Ability to type at least 20 words per minute required. Experience with word processor desirable.
4. Experience as a professional translator highly desirable.

This position may be filled by local staff or UNV.



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: broadcast technician/operator

The duties of the broadcast technician/operator are as follows:

1. Operate radio broadcast studio equipment including tape recorders, audio mixer, microphones, cassette machines and associated signal processing equipment.
2. Make all routine necessary technical adjustments to insure that programs broadcast from the studio meet accepted professional standards (level, clarity, etc.)
3. Assist the Technical Manager in the installation of studio and transmitting equipment.
4. Perform routine maintenance and record keeping on studio and transmitting equipment including cleaning of tape recorder heads, replacement of transmitter air filter, keeping record of transmitter operating parameters, etc.
5. Perform other technical duties as assigned.

Qualifications:

1. Minimum 4 years experience in telecommunications electronics maintenance and/or operation. A certificate from an accredited technical school may be substituted for two years of experience.
2. Demonstrated knowledge of solid state electronic circuits and test procedures.
3. Must be fluent in French and/or English. Working knowledge of English highly desirable.
4. Experience in radio broadcast studio operation highly desirable.
5. Experience in the maintenance of FM radio transmitters desirable.

This position may be filled by local staff or UNV.



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: senior editor

The duties of the senior editor are as follows:

1. Supervises all translation activities by the radio staff, including those by other translators and the broadcast journalists.
2. In consultation with senior UNAMIR administrators develops editorial policies and standards for the station.
2. Advises station management on editorial and/or translation issues that may affect how Radio UNAMIR programs are received and accepted by the Rwandese population.
3. Sets policies related to standards of translation from Kinyarwanda into English and French.
4. May perform other duties as assigned.

Qualifications:

1. Fluency in Kinyarwanda and English and/or French. Fluency in all three is highly desirable.
2. At least two years as a professional translator or interpreter is highly desirable.
3. Five years living experience in Rwanda and/or Burundi highly desirable.
4. University level training in linguistics, anthropology, sociology, history, or political science highly desirable.
5. Ability to type at least 20 wpm required. Experience in word processing highly desirable.

This position should be filled by international staff or Mission appointed SSA.



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: senior broadcast journalist

The duties of the senior broadcast journalist are as follows:

1. Supervises other journalists in the radio unit, making reporting assignments for each on a daily basis.
1. Researches, writes, and reads scripts for radio broadcast.
2. Reports on meetings and events taking place in the country, always adhering to the highest standards of journalistic accuracy, fairness, and balance.
3. Conducts interviews with government officials and private individuals regarding current events and issues confronting Rwanda.
4. Evaluates the quality and quantity of programs produced by each journalist and provides feedback to each on any areas requiring change or improvement.

Qualifications:

1. Education at the secondary school level or higher.
2. At least two years in broadcast journalism required.
3. Must be able to correctly set up and operate portable recording equipment.
4. Must be fluent in English and/or French. Ability to speak and understand both is desirable.
5. Knowledge and experience in tape editing and studio recording technique highly desirable.
6. Must be able to type at least 20 wpm. Experience in word processing highly desirable.

This position may be filled by international staff or mission appointed SSA.



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: operations manager

The duties of the Operations Manager are as follows:

1. Supervises the daily technical operation of the station including scheduling of studios and technicians.
2. Supervises maintenance of studios and transmitters.
3. Orders and installs replacement parts and equipment as required.
4. Orders and supervises distribution of office and broadcast supplies.
5. Substitutes for technician/operators during periods of leave or illness.
6. Supervises the use of vehicles assigned to the station.

Qualifications:

1. At least five years experience in professional broadcasting.
2. Thorough knowledge of broadcast studio and transmitter installation, operation, and maintenance.
3. Knowledge and experience in electronic circuit theory.
4. Experience in servicing digital electronic equipment desirable.
5. Supervisory experience desirable.
6. Experience at a UN peace-keeping mission desirable.
7. Fluency in English and/or French. Should be able to understand written and spoken English.

This position may be filled by international staff, Mission appointed SSA, or a UNV.



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

JOB DESCRIPTION: secretary

The duties of the secretary are as follows:

1. Types daily program logs
2. Types memoranda and reports for the Project Manager, Operations Manager, and Program Coordinator.
3. Performs duties of receptionist, greeting guests, answering phone, maintaining visitor log.

Qualifications:

1. Must be fluent in Kinyarwanda, French, and English.
2. Two years experience in an office setting required.
2. Must be able to type 40 words per minute.
3. Knowledge of word processing highly desirable.
4. Ability to interact pleasantly with people from many cultures and under many conditions is highly desirable.

This position may be filled by local staff.



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UNAMIR - KINSHASA

16 November 1994

TO: Ally H. Golo, OIC
Administration

CC: Dr. Abdul Kabia

From: Allen Hundley
Radio UNAMIR Project Manager

Subject: Staffing of Radio UNAMIR
Job descriptions

1. Following up on my memorandum of yesterday I attach job descriptions for each of the positions required at the two levels of broadcasting activity.

2. Please note that I have made a few adjustments in the staffing assignments submitted yesterday. They are as follows:

A. Basic Radio UNAMIR service - up to 1 hour of informational programming per day.

1	radio project manager	(I) or (SSA)
1	program coordinator	(I)
4	broadcast journalists	(I) = 1, (L) = 3
1	editor/researcher	(I)
1	translator	(L) or (UNV)
2	technician/operators	(L) or (UNV)

Total International	4
Local	6

B. Extended Radio UNAMIR service - up to 2 hours of informational programming per day.

Staff listed above plus

1	operations manager	(I) or (SSA) or (UNV)
3	broadcast journalists	(I) or (SSA) = 1, (L) = 2
1	senior translator	(I) or (SSA)
1	editor/researcher	(I)
2	technician/operators	(L) or (UNV)
1	secretary	(L)

Total International	8
Local	11
total staff	19

3. The above staffing does not include a driver. I believe it is essential to have at least one driver given the fact that even in the basic program service there will be four journalists in constant need of transportation in and around Kigali for the purpose of interviewing officials of the government, UN agency personnel and representatives of dozens of NGOs. Each will have to be dropped off at his/her appointment and picked up afterward.

4. Since the normal UNAMIR policy does not allow local staff except drivers to operate UNAMIR vehicles at least three of the journalists will have to either depend on other international staff members to transport them or on local transport. Neither solution is acceptable if we are to operate a professional, efficient broadcast station. Therefore it is extremely important that a driver be reassigned to the station at the very least on a parttime basis and preferably fulltime.

5. I shall be pleased to discuss Radio UNAMIR's staffing and budgeting requirements at your convenience.

file. Radio news



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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 22 November, 1994.- The director of cabinet in the Ministry for Rehabilitation and Social Integration, Christine Umutoni, on Tuesday at 6:30 strongly attacked " some NGOs operating in Rwanda for collaborating with criminals, spreading anti-government rumours, creating divisions between ethnic Tutsis and ethnic Hutus, e.g by distributing food aid to Tutsis on the one side and to Hutus on the other side. We cannot tolerate that NGOs continue to hamper the action of the government. 103 NGOs are now operating in Rwanda, but their contribution is not substantial, compared to the height of their number. Our government is now going to inspect closely their activities in Rwanda so that they do not impede our action."

" The government of Rwanda wants that the displaced person camps in the former French Security Zone be closed down by the end of this year 1994. People are fleeing now to Gikongoro because a lot of food aid is distributed there." the representative of the Ministry for Rehabilitation and Social Integration announced on Monday at a meeting gathering her with the representatives of UNAMIR and NGOs to discuss the problem of displaced person camps.

- Several NGOs operating in Rwandan refugee camps in Zaire have strongly criticised and rejected the proposal of the UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali of sending UN peace-keeping troops to Zaire to insure security in refugee camps. Those NGOs say that it is unfortunate that that force is not mandated to separate innocent civilians from former Rwandan government officials and armed Interahamwe militia who divert food aid while children are suffering from malnutrition, Radio Rwanda announced on Tuesday at 6:30.

Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Monday received in audience for talks a Canadian special envoy, Ambassador Bernard Dusol. The Canadian envoy announced that Canada will spend 5 million of Canadian dollars to assist Rwanda in the fields of education and health and restoration of electricity power. Prime Minister Twagiramungu asked Canada to assist the National University of Rwanda (UNR) so that it can resume its activities.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio / Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 21 November 1994 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Friday visited Rwandan returnees from Burundi in Butare prefecture. They told him that their main problem was that they were being chased from houses they occupied and it was difficult for them to get a new shelter.

Two Rwandan planes, which were formerly in Tanzania where they were brought by exiled Rwandan officials, were on Saturday returned to Rwanda. Rwandan Minister for Transport and Communications, Immaculee Kayumba, who received the planes from Tanzania government, complained that one Rwandan plane remained in Tanzania "because France claims it was using the plane to train Rwandan pilots."

Minister Kayumba also indicated that 3 Rwandan helicopters and several vehicles are in Zaire and should be returned home.

- Loss of many cows was on Sunday reported in the farms near Nyungwe Forest, in Gisenyi prefecture, following an epidemic of cattle diseases. The farmers are asking the government to avail vaccines.

-Rwandan Minister for Industries and Handcraft, Prosper Higiro on Sunday asked for foreign assistance to restore Rwandan industries which have been damaged as a result of the civil war, on the occasion of African Industrialisation Day.

- "As it was to be expected, the French Minister for Foreign Affairs Alain Juppe on Sunday contradicted his colleague Bernard Debray, the French Minister for Cooperation, who had declared before that France's relations with Rwanda were difficult because of the attachment of France to former Rwandan President Habyarimana. In his statement, Alain Juppe announced that the French policy with Rwanda has been so far in support to Arusha Peace Agreement. He forgets that the Arusha Peace Agreement is the basis of the Current Rwandan government.

"Alain Juppe also supported talks on power-sharing with the criminals in Zaire, and claimed that the question of Rwanda is a Hutu-Tutsi problem, and the death of President Habyarimana had brought about the collapse of the Arusha Peace Agreement. He failed

to point out, as the whole international community knows, that France financed and trained the criminals in Rwanda," Radio Rwanda announced on Monday at 19:00.

- The UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali has proposed a gradual deployment of up to 5,000 UN peace-keeping soldiers in Zaire to insure security in Rwandan refugee camps. Rwanda has always asked that a UN force be sent there to separate innocent civilians from criminals.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio / Rwanda



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INFORMATION BULLETIN FROM UN RADIO/RWANDA

Below are excerpts from an article published in the Rwandan weekly "Le Tribun du Peuple" which appeared on news stands in Kigali on Friday, November 18, 1994.

Title : "Mitterrand and Boutros Boutros Ghali: Genocide Heros"

"I cannot despise the man, I rather praise him for his cowardliness and wickedness in Rwanda. Catastrophe is natural, but sometimes it is orchestrated. The term "poisoner" is not fit to qualify a man called Francois Mitterrand. He is indeed a high qualified poisoner. The innumerable Rwandans who died were victims to the bloody killers trained by France. The Interahamwe militia was trained by presidential guards mostly trained in France. There was a Mitterrand-Habyarimana friendship, there was no friendship between Rwanda and France."

"We can ask the elders, because we are victimized by the elders, like that Egyptian one (Boutros Boutros Ghali) for whom our vote was really useless; it was rather the representative of President Habyarimana who voted for him. I think we got a lesson; every time in foreign relations, our diplomats will represent individuals rather than the population, we will stay in anarchy."

"I am speaking about the UN Secretary-General, Boutros Boutros Ghali, I think that I had a thought on the man earlier, and what he did was really predictable. At the beginning of the genocide, his employees, I mean UNAMIR to which he refused to allow to have the power to use fire force, saying it was not their job to do so, and they just watched as people were being butchered, and did not save anybody, except for a few young beautiful ladies. All this happened because the Arusha peace agreement was ignored, and was not implemented, and his Special Representative, the Cameroonian Roger Booh-Booh, played a big part in the failure, in fact, the destroyers of Rwanda are all foreigners."

"The government of undertakers was set up by Booh-Booh and the clansman of President Habyarimana, Bagosora. Rwanda was destroyed when Boutros Ghali knew and wanted it like Interahamwe militia, he was also saddened by the death of President Habyarimana."

→ "What did UNAMIR II come for? What is it doing in our country? It is also an evil-doer envoy. You must know for instance that Egyptian woman who organised tests for job applicants and when she realized that it was only the ethnic Tutsis who had succeeded, she cancelled the tests. That one is also to be considered as an Interahamwe militia woman and she should go to live in Goma. Many Interahamwe militia elements are among us, and we should know that, like a sickened potato, if you do not remove it early, it may infect other potatoes."

"In the opinion of Boutros Ghali, the International Tribunal should try only poor people, whose crimes were committed only this year 1994."

"We are tired of hearing these every-minute envoys who come to explain or to carry out investigations. Why is that when it is a matter of assisting the Interahamwe, Boutros Ghali goes there himself? He was yesterday in Geneva to find out ways of sending troops to protect the Interahamwe, even when they are attacking the aid workers. What kind of security he wants for his relatives in the camps, I call them his relatives, because he is the worst Interahamwe I know."

"They say that the suspected criminals will be tried in a foreign country, who will testify against them? How will I get a ticket in order to testify that Renzaho by himself came to choose people to be killed in the camp I lived... They want Interahamwe to come and live peacefully on the land where they massacred people; such a country that would favour impunity and save the wicked ones, would be the laughing stock in the world community?"

"Whether it is the UN, Boutros, Mitterrand, Kambanda or Bagosora, they all are the same, evil."

By Shyaka H.

Translation by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio/Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 19 Nov.94 - A cabinet meeting was held on Friday in Kigali under the chairmanship of the Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu and on the agenda discussed a document on the new information policy in Rwanda and the public administrative structure.

The government decided that the Rwandan Parliament will be set up on this November 25, and the new MPs will be sworn in that day.

The document on the new information policy in Rwanda that was discussed and approved, stresses the role of the press in strengthening national unity and reconciliation, freedom of speech, and equal treatment of political parties by the public news media.

The document also provides for the right of the government to close down any newspaper, television or radio station that breaches the convention signed with the government.

- "Rwandan neighbouring countries continue to turn a blind eye to the harassment of Rwandan nationals; e.g in Kenya, recent Rwandan refugees (Hutus) are harassing the Rwandan refugees who went into exile in 1959 (Tutsis) and Rwandan foreign mission employees in Kenya. Rwandan nationals among them survivors of massacres and diplomats are being expelled from that country. Kenya says it is aware of the problem, but that it cannot do anything to it. Meanwhile, the exiled Interahamwe elements in Kenya walk freely without any troubles, even if they cause troubles to other Rwandans. Will it be necessary for Rwandan government forces to go and keep security for Rwandan nationals in neighbouring countries?" Radio Rwanda announced on Saturday at 6:30.

-The Spokesman for World Food Programme (WFP) in Zaire says that food aid for Rwandan refugees in Zaire is still diverted by former Rwandan government soldiers and armed militia, while children in refugee camps are suffering from malnutrition.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio / Rwanda

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'Mugabo'.

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 18 Nov.94 - Radio Rwanda on Friday at 13:45 broadcast an interview with a former RPF representative to the UN, Claude Dusayide, who comments on the UN Security Council resolution 955. The interview is preceded by a Radio Rwanda introduction:

- The UN Security Council resolution 955, setting up the international tribunal to try cases of war crimes in Rwanda continues to be a controversial issue to some observers. Mr. Claude Dusayide, who is well versed with the UN working methods, said that by adopting the resolution without taking into consideration the wishes and ideas of the government of Rwanda, the UN risks making a mistake that may lead to its complete failure and enhance the restructuring of the body. The UN has already made a blunder when it withdrew its peace-keeping force from Rwanda while Rwandese people were being butchered. Mr. Claude Dusayide talked to Radio Rwanda: "It would be very sad for the UN to fail at this time; when the UN was created 50 years ago, it was created purposely, to make sure that there is no genocide again in the world. Because it was created after the genocide in Germany, and it was created with the purpose of making sure that such a thing would not happen again in the world. It is unfortunate that at the end of its 50 years, that another genocide of great proportions has taken place. It would be unfortunate therefore for the UN to celebrate its 50th anniversary having failed to deal effectively with mechanisms to prevent, stop or punish genocide again. So I think the ball is in the UN court; to make sure that it can boost its image, it should listen to the concerns of the Rwandese people, to the concerns of the Rwanda government and work together, cooperate with the Rwanda government, to see that we can help them polish up its image. Because at the end of 50 years, to have encountered yet another genocide, and to fail to deal with it, we would have serious repercussions, as to the purpose of the UN."

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio / Rwanda

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 18 Nov.94 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Thursday continued his tour in Butare prefecture and visited the communes of Nyaruhengeri, Kibayi, and Gishanvu, where he held meetings with the population to discuss problems of security. The population of Nyaruhengeri expressed their concern at a particular group of women living at Rango village and who are particularly hostile to Nyaruhengeri residents, and have caused the death of many of their people passing there, by denouncing them as being Interahamwe elements to RPA soldiers. The population also raised the problem of Interahamwe militia youth hiding in the bush on the Rwanda-Burundi border and attacking returnees.

"The UN has disappointed Rwandans by voting the resolution 955 on the creation of an International Tribunal to try those accused of being involved in the massacres in Rwanda, in ignorance of Rwanda's demands, and to redeem itself now, the UN should allow that the tribunal sit in Rwanda and a UN force be sent to Zaire to facilitate the safe return home of Rwandan refugees " Radio Rwanda announced on Thursday at 20:00.

-Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Thursday held a meeting in Kigali with representatives of NGOs operating in Gikongoro displaced people camps to discuss security in camps. The meeting concluded that "there is no reason for displaced people to stay in camps as security has been restored in the country."

Prime Minister Twagiramungu asked NGOs to urge displaced people to return home and said that "relief aid would be more beneficial if given at home".

At another meeting in Gikongoro between the prefect of Gikongoro and NGOs on Thursday to discuss security in camps, the representative of security forces announced that government forces are ready to insure security for NGOs workers whenever they will ask for assistance. The UNAMIR Ghanaian military information officer at Gikongoro said that UNAMIR is keeping security in the camps and had already handed over 6 suspected criminals to the government.

-China on Thursday donated to the Rwandan government an aid consisting of 500 blankets, 2,000 bed sheets, and anti-malaria drugs, to be used by the ministry of rehabilitation and social integration.

-The UNHCR on Thursday handed over to the Rwandan government an aid of 22 motorcycles to be used by the Ministry of Rehabilitation and Social Integration.

The head of gendarmerie in Kigali indicated on Thursday that the reason for widespread roadblocks and control in Kigali town on Thursday and seizure of some vehicles, was due to increasing insecurity arising from vehicles going without legal documents or plate numbers used by bandits in robbery acts.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
Broadcast Journalist
UN Radio / Rwanda



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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 17 Nov.94 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Wednesday visited the Gisagara subprefecture in Butare prefecture where he held a meeting with the population on the problem of lack of security. The problem of insecurity is partly linked to illegal seizure of property and especially farms belonging to the victims of massacres or exiled refugees.

The local administrators of Butare stressed the problem of distrust between the population and the army soldiers. The population complained about illegal arrests, revenge killings by RPA soldiers, and asked for the removal of Murehe camp for Rwandan refugees in Burundi, from where Interahamwe militia carry out incursions to cause insecurity in Butare. The population was informed that 30 RPA soldiers were being held in prison for involvement in the killings. As for the question of camps, President Bizimungu said that the question of Murehe camp as well as other camps is to be examined with NGOs which are responsible for refugees and displaced people.

-Rwandan Minister for Family and Women's Affairs, Aloysie Inyumba on Wednesday officiated the opening ceremony for women's week. Speaking on the occasion, she said that "80% of the civil war victims in Rwanda are women and children, among whom 85,000 non-accompanied children, 2,000 pregnant women from rape, and many more women raped and contaminated with venereal diseases and orphaned children who have not been registered yet."

-The Nigerian army chief of staff, General Abu Bakarr, on Wednesday arrived in Kigali with a message of solidarity from the Nigerian people and government to Rwandan people. He was on Wednesday received by Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu who praised Nigeria for contributing troops to UNAMIR.

-Rwandan Prime Minister Twagiramungu on Wednesday received in audience for talks the Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan, who briefed him on the outcome of his mission in Europe and Geneva meeting on the security in Rwandan refugee camp in Zaire. Ambassador Khan said that some European countries said they were ready to assist Rwanda.

- Rwandan Minister for Work and Social Affairs, Pie Mugabo on Tuesday visited Kibungo prefecture where live 260,000 inhabitants and he appreciated the population's dedication to work, estimating that in a month time, they will no longer depend on foreign assistance.

-Rwandan Minister for Health, Dr. Karemera on Wednesday reopened Gikondo health center, in Kigali town, rebuilt with the assistance of UNICEF.

Prepared by Manasse Mugabo
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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 16 Nov.94 - A cabinet meeting was held on Friday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda and dismissed the incumbent leaders of the National University of Rwanda (UNR) and appointed a new chancellor and two new vice-chancellors to replace them.

The cabinet meeting was informed that the talks between political parties on the sharing of seats in the parliament had reached conclusions. The political parties agreed on the sharing of the 19 seats of MRND party and its allied political parties, accused of being involved in the genocide. Six of those seats will be held by representatives of the army and gendarmerie. The names of MPs will be published some time soon and the MPs will be sworn in before the end of this November.

President Pasteur Bizimungu received on Tuesday for talks the Secretary-General of the Great Lakes Countries Economic Community (CPGL), Salvator Matata, who was on a mission to prepare the next CEPGL summit conference gathering the Heads of State of Burundi, Zaire, and Rwanda. The summit will be convened in a few days this November and will focus on the problems of security and economy in the sub-region.

- "As soon as the national judicial system has been set up, the Rwandan national tribunals will start trying suspected criminals involved in genocide in Rwanda" the Rwandan Minister for Justice Alphonse-Marie Nkubito on Tuesday announced on Radio Rwanda.

He also said that Rwanda has signed extradition treaties with Zaire, Uganda and Kenya, and will ask those countries to extradite people suspected of being involved in the genocide in Rwanda.

Radio Rwanda on Tuesday denounced a Belgian national named Alain Deboire for spreading false information to tarnish the image of Rwanda government to prevent Rwandan refugees in Zaire from returning home.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Nov.94 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Monday received in his office for talks the Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General for Rwanda, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan who briefed him on the outcome of the Geneva meeting on security in Rwandan refugee camps in Zaire. Ambassador Khan disclosed to Rwandan Head of State the contents of the UN draft resolution on the sending of a UN three-battalion police force to Zaire to insure security in Rwandan refugee camps and enable the safe return home of Rwandan refugees.

Ambassador Khan also informed President Bizimungu that a meeting of donor countries is planned to take place in Washington by the end of this November to find ways of creating a fund for the assistance to Rwanda.

President Bizimungu extended his thanks to the United Nations through Ambassador Khan for the organization's commitment to Rwandan problems.

-Rwandan Minister for Justice, Alphonse-Marie Nkubito in an interview with RFI (Radio France International) on Monday said that Rwanda had asked Belgium and France to extradite suspected criminals involved in the genocide in Rwanda to be tried by Rwandan national tribunals. Mr. Nkubito also renewed Rwanda's willingness to cooperate with the UN International Tribunal even if Rwanda's demands had been ignored by the UN Security Council.

Mr. Nkubito on Thursday announced in an interview with Radio Rwanda that he had given to the Belgian government a list of 10 suspected criminals involved in the genocide in Rwanda, who found refuge in Belgium. He equally indicated that Belgium would send a commission of experts to Rwanda to investigate the death of 10 Belgian soldiers members of UNAMIR, massacred in April 1994.

-MSF (Medecins sans Frontieres) on Monday decided to pull out of the Rwandan refugee camp of Bukavu in Zaire, where former Rwandan soldiers and armed militia have taken control of the camp. A spokesman for MSF on Monday announced that the NGOs operating in Zaire should protest against the diversion of aid supplies by former Rwandan soldiers and Interahamwe Militia, who use the aid to prepare for their war.

-Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Monday in an interview with two British journalists admitted that "some RPA soldiers had been involved in revenge killings but would be brought to justice" and called for displaced persons and refugees to return home.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 14 Nov.94 - President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Saturday visited Ntongwe commune in Gitarama prefecture to preach peaceful coexistence after killings of civilians had been reported there. Speaking at the population, President Bizimungu said that "this commune has been affected by worst massacres of ethnic Tutsis, now I hear that Tutsis are massacring Hutus, how long will this last? Are we doomed to live this way with cycles of massacres? We cannot solve problems by creating new problems," Radio Rwanda announced on Sunday at 19:00.

The population of Ntongwe asked for the government's support in availing farming tools and clearing landmines in Akanyaru valley to prepare it for cultivation.

-President Bizimungu on Sunday visited Ruhango subprefecture in Gitarama prefecture where he exchanged ideas with local administrators and held a meeting with the population to discuss the problem of lack of security. A representative of the population accused UNAMIR of harbouring, feeding, and advising criminals to stay where they are at Gikongoro camp for displaced people. A representative of UNAMIR, present at the meeting, denied the accusation and promised that he would discuss the problem with his UNAMIR colleagues.

The population and administrators of Ruhango complained about "incursions by criminals from Gikongoro camp for displaced people who cause insecurity in Gitarama communes." President Bizimungu "strongly warned the criminals against their acts of insecurity and encouraged the innocent people living in displaced person camps to return home as security has been restored."

-Armed clashes broke out on Friday at Musebeya, in Gikongoro prefecture, where a crowd of civilians armed with stones, pangas, spears and handgrenades attacked a vehicle of security forces and threw a handgrenade on soldiers who shot in the air to disperse the crowd. The crowd rather persisted in their attack forcing soldiers to shoot into the crowd leaving an undetermined number of people injured or dead. The UNAMIR has reported that over 7 civilians were killed. No casualty was reported on the part of the government soldiers, Radio Rwanda announced on Sunday at 12:45.

-A funeral ceremony for the remains of the victims of massacres, scattered all over the countryside, was on Sunday held at Muyumbu, in Bicumbi commune, in presence of the Minister for Public Service and Deputy Prime Minister Colonel Alexis Kanyarengwe and a representative of UNICEF. Other similar funeral ceremonies will be held also in other areas of the country where human remains as a result of massacres, still remain unburied, Radio Rwanda announced on Sunday at 19:00.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 12 Nov.94 - A cabinet meeting was held on Friday in Kigali under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda and discussed on the agenda mainly three issues : the restoration of Rwandan industries and the problems of government soldiers and Rwandan foreign mission employees.

The cabinet meeting noticed that in the 120 factories that were operational in Rwanda before the outbreak of the civil war in April, only 4 factories namely : Bralirwa (Beer brewing company), Rwandex (coffee processing factory), Cimerwa(Cement processing company) and Pfunda tea factory, are now operational. 50% of the Rwandan factories were damaged and looted and almost all of them lost their qualified employees who were either killed or fled the country.

The cabinet meeting also discussed and approved the draft presidential decree on the loan of 1.7 rwf billion pledged in November 1993 by the World Bank to support private enterprises in Rwanda.

The problems of the government soldiers and foreign mission employees were also examined partially without conclusions.

The New York Times newspaper on Friday quoted the Force Commander of UNAMIR, Guy Tousignant as saying that " Interahamwe militia elements have been carrying out incursions on Rwandan territory and that this could worsen the situation of insecurity if nothing is done to control security on border areas," Radio Rwanda announced on Friday at 19:00.

-Vice-President and Minister for Defense, Major-General Paul Kagame on Thursday announced in an interview with Radio Rwanda that " Rwanda will ask countries harbouring suspected criminals involved in the genocide in Rwanda to extradite them to Rwanda to be tried by the national tribunals." On the question of a reported impending attack by ex-government forces, Kagame answered that the current Rwandan army is capable and prepared to resolve any situation of armed attacks.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 11 Nov.94 - Rwandan Vice-President and Minister for Defense, Paul Kagame on Friday at 6:30 said that "we used all of our strength to push our demands to the UN Security Council which however ignored them and adopted the resolution 955...it is unfortunate Rwandan views were not given serious consideration, we have no other choice now than to cooperate with that international tribunal, by bringing to it enough evidence, to help it achieve its objectives. At the same time, we will find ways with our own national tribunals to punish the criminals, according to the Rwandan law, if necessary, we will even adopt a new law to punish the criminals in an exemplary way.

"Those people who are refusing to try and punish the criminals, are inciting the anger of the population which now may resort also to killings, knowing so well that there is no danger of punishment." a Radio Rwanda journalist announced on Friday at 6:02.

-President Hassan Mwinyi of Tanzania on Thursday asked the international community to help Tanzania transfer exiled Interahamwe militia men to the South of Tanzania or another country, because of their acts of insecurity, after 9 Interahamwe militia men were arrested for killing Tanzanian nationals.

-The UNHCR on Thursday said that "it ignored anything about reports of its vehicles bringing unregistered candidate students to Rwandan secondary schools in reaction to the accusations by the Ministry for Primary and Secondary Education for interference in Rwandan educational system" during the talks on Thursday between UNHCR representative and the Rwandan Minister for Education, P.C Rwigema.

-Visiting British representative to the Commonwealth Dr. Lilian on Thursday announced after her talks with Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu that "I do not understand why some countries require the restoration of security for resuming assistance to Rwanda, those countries should rather help Rwanda restore its own security."

"Tanzania has pledged to return back to Rwanda 3 Rwandan planes which are in Tanzania where they were brought by former Rwandan government officials" Rwandan Minister for Transport and Communications announced on Thursday at 19:00.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 10 Nov. 94 - " The Rwandan government takes note of the UN resolution 955 on the creation of an international tribunal to try those accused of the crime of genocide in Rwanda and will cooperate with the UN for the tribunal to achieve its objectives, even if we disapprove of some of the provisions of the resolution. We are not opposed to the creation of the international tribunal because we asked for it ourselves." the director of cabinet in the president's office, Emmanuel Gasana said on Thursday morning at 6:30.

Mr. Gasana also said that "we still disagree on the date from which people are to be tried for their crime and the death sentence issue, but our national tribunals will try everybody suspected of the crime of genocide regardless of when the crime was committed, even before January 1, 1994. We will continue to trace the criminals and punish them according to the Rwandan law. The problem is that some people will be tried by the international tribunal and others by the national tribunals and people guilty of the same crime will receive different sentences."

Rwandan Minister for Justice, Alphonse Nkubito said on Thursday morning that " the question is whether the international tribunal will be effective. Will it be effective? The Rwandan government will be waiting to see. We hope that the talks will go on with the UN to see how we can cooperate."

Radio Rwanda on Wednesday at 19:00 announced that " the UN Security Council on Tuesday ignored Rwanda's demands in its resolution 955 on the creation of an international tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda and showed clearly its bias in favour of criminals and its role in the genocide in Rwanda."

" What was the use of UN commissions of investigations on human rights abuses in Rwanda? Is the UN independent or not?"

-The UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali has proposed to the UN Security Council the sending of between 3,000 and 4,800 peace-keeping troops to Zaire to insure security in the camps for Rwandan refugees in Zaire. He thinks that the peace-keeping force might encourage refugees to return home.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 9 Nov. 94 - Rwandan Minister for Information and government's spokesman Jean Baptiste Nkuriyingoma on Monday announced that "the leaders of MRND party of President Juvenal Habyarimana can in no case be integrated into the current government, because they are guilty of the crime of genocide, and under the Arusha peace agreement, it is stipulated that a political party guilty of carrying out violence is to be excluded from the government and to be banned."

Mr. Nkuriyingoma asked for "innocent Rwandan refugees in neighbouring countries not to heed the remarks of those who tell them to wait for the integration of MRND party leaders in the government and return home".

-President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Tuesday in an interview with Radio Rwanda contradicted Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu, indicating that the Prime Minister was misquoted, by saying that "deep disagreement persisted between the Rwandan government and the UN Security Council on 5 points :

- 1) The UN wants only the trial of those accused of massacres after January 1, 94 while Rwanda wants those who planned the genocide before January 1, 1994 to be also tried.
- 2) The UN wants the tribunal to be based in a neighbouring country while Rwanda wants the tribunal to sit in Rwanda.
- 3) Rwanda wants to have a say in the appointment of judges for the tribunal while the UN is opposed to this.
- 4) The UN still rejects the death penalty while the Rwandan government demands the death sentence. We do not accept such manipulation of justice.
- 5) Rwanda wants imprisonment for convicts to take place in Rwanda for equal treatment of prisoners while the UN requires countries other than Rwanda."

President Bizimungu pointed out that "the UN wants symbolic trials while Rwanda requires real punishment for criminals; if the UN does not consider Rwanda's demands, we asked our representative in New York to reject the UN decision.

-The UN Security Council on Tuesday voted the resolution on the modalities of the setting up of an international tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda. Thirteen countries voted the resolution, China abstained and Rwanda voted against the resolution, as President Bizimungu had indicated before, in case Rwanda's demands were not considered. Further details will be brought later, Radio Rwanda announced on Wednesday morning at 6:30 .

- A meeting was on Tuesday held in Geneva under the auspices of the UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros Ghali to discuss the problem of insecurity in camps for Rwandan refugees in Zaire. The meeting examined the possibility of sending about 2,000 UN peace-keeping soldiers to Zaire to separate ex-soldiers and armed militia from innocent civilians.

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Kigali, 8 Nov.94 - Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Monday criticized France for not inviting Rwandan Head of State to the Franco-African summit due to open on Tuesday in France. "France justified its decision by saying that Rwanda did not show the will to take part in the meetingRwanda is a member state of francophone countries and was expecting to be invited. I hear that the summit has on the agenda the question of Rwanda, and it is my belief that the summit is not entitled to discuss the problem of Rwanda in the absence of Rwandan officials."

Radio Rwanda announced that "President Mitterrand of France did not invite Rwanda because he had fears of being asked about his role in the genocide in Rwanda, knowing that he himself armed and financed the authors of the genocide."

-A communique on Monday signed by the Rwandan Minister for Primary and Secondary Education, P.C Rwigema, strongly criticized the UNHCR for interfering in the Rwandan educational system, by bringing to Byimana teachers training school unregistered candidate students. Another strange war is waged, commented the Radio Rwanda journalist.

-The head of the UN commission of experts to carry out investigations on the massacres in Rwanda, Koffi Amega on Monday expressed reservations on the allegations that the RPA soldiers have been carrying out massacres, saying that "no evidence has been found so far," in an interview with Radio Rwanda.

-The UN Security Council is on Tuesday to vote a resolution on the modalities of the setting up of an international tribunal to try those accused of the crime of genocide in Rwanda, always over a disagreement between the UN and Rwanda on the issue of the death penalty, still demanded by Rwanda and however rejected by the UN.

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 7 Nov.94 - A communique from the office of the Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu on Sunday said that "in his discussions with the Legal Advisor to the UN Secretary-General, they had reached an agreement on all points except the issue of the death sentence, on the modalities of the setting up of an international tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda."

Prime Minister Twagiramungu indicated that "criminals must be punished according to the dimension of the committed crime to avoid the cycle of violence, and therefore, the death sentence must be applied for the authors of the genocide as provided under the Rwandan law."

-Speaking on Sunday at a news conference in Kigali, the Rwandan Minister for Information and government's spokesman, Jean Baptiste Nkuriyingoma announced that "Rwanda did not sign the convention on the abolishment of the death penalty. If the UN decides not to punish criminals, Rwanda will find a way to punish its criminals".

-Rwandan Vice-President Paul Kagame, who is also Minister for Defense, on Saturday said at the closing ceremony of the UNAMIR-organized training session for 99 gendarmes on policing and security matters, that "the way the international community is protecting criminals is an insult to Rwandans ... they go to Zaire and distribute food aid to armed criminals and refuse aid to good Rwandans inside Rwanda. We refuse the aid linked to our doing what they want."

- Radio Rwanda announced on Saturday in a news editorial that "the national as well as the independent news media in Rwanda have been since 1960 characterized by anti-Tutsi ethnic bigotry and it is high time a new press, free from ethnic bias and bad political influence, be established in Rwanda."

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 5 Nov. 94 - A delegation of African Women in Crisis (AFWC) including the head of the women's association on Friday ended their 3-day visit in Rwanda on a mission "to wish peace and show solidarity with our Rwandan sisters who suffered most from the effects of the massacres and war".

-The legal advisor to the UN Secretary-General arrived on Friday in Kigali to discuss contents of a draft resolution on the modalities of the setting up of an international tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda.

-In a communique issued on Friday after a cabinet meeting held under the chairmanship of President Pasteur Bizimungu, the Rwandan government underlined "its persisting disagreement with the UN Security Council on the issues of the location of the international tribunal to try those accused of the crime of genocide, the death penalty, the category of people to be tried, and the location for imprisonment of those convicted."

"The UN Security Council wants the tribunal to sit in The Hague or in Kenya, and rejects the death penalty, while Rwanda wants the tribunal to be based in Rwanda, and the death penalty to be enforced as provided under Rwandan law as an exemplary punishment to prevent any repeat of the genocide. We ask the UN Security Council to examine carefully Rwanda's demands, otherwise our government will not be satisfied with its decisions."

-The communique also says that Rwandan government was "shocked by the armed attacks from Zaire which claimed the lives of 36 civilians, even though Zaire and Rwanda had agreed that no attack would ever be allowed from one country to the other. We cannot understand why Rwandan refugees in Zaire are still armed, and we cannot understand either why the UNHCR keeps on feeding those criminals. Rwanda will write a letter of protest to Zaire and the UN for having done nothing to prevent violence on civilians."

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DAILY REPORT ON RADIO RWANDA PROGRAMMES

Kigali, 4 Nov.94 - UNAMIR on Thursday released the preliminary report on the massacre of 36 civilians on Sunday night in Gisenyi prefecture near the Zaire-Rwanda border. The report says that unidentified armed attackers may have infiltrated from across Zairian border.

- Rwandan Vice-President Paul Kagame, who is also Minister for Defense, on Thursday for the first time condemned the conduct of soldiers who are involved in revenge killings and banditry acts, while visiting the troops in Kibungo prefecture.

-15 NGOs on Thursday issued a statement in Nairobi warning that they may withdraw from the camps for Rwandan refugees in Zaire where it becomes increasingly dangerous to work because of the escalation of violence carried out by armed ex-soldiers and militia. The NGOs ask for the international community to send peace-keeping troops there to insure security.

-The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General in Rwanda, Shaharyar Khan, on Thursday left Kigali for a 10-day tour in Europe, where he will visit Belgium, France, Great Britain and Germany, to ask for increased assistance to Rwanda.

-The problem of children in Rwandan prisons for suspected involvement in the massacres was on Thursday the subject of talks between Rwandan Minister for family and women's affairs, Aloysie Inyumba, and visiting German Rhineland Minister for sports and interior, Walter Zuber.

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Kigali, 2 Oct. 94 - " 36 civilians were on Sunday night massacred in the secteur Nyanzovu in Rwerere commune and secteur Byahi in Rubavu commune, in Gisenyi prefecture, on the border area between Rwanda and Zaire. The killers are not known, but are believed to be Interahamwe militia men infiltrated from their refuge in Zaire. The victims belong to 3 families, Radio Rwanda announced Tuesday, citing the army commander of the area, Colonel Charles Kayonga.

- Radio Rwanda also on Tuesday reported that the NGO Care International decided to withdraw its workers from Gisenyi area following insecurity acts.

- Continued insecurity was on Tuesday reported in Kibuye prefecture due to "illegally held weapons by Interahamwe militia men who live in their hideouts at the countryside."

-Radio Rwanda on Tuesday announced" continued talks over the setting up of an international tribunal on the genocide in Rwanda. Rwanda government wants death penalty to be enforced as stipulated under the Rwandan law and the tribunal to be based in Rwanda, while the UN Security Council is opposed to death penalty and wants the tribunal to sit in the Hague in Netherlands. Definitive decision will come on Monday with a vote in the UN Security Council."

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Kigali, 31 Oct.94 - The outgoing prefect of Cyangugu prefecture Cheikh Abdul Karim on Saturday said that " some people refuse to send their children to school or to have their children vaccinated because of unfounded fears that their children may be killed by RPA soldiers."

(The same attitude has been reported in Ruhengeri prefecture where some Hutu parents equally refuse to send their children to school.)

-President Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda on Saturday left Kigali for a working visit to Kuwait on a mission to relaunch bilateral cooperation between the two countries.

- The UN three-member commission of experts led by Koffi Amega on Saturday arrived in Kigali to continue their work with the investigations on the massacres in Rwanda.

- A special envoy of President Mobutu of Zaire, Mr.Ngwanda, on Sunday arrived in Kigali with a message to President Bizimungu. The message is related to the question of Rwandan refugees in Zaire.

-In the army programme on Sunday 19:30 ,the head of security in Kigali city admitted that " there is a serious problem of civilians who present themselves as soldiers and carry out abuses on civilians".

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Kigali, 29 Oct.94 - Rwandan government Friday published the list of newly-appointed prefects of prefectures. The new prefects are mainly males and civilians, except for the prefect of Kigali city who is a military woman, Major Rose Kabuye.

-The Rwandan Ministry of Transport on Friday decided to reduce by half the price of transport in the country for passengers in collective taxis and public buses. In Kigali city, the price of transport is reduced from 100 rwf to 50 rwf, with effect starting from November 1, 94.

- Radio Rwanda on Friday reported acts of insecurity in Butare prefecture where "banditry-related attacks in Gishamvu commune left 7 people killed Thursday night in one incident and in another incident Wednesday left 1 bandit killed and 1 gendarme injured in a grenade attack."

- Rwandan Minister for Information Friday announced that 6 newspapers including one official newspaper Imvaho are now operational in Rwanda. He also indicated that over 35 journalists, mainly of the private press, were killed during the massacres.

-Rwandan Prime Minister Faustin Twagiramungu Friday closed the international seminar in Kigali on human rights and reconstruction of Rwanda. The seminar made recommendations on the problems of impunity, justice, repatriation of refugees and reconstruction.

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