

UNAMIR

SPOKESMAN'S REPORTS TO NEW YORK AND GENEVA 2 NOV 1995 - 5 MAR 1996

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX

MIR NO: 1081
MISC NO:

UNAMIR PAGE 1 OF 7
1996 MAR -5 4 12 50
5 March 1996

TO: MS.THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTOR, INFORMATION UNITED NATIONS, GENEVA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 5 March 1996	

General

The overall military situation remains stable throughout Rwanda.

Security wise attacks and shootings continue to happen here and there in the communes. The latest occurred in Gitarama (Sector 2) where two businessmen were attacked and robbed; in Gisenyi (Sector 5) seven armed men shot at two persons causing luckily minor injuries.

Returnees

The total daily inflow has been very low the last several days: less than 200 from all neighbouring countries.

Humanitarian

As mentioned in earlier reports UNAMIR Force continues, aside of fulfilling its part of the mandate, to assist Rwandese Government, International Organizations as well as local and international NGOs in different aspects. As such Force Engineering companies provided two dumpers for UNHCR in Gisenyi for Nkamera transit camp.

The Force signal company provided one truck to the local NGO ARDEC for the transportation of firewood from RUNDA to RUGALIKA.

Ghana coy provided two vehicles to SOS Rwanda for transportation of furniture from Kigali to SOS village at Nagama in Byumba prefecture.

UNAMIR medical staff treated 103 medical and 10 dental patients.

All above under Humanitarian component of activities were performed on Monday 4 February 1996.

UNAMIR
1996 MAR -5 1:00

Rwandan government. Furthermore, upon UNAMIR's departure UN agencies will need to strengthen their collaboration in order to benefit from common services on a cost-effective basis, so that the bulk of their assistance can benefit Rwanda directly.

In order to coordinate the United Nations assistance to National recovery and Rehabilitation of the Country, the Rwandan Government accepts the proposal of the United Nations Secretary General to maintain the office of the special representative in Kigali for a period of six months. In addition to coordinating all UN activities, the special representative should monitor political developments and use his good offices to support the promotion of peace and national reconciliation.

Appropriate UN Agencies, in addition to those already present in Rwanda such as UNDP, UNICEF, UNHCR etc. should concentrate their common initiatives in the following areas of activities:-

1. Repatriation of refugees.
2. Resettlement of returnees & Internally displaced .
3. Support for survivors of genocide.
4. Justice & Human Rights.
5. Improvement of detention centres.
6. Institutional capacity building.
7. Infrastructure rehabilitation.
8. National Reconciliation.

A trust fund for rehabilitation and reconstruction should be pursued as a mechanism for the donor countries to contribute resources to enable the government and UN agencies to undertake these recovery and rehabilitation activities, but should make the disbursement of required funds easy.

A. Repatriation of Refugees:-

Repatriating all Rwandese nationals would promote the process of national reconciliation. The Government is committed to the unconditional return of all Rwandan nationals to the Country. Bilateral and multilateral agreements have been reached between the government of Rwanda and the governments of neighbouring countries on the repatriation mechanism.

The government has translated its commitment to the return of refugees through the following actions:-

1. Advocacy for national reconciliation.
2. Restoration of security within our borders.

3. Discouraging revenge through enforcement of law and order.
4. Promoting a culture of transparency by, for example, allowing human rights monitors throughout the country.
5. Enforcement of laws governing Property Rights.
6. Resettlement and reintegration of returnees both in the administration, army and in other social structures.

These measures have already led to the return of 2,272,000 in only one year. The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) has played an instrumental role in the conclusion of repatriation agreements with neighbouring countries and should continue to be the lead agency during the repatriation process. Resources should be made available so that the UNHCR could continue to coordinate and cooperate closely on that matter with the International Organization for Migration (IOM) and the World Food Programme (WFP).

B. Resettlement of Returnees and Internally Displaced Persons.

During the Thematic Consultation on Refugees held in Kigali in November 1995, the government of Rwanda presented to the International Community a plan of action for the repatriation, resettlement and social reinsertion of refugees and internally displaced persons.

This plan of action indicates priority actions which are estimated to cost \$ 131 million over the next 3 years to resettle and offer support for the socio-economic reintegration of all refugees coming back to the country and internally displaced persons.

The Ministry of Rehabilitation and Social Integration (MINIREISO) will continue to require support from the UNDP to strengthen its capacities to support, coordinate and monitor the implementation of the plan of action at the national and Prefectoral level. The UNDP, through the various specialised UN agencies, such as the UN center for Human Settlement (HABITAT) and the UN office for project services, should continue to support resettlement and social reintegration in, respectively, urban areas and rural areas. The UNHCR will be expected to facilitate first stage resettlement through the provision of reinstallation Kits and shelter material.

C. Support for the Survivors of Genocide.

The genocide of 1994 left hundreds of thousands of people, such as handicapped, widows, orphans or unaccompanied children, elderly, etc. in Rwanda in deplorable living conditions. These vulnerable groups could be assisted by the United Nations Children Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Women Fund (UNIFEM), UN Centre for Human Settlement (HABITAT) and World Food Programme (WFP), who will develop, in close

P67

collaboration with the government as well as international and local Non-governmental organizations, targeted assistance projects and programmes to reduce the vulnerability of these groups.

D. HUMAN RIGHTS AND JUSTICE

1. International Tribunal for Rwanda

The Government of Rwanda recognizes the complementarity of the mandate of the International Tribunal for Rwanda to its own action to bring to justice the Rwandese presumed guilty of acts of genocide and will continue to support its work in the country. The UN Secretary General should continue to mobilize both human and financial resources for the tribunal so that it can accomplish its task.

2. Monitoring of Human Rights Situation

The Government of Rwanda recognize the importance of the monitoring of the human rights situation in the country as a factor contributing to the establishment of a climate of confidence. The UN Human Rights Operation in Rwanda will thus continue to monitor the human rights situation in the country, carry out investigations on acts of genocide for the International Tribunal for Rwanda and promote post-conflict confidence building.

3. Rehabilitation of the Judiciary and Improvement of Detention Conditions

The rehabilitation of the judiciary is one of the main priority of the Government of Rwanda and it will continue to need the assistance of the international community in order to support its proper functioning over the years to come. The United Nations Development Programme and its executing agency in that sector the UN Department for Development Services and Management Support (UNDDSMS) will be requested to continue to provide assistance to strengthen national capacity and support the coordination of external assistance in that sector.

Following the tragic events of 1994 during which thousands of criminals participated to the genocide of up to 1 million persons, large number of Rwandese are currently in custody. Detention conditions in Rwanda have been largely recognized as being below human standards and should be radically improved. The United Nations Department for Humanitarian Affairs (UNDHA) will be requested to continue to bring to the attention of the International Community the need for their support to improve the detention conditions. The United Nations Development Programme, in collaboration with the Government, will continue the implementation of the rehabilitation work.

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E. HUMAN SECURITY

1. Internal Security

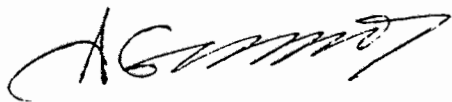
The Government of Rwanda has already started to reorganize and strengthen its Gendarmerie and Communal Police and has expressed its intention to proceed to the demobilization of part of its army. The United Nations Development Programme will continue to provide support to the strengthening of Rwandese Gendarmerie and Communal Police, particularly in the areas of training and non lethal equipment, and the World Bank will support the preparation and implementation, in collaboration with other agencies such as the International Organization for Migration and UNICEF, of a comprehensive demobilization and social reinsertion programme.

D. TRUST FUND FOR REHABILITATION AND RECONSTRUCTION OF RWANDA

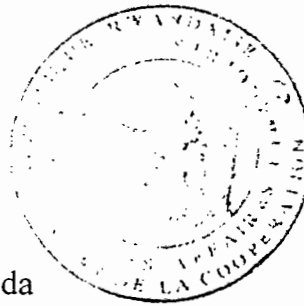
It is suggested that financing of the above mentioned activities be provided by bilateral and multilateral donors through the expanded Trust Fund for rehabilitation and reconstruction of Rwanda. All funds contributed will be managed by a committee composed of representatives of the Rwandese Government, bilateral and multilateral donors and United Nations agencies. UNDP will assure the secretariat of the committee and will report to donors on the use of the funds.

The Government of Rwanda takes this opportunity to renew its commitment to the principles and ideals of the United Nations, and wishes to express its great appreciation for the sacrifices and contributions UNAMIR personnel have made during their tenure in Rwanda.

Please accept, your Excellency, the expression of my Government's compliments and highest consideration.



Dr. Anastase GASANA
Minister of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation



c.c. H.E. The President of the Republic of Rwanda
" H.E. The Vice President and Minister of Defence
" H.E. The Prime Minister



OUTGOING FAX

MIR NO:
MISC NO:

1082

UNAMIR
1996 MAR -5 A 12:50

PAGE 1 OF 7

5 March 1996

TO: MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 212 963-7055 212 963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 5 MARCH 1996	

General

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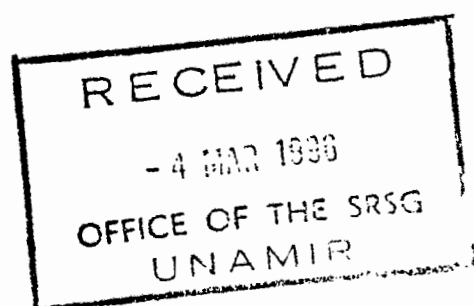
All above under Humanitarian component of activities were performed on Monday 4 February 1996.

UNAMIR/UNAMIR
1996 MAR -5 A 12:55

UNAMIR Mandate

The Rwandese Government has addressed a letter signed by the Foreign Minister to the Secretary-General of the United Nations dated 1st March 1996, the text of which is attached.

Best regards.



1st March, 1996

**REPUBLIC OF RWANDA
MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
& COOPERATION
P. O. BOX 179
KIGALI**

His Excellency Boutros-Boutros Ghali
United Nations Secretary General
United Nations
New York

**RE: THE GOVERNMENT OF RWANDA'S PROPOSAL FOR CONTINUED
UNITED NATIONS ASSISTANCE TO NATIONAL RECOVERY AND
REHABILITATION OF THE COUNTRY.**

In the 1994 Genocide over one Million people were brutally murdered. Each village in Rwanda was affected with about 4 million people internally displaced and 2.5 million refugees lured into exile by the perpetrators of genocide.

The tragedy has left a big problem of orphans, widows, and other helpless people who survived death but have hardly any means of survival. The National wealth, including money in Banks, was looted and both the physical and economic infrastructures were completely destroyed.

The government of Rwanda has stopped genocide and restored relative peace and security, but it is still confronted with the enormous task of rebuilding a nation shattered by genocide. Given the fact that Rwanda lacks adequate resources, the government appeals to the international community to mobilize both bilaterally and multilaterally, and particularly through the United Nations system, for the recovery and rehabilitation of post-genocide Rwanda.

OFFICE OF THE UN SECRETARY-GENERAL SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE

With the end of UNAMIR's peacekeeping mandate on 8 March 1996, there will still be need for meeting specific post-genocide peace building requirements and for undertaking rehabilitation and reconstruction of the country for which UN agencies should increase

P4/7

Rwandan government. Furthermore, upon UNAMIR's departure UN agencies will need to strengthen their collaboration in order to benefit from common services on a cost-effective basis, so that the bulk of their assistance can benefit Rwanda directly.

In order to coordinate the United Nations assistance to National recovery and Rehabilitation of the Country, the Rwandan Government accepts the proposal of the United Nations Secretary General to maintain the office of the special representative in Kigali for a period of six months. In addition to coordinating all UN activities, the special representative should monitor political developments and use his good offices to support the promotion of peace and national reconciliation.

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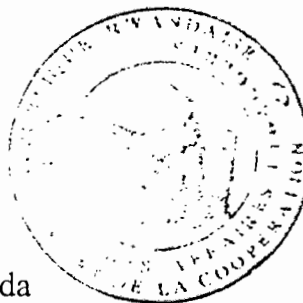
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Dr. Anastase GASANA
Minister of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation



c.c. H.E. The President of the Republic of Rwanda
" H.E. The Vice President and Minister of Defence
" H.E. The Prime Minister



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX

MIR NO:
MISC NO:

963

Action to: 1 UNIES
3
4
27 FEB 1996
PAGE 1 OF 1
1996 FEB 26 26 February 1996
1:05

TO: MS.THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTOR, INFORMATION UNITED NATIONS, GENEVA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 26 FEBRUARY 1996	

General

The overall military situation in Rwanda remains stable. The situation along the border areas is still tense.

The overall security situation continues to be of concern with ongoing alleged Interhamwe activities; notably in sectors 2 Gitarama, and 5 Gisenyi - clashes with RPA followed by arrests and death of infiltrators are reported.

Refugees

629 returnees entered Rwanda on Friday 23 February 1996. 444 from Uganda, 39 from Burundi and 146 from Zaire. Less than a hundred were recorded in the past week-end.

Humanitarian

UNAMIR Force continues its daily assistance to Rwanda: Government bodies, local NGOs as well as international organizations and NGOs by providing transport, deploying excavators and dozers, despatching returnees, donating goods and materials and treating rwandese patients.

UNAMIR Force State

As of 23 February 1996 the UNAMIR Force State is as follow:

-	Contingent:	1230
-	Staff:	22
-	Milobs:	146
	Total	1398.

Best regards.

1996 FEB 26 P 1:09
UNAMIR



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX

MIR NO: 424
MISC NO: 18

1996 FEB 20 D 5 54
20 February 1996

TO: MR. AHMED FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 212 963-7055 212 963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 20 FEBRUARY 1996	

Refugees

There has been an increase in the number of returnees from Burundi during the past week, possibly due to prevailing situation in Burundi as also due to the visit by Rwandan and UNHCR officials. There has been no appreciable change in the number of returnees from Zaire as well.

Total inflow for 19 February was 59, all from Zaire.

Total inflow for the month of February to-date is 1734.

Breakdown of camps and number of refugees are as follows (as of 14 February 1996):

- Zaire: 33 camps and 1 800 000 refugees.
- Burundi: 5 camps and 100 000 refugees.
- Tanzania: 13 camps and 600 000 refugees.

Returnees in 1995 total to - 39 649 from Burundi; 12 521 from Tanzania; 72 367 from Zaire and 100 288 from Uganda.

For the month of January 1996 the returnees in Rwanda have been counted to be 5 129 from Burundi; 749 from Tanzania, 666 from Uganda and 7 730 from Zaire for a total of 14 274.

General

The overall military situation is stable throughout Rwanda. Situation along the border areas remains tense.

Best regards.

Ismael Diallo



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX

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Stamp: 1996 FEB 20
Stamp: 21 FEB 1996
Stamp: PAGE 1 OF 1

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MIR NO:
MISC NO: -221

UNAMIR

20 February 1996

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTOR, INFORMATION UNITED NATIONS, GENEVA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Handwritten signature: Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 20 FEBRUARY 1996	

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Handwritten signature: Ismael A. Diallo



UNAMIR MINUAR

MIR NO:
MISC NO:

OUTGOING FAX

Action to:
DIALLO
17 FEB 1996
UNAMIR
PAGE 1 OF 1
1996 FEB 16
16 February 1996
Spokesman

TO: MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 212 963-7055 212 963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 16 FEBRUARY 1996	

General

The overall military situation in Rwanda continues to be stable. Situation along the borders remains tense.

Refugees

As per the resolutions adopted by the tripartite meeting between UNHCR, Burundi and Rwanda, held on 29-30 January 1996 in Bujumbura, all Rwandan refugees camps in Burundi are to be closed with effect from Thursday 15 February 1996.

2082 refugees entered Rwanda from Burundi on 15 February 1996;

387 came in from Tanzania and 171 from Zaire.

Total in for Thursday 15 February 1996 is 2640.

Force level

UNAMIR force level as of 15 February 1996 is as follows:

- Contingent	1230
- Staff	26
- MILOBs	146
- Total	1402

Best regards.

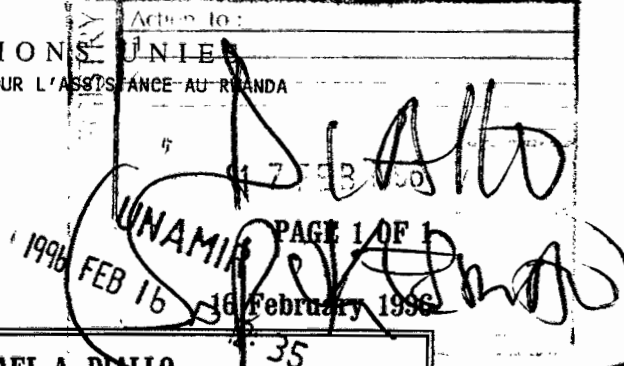
1996 FEB 16 P 12:37
UNAMIR



UNAMIR MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX

MIR NO: *F26*
MISC NO:



TO: MS.THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTOR, INFORMATION UNITED NATIONS, GENEVA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 16 FEBRUARY 1996	

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UNAMIR
1996 FEB 16 P 12:38



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX

UNAMIR

PAGE 1 OF 2

14 February 1996

TO: MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL		FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI	
FAX NO:	212 963-7055 212 963-1899	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 14 FEBRUARY 1996			

Refugees

The SRSB along with the Rwandan Foreign Minister witnessed the handing over ceremony where the Zaire Government handed over certain weapons and equipments taken by FRGF during their retreat to Zaire to the Rwandan Government officials on 13 February 1996 at the Zaire/Rwandan border in Gisenyi. The following weapons/equipments were handed over to the Rwandan Government by Zaire, which were transported into Rwanda with UNAMIR assistance, (less the heli which will be transported on 14 February 1996).

(1)	BL TUBE 37 MM	=	04
(2)	MI AA 14.5 MM	=	01
(3)	LR 107 MM	=	04
(4)	MOR 120 MM	=	03
(5)	AMN 14.5	=	300
(6)	VBL	=	02
(7)	LYNX	=	02
(8)	AML 60	=	03
(9)	POSTE THOMPSON	=	02
(10)	OBUS 90 MM	=	15
(11)	OBUS 60 MM	=	42
(12)	CARTS 7.62 OTAN	=	529
(13)	CARTS 7.62 MM	=	595
(14)	GAZELLE HEPTER	=	01
(15)	CANNON 122 MM	=	02
(16)	HOW 105 MM	=	02

The SRSB reviewed plan presented by UNHCR to accept large number of refugees in case they return to Rwanda from Zairian camps. Unfortunately there was no significant returnees despite encircling of one of the camps by Zairian forces.

An accidental discharge from one of the rifles being handed over by Zaire to Rwanda wounded a RPA soldier during the transshipment of equipments, after the handing over ceremony at the Gisenyi border post.

Spokesman

Border crossing

Total inflow for the day is 300. 114 came from Tanzania and 186 came from Burundi.

Total inflow for the month todate is 11936.

Humanitarian

326 returnees arrived at Ruyenzi ows from Nkamira. 419 returnees were despatched by UNHCR to Gisenyi and Kigali village. 379 persons are awaiting evacuation.

Force engineer coy deployed one dozer for transit camp in Cyangugu, deployed one excavator cum digger and two dumpers for RPA in Kigali, despatched one dozer and dumpers to Gisenyi for UNHCR and MILOBs and also provided one vehicle to ARDEC for transportation of wood/bricks.

Force signals coy continued activating Rwandatel local lines in Kigali and provided one truck to ARDEC for transportation of wood from Runda to Kibaya.

UNAMIR medical staff treated 106 medical and 13 dental patients.

Best regards.



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX

Flour - 783

MIR NO:

MISC NO: *199*

UNAMIR

PAGE 1 OF 2

1996 FEB 14 14 February 1996

TO: MS.THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTOR, INFORMATION UNITED NATIONS, GENEVA		FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI	
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030		PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090	
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 14 FEBRUARY 1996			

Refugees

The SRSB along with the Rwandan Foreign Minister witnessed the handing over ceremony where the Zaire Government handed over certain weapons and equipments taken by FRGF during their retreat to Zaire to the Rwandan Government officials on 13 February 1996 at the Zaire/Rwandan border in Gisenyi. The following weapons/equipments were handed over to the Rwandan Government by Zaire, which were transported into Rwanda with UNAMIR assistance, (less the heli which will be transported on 14 February 1996).

(1)	BL TUBE 37 MM	=	04
(2)	MI AA 14.5 MM	=	01
(3)	LR 107 MM	=	04
(4)	MOR 120 MM	=	03
(5)	AMN 14.5	=	300
(6)	VBL	=	02
(7)	LYNX	=	02
(8)	AML 60	=	03
(9)	POSTE THOMPSON	=	02
(10)	OBUS 90 MM	=	15
(11)	OBUS 60 MM	=	42
(12)	CARTS 7.62 OTAN	=	529
(13)	CARTS 7.62 MM	=	595
(14)	GAZELLE HEPTER	=	01
(15)	CANNON 122 MM	=	02
(16)	HOW 105 MM	=	02

The SRSB reviewed plan presented by UNHCR to accept large number of refugees in case they return to Rwanda from Zairian camps. Unfortunately there was no significant returnees despite encircling of one of the camps by Zairian forces.

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Ismael A. Diallo



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX - 030

UNAMIR
MIR NO:
MISC NO: 004

SPokesman
I. Diallo
UNAMIR
PAGE 1 OF 1
1996 JAN - 4 4 January 1996

TO: MS.THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTOR, INFORMATION UNITED NATIONS, GENEVA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 4 JANUARY 1996	

Border Crossing

On 3 January 1996 a total of 148 refugees crossed the border into Rwanda. All came from Zaire.

726 persons crossed in from Burundi on 28 and 29 December 1995.

From Tanzania, 25 on 02 January 1996 and 20 persons on 03 January 1996.

The total inflow for the first three days of January 1996 is 223.

Security

The overall military situation is stable throughout Rwanda.

The security situation is, as usual, characterized by daily arrests of some persons on the ground of having participated in the genocide, or assisting infiltrators, or holding arms. Some arrests result in firing with casualties.

Humanitarian

UNAMIR force continues its daily assistance in transporting goods and equipment for NGOs and UN agencies.

UNAMIR medical staff also treats Rwandese. Daily 255 medical and 19 dental patients were treated on 03 January 1996.

Best regards.



UNAMIR MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX - 029

PAGE 1 OF 1

4 January 1996

TO: MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 212 963-7055 212 963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 4 JANUARY 1996	

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Best regards.



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX

Flant-7039

MIR NO: -
MISC NO: 4136

Spokesman

UNAMIR

PAGE 1 OF 1

1995 DEC 28 05:15 28 December 1995

TO: MS.THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTOR, INFORMATION UNITED NATIONS, GENEVA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 ✓	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 28 DECEMBER 1995	

Security

The overall military situation throughout Rwanda remains stable.

Security along the border areas continues to be tense.

Security across the country is undermined by daily arrests of individuals for different reasons and discoveries of some dead bodies. Infiltrations of FRGF elements are also frequently reported.

Refugees

- Total INFLOW for 27 December is 424; 264 came from Zaire and 160 from Burundi.
- Total INFLOW for the 27 days of December is 5032.
- UNHCR is anticipating the arrival of several thousands of returnees in the first part of January 96 from Zaire, Tanzania and Uganda.

Humanitarian

UNAMIR Force continues its daily humanitarian assistance in addition to its own mission. Thus, on 27 December 1995:

- MALICOY provided nine trucks to transport 264 refugees from Butare to Kibaye, Tianza, Muganza and Muniva communes;
- MALAWICOY provided one truck to Gisuma commune to transport gravel;
- Force ENG Coy deployed an excavator Cum digger in Gitarama prison for sanitary facilities and provided one truck NGO ARDEC for transporting wood;
- UNAMIR medical staff treated 218 medical and 20 dental patients.

Best regards and Happy New Year.

Spokesman



UNAMIR MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX

MIR NO: - 4342
MISC NO:

UNAMIR

Spokesman
UNAMIR
1995 DEC 28 28 December 1995
PAGE 1 OF 1

TO: MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL		FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>	
FAX NO:	212 963-7055 212 963-1899 ✓	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 28 DECEMBER 1995			

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Best regards and Happy New Year.

Spokesman ✓



UNAMIR - MINUAR

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 27 A 10:25

PAGE 1 OF 6

OUTGOING FAX NO. 7013
MIR NO.
MISC NO. 4118

27 décembre 1995

A:	M. CHEIKH GAYE DIRECTEUR, BUREAU DE LIAISON DE LA MINUAR KINSHASA, ZAIRE	DE:	ISMAEL A. DIALLO DIRECTEUR EXECUTIF I.a et PORTE-PAROLE, MINUAR KIGALI <i>I. Diallo</i>
FAX NO:	212-376-9466 <i>ok</i>	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
OBJET:			

Veuillez trouver en annexe communiqué de presse et le rapport sur l'aide humanitaire.

Je vous en souhaite bonne réception et vous renouvelle mes amitiés.

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 27 A 11:28

MR. I. A. DIALLO



Office of the Spokesman

PRESS RELEASE

UNAMIR NR 95-50

26 December 1995

PEACE-KEEPING OPERATIONS IN 1995

- ✧ The year started with 17 operations with a total strength of more than 69,000 from 77 countries.
- ✧ It is ending with 16 operations (withdrawal from Somalia in March 1995) with a total strength of about 50,000 from 80 countries.
- ✧ Loss of life among peace-keeping totalled 89 during 1995 compared to 144 in 1994 and 203 in 1993.
- ✧ The total peace-keeping budget for 1995 was around \$3 billion. Bosnia, of course, was the largest operation ever mounted by the United Nations.
- ✧ The year started with the successful conclusion of the UN operation in Mozambique (ONUMOZ) in January.
- ✧ The United Nations operation in El Salvador (ONUSAL) also came to a successful conclusion at the end of April 1995.
- ✧ In Haiti, the transition from the multinational force led by the United States to the United Nations Mission in Haiti (UNMIH) was successfully completed by the end of March 1995 and presidential elections were held successfully on 17 December 1995.
- ✧ In Rwanda, the peace-keeping mission was given a final three-month mandate until 8 March 1996 with a six-week phasing-out period in March and April next year.

For more information, please contact the Office of the Spokesman in Kigali: phone: 84496, 84539, 84510 ext: # 11075 or 11077.

*P 2/6
misc 4/18*



Office of the Spokesman

26 December 1995

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE - 11 - 17 DECEMBER 1995**General**

There is a slow but definite improvement in the humanitarian assistance situation all over the country. Through its Humanitarian Assistance Cell (HAC), UNAMIR continues to ensure positive coordination of that assistance, in concerted efforts with the Humanitarian Assistance Coordination Unit (HACU) of the Rehabilitation Ministry, other UN agencies and NGOs. A number of requests received are not strictly of a humanitarian nature, but are all the same handled in that category, to support the country's socio-economic recovery.

The following are some of the activities undertaken in the last week:

- HAC conducted a briefing session for NGOs at HACU offices, in the Rehabilitation Ministry.
- In Gitarama, the MILOBs delivered 100 body bags and plastic sheetings for the reburial of genocide victims in Rutobwe commune and 100 blankets to Sisters of Sacred Heart of St. Anne for orphans at that centre in Runda commune.
- INDBATT provided two trucks to Cyeza orphanage.
- MILOBs rescued and transferred three seriously injured victims of road accident to Kabgayi hospital.
- LFW and CARITAS are assisting in the reconstruction of houses in Kigoma and Ntongwe communes, while the Salvation Army is constructing new houses in Kayenzi commune.
- Assist and LWF are undertaking agricultural and rehabilitation programmes in Mugina commune.
- ARDEC completed the reconstruction of 100 houses in Runda commune, in a self-help project for widows.
- LWF is engaged in repair of damaged houses in Tambwe commune and Ntongwe commune.

P 3/6
MISC 4/118

- ICRC continues to provide medical assistance to prisoners in the various communal detention cells.
- In Kibungo, GHANCOY medics treated and discharged 180 local patients and 18 dental patients at their RAP over the week.
- UNHCR has organized the visits of the representatives of refugees from Tanzania in a bid to promote massive repatriation.
- WFP is assisting in a housing project to be undertaken jointly with UNDP in Rusumo commune.
- In Gikongoro, the Humanitarian Cell took delivery of a large quantity of Oral Rehydration Salts (ORS) which it is in the process of distributing to hospitals/health centres and clinics in Gikongoro.
- The Humanitarian Cell provided transport assistance to the Préfet of Gikongoro to enable him discharge his duties in remote communes.
- In Butare, an Italian NGO (LVIA) started assisting to run a local clinic in Kibaye commune. The Organization provided drugs, medical materials and staff allowances.
- With anticipated greater influx of returnees, UNHCR is carrying out a feasibility study to set up a transit camp at Nyamasheke, in Cyangugu.
- WFP continued to provide food to the orphanage at Kibogora, in Cyangugu.
- In Gisenyi, HAC coordinated with NICOY the delivery of school supplies for the communes of Ramba, Kibilira, Kanama, Mutura, Rubavu and Nyamyumba. HAC distributed donated items to the orphanages in Murara and Nyundo.
- All NGOs in Gisenyi continued logistic preparations in the prospect of a massive repatriation exercise.
- UNHCR continued with the daily repatriation process and preparations and coordination with other NGOs in readiness for a sudden influx of returnees.

For more information, please contact the Office of the Spokesman in Kigali: phone: 84496, 84539, 84510 ext.: # 11075 or 11077.

P4/6
misc4118



Bureau du Porte-parole

26 décembre 1995

AIDE HUMANITAIRE, 11-17 DECEMBRE 1995

La situation humanitaire générale du pays s'améliore visiblement. Par sa cellule d'aide humanitaire, le HAC (de l'anglais: Humanitarian Assistance Cell), la MINUAR continue d'assurer la bonne coordination de cette assistance dans des efforts concertés avec l'Unité de coordination de l'aide (HACU) du Ministère de la Réhabilitation, avec les organisations du système des Nations Unies et les ONG.

Certaines requêtes reçues ne sont pas de nature strictement humanitaire; elles sont cependant prises en considération et quelques unes sont rapportées ci-dessous.

Ci-après, les principales activités en matière d'aide humanitaire entreprises durant la semaine du 11 au 17 décembre 1995.

- Le HAC a organisé un briefing avec les ONG et le HACU au Ministère de la Réhabilitation.
- A Gitarama, les MILOBs ont fourni 100 housses et linceuls en plastique pour l'inhumation des victimes du génocide dans la commune de Rutobwe, et 100 couvertures aux soeurs du Sacré Coeur de St. Anne à l'intention des orphelins de ce Centre dans la commune de Runda.
- INDBATT a fourni deux camions à l'orphelinat Cyeza.
- Les MILOBs ont secouru et transporté à l'hôpital de Kabgayi trois blessés graves, victimes d'un accident de la circulation.
- LFW et CARITAS ont participé à la reconstruction de maisons d'habitation dans les communes de Kigoma et Ntongwe, pendant que l'Armée du Salut construit de nouvelles dans la commune de Kayenzi.
- ASSIST et LWF ont été occupés à réaliser des programmes agricoles et de réhabilitation dans la commune de Mugina.
- ARDEC a achevé la reconstruction de 100 maisons dans la commune de Runda au bénéfice des veuves.
- LWF a poursuivi la réhabilitation des maisons endommagées dans les communes de Tambwe et Ntongwe.
- Le CICR a continué de fournir une assistance médicale aux détenus dans les différents cachots communaux.

*P5/L
misc 4118*

- **A Kibungo**, le service médical de GHANCOY a soigné 180 malades et 18 patients dentaires, tous rwandais.
- Le HCR a organisé des visites au Rwanda de représentants de réfugiés en **Tanzanie** dans le but d'encourager le retour massif de ces réfugiés.
- Le PAM a participé au projet "**maisons d'habitation**" entrepris par le PNUD dans la commune de **Rusumo**.
- **A Gikongoro**, le HC a pris livraison d'une quantité importante de sels de réhydratation orale (SRO) à distribuer dans les hôpitaux, centres de santé et cliniques à travers Gikongoro.
- La cellule humanitaire a fourni le transport au Préfet de Gikongoro afin de l'aider à remplir ses fonctions dans les communes éloignées.
- **A Butaré**, l'ONG italienne LVIA a continué de contribuer à faire fonctionner une clinique locale dans la commune de **Kibaye**. Elle y fournit des médicaments, de l'équipement médical et des salaires du personnel.
- En prévision du retour massif des réfugiés, le HCR a identifié, à **Nyamasheke** et à **Cyangugu** les lieux qui serviront de camps de transit.
- Le PAM a continué à fournir de la nourriture à l'orphelinat de **Kibogora**, à **Cyangugu**.
- **A Gisenyi**, le HAC a coordonné, avec la NICOY, la fourniture d'équipements scolaires aux écoles dans les communes de **Ramba, Kibilira, Kanama, Mutura, Rubavu** et **Nyamyumba**. Le HAC a aussi donné divers objets utilitaires aux orphelinats de **Murara** et **Nyundo**.
- Toutes les ONG à Gisenyi ont poursuivi, avec le HCR, les préparatifs en vue du rapatriement massif des réfugiés.

Pour de plus amples informations, contacter le bureau du Porte-parole: tél. 84496, 84539, 84510 poste 11075 ou 11077.

*P 6/6
M 15/5/18*



1995 DEC 22 A 11: 52

UNAMIR - MINUAR

1995 DEC 22 A 11: 59

Page 1 of 2

Fax - 6948

OUTGOING FAX

MIR NO:

MISC NO: - 4000

22 December 1995

TO: MS.THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTOR, INFORMATION UNITED NATIONS, GENEVA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 22 DECEMBER 1995	

Refugees

On 19 December 881 refugees crossed into Rwanda from Burundi. On 20 December 27 from Tanzania and on 21 December 164 from Zaire. Total of 1072 in three days, between 19 - 21 December.

Total inflow for the last 21 days of December is 3213.

Security

Even if the overall military situation across the country is stable, security continues to be a concern. It remains tense along the border areas. Acts of undiscipline from some RPA soldiers lead to arbitrary arrests and shooting to death of civilians. But the military hierarchy is now reacting vigorously to curb that tendency - soldiers involved in such acts are themselves arrested and the military court is in session against the offenders. The Vice-President and Minister of Defence stated that the soldiers convicted of murder will be executed.

Prisons

GHANCOY transported on 21 December 136 and 100 prisoners from Muhazi and Rwamagana cachots respectively to Kibungo prison.

Humanitarian

UNAMIR Force continues to provide daily assistance to government institutions, international organizations and NGOs. Few examples of assistance rendered on 21 December.

Spokesman

MALAWICOY provided a truck to IRC for transporting gravel;

NICOY provided two trucks to "Food for hungry international" for transporting construction material.

Force ENGRCOY deployed a bulldozer in Gitarama prison for creating sanitary facilities and provided a truck to ARDEC (local NGO) for transporting fuel wood.

UNAMIR medical staff treated 229 medical and 25 dental patients.

Force Level Strength

Summary of UNAMIR Force level strength as of 21 December 1995:

- Contingent	1755
- Staff	31
- MILOBs	259
- CIVPOL	60
Grand Total	<u>2105</u>

Best regards.



1995 DEC 22 A 11: 52

UNAMIR - MINUAR

1995 DEC 22 A 11: 56

Page 1 of 2

Flu-6947
MIR NO: -4306
MISC NO:

OUTGOING FAX

22 December 1995

TO: MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 212 963-7055 212 963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 22 DECEMBER 1995	

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UNITED NATIONS
UNAMIR
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



NATIONS UNIES
UNAMIR
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

1995 DEC 21 P 2:18

UNAMIR - MINUAR

1995 DEC 21 P 2:22 Page 1 of 1

Fleur - 6931

OUTGOING FAX

MIR NO:

MISC NO: - *4075*

21 December 1995

TO: MS.THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTOR, INFORMATION UNITED NATIONS, GENEVA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 ✓	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 21 DECEMBER 1995	

Security

RPA continues its daily investigation for ex-FRGF infiltrating the rural population. Individuals are arrested or killed on the accusation that they collaborate with infiltrators or have been found with arms or have participated in the genocide.

Banditry is also still going on - armed bandits who call themselves "ABAZIMBABWE" have increased their activities in Nyamutera commune (Ruhengeri). It was learned that some RPA soldiers have been collaborating with this group by supplying them weapons.

Some saboteurs blasted two electric pylons on the road to the brewery in Gisenyi/sector 5B. They also attempted to blow up three pylons in Busheke and Bugasha in Nyanyumba commune.

Humanitarian

Returnees continue to enter Rwanda from Zaire and Tanzania but no numbers exceeding two hundreds per day. According to UNHCR only 6,700 refugees returned to Rwanda in November, compared with slightly over 13,000 in October.

UNAMIR force continues to provide daily assistance to Government of Rwanda, international organizations and NGOs with transportation of goods and equipment. The mission medical staff also treats hundreds of patients daily.

Best regards.

Ismael A. Diallo



UNAMIR

UNAMIR - MINUAR

1995 DEC 21 P 2: 24 Page 1 of 1

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 21 P 2: 24

MIR NO: -4302
MISC NO:

OUTGOING FAX

21 December 1995

TO: MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 212 963-7055 212 963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 21 DECEMBER 1995	

Security

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Best regards.

Spokesman



UNAMIR - MINUAR

DIALLO

OUTGOING FAX NO. *6817*
MIR NO. *4025*
MISC NO.

UNAMIR PAGE 1 OF 3
1995 DEC 14 P 5:42/ décembre 1995

A:	M. JOCE VICTOR DA SILVA ANGELO COORDONNATEUR RESIDENT PNUD DAR-ES-SALAAM, TANZANIA	DE:	ISMAEL A. DIALLO PORTE-PAROLE, MINUAR KIGALI
FAX NO:	255-51-46718 <i>X255-51-46469 -> TELEPHONE</i>	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
OBJET:	COMMUNIQUE DE PRESSE		

Veuillez trouver en annexe la substance des propos de l'Ambassadeur Khan lors de sa conférence de presse du 13 décembre 1995.

Je vous en souhaite bonne réception et vous renouvelle mes amitiés.

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 16 P 1:30



p2/3
misc 4225

Office of the Spokesman

PRESS RELEASE

UNAMIR NR 95-49

13 December 1995

Mandate

The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar M. Khan welcomed the Security Council's decision to renew the mandate for a period of three months. The focus of UNAMIR's activities would be related to encouraging the voluntary return of refugees. Ambassador Khan noted that the 3-month mandate would be UNAMIR's last and that it had been agreed that, after concluding its mandate on March 8, UNAMIR would wind up in 6 weeks. Apart from providing good offices and logistic support for returning refugees, UNAMIR would assist the UNHCR and other International Agencies in encouraging the return of refugees. It would support the Government of Rwanda in promoting a climate of trust. UNAMIR would also protect the International Tribunal during this period. The CIVPOL element of UNAMIR would be withdrawn. Ambassador Khan noted that H.E. President Bizimungu had paid tribute to UNAMIR II's role.

Tribunal Indictments

SRSR referred to the indictments issued on 12th December by the International Tribunal in Arusha as a positive step forward in the process of bringing to justice persons accused of genocide and crimes against humanity. Ambassador Khan stated that although the people of Rwanda had waited over a year for the Tribunal to start functioning, Judge Goldstone, the Chief Prosecutor, had kept to his word that the first indictments would be made in 1995. Ambassador Shaharyar Khan added that this was the beginning of the process which would gather momentum. He expressed the hope that all member States would cooperate with the Tribunal. Ambassador Khan stated that he was encouraged by the response of regional member States at the Cairo Summit. Kenya had also indicated clearly to the Tribunal that it would cooperate with its decisions. Ambassador Khan expressed the hope that the national judicial system would be revived in the near future.

NGOs and arrests

SRSR expressed concern at the announcement that 38 NGOs had recently been ordered out of the country. Ambassador Khan stated that while it was Rwanda's sovereign right to decide on the activities of NGOs operating in the country, he hoped that the appeals by the NGOs would be given due consideration by the Government.

Ambassador Khan also expressed concern at the arrest of Mr. Jean-Baptiste Barambirwa, President of CLADHO after he had made a speech on Sunday. Ambassador Khan stated that freedom of speech was a basic pillar of human rights. SRSR noted that Mr. Barambirwa would be presented before the Procurer today and he expressed the hope that Mr. Barambirwa would be treated with transparent justice.

...

P3/3
p11 SC 4025

Statement on camps in Zaire and Tanzania

Referring to a Radio Rwanda report of his comments to a church gathering on 10 December 1995, Ambassador Khan firmly denied the statements attributed to him regarding the responsibilities of the governments of Zaire and Tanzania. Ambassador Khan stated that his remarks at the meeting had been misrepresented and quoted entirely out of context. His comments were made in reference to the Cairo Summit in which both Zaire and Tanzania had acknowledged their respective obligation to arrest the criminals wanted for genocide. They had agreed at Cairo to separate intimidators from the rest of the refugees and to prevent military training on their territory. Ambassador Khan stated that both countries had acknowledged the presence of these elements and had undertaken the responsibility of treating the criminals in accordance with the decisions of the Tribunal. Ambassador Shaharyar Khan acknowledged the positive role played by the Zairean special forces and the Tanzanian police which had led to a reduction in the intimidation in the camps. He added that from his personal experience the governments of Zaire and Tanzania had been particularly cooperative in seeking a solution to the refugee problem. He expressed the hope that all regional States would implement the Nairobi, Bujumbura and Cairo Conference declarations.

For more information, please contact the Office of the Spokesman in Kigali: phone: 84496, 84539, 84510 ext.: # 11075 or 11077.



SPOKESMAN

UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6846
MIR NO. 15 P
MISC NO. 4037

UNAMIR

PAGE 1 OF 1

1995 DEC 15 P 6:09

15 December 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 ✓	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: <u>REPORT OF 15 DECEMBER 1995</u>	

Regional

The Tanzanian Government has begun to prepare a center to seclude refugee camp leaders who intimidate refugees from returning to Rwanda. This was revealed yesterday by the Tanzanian delegation led by President Benjamin Mkapa in a meeting that brought them together with the Rwandan delegation headed by President Pasteur Bizimungu, in Mwanza town, North Western Tanzania.

The two delegations agreed that it was important to resume regular visits to Rwandan refugee camps in Tanzania by Rwandan leaders, to counter rumors in those camps. They also expressed their wish that the facilitators of the Cairo Summit meet in the near future to analyze how far the resolutions are being implemented and to prepare another meeting of Heads of State of the Great Lakes region.

The extraordinary meeting for the Foreign Ministers of the Economic Community of the Great Lakes countries (CEPGL), made up of Burundi, Rwanda and Zaire, could not make any substantive resolutions, due to the absence of the Zairean delegation, which had apologized by telephone saying the Foreign Minister would not attend the tripartite event due to circumstances beyond his control. The Rwandan and Burundi counterparts decided to meet the Zairean Foreign Minister at the OAU Ministerial Conference scheduled from 18 to 19 this month. The CEPGL should be used as a basis for the implementation of the resolutions of Nairobi, Bujumbura and Cairo Summit meetings.

Social

The seminar for survivors of genocide taking place at Hotel des Mille Collines has set up a body for proper representation to the Government and to the international community, whereby the survivors of genocide could get assistance. The non-profit-making society will be called IBUKA a.s.b.l. (Remember). It will comprise associations of survivors of genocide and volunteers who want to join it and will draw up programmes to assist survivors. Participants have expressed their wish that survivors of genocide should help one another and seek justice for genocide perpetrators.

They request that a census be carried out of all genocide survivors and a list be compiled of perpetrators of that tragedy. They reject the idea of categorization of genocide perpetrators, which could result in an amnesty, on the basis of large numbers of people involved.

Regards.

Spoekman J



Spokesman

UNAMIR
15 DEC 15 P 6:04

UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO.
MIR NO. 145
MISC NO.

PAGE 1 OF 1 UNAMIR

1995 DEC 15 P 6:07

15 December 1995

TO:	MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM:	ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO:	212 963 7055 212-963-1899 ✓	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 15 DECEMBER 1995			

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Regards.

Ismael



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. *6816*

MIR NO.

MISC NO.

UNAMIR

PAGE 1 OF 3

1995 DEC 14 P 5:38

14 décembre 1995

A:	M. CHEIKH GAYE DIRECTEUR, BUREAU DE LIAISON DE LA MINUAR KINSHASA, ZAIRE	DE:	ISMAEL A. DIALLO PORTE-PAROLE, MINUAR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO:	212-376-9466 <i>OK</i>	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
OBJET:	COMMUNIQUE DE PRESSE		

Veuillez trouver en annexe la substance des propos de l'Ambassadeur Khan lors de sa conférence de presse du 13 décembre 1995.

Je vous en souhaite bonne réception et vous renouvelle mes amitiés.

I. A. DIALLO



P2/B
M/SC4024

Office of the Spokesman

PRESS RELEASE

UNAMIR NR 95-49

13 December 1995

Mandate

The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar M. Khan welcomed the Security Council's decision to renew the mandate for a period of three months. The focus of UNAMIR's activities would be related to encouraging the voluntary return of refugees. Ambassador Khan noted that the 3-month mandate would be UNAMIR's last and that it had been agreed that, after concluding its mandate on March 8, UNAMIR would wind up in 6 weeks. Apart from providing good offices and logistic support for returning refugees, UNAMIR would assist the UNHCR and other International Agencies in encouraging the return of refugees. It would support the Government of Rwanda in promoting a climate of trust. UNAMIR would also protect the International Tribunal during this period. The CIVPOL element of UNAMIR would be withdrawn. Ambassador Khan noted that H.E. President Bizimungu had paid tribute to UNAMIR II's role.

Tribunal Indictments

SRSB referred to the indictments issued on 12th December by the International Tribunal in Arusha as a positive step forward in the process of bringing to justice persons accused of genocide and crimes against humanity. Ambassador Khan stated that although the people of Rwanda had waited over a year for the Tribunal to start functioning, Judge Goldstone, the Chief Prosecutor, had kept to his word that the first indictments would be made in 1995. Ambassador Shaharyar Khan added that this was the beginning of the process which would gather momentum. He expressed the hope that all member States would cooperate with the Tribunal. Ambassador Khan stated that he was encouraged by the response of regional member States at the Cairo Summit. Kenya had also indicated clearly to the Tribunal that it would cooperate with its decisions. Ambassador Khan expressed the hope that the national judicial system would be revived in the near future.

NGOs and arrests

SRSB expressed concern at the announcement that 38 NGOs had recently been ordered out of the country. Ambassador Khan stated that while it was Rwanda's sovereign right to decide on the activities of NGOs operating in the country, he hoped that the appeals by the NGOs would be given due consideration by the Government.

Ambassador Khan also expressed concern at the arrest of Mr. Jean-Baptiste Barambirwa, President of GLADHO after he had made a speech on Sunday. Ambassador Khan stated that freedom of speech was a basic pillar of human rights. SRSB noted that Mr. Barambirwa would be presented before the Procurer today and he expressed the hope that Mr. Barambirwa would be treated with transparent justice.

P373
misc 4024

Statement on camps in Zaire and Tanzania

Referring to a Radio Rwanda report of his comments to a church gathering on 10 December 1995, Ambassador Khan firmly denied the statements attributed to him regarding the responsibilities of the governments of Zaire and Tanzania. Ambassador Khan stated that his remarks at the meeting had been misrepresented and quoted entirely out of context. His comments were made in reference to the Cairo Summit in which both Zaire and Tanzania had acknowledged their respective obligation to arrest the criminals wanted for genocide. They had agreed at Cairo to separate intimidators from the rest of the refugees and to prevent military training on their territory. Ambassador Khan stated that both countries had acknowledged the presence of these elements and had undertaken the responsibility of treating the criminals in accordance with the decisions of the Tribunal. Ambassador Shaharyar Khan acknowledged the positive role played by the Zairean special forces and the Tanzanian police which had led to a reduction in the intimidation in the camps. He added that from his personal experience the governments of Zaire and Tanzania had been particularly cooperative in seeking a solution to the refugee problem. He expressed the hope that all regional States would implement the Nairobi, Bujumbura and Cairo Conference declarations.

For more information, please contact the Office of the Spokesman in Kigali: phone: 84496, 84539, 84510 ext: # 11075 or 11077.



UNAMIR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6814 1995 DEC 14 P 5:24
MIR NO.
MISC NO.

PAGE 1 OF 3

14 December 1995

TO: MS. ELIZABETH LINDENMAYER PRINCIPAL OFFICER DPKO	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 1-212-963-6460	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: PRESS RELEASE	

MIR-4229

Ambassador Khan instructed me to send to you the attached press release with the substance of his press conference given yesterday 13 December 1995.

Warm regards.

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 14 P 5:29

*I. A. DIALLO
UNAMIR SPOKESMAN*



p2/3
mkr-429

Office of the Spokesman

PRESS RELEASE

UNAMIR NR 95-49

13 December 1995

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P 3/3
Mik 1229

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6815

MIR NO.

MISC NO. 4023

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 14 P 5:28
PAGE 1 OF 2

14 DECEMBER 1995

TO: MISS LADAN RAFII INT. COMMISSION OF INQUIRY NAIROBI, KENYA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI, RWANDA <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: (254-2) 622935 <i>ok</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: PRESS RELEASE	

Attached please find a copy of the Press Release, as requested,

Best Regards.

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 14 P 5:33

*I. A. DIALLO
UNAMIR Spokesman*



12/3
misc 423

Office of the Spokesman

PRESS RELEASE

UNAMIR NR 95-49

13 December 1995

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The Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar M. Khan welcomed the Security Council's decision to renew the mandate for a period of three months. The focus of UNAMIR's activities would be related to encouraging the voluntary return of refugees. Ambassador Khan noted that the 3-month mandate would be UNAMIR's last and that it had been agreed that, after concluding its mandate on March 8, UNAMIR would wind up in 6 weeks. Apart from providing good offices and logistic support for returning refugees, UNAMIR would assist the UNHCR and other International Agencies in encouraging the return of refugees. It would support the Government of Rwanda in promoting a climate of trust. UNAMIR would also protect the International Tribunal during this period. The CIVPOL element of UNAMIR would be withdrawn. Ambassador Khan noted that H.E. President Bizimungu had paid tribute to UNAMIR II's role.

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P33
MISC 423

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. - 6772 UNAMIR

MIR NO.

MISC NO.

1995 DEC 13 P 3: 06 1995 DEC 13 P 3: 12

PAGE 1 OF 2

13 December 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3890
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 13 DECEMBER 1995	

Refugees

MILOBs in Sector 2B/Kibungo reported that the local Head of UNHCR, Mr. Koffi visited MILOB Sector HQ and apprised the Sector Commandant of about 400,000 returnees are expected to arrive from Tanzania around Christmas time. The intimidators, he stated, are being transferred to separate camps by Tanzanian authorities. Mr. Koffi added that all transport for this operation will be provided by UNHCR and IOM.

SRS

The SRS, Ambassador Shaharyar M. Khan, held today, at 11:00 a.m., a press briefing at which he announced the new mandate for UNAMIR, which, for the next three months, will be centred on the refugees' repatriation issue. He welcomed the Security Council decision which was adopted unanimously in resolution 1029 (1995) of 12 December 1995.

Ambassador Khan indicated that the three-month extension will be final, save for a six-week period agreed to allow the Mission to phase out. Other highlights of the resolution include the reduction UNAMIR's force level from 1800 to 1200 troops, the down-sizing of military observers and other military support staff to 200, the withdrawal of the Civilian Police and the upholding of the principles set in the Bujumbura Regional Summit decisions and the Cairo Summit Declaration.

The Special Representative said that recent statements by the President of Rwanda, commending the accomplishments of UNAMIR II, were a pointer to the good cooperation that is expected to prevail between the Government and UNAMIR, in this last phase of the Mission. He also observed that the Security Council resolution on the new mandate opened the possibilities of transferring some UNAMIR equipment to the Government upon the former's departure.

On the issue of the International Tribunal, Ambassador Khan stated that the Chief Prosecutor, Justice Goldstone, had redeemed his pledge of ensuring that the first indictments are made before the end of this year. Indeed, those indictments were issued in Arusha on 12 December 1995. Ambassador Khan welcomed this development, which he saw as the start of a process that would soon gather momentum. He also expressed the hope that the national judicial system in Rwanda would be fully operational in the new future.

Expressing concern about the recent Government decision to expel some 38 NGOs, the Special Representative pointed out that while it is Rwanda's sovereign right to make such a decision, he hoped that the appeals made by the NGOs would be given due consideration. He was equally concerned over the arrest of the President of CLADHO, a local Human Rights association, following the speech made on Sunday by the detainee. He hoped that the latter would be produced before the Court today and would be treated with transparent justice.

SPOKESMAN

In reply to questions from journalists, Ambassador Khan explained that there are several factors to determine the success of the repatriation exercise, including the implementation of Bujumbura decisions and the Cairo Declaration by the regional parties concerned and the UNHCR. UNAMIR's role, in this regard, is to support the Rwanda Government in promoting a climate of confidence and trust, while assisting the UNHCR and other international agencies with logistic support for returning refugees. He said UNAMIR would collaborate with others to put up a package aimed at encouraging the refugees to come home, especially in terms of communicating reassurances to those refugees. Ambassador Khan also observed that under the new mandate, peace-keeping is giving way to development-oriented, civilian-type of operations. This request by the Government of Rwanda has been deemed reasonable and is accordingly being addressed.

Rwanda Government on UNAMIR Mandate

Yesterday the President of Rwanda Pasteur Bizimungu met with journalists of French Television, TF1, and National Television, in Urugwiro Village.

Concerning UNAMIR's mandate, the Rwandan President said that at the Cairo Summit, he had announced that UNAMIR's mandate would be extended, mostly due to the need for granting the request of President Jimmy Carter, who saw better prospects of massive refugee repatriation with the help of UNAMIR.

He underlined that Rwanda had requested UNAMIR's presence in May 1995, because it thought that, after the genocide, those who had committed it would make bad campaigns. He explained that for that reason, the Rwandan Government needed impartial people who could observe the situation after the genocide.

He said that the Rwanda Government did not have any problem with UN or with UNAMIR and added that compared with other successful UN Missions, UNAMIR II has recorded more success : there has been no incident, no confrontation and really no problems to worry about.

He said that what the Rwanda Government wishes is that UNAMIR should be adapted to the new developments in the country.

He pointed out that the problem now arose from the fact that the Security Council wants to give UNAMIR another mission, whereas, according to Jimmy Carter's request, the new mandate was to inspire confidence to refugees so they could come back home. The Rwandan President said that if the return of refugees depended on UNAMIR's presence, they would have come back long ago.

Yesterday the Vice-President and Minister of Defense, Major-General Paul Kagame, received the UNAMIR Force Commander, Major-General Guy Tousignant, who came to bid him farewell, after his 16 months in the Mission. Major-General Guy Tousignant said that security was assured in the country, thanks to the Rwandan army, in spite of former Government troops' infiltrations from neighbouring countries. He was satisfied with the frank collaboration between UNAMIR and the Rwanda Government during his stay in Rwanda.

Regards.



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6791
MIR NO. 4208
MISC NO. _____

UNAMIR
PAGE 1 OF 2

1995 DEC 13 P 3:06

13 December 1995

TO:	MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM:	ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO:	212 963 7055 212-963-1899	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
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He said that what the Rwanda Government wishes is that UNAMIR should be adapted to the new developments in the country.

He pointed out that the problem now arose from the fact that the Security Council wants to give UNAMIR another mission, whereas, according to Jimmy Carter's request, the new mandate was to inspire confidence to refugees so they could come back home. The Rwandan President said that if the return of refugees depended on UNAMIR's presence, they would have come back long ago.

Yesterday the Vice-President and Minister of Defense, Major-General Paul Kagame, received the UNAMIR Force Commander, Major-General Guy Tousignant, who came to bid him farewell, after his 16 months in the Mission. Major-General Guy Tousignant said that security was assured in the country, thanks to the Rwandan army, in spite of former Government troops' infiltrations from neighbouring countries. He was satisfied with the frank collaboration between UNAMIR and the Rwanda Government during his stay in Rwanda.

Regards.



Spokesman

UNAMIR
OUTGOING FAX NO. - 6701
MIE NO. - 3:09
MISC NO. - 3962

UNAMIR - MINUAR

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 11 P 3:22

PAGE 1 OF 1

11 December 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: <u>REPORT OF 11 DECEMBER 1995</u>	

UNAMIR Mandate

The Political Adviser in the Vice-President's Office, Mr. Claude Dusaldi, stated on Saturday that the Rwanda Government might revise all its concessions to the extent of terminating UNAMIR's mandate, if the UN Security Council maintains its demands for retaining 1400 military personnel.

Observing that the condition of retaining the high number was being adamantly set before even the mission of those contingents has been defined, he said the Rwanda Government had already softened its position and agreed to having 1200 UNAMIR personnel, which marked great increase from the 800 personnel earlier accepted by the same Government. Mr. Dusaldi went forward to state that UNAMIR's mission is even not known.

Justice

The names of the first suspects of the Rwandan genocide will be revealed tomorrow in Arusha, at the International Tribunal for Rwanda.

A seminar to discuss procedures of arresting and detaining suspects was concluded last Saturday in Kibungo. It had brought together all Sous-Prefets, Bourgmestres, Inspectors of the judicial police, representatives of civil and military intelligence department in Kibungo, representatives of the Gendarmerie, and those of the Ministry of Justice.

Participants were enlightened on the working of UNHCR, ICRC, and UNHCHR. They requested the Rwanda Government to speed up the restoration of the judicial system. The seminar was organized by the Ministry of Justice with UNHCR, and the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights in Rwanda.

Regards.

Spokesman



UNAMIR - MINUAR
1995 DEC 11 P 3:14
UNAMIR
OUTGOING FAX NO. - 6700 -
MIR NO. - 4176
1995 DEC 11 P 3:09
MISC NO.

PAGE 1 OF 1

11 December 1995

TO:	MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM:	ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR, KIGALI
FAX NO:	212 963 7055 212-963-1899	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 11 DECEMBER 1995			

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Regards.

Ismael A. Diallo



UNAMIR

UNAMIR - MINUAR

1995 OUTGOING FAX NO. 6642
MIR NO. 4138
MISC NO.

PAGE 1 OF 3
1995 DEC -7 P 108

7 December 1995

TO:	MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM:	ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO:	212 963 7055 212-963-1899	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 7 DECEMBER 1995			

Please find attached herewith the transcript of the statement made by Mr. Claude Dusaidi, Advisor in the Vice-President's Office.

Regards.

Spokesman



Office of the Spokesman

**TRANSCRIPT OF THE STATEMENT MADE BY MR. CLAUDE DUSAIDI
ADVISOR IN THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S OFFICE**

7 December 1995 during lunch-time news in English

In principle, the Rwanda Government has agreed with former President Carter that we extend the mandate of UNAMIR for three more months, if it can help encourage the refugees to come home.

We have done this not because we believe that actually UNAMIR can assist, because as you remember it has been here for a year and a half and no significant numbers of refugees have come back because of UNAMIR per se.

But we are doing this to satisfy those in the international community who have the perception that UNAMIR can actually assist.

So we feel that three months will be fine, but we also feel that we don't need the 2 000 or so personnel of UNAMIR who are currently here.

We think the mission, if it is to give confidence and to give some logistic support, can be done by fewer numbers and we have suggested to the Security Council that they only leave a force level of 800.

Question

How has the Security Council received this suggestion?

Answer

We are yet to carry out the negotiations; our Ambassador in New York is involved in meetings on the issue. Generally they agree with us; I think they are satisfied with the extension for three months. They may be having problems with the numbers, but we are yet to agree on that and I think they will have to accept our proposal because we have thought about it carefully; we have done our calculations and we feel that for the task we have defined for UNAMIR, the force level of 800 is adequate.

Question

If UNAMIR is to stay for the suggested three months, are we going to have any change in the mandate and responsibilities, or is it just the reduction in the numbers?

Answer

We are going to have change in the mandate. UNAMIR will stay, just to support logistically the UNHCR and other agencies involved in the repatriation of refugees.

It will also be involved in assisting the Rwanda Government through monitoring tasks to give that confidence for the refugees to return.

So we have focussed the mission of UNAMIR on the issue of the repatriation of refugees and we just want to wait and see if it will assist as people claim.



UNAMIR - MINUAR

UNAMIR
OUTGOING FAX NO. - 645
MIR NO. - 4140
1995 DEC - 13 6:35
MISC NO.

Spokesman

PAGE 1 OF 3

7 December 1995

TO: MRS. ELIZABETH LINDENMAYER ADMINISTRATEUR GENERAL DIVISION AFRIQUE, EPKO	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Adiallo</i>
FAX NO: 1-212-963-6460 ✓	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT:	

Please find attached herewith the transcript of the statement made by Mr. Claude Dusaidi, Advisor in the Vice-President's Office.

Regards.

Spokesman



2/3

Office of the Spokesman

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ADVISOR IN THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S OFFICE**

7 December 1995 during lunch-time news in English

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UNITED NATIONS
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA

NATIONS UNIES
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA



UNAMIR

UNAMIR - MINUAR

1995 DEC 7 P 6:34
OUTGOING FAX NO.
MIR NO.
MISC NO.

6646
4141

Spokesman

PAGE 1 OF 3

7 December 1995

TO: MR. FELIX MOSHA ACTING DIRECTOR AFRICA H DIVISION DPA	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 1-212-963-4037	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT:	

Please find attached herewith the transcript of the statement made by Mr. Claude Dusaidi, Advisor in the Vice-President's Office.

Regards.

Ismael A. Diallo

2/3

Office of the Spokesman

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ADVISOR IN THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S OFFICE**

7 December 1995 during lunch-time news in English

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UNAMIR

UNAMIR - MINUAR

Spokesman

1995 DEC 7
OUTGOING FAX NO.
MIR NO.
MISC NO.

6:35
643
3742

PAGE 1 OF 3

UNAMIR

1995 DEC -7 P 7:08
7 December 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: <u>REPORT OF 7 DECEMBER 1995</u>	

Please find attached herewith the transcript of the statement made by Mr. Claude Dusaidi, Advisor in the Vice-President's Office.

Regards.

Spokesman

2/3

Office of the Spokesman

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ADVISOR IN THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S OFFICE**

7 December 1995 during lunch-time news in English

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3/3

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

UNAMIR
OUTGOING FAX NO. - 6644
MIR NO. - 4137
1995 DEC -7
MISC NO. 35

Spokesman
1995 DEC -7
PAGE 1 OF 3
December 1995

TO: MRS. LOUISE LAHEURTE SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE UNDER-SECRETARY GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL AFFAIRS	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 1-212-963-1323	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT:	

Please find attached herewith the transcript of the statement made by Mr. Claude Dusaidi,
Advisor in the Vice-President's Office.

Regards.

Spokesman

3/3

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6605
MIR NO. 4114
MISC NO.

PAGE 1 OF 1

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 16 P 3:25

6 December 1995

TO:	MR. AHMAD FAWZI DEPUTY SPOKESMAN FOR THE SECRETARY-GENERAL	FROM:	ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Avacall</i>
FAX NO:	212 963 7055 <i>JK</i> 212-963-1899	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
SUBJECT: <u>REPORT OF 6 DECEMBER 1995</u>			

Rwanda - Reconstruction

The Presbyterian Church of Rwanda began on 5 December 1995 a conference that brought together leaders of the Presbyterian Church in the USA, Holland, Belgium, Germany, and Switzerland. The participants will study how their Church can help their Rwandan counterparts in the reconstruction of the country.

The Conference was addressed by the Special Representative of the Secretary General, Ambassador Shaharyar Khan. He spoke on the situation in Rwanda over the last 18 months since the establishment of the Government of National Unity. He said he was pleased to see how fast things started improving, after what had happened in the country. He added that such improvement indicated determination of the Rwandans who did not wish to see their country revert to the terrible situation it had witnessed.

On the issue of internal security, Ambassador Khan said that the situation here is better than in many other African countries. Apart from incursions and daily sabotage by refugees from Zaire in the border areas, the security in the rest of the country is quite satisfactory.

Concerning cases of robbery and other crimes in Rwanda, he explained that although reports indicate the hand of men in uniform, this does not necessarily implicate the RPA, as such uniform can be obtained by other people, including those in Zaire. He warned against generalizations, adding that some RPA elements may sometimes get involved in criminal acts but the army remains on the whole well disciplined. Ambassador Khan further indicated that robberies are largely due to the shortage of police personnel and gendarmes.

Ambassador Shaharyar Khan stressed the need for strengthening the judicial system, to bring about stability and give refugees more confidence so as to encourage them to return. He welcomed the fact that the International Tribunal for Rwanda will start its initial cases on 12 December in Arusha, and regretted the intimidation carried out by camp leaders to stop refugees from coming back home.

Security

The question of bandits in Nyungwe Natural Forest was discussed on 5 December 1995 in Gikongoro, in a meeting that brought together representatives of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights in Rwanda, UNAMIR forces, and RPA Senior Officers in the region. The RPA commander in the area said that on 27 November, patrol soldiers in Shaba Sector, Kivu Commune, were informed by

ISMAEL A. DIALLO

inhabitants of the presence of unknown people camped about 20 kms deep in the forest. The patrolmen entered the forest and when they reached the camp, they were fired at. They returned fire and more than 100 people fled in all directions, but 10 of them got killed. Some of them were in military uniforms. On November 22, two people with guns, mines and grenades were discovered in the same forest. One of them who is a former soldier, was caught, while another escaped. Arms were also seized.

Regards.

UNAMIR

1995 DEC -6 P 3:28



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6606
MIR NO. 3931
MISC NO. 3931

PAGE 1 OF 1

UNAMIR
1995 DEC 6 10:30

6 December 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 <i>OK</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 6 DECEMBER 1995	

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Regards.

UNAMIR
1995 DEC - 6 P 3:33



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO.
MIR NO.
MISC NO.

6520

PAGE 1 OF 3

4 décembre 1995

A:	MME. ELIZABETH LINDENMAYER ADMINISTRATEUR GENERAL DIVISION AFRIQUE, PPKO	DE:	ISMAEL A. DIALLO PORTE-PAROLE, MINUAR KIGALI
FAX NO:	1-212-963-6460	PHONE:	212-963-3582
		FAX NO:	212-963-3090
OBJET:			

Veuillez trouver ci-après la substance de la conférence de presse (de quatre heures et demi) que le Président du Rwanda a accordé à la presse Samedi 2 décembre 1995 à 16h00.

Je vous en souhaite bonne réception.

1. The President of Rwanda, H.E. Pasteur Bizimungu, held a press conference at Village Urugwiro (President's Office), on Saturday 2 December 1995.

2. The occasion, to which the media had been invited through radio announcements, started at 4 p.m. and lasted well over four hours. The first half was reserved for English and French media, while the second was conducted in Kinyarwanda.

3. The President was flanked by the Foreign Minister, Dr. Anastase Gasana, Information Minister, Mr. Augustin Bizimana, and his Directeur de Cabinet, Col. Frank Mugambage.

4. He made a brief statement on the Cairo Summit pointing out the following:

(a) The signing two days earlier of a final communiqué highlighting the commitment of the Heads of State at the Summit to help solve the refugee problem and related issues of security in the Great Lakes' region.

(b) The initiative had been taken by the Presidents of Uganda, Tanzania and Zaire, who are concerned about the above problems, while former US President Carter came in as a facilitator who will also ensure the follow-up so that the agreed decisions are implemented.

(c) The President described former President Carter as a man who cares enough and who sees the real problem of games being played behind the refugee issues.

1995 DEC - 4 A 8 37
UNAMIR

Question No.1

On the statement attributed to Jimmy Carter in Cairo, concerning the renewal of the UNAMIR mandate.

Reply

- (a) The problem of UNAMIR was not discussed at the Cairo Summit.
- (b) Former President Carter approached President Bizimungu after the Conference and broached the UNAMIR issue.
- (c) He later explained to the press that the international perception was that the presence of UNAMIR was desirable during the massive repatriation exercise.
- (d) The principle was accepted, but the modalities have to be worked out, including such considerations as the UNAMIR size, the length of extension, etc.
- (e) The Secretary-General would write to the Rwanda Government, which would also submit proposals on the matter.
- (f) Otherwise, the Government is ready to handle 10 000 to 15 000 returnees a day; even 20 000 can be handled; most refugees are willing to return, but are stopped by others who use intimidation; President Mobutu had said that his Government had identified those carrying out intimidation and would proceed to stop them.

Question No.2

On reports that the UN Secretary-General had decided to withdraw UNAMIR from Rwanda and on whether there was contradiction between the President's stand and that of the Vice-President.

Reply:

- (a) The President was not ready to comment on reports concerning the Secretary-General's position on UNAMIR.
- (b) With regard to Government stand, he said there was no dissension whatsoever between himself and the Vice-President or within the Cabinet.

Question No.3

On the commitment of leaders at the Summit, especially President Mobutu, to the finding of the solution for the refugee problem.

Reply:

- (a) There are two considerations that confirm the seriousness of those leaders' commitment.
- (b) It was the initiative of most of the participants, namely, Uganda, Tanzania and Zairean leaders, which had led to the holding of the Summit; this would in itself indicate a serious commitment on the part of those leaders, including Zairian President Mobutu.
- (c) While previous meetings in Nairobi and Bujumbura had no mechanism for follow-up, the Cairo decisions have such a mechanism under the leadership of Jimmy Carter, whose reputation is at stake in that important undertaking.

Question No.4

On whether the Cairo efforts could not be derailed due to manipulation by some opportunists.

Reply:

- (a) The Government had managed to resist such manipulations by warding off pressures to negotiate with refugees.
- (b) The Government had resisted the holding of a UN-sponsored regional conference because countries like France wanted to use it for their own scheming.
- (c) The Government had already foreseen foreign attempts to manipulate the situation.

Question No.5

On whether the UNAMIR extension would include the military component.

Reply:

- (a) The Government does not consider the role of foreign troops as justifiable in Rwanda today.
- (b) But due to claims of the good psychological effect attributed to them, the option of continued military presence will be considered.
- (c) This is to appease the international community, which sees that condition as a reassurance for the refugees to return.
- (d) All options are open for negotiation and the principle of some troops remaining still stands, although the modalities are still to be worked out.

Question No.6

On the preparations for another Summit early next year as if the Cairo meeting was being put in doubt.

Reply:

(a) The prospect of the next Summit should not be seen negatively, as it is rather beneficial in that it will help review the progress in the implementation of the Cairo decisions.

(b) It will offer an occasion to see if the commitment expressed in Cairo was taken lightly or seriously.

(c) It will also allow to sort out the issue of returning Rwanda's assets from Zaire, assets which include a helicopter and other aircraft, etc.

(d) On the concurrent question of not having invited the UNHCR to the Cairo Summit, when it is the main actor in the repatriation exercise, the President said the UNHCR is sometimes more concerned about receiving refugees rather than receiving returnees.

Question No.7

On whether massive repatriation will not destabilize the old returnees now occupying the property of recent refugees.

Reply:

The Government has never given the property of recent refugees to old caseload returnees. The latter are only allowed temporary stay and are bound to vacate upon the return of the rightful owners.

Question No.8

On what President Mobutu intends to do regarding justice for the anti-repatriation ring-leaders, who will be separated from innocent refugees.

Reply:

The question of justice for those intimidating innocent refugees was not dealt with in Cairo.

Question No.9

On relations with Egypt.

Reply:

They are good but could be developed further.

Question No.10

On Twagiramungu's recent accusations and on the recent arrest of some members of the National Assembly, following testimonies of their involvement in genocide.

(a) Twagiramungu accused the Government he had led for more than a year of having killed between 200 000 and 300 000 people - about 1000 per day.

(b) It would be difficult to hide such killings, especially in view of the presence of UNAMIR, which for long had more than 6000 troops all over the country, and the presence of more than a hundred NGOs throughout the country.

(c) His claim of having withheld that information because of fearing for his life is also untenable, because on his trips abroad, he could have found people to confide in safely with such revelations.

(d) Twagiramungu is being manipulated by countries like France, which wants to restore the old order.

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6519

MIR NO. _____

MISC NO. _____

PAGE 1 OF 7

1995 DEC - 4

A 7:00

3 December 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: <u>REPORT OF 3 DECEMBER 1995</u>	

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4. He made a brief statement on the Cairo Summit pointing out the following:
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1995 DEC - 4
A 7:17
UNAMIR

(c) He later explained to the press that the international perception was that the presence of UNAMIR was desirable during the massive repatriation exercise.

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ISMAEL A. DIALLO
SPOKESMAN
1995 DEC 3
PAGE 1 OF 7

OUTGOING FAX NO.
MIR NO.
MISC NO.

6518

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TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPL, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 212-963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 3 DECEMBER 1995	

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6374

MIR NO. 3882

MISC NO. 3882

UNAMIR

PAGE 1 OF 1

1995 NOV 25 A 11: 56

25 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 <i>OK</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 25 NOVEMBER 1995	

Political

On 23rd November the Political Bureau of MDR Party decided to dismiss Mr. Faustin Twagiramungu from his functions of President of the Party on a National and Prefectural level. They condemned his "unfounded speeches against the Rwanda Government".

Radio-Rwanda reported that "last Wednesday, the Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs Mr. Eric Deric confirmed that his Government was aware of alarming information from Kigali before the genocide: Arms distribution to militias, arms caches, list of Tutsis to be killed and plans to provoke the Blue Berets' departure. He added that he sent a letter to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, but nothing was done."

Further in its news, Radio-Rwanda announced that "the Rwandese Minister of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation Dr. Anastase Gasana, has informed the Security Council that UNAMIR mandate expires on december 8, 1995. In his letter, he said that the security of Rwanda is the responsibility of the Rwandan Government and UNAMIR plays no role in it. Fore the survivors of genocide, in addition to the psychological rehabilitation, there is need for practical assistance in constructing houses and other material needs. Concerning the repatriation of refugees, the UNHCR, the Rwandan Government are working together on that issue. He said that the country needs funds, technology, engineers, doctors, agriculture experts who can help in building the nation practically. Therefore, UNAMIR is unable to help the Rwandan Government in its programme priorities".

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UNAMIR
1995 NOV 25 P 1: 26

MR. I. A. DIALLO



UNAMIR - MINUAR

UNAMIR

1995 NOV 25 A 11: 53 PAGE 1 OF 1

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6373
MIR NO. 4014
MISC NO. /

25 November 1995

TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPI, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 212-963-1899 <i>OK</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
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1995 NOV 25 P 12: 07
UNAMIR

MR. I. A. DIALLO



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6354
MIR NO.
MISC NO. 3872

UNAMIR
1995
PAGE 1 OF 2
24 P 3:43

24 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 <i>HK</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 24 NOVEMBER 1995	

ICTR

The Chief Prosecutor for the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, Judge Richard Goldstone, announced on Thursday 23 November that he has signed the first indictment against genocide suspects. He said that the indictment names several suspects implicated in one specific incident. He will name names when the indictment is made public in Arusha on 12 December.

Refugees

The repatriation of refugees continues. 72 returnees arrived at Ndera camp from Kibungo, Nyagatare and Butare. 65 were despatched by UNHCR to Kibungo, Gahora, Ruhengeri and Kigali. A total of 147 are awaiting evacuation.

Humanitarian

In its weekly humanitarian report for the period 13-19 November 1995, the Humanitarian activities cell of UNAMIR Force describes the general situation as follows: "The humanitarian situation all over the country is not improving as the population really need. Aid from NGOs, WFP and ICRC are still essential for them. As a substantive self sufficiency was not achieved. Fear, insecurity and the real danger of being imprisoned or even killed for futile reasons are prevalent among the population. They are afraid of legal forces acting legally or illegally, plus bandits (and insurgents in the East bank of Kivu lake). Reconciliation sounds like a dream more than a possibility and justice is almost paralyzed. Prisons' problems are ameliorated, but without the justice working, it is merely a matter of time to have them overcrowded again".

The report concludes that "in all the sectors the Humanitarian Officers are working round the clock to see that all the request are looked into in a way to finding a solution to them despite the constraint in resources in Humanitarian Activities Cell (HAC)".

GHANBATT, MALICOY, NICOY and Force Engineer continue to provide daily assistance to UN agencies, NGOs and to Rwandese authorities with transport, escort and use of dozers.

Security

In Sector 4 (Cyangugu) - MILOBs reported that on 23 November 1995, RPA soldiers opened fire on locals fishing in Lake Kivu where fishing is reported banned. The firing took place at Kaberera. No casualties were reported but locals were angered by the shooting and are seeking recourse through local authorities. RPA explain that this measure is necessary as FRGF return to Ijwi Island by day using stolen boats and infiltrate at night mixed with the local fishermen.

MR. I. A. DIALLO

MISC 3872

In Sector 4 (Cyangugu) again MILOBs reported that on 22 November 1995 at about 2240 hrs, an electric pylon was blown up at Mudumudano sector, Rwengero cell. Blast only bent the pylon and power supply was not cut. FRGF/Interhamwe or sympathizers are being suspected. The type of explosive used remains unknown and no casualties were reported.

In Sector 2B (Kibungo) there is a report of an accountant in Kigerama who has been missing since 18 November 1995. All attempts to locate him by local authorities have been futile. MILOBs are investigating. Such disappearances are often talked about and reported.

Force level strength

Summary of the Force level strength as on 24 November 1995:

-	Contingent	1781
-	Staff	36
-	MILOBs	285
-	CIVPOL	85
	Total	2187

Conference on Thematic Consultations

The November 21-22, 1995 Thematic Consultation meeting on the repatriation, resettlement and social reintegration of Rwandese refugees and the support to the victims of genocide and other vulnerable groups in Rwanda ended on 23 November 1995 with the visit by Groups a, B and C to the Ndera Transit camp, resettlement sites and Rubilizi/Runda orphanages respectively.

Detailed discussions took place at the workshop level during the afternoon session of November 21, with delegates divided into three groups:

Group A: Repatriation - Conditions and Organization
 Group B: Rehabilitation and Resettlement and
 Group C: Vulnerable Groups.

It is observed that the plenary session which was convened at 8:30 hrs on 22 November 1995 to listen to the presentation of the rapporteurs of the various groups insisted that the word "recommendations" should not be used by the rapporteurs when presenting their summaries of discussions. The Ambassadors of the European Union, Belgium, France and Germany expressed reservations when the Rapporteur of Group A reported, inter alia, that "Group A recommended that UNAMIR vehicles should be handed over to the Rwandese government upon the expiration of the UNAMIR mandate." There was a mild sensation as a Rwandese government official tried unsuccessfully to insist that the question of UNAMIR's vehicles should be presented as a recommendation of the Group. The Minister of Planning, who was Chairman of the session, supported the Ambassadors of the donor countries who insisted that the "recommendations" should instead be presented as "suggestions by the Rwandese government".

The suggestion by the government to create a Rehabilitation/Development Fund that would be jointly monitored and controlled by the government of Rwanda and donors was also rejected.

Regards.

UNAMIR
 1995 NOV 24 P 3 481



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6353
MIR NO. 4604
MISC NO.

1995 PAGE 1 OF 2
UNAMIR
24 NOV 1995

24 November 1995

TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPI, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 212-963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 24 NOVEMBER 1995	

ICTR

The Chief Prosecutor for the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, Judge Richard Goldstone, announced on Thursday 23 November that he has signed the first indictment against genocide suspects. He said that the indictment names several suspects implicated in one specific incident. He will name names when the indictment is made public in Arusha on 12 December.

Refugees

The repatriation of refugees continues. 72 returnees arrived at Ndera camp from Kibungo, Nyagatare and Butare. 65 were despatched by UNHCR to Kibungo, Gahora, Ruhengeri and Kigali. A total of 147 are awaiting evacuation.

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MR. I. A. DIALLO

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Regards.

1995 NOV 24 P 3 451
UNAMIR
UNAMIR



UNAMIR - MINUAR

UNAMIR

OUTGOING FAX NO.
MIR NO.
MISC NO.

6334

1995 NOV 23 P 5:01

23 November 1995

TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPI, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 212 963 1899	PHONE: 212 963 3582 FAX NO: 212 963 3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 23 NOVEMBER 1995	

Refugees

The thematic consultations meeting for repatriation and resettlement of Rwandan refugees ended Wednesday in Kigali. Before its closure, donor representatives were expected to make declarations and possible pledges. The participants agreed that Rwanda needs at least US\$ 120 million, in order to rehabilitate the returnees. The meeting was officially closed by the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Interior Colonel Alexis Kanyarengwe.

On Wednesday 22 November 1995, 173 refugees were repatriated from Zaire. At their arrival at Gisenyi, they said that many more Rwandan refugees are ready to go back to their motherland before 31 December 1995.

Political

The Rwandese Prime Minister Pierre Célestin Rwigema started Wednesday a working visit to Germany, Netherlands, Luxembourg, and Benin. He will explain to the international community the refugees' problems, security and the situation of the survivors of genocide, and how the Rwandan Government is trying to overcome those problems. He intends to give thanks to the German people for their continued support to the Rwandan Government. In Benin, he will attend the Francophone countries summit.

Prisons

Radio-Rwanda reported that since last Friday the ICRC has assisted the Rwandan Government in transferring more than 3,000 detainees. The transfer was carried out from Kibungo overcrowded prison to Nsinda detention center which is housing now more than 4,000 detainees.

Regards.

SPOKESMAN

1995 NOV 23 P 5:04
UNAMIR



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6335

MIR NO. _____

MISC NO. _____

UNAMIR PAGE 1 OF 1

1995 NOV 23 P 5:01

23 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 23 NOVEMBER 1995	

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SPOKESMAN

1995 NOV 23 P 5:04

UNAMIR



OUTGOING FAX NO. 6312
MIR NO. 3986
MISC NO. /

PAGE 1 OF 1

1995 NOV 22 4:28
UNAMIR
22 November 1995

TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPI, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 212-963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 22 NOVEMBER 1995	

Refugees

A 3-day consultation meeting for the repatriation and the resettlement of Rwandan refugees was opened on 21 November at Hotel des Milles Collines. The meeting was attended by the Rwandan authorities and several Ambassadors accredited to Rwanda. It was organized jointly by the Rwandan Government and UNDP and opened by the Rwandan Prime Minister Pierre Célestin RWIGEMA, who said that the Rwandan Government wishes to see the quick repatriation of all the Rwandan refugees. The Premier added that there is need for an appropriate platform to study ways of alleviating the suffering of the Rwandese people and creating conditions that are materially, humanly and financially conducive to the return of refugees. The Special Representative of the Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar M. Khan, expressed his wish to see that all communes are well prepared to receive the repatriated refugees.

Police

At Gishari Communal Police Training Center, UNAMIR CIVPOL has started the training of the first batch of 750 Communal Police Officers, who at the end of a 12 week intensive training programme will be deployed to communes nationwide to assist Bougmestres in law enforcement and public security matters.

International Tribunal

Judge Richard Goldstone will arrive in Kigali tomorrow Thursday 23 November at 09:15. Before his departure the same day at 16h00 for Nairobi, he will hold talks with the Rwandese Foreign Minister, the Director-General of the Ministry of Justice, the Attorney General and the Vice-President, Minister of Defence. Judge Goldstone will also meet with the Director of Operations-Human Rights and the UNDP Resident Representative.

Regards.

MR. I. A. DIALLO

1995 NOV 22 5:58
UNAMIR



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6313
MIR NO. 3865
MISC NO. 3865

PAGE 1 OF 1

UNAMIR
1995 NOV 22 22 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 <i>AK</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: - REPORT OF 22 NOVEMBER 1995	

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Regards.

UNAMIR
1995 NOV 22 P 4: 37

MR. I. A. DIALLO



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6289
MIR NO. 3859
MISC NO.

PAGE 1 OF 3

UNAMIR
1995 NOV 22 A 12:10
21 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 <i>MS</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 21 NOVEMBER 1995	

Security

Rumours of arrests of personalities: parliamentarians, high officials in Cabinet Ministries continue. The Directeur de Cabinet of the Minister of Finance, Mr. Jean Marie Nkezabera was almost attacked by the crowd attending the reburial ceremony of the genocide victims at Ruhashya on 19 November for his alleged involvement in the genocide. He was immediately arrested by the RPA.

Large parts of the Rwandese society are hearing of the UNAMIR departure in December and express they fear of deterioration of the general security across the country.

Humanitarian

UNAMIR force continue to be constant in its help of the Rwandese in several ways:

- INDBATT transported 1230 prisoners from Kibungo prison to Nzinda prison bringing the total of prisoners moved from Kibungo to Nzinda to 3204. This planned move is thus completed.
- GHANBATT provided two trucks to RPA for transporting food stuff from Kigali to Butare.
- MALICOY provided two trucks to RPA for transporting food items and one truck to trocaille for transporting construction material.
- MALAWICOY medics are assisting the Rwandese government in the national anti polio vaccination campaign.
- NICOY provided one truck for transporting food items for Rambura boys community school and one truck for transporting stationery from Gisenyi prefecture to Kayore and Ramba.
- The Force engineering COY deployed a dozer at rehabilitation project in Kigali one dozen for making a play ground in the communal police training in Rwanmagana and completed digging a ditch for laying a pipe in the transit camp.
- The Force Signal COY provided a truck to the local organization ARDEC for transporting wood.

Regional

Following is the summary of discussions held between the President of Rwanda and Mr. J. Carter concerning the organization and agenda of the proposed regional summit on the Great Lakes Region. (sorry for the quality of document).

Regards.

MR. I. A. DIALLO

REPUBLIQUE RWANDAISE



PRESIDENCE DE LA REPUBLIQUE
CABINET DU PRESIDENT

*Meanwhile here is a
Press Release from the
Office of the President on
the*

Réf. n° : **SUMMARY OF DISCUSSIONS HELD BETWEEN**
Annexe : **PRESIDENT PASTEUR BIZIMUNGU OF RWANDA**
Objet : **AND FORMER PRESIDENT JIMMY CARTER OF THE**
UNITED STATES CONCERNING THE
ORGANISATION AND AGENDA OF THE PROPOSED
REGIONAL SUMMIT ON GREAT LAKES REGION.

Proposal for the meeting to be held concerning the Great Lakes region of Africa :

The meeting will be attended only by representatives of the following governments : Burundi, Rwanda, Tanzania, Uganda and Zaire. Except for the facilitators, there will be no other participants or observers.

The facilitators are former presidents Nyerere of Tanzania, and Carter of the United States, and Archbishop Tutu of South Africa.

The meeting will be held in Cairo, Egypt, between November 28 and December 2, and The Carter Center will make arrangements for them.

The overall purpose of the meeting is to help ensure justice, peace, Cooperation and economic development in the Great Lakes region.

Other goals are :

- a) Working closely with the UNHCR and other international agencies, to expedite the orderly return of refugees to their home countries. All involved leaders will take decisive action within the refugee camps to eliminate and prevent any intimidation of refugees desiring peaceful repatriation.
- b) To prevent training and delivery of weapons to militia groups or any other groups among refugees.

P3/3
MUSE 3859

..12

- c) To help ensure the integrity of international borders by taking all available steps to prevent any armed incursions from one nation into another and by observing international conventions.
- d) To ensure that all nations will cooperate fully in the arrest and trial of all those who committed genocide as determined by international law.
- e) To seek solutions to related property and assets issues among governments in the region.


Col Frank MUGABANE
Director of Cabinet, Office of the President.





UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6288
MIR NO.
MISC NO. 3858

PAGE 1 OF 3

UNAMIR
1995 NOV 22 12:47
21 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 21 NOVEMBER 1995	

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Regards.

ISMAEL A. DIALLO

REPUBLIQUE RWANDAISE

PRESIDENCE DE LA REPUBLIQUE
CABINET DU PRESIDENT

Kigali, le 20/11/95

N° 03/95

P23
MSC -
3858

Meanwhile here is a
Press Release from the
Office of the President on
the

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Objet : **SUMMARY OF DISCUSSIONS HELD BETWEEN
PRESIDENT PASTEUR BIZIMUNGU OF RWANDA
AND FORMER PRESIDENT JIMMY CARTER OF THE
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ORGANISATION AND AGENDA OF THE PROPOSED
REGIONAL SUMMIT ON GREAT LAKES REGION.**

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P3/3
misc-3858

- c) To help ensure the integrity of international borders by taking all available steps to prevent any armed incursions from one nation into another and by observing international conventions.
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Col Frank MUGAMBA,
Director of Cabinet, Office of the President.





UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6263
MIR NO. 1
MISC NO. 3850

PAGE 1 OF 1

1995 NOV 20 11:57
UNAMIR 20 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 20 NOVEMBER 1995	

Cooperation

A Police School was opened on Sunday 19 November 1995 at Gishari in Kibungo Prefecture, by the Vice-President and Minister of Defense Major General Paul Kagame. Ambassador Shaharyar Khan, the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, also attended the ceremony. The School was built with the assistance of Ireland, Holland, Great-Britain, Germany, Uganda and UNAMIR. The Vice-President expressed his wish that the Trained Policemen should help Rwandan authorities to change a bad policy which has been going on for year.

UNAMIR and delegation of Rwandese Government continue meetings on UNAMIR mandate and other related issues.

Security

The overall security situation in the country is stable. Meanwhile the security remains tense along the border areas.

A member of the Rwandese Parliament was arrested on Sunday at a burial ceremony in Ruhashya, in Butare Prefecture. Député Sebarame Jean Baptiste was accused of having participated in last year's genocide. When they saw him, women started crying. Witnesses said that he was the Leader of the killers who went to slaughter Emmanuel Kayitare who was buried in respect yesterday. The genocide survivors wanted to kill him on the spot, but Captain Mugabo from RPA stopped them and arrested him.

Anti personnel mines continue to be of a great concern. In Sector 5A/Ruhengeri, one civilian stepped on an anti personnel mine on 18 November and lost one leg.

Regards.

ISMAEL A. DIALLO

1995 NOV 20 15:01
UNAMIR



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6262
MIR NO. 3963
MISC NO. _____

UNAMIR
1995 NOV 20 P 4:51

PAGE 1 OF 1

20 November 1995

TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPL, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 212-963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 20 NOVEMBER 1995	

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ISMAEL A. DIALLO

UNAMIR
1995 NOV 20 P 4:59

UNITED NATIONS
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



NATIONS UNIES
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6170

MIR NO. _____

MISC NO. _____

PAGE 50F 1

15 NOVEMBER 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO UNAMIR SPOKESMAN KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 ✓	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: <u>REPORT OF 15 NOVEMBER 1995</u>	

Refugees

Radio Rwanda reported today that a meeting on examining ways and means of repatriation and resettlement of Rwandese refugees was convened yesterday. It was chaired by the Prime Minister Pierre Célestin Rwigema and brought together foreign diplomats to Rwanda, representatives of United Nations Agencies and NGOs operating in Rwanda, some Cabinet Ministers and the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, Ambassador Shaharyar M. Khan. That meeting comes before a conference organized by the Rwandese Government with UNDP, scheduled for 21 to 22 November 1995, and will talk about the repatriation and resettlement of refugees, justice and assistance to be given to survivors. The Rwandese Government has expressed its wish to be associated with the control of the funds raised for that project.

Security

Radio Rwanda also reported that Rwandese citizens based in Goma, Zaire, and Rwandese refugees who were returning home, were seriously beaten, others imprisoned, while others had their properties looted by Zaireans. This incident follows the discovery of mines in a tobacco factory "Superman" owned by a Rwandese citizen.

Rwandese refugees continue to return home. For the last two days, 226 refugees came from Zaire by "La Corniche" frontier post, and 52 through Bugarama in Cyangugu.

Best Regards.

SPOKESMAN
16 NOV 1995



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6157
MIR NO. 3810
MISC NO.

PAGE 1 OF 1

14 NOVEMBER 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO UNAMIR SPOKESMAN KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 <i>alc</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 14 NOVEMBER 1995	

Military

The overall military situation is stable throughout the country.

Security

Incidents due to mines explosions are more and more frequent resulting in serious injuries such as leg-amputations.

- Some arrests are monitored of persons alleged to have been involved in the genocide.

Regional

Radio Rwanda broadcasted today that "Former U.S.A. President Jimmy CARTER will visit UGANDA, RWANDA, ZAIRE and BURUNDI from 17 to 21 November 1995 to make preparations for the summit of the 4 State Leaders which will be opened on 27 November in CAIRO. The summit will discuss the current crisis that the 4 Great Lakes States are going through following last year's Rwandan genocide. Mr. Jimmy CARTER has declared that the World did not do anything when thousands of Rwandans were being slaughtered during the genocide since the 2nd World War."

Best regards.

ISMAEL A. DIALLO

UNAMIR
1995 NOV 14 P 5:28



OUTGOING FAX NO. 6156
MIR NO. 3892
MISC NO. /

PAGE 1 OF 1

1995 NOV 14 P 5:22
UNAMIR November 1995

TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPI, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO UNAMIR SPOKESMAN KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 212-963-1899 <i>ok</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 14 NOVEMBER 1995	

Military

The overall military situation is stable throughout the country.

Security

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Best regards.

ISMAEL A. DIALLO

1995 NOV 14 P 5:22
UNAMIR



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 6020
MIR NO. 3750
MISC NO.

UNAMIR
PAGE 1 OF 6
1995 NOV -8 P 3:24

8 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO UNAMIR SPOKESMAN KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030 <i>nk</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: <u>INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF INQUIRY</u>	

The President and the five other members of the International Commission of Inquiry to investigate reports of military training and arms transfer to Rwanda arrived in Kigali today, Wednesday, 8 November 1995 at 9:55 a.m. The President of the Commission held a press conference at the airport a few minutes after the arrival. He read a statement, copy attached, and responded to a few questions. The programme in Rwanda of the Commission starts this afternoon with a briefing from the SRSG and the FC at UNAMIR Headquarters.

The tentative programme of the Commission while in Rwanda is attached.

US Association for UN

A delegation of the United States Association for the United Nations ended yesterday its visit in Rwanda. It had, during its stay, briefings with the SRSG and the FC, among other activities.

Best regards.

Note: Attached is a summary of news carried on Radio Rwanda regarding the fighting in the Iwaya island.

UNAMIR
1995 NOV -8 P 3:51

MR. ISMAEL A. DIALLO



**Press Statement by the Chairman of the
International Commission of Inquiry**

The Security Council, in its resolution 1013 (1995) dated 7 September 1995, requested the Secretary-General of the United Nations to establish, as a matter of urgency, an International Commission of Inquiry to investigate reports of military training and arms transfers to former Rwandan government forces in violation of the embargo imposed under its resolutions 918 (1994), 997 (1995) and 1011 (1995).

The mandate of the International Commission as outlined in resolution 1013 (1995) is:

- (a) to collect information and investigate reports relating to the sale or supply of arms and related matériel to former Rwandan government forces in the Great Lakes region in violation of Council resolutions 918 (1994), 997 (1995) and 1011 (1995);
- (b) to investigate allegations that such forces are receiving military training in order to destabilize Rwanda;
- (c) to identify parties aiding and abetting the illegal acquisition of arms by former Rwandan Government forces, contrary to the Council resolutions referred to above;
- (d) to recommend measures to end the illegal flow of arms in the subregion in violation of the Council resolutions referred to above.

On 20 October 1995, the Secretary-General of the United Nations appointed the International Commission of Inquiry, consisting of:

- Ambassador Mahmoud Kassem, Egypt (Chairman);
- Inspector Jean-Michel Hanssens, Canada;
- Colonel Juergen G.H. Almeling, Germany;
- Lt. Colonel Jan Meijvogel, Netherlands;
- Brigadier Mujahid Alam, Pakistan; and
- Colonel Lameck Mutanda, Zimbabwe.

The Security Council in its resolution 1013 also calls upon the Governments of the States of the Great Lakes Region, in which the International Commission will carry out its mandate, to cooperate fully with the Commission, including responding positively to requests from the Commission for assistance, access in pursuing investigations, and appropriate measures to guarantee the safety and security of the members of the Commission and guarantees from the Governments of full respect for the integrity, security and freedom of witnesses, experts and any other persons working with the Commission in the fulfilment of its mandate.

Pursuant to the said resolution, it is our intention to make contacts with the Governments of all the States of the Great Lakes Region, as well as any other Government, non-governmental organization or international humanitarian organization that may have relevant information.

We are also particularly interested in interviewing or obtaining statements from individuals and groups with first-hand eye-witness information related to our mandate. All interviews conducted by the International Commission will take place in conditions of complete confidentiality. Furthermore, any information received would be handed entirely confidentially.

Our Commission is neutral and independent and seeks the cooperation of all parties. The Commission will carry out interviews in places the Commission finds it necessary to visit in order to carry out its mandate. Persons with first-hand eye-witness accounts can contact the Commission either directly or through any United Nations Office of their choice.

On completion of our mission, we shall present our report to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, H.E. Mr. Boutros Boutros-Ghali, in New York.

Ambassador Mahmoud Kassem
Chairman
International Commission of Inquiry

Kigali, 8 November 1995



P4/6
MISC3750

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF INQUIRY,

VISIT TO RWANDA, 8 - 11 NOVEMBER 1995

Re: Security Council Resolution no.1013 of 7 September, 1995

SCHEDULE

Composition of the Commission:

Chairman	-	Ambassador Mahmoud Kassem
Members	-	Inspector Jean-Michel Hanssens Colonel Jurgen G.H. Almeling Lt Colonel Jan Mujoogel Brigadier Mujahid Alam Colonel Lamek Mutanda
Support Staff	-	Legal Affairs, Miss Ladan Rafii Political Affairs, Mr Isoa D.Tikoca Military officer, Col. André C. Nelson Secretary, (to be announced) Security, Mr Jack Klassen

WEDNESDAY, 8 NOVEMBER:

10:00 a.m.	Arrival at Kigali International Airport by UNAMIR flight from Nairobi
	- Welcome by Ambassador S.M. Khan, SRSG, accompanied by, Mr Wilfred de Souza, Executive Director Mme I. Rivero, Special Assistant
	- Press conference, Official in Charge, Mr I Diallo, Spokesman
	- Transfer and check-in at Mille Collines Hotel Mr A. Jabbar, Protocol/Security
12:30	Lunch at Mille Collines Hotel
2:00-4:00 p.m.	Visit to UNAMIR/HQ, "Amahoro" Hotel
	- Briefing by SRSG, FC, CAO, COS, G3 (main conference room, ground floor)

- 4:00 p.m. Meeting with Minister of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation
- H.E. Mr Anastase Gasana (Office of the Minister)
- 5:30p.m. Visit to High Commission for Refugees head office
- Meeting with Mr Roman Urasa

THURSDAY, 9 NOVEMBER

Briefing by the Government

- 10:00 a.m. - H.E. the President of the Rwanda, Mr Pasteur Bizimungu
- 11:00 a.m. - H.E. the Vice-President and Minister of Defence, Maj. Gen. Paul Kagame
(to be confirmed by State Protocol)

FRIDAY, 10 NOVEMBER

Visit to sectors - Gisenyi, Kibuye and Cyangugu or others, such as Kibungo, Byumba, Burundi border etc...

SATURDAY, 11 NOVEMBER

- 10:15 a.m. Departure from Kigali for Nairobi by UNAMIR flight

NOTES

- Accommodation:* the administration's accommodation unit (Mr Ali Abdallah, ext# 11725) has reserved eight rooms for the members of the Commission at Mille Collines Hotel, tel.no. 76530.
- Transport:* The CTO has provided for use by the Commission one mini-bus (no.244, driven by Mr Tardisse) and one Fore-Runner (no.1413, driven by Mr Eustache); Mr N. Jorsling, CTO, ext.# 11087
- Security:* To be ensured by Deputy Chief-of-Staff, Operations (ext.# 11186) and the Chief of Security (ext.# 11073). The escort will be appointed by the same Officer.

Office of the SRSG, Protocol ext.# 11069/11071
B.P. Dessandé, Chief of Protocol
 07.11.95

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA

MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

To : Shaharyar KHAN SRSG	FROM : Zouaoui Benamadi Chief RADIO UNAMIR
Originator: J-Claude MUGENZI RADIO UNAMIR	Date : 08 November 1995

RADIO RWANDA NEWS SUMMARY.

Wednesday 08 November 1995: There has been serious fighting between R.P.A. and the Former Government Forces in IWAWA island, located on Lake KIVU, 18 kms from the Rwandan main land and which belongs to Rwanda. Yesterday morning, the Rwandan Government Forces flushed out the Former Government Forces from the island, which is now under R.P.A. control. 141 soldiers from the Former Government Forces were killed in the fighting, 15 were captured. The search for the bodies is still in progress. The R.P.A. lost 5 soldiers and 13 were injured. A number of arms and ammunitions were seized from the ex-FAR including 1 American made 75 mm recoilless rifle, 2 machine guns, 4 guns, anti-personnel mines and several explosives which can be used to destroy bridges. Some of the captured soldiers explained that they had spent 2 months on the island, carrying out military training after which they were to infiltrate in Rwanda to destabilise its security and peace. They also said that the total number of their men on the island was 500, and they had come from Zairean refugee camps of LAC VERT and MUGUNGA. They said they were sent by an ex-FAR senior officer called MURIKIRA. One of the RPA military operations commanders, Captain KAREMERA, said that they launched a surprise attack against the enemy. He said that during the attack some escaped, drowning themselves in Lake Kivu, others shot themselves. The RPA military commander in the Gisenyi-Ruhengeri region Colonel Charles NGOGA said that after the war, Rwandan Government forces had toured the island and found that the whole population had sought refuge in Zaire; when they went to inspect the island again, they came upon ex-FAR positions. The RPA gave them time to gather and after two months decided to attack. IWAWA island located 5 kms from IDJWI island in Zaire, where, Former Government Forces are almost continuously present.



OUTGOING FAX NO. 6019
MIR NO. 3810
MISC NO.

PAGE 1 OF 6

8 November 1995

TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPI, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO UNAMIR SPOKESMAN KIGALI <i>Ismael Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 212-963-1899 <i>7/12</i>	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: <u>INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF INQUIRY</u>	

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Best regards.

Note: Attached is a summary of news carried on Radio Rwanda regarding the fighting in the ^WIw^a island.

UNAMIR
1995 NOV - 8 P 3:31

MR. ISMAEL A. DIALLO



P2/6
NR 381D

**Press Statement by the Chairman of the
International Commission of Inquiry**

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Chairman
International Commission of Inquiry

Kigali, 8 November 1995



INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF INQUIRY,

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Re: Security Council Resolution no.1013 of 7 September, 1995

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	- Welcome by Ambassador S.M. Khan, SRSG, accompanied by, Mr Wilfred de Souza, Executive Director Mme I. Rivero, Special Assistant
	- Press conference, Official in Charge, Mr I Diallo, Spokesman
	- Transfer and check-in at Mille Collines Hotel Mr A. Jabbar, Protocol/Security
12:30	Lunch at Mille Collines Hotel
2:00-4:00 p.m.	Visit to UNAMIR/HQ, "Amahoro" Hotel
	- Briefing by SRSG, FC, CAO, COS, G3 (main conference room, ground floor)

P5/6
MIR3610

2

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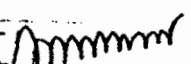
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Security: To be ensured by Deputy Chief-of-Staff, Operations (ext.# 11186) and the Chief of Security (ext.# 11073). The escort will be appointed by the same Officer.

Office of the SRSG, Protocol ext.# 11069/11071

B.P.Dessandé, Chief of Protocol

07.11.95



UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA

MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

To : Shaharyar KHAN SRSG	FROM : Zouaoui Benamadi Chief RADIO UNAMIR
Originator: J-Claude MUGENZI RADIO UNAMIR	Date : 08 November 1995

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 5976
MIR NO. 3731
MISC NO. 3731

PAGE 1 OF 2

UNAMIR

9 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 6 NOVEMBER 1995	

Security

Several mines incidents have been reported the last six days. On 01 November, in Ruhengeri (Sector 5) MILOBs reported that an anti-tank mine destroyed an RPA DIHATSU truck. One RPA soldier died on the spot while three others got minor injuries.

Returnees

- On 01 November: 114 returnees arrived at NDERA camps from Butare, Namira and Kibungo; 155 were despatched by UNHCR to Byumba, Kibungo and Kigali; 206 are still awaiting to be evacuated.
- On 02 November: 65 returnees arrived at the NDERA camps from Butare and Gisenyi; 84 were despatched by UNHCR to Kigali. 81 refugees arrived in Mbogo commune from Zaire. 23 arrived from Tanzania at Nyakarambi transit camp and were escorted to their communes. 45 returnees arrived from Zaire through Rusizi I (Cyangugu). A total of 100 refugees arrived at Gisenyi from Zaire.

Social

- The Indian Battalion transported 7 tones of fertilizer from Kigali to Gisenyi on behalf of "Food for the Hungry International" and donated toiletries and groceries to missionaries of charity orphanages in Kigali and Kibungo.
- The Mali Company provided 1 truck each to RPA and terre des hommes (NGO) to transport foodstuffs.
- The Nigerian Company: Muslim community donated 51,600 FRW to Gisenyi Muslim Community to help in building a central mosque.
- The international conference on genocide in Rwanda was closed on 5 November by H.E. President Pasteur Bizimungu. About one hundred recommendations were submitted by the participants to the Government. The President announced that a permanent secretariat would be set up to follow up the work of the conference and liaise with the participants. He said the latter would in fact serve as an extension of the Secretariat. Among the adopted recommendations were measures aimed at the moral and material rehabilitation of the survivors. These include the seizure of criminals' properties and indemnification by France and Belgium in view of their role in the tragedy.

ISMAEL A. DIALLO

MISC 37 34

The Conference also submitted views on alternative systems of justice to help the Government face better the consequences of genocide. In a subsequent interview, President Bizimungu was asked if the Government would manage to attain the recommended indemnification from France and Belgium. He responded that the essential thing is to see these countries at least acknowledge their part in wrong-doing, for without that gesture there is a risk of a repeat.

Best regards.

UNAMIR
1995 NOV - 6 P 3 261



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 5578
MIR NO. 3784
MISC NO. /

1995 NOV - 6 P 3 25
UNAMIR
PAGE 1 OF 2

6 November 1995

TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPI, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael A. Diallo</i>
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 212 963 1899 <i>212</i>	PHONE: 212 963 3582 FAX NO: 212 963 3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 6 NOVEMBER 1995	

Security

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ISMAEL A. DIALLO

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Best regards.

UNAMIR
1995 NOV -6 P 3 281



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 5900
MIR NO. 3690
MISC NO. 3690

PAGE 1 OF 2

UNAMIR
1995 NOV -2 P 3 17
2 November 1995

TO: MS. THERESE GASTAUT DIRECTEUR, INFORMATION NATIONS UNIES, GENEVE	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI
FAX NO: 41-22-917-0030	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 2 NOVEMBER 1995	

SRS

1. The SRS accompanied the Prime Minister of Rwanda during his visit to the sites reserved for the resettlement of the refugees on the outskirts of Kigali. The Prime Minister appreciated UNAMIR's role in providing necessary assistance in the development of those sites.
2. The SRS participated in the opening ceremony of the Conference on genocide that was inaugurated by the President of Rwanda. This Conference would conclude on 5 November 1995. In his address to the participants on this occasion, H.E. President Bizimungu said the purpose of the Conference was to share ideas with experts from various countries, in particular countries that had experienced some degree of genocide or massive violation of human rights, in a bid to formulate an appropriate policy for the national healing process. He observed that the country is faced with two types of fear, namely, fear of genocide recurrence and fear of vengeance. The Rwandese Head of State was of the view that a distinction ought to be made between the leaders who master-minded the genocide and the simple people who were misled. The administration of justice could follow that pattern, without however leaving room for impunity.
3. The SRS attended the meeting between UNAMIR and the Rwandese Government Representatives on the mandate and discussed matters of bilateral concern.

Regional

In an interview with Radio Rwanda, President Bizimungu, asked about the forthcoming regional summit to be convened by ex-President Jimmy Carter, the President explained that the summit should focus on the implementation of the decisions taken at the Nairobi and Bujumbura Conferences on refugee repatriation. He wondered why no criminals had been arrested in the region and said the coming summit might help address such issues. Mr. Bizimungu flatly denied any possibility of the summit leading to negotiations with the genocide leaders.

Security

1. In Sector 5A (Ruhengeri) - MILOBs received a leaflet written in local language calling on Rwanda Hutu to unite and fight the Tutsi led Government. The leaflet referred to the Kibeho incident and said the present administration was out to eliminate Hutus and take their property by force.
2. In Sector 4 (Cyangugu) at about 0300 hrs on 01 November 1995 two men and a child were shot at Gasebeya (gr 0233) and Rugomero (gr 0435). The two men died but the child survived and was evacuated to Kibogora hospital. It is claimed that the shooting was done by RPA who mistakenly took the victims for bandits.

MR. ISMAEL A. DIALLO

3. Sector 1B - Gitarama. MILOBs investigating alleged killings in Ntongwe Commune (gr 9057) confirmed three men killed on sat 29 October 1995 by eight armed bandits identified by a local as RPA soldiers. The armed men led by 2 civilians forced their way into a house, killed 2 workers and a cow, and later shot an old man who had gone there in aid of the victims.

Humanitarian

1. 134 returnees arrived Ndera camp from Dihiro and Gisenyi 123 returnees were despatched by UNHCR to Gitarama, Kibungo and Kigali. A total of 247 returnees are still awaiting evacuation from Ndera camp.

2. On 1 November 1995, 706 returnees came from Zaire, 504 from Tanzania; 106 from Burundi and 30 from Uganda.

Best regards.



UNAMIR - MINUAR

OUTGOING FAX NO. 5899
MIR NO. 3746
MISC NO.

UNAMIR
1995 NOV 2 P 3 151
2 November 1995

TO: MR. FRED ECKHARD ASSOCIATE SPOKESMAN DPI, UNHQ, NEW YORK	FROM: ISMAEL A. DIALLO SPOKESMAN, UNAMIR KIGALI <i>Ismael</i>
FAX NO: 212 963 7055 <i>OK</i> 212-963-1899	PHONE: 212-963-3582 FAX NO: 212-963-3090
SUBJECT: REPORT OF 2 NOVEMBER 1995	

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