

UNAMIR

G3 OPERATIONS/PLANS - CORRESPONDENCE
GENERAL

28 FEB - 15 APR 1995

PLEASE RETAIN
ORIGINAL ORDER

[3 STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL]

[8 CONFIDENTIAL]

RA/WG JUNE 2001

UN ARCHIVES

SERIES	<u>51002</u>
BOX	<u>125</u>
FILE	<u>10</u>
ACC.	<u>1998/0283</u>



4/1

OUTGOING FAX NO. 2329

PAGE 1 OF 1

DATE: 12 APRIL 1995

File No. 5000.8 (PLANS)

TO: BARIL, UNITED NATIONS NEW YORK FAX # (212) 963-9070 ✓ PHONE # (212) 963-2402	FROM: MGEN GC TOUSIGNANT FORCE COMMANDER UNAMIR, KIGALI
ATTN: LT COL M. MARTIN	PHONE: 1 212 963 3092
INFO: LT COL LARS ANDERSSON UNAMIR PLANNING DESK DPKO, UNHQ NY FAX # (212) 963-1356 ✓	FAX NO: 1 212 963 3090
INTERNAL DISTR: DCOS OPS	DRAFTED BY: G3 PLANS
SUBJECT: ARMING OF UNMOS	
REFERENCE: A. UNAMIR MIR 2284 DATED 3 NOV 94	

1. A SEARCH OF THIS HQ'S INCOMING FAXES INDICATES THAT A RESPONSE HAS NOT BEEN RECEIVED FOR REFERENCE A. THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION WAS REQUESTED.

A. WHY UNMOS ARE UNARMED.

B. DOES ARMING OF UNMOS JEOPARDISE THEIR STATUS AS "EXPERTS ON MISSION"

C. IF IT IS A POLICY THAT HAS DETERMINED THAT UNMOS ARE UNARMED WHO HAS THE AUTHORITY TO AMEND THAT POLICY?

2. I WOULD APPRECIATE YOUR RESPONSE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE SO THAT WE MAY FINALIZE OUR CONTINGENCY PLANNING.

FC 01-1

14/4

95 APR 12 13 54

FC

DCOS/OPS 14/4

G3 plans

15/12

MILOB GP HQ

TO : MILOB SECTOR 2

DATE: 12 APR 95

INFO : - UNAMIR HQ/G2
- UNAMIR HQ/DCOS OPS

FROM : MILOB GP HQ/OPS

SUBJECT: INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUIREMENT

1. SITUATION

a. UNHCR has received information from several sources regarding the movements of IDPs from RWANDA to BURUNDI-TANZANIA. Specifically, there are reports that IDPs attempting to leave RWANDA are:

- (1) Being interdicted by RPA; and
- (2) Being interdicted and turned back by BURUNDI-TANZANIA border patrols.

2. MISSION

a. MILOB patrols will gather information to confirm these reports.

3. EXECUTION

a. Sector 2 will task patrols to the following locations:

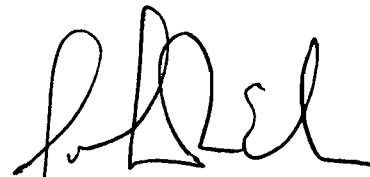
- NGENDA 0774
- SAKE 434543
- NDAGAZA 5739
- GASARABWAYI 7038
- GISHENYI 7236
- RUSUMO 7549
- NYARUGENGE 0584

b. Following information is required:

- (1) Estimate of numbers of persons attempting to leave RWANDA to TANZANIA-BURUNDI;
- (2) Routes;
- (3) Any informations of increased RPA effort to interdict this movement; and
- (4) Any reports of interdiction by TANZANIA-BURUNDI border patrols.

4. SRSG has requested that this information be gathered as quickly as possible. Trent task as priority.

5. Initial report is required by 19 APR 95.



J McCOMBER

MAJ

SOO

Seen
9
12/4

UNITED NATIONS
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



NATIONS UNIES
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

FROM : MILOB SECTOR 4C CYANGUGU

TO : MILOB GP HQ KIGALI

INFO : UNAMIR HQ KIGALI//G2/G3/HAC//

TAC HQ BUTARE//OPS//

SECT 4C MILOB TMS//GM1/GM3/GM5// ZEN

SUBJ: SITREP NO. 014 FROM 111800 APR TO 121800 APR 95

1. GENERAL SITUATION. GEN REMAINS UNSTABLE BUT RELATIVELY CALM. A FEW PEOPLE IN NYAMASHEKE AREA STILL CONTINUE TO SLEEP IN SAFE SANCTUARIES. WFP TRUCKS ARE STILL NOT PERMITTED TO CROSS TO BUKAVU ON ORDER OF THE RPA GOVT. DVRS OF TRUCKS RUNNING OUT OF PATIENCE AND PLANNED TO RETURN TO KIGALI WITH FOOD TRAILERS TODAY. WFP REP IN CYANGUGU MR CYRIDON HOWEVER APPEALED TO DVRS TO EXERCISE PATIENCE UNTIL 131030 APR 95 FOR FINAL DIR FROM WFP-KIGALI. BBC THIS MORNING INTERVIEWED WFP COORDINATOR IN BUKAVU. HE DENIED ANY KNOWLEDGE OF CRIMINAL ELEMENTS IN REFUGEE CAMPS AND CONDEMED THE ACTIONS OF THE RPA. REGARDLESS, IT IS FELT HERE THAT THE PREVENTION OF THE THESE TRUCKS CROSSING WILL INEVITABLY LEAD TO FURTHER UNREST AND BANDITRY IN ZAIRE AND BORDER AREAS OF RWANDA. IT IS ASSUMED THAT AT LEAST MOST OF THE TRUCKS WILL BE ORDERED BACK TO KIGALI, HOWEVER, IT IS POSSIBLE THAT SOME FOOD TRAILERS MAY REMAIN BEHIND.(SOURCE - WFP DRIVERS, AS SUGGESTED BY LOC RPA). THERE IS NO DETAILS AVAL AT THIS REPORT TIME REGARDING ATTACK AT BIRAWA IN ZAIRE, OTHER THAN THE FOL: THERE IS A KNOWN ISLAND LOC NAMED IBNDJE THAT IS USED AS A STOPOVER FOR NEW ARRIVALS FROM IJWI ENROUTE TO BIRAWA. BIRAWA IS KNOWN TO HAVE POP OF ABOUT 20,000 REFUGEES AND IS LOC ON SOUTHERN PENINSULA JUTTING EASTWARD TOWARD IJWI. THERE HAVE BEEN RECENT NEW ARRIVALS THAT WERE INITIALLY LANDED IN BIRAWA, THEN

SETTLED INTO KABIRA CAMP. ALL THESE NEW ARRIVALS WERE FROM IJWI AND WERE A MAIN FACTOR IN UNHCR STATS LAST WEEK SHOWING A SURGE OF WHAT WAS THOUGHT AS NEW RWANDANS SEEKING REFUGEE STATUS, WHEN IN FACT THE BULK CAME FROM IJWI AND HAD BEEN THERE FOR SOME TIME. THERE ARE CURRENTLY SOME RELIABLE SOURCES ASSISTING TO GAIN ANSWERS TO UNAMIR QUESTIONS AND THEIR FIRST REPORTS ARE ANTICIPATED TOMORROW BY MID AFTERNOON. RPA WILL ALSO BE QUERIED BEFORE THAT TIME.

2. **FACTIONAL ACTIVITIES.**

A. **RPA.**

(1) RPA TPS BASED IN ISHARA PENINSULA FIRED AT SUSPECTED ~~BANDITS~~ AT KADUHA (GR 0346) ON THE PENINSULA AT ABOUT 2230 HRS. N O CASUALTIES WERE REPORTED.

(2) RPA COMPLAIN OF ETHIOBAT DENYING ACCESS TO A PRISONER THAT WAS HANDED TO THEM BY CIVILIANS. THIS MORNING TWO PERS IN THE MURWA AREA GR 9741 WERE HANDED TO ETHIOBAT WHILE PRESUMABLY ENROUTE TO RPA LOCATION. AT ~~THE~~ MOMENT OF TRANSFER, ONE ESCAPED. THE ONE IN CUSTODY IS IDENT AS ONE OF THE BANDITS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE THEFT OF 6 CATTLE AND THE MACHETE KILLING OF AN OLD MAN REPORTED LAST WEEK.

(3) IT HAS BEEN ARRANGED THAT TWO RPA OFFICERS WILL ACCOMPANY MILOBS AND SELECTED NGO'S ON RECCE OF SECTOR 4C AND BRIEF STOPOVER IN AREA OF BWEYEYE GR 1111 MORNING OF 13 APR. ETHIOBAT HAS BEEN REQ TO PROVIDE ONE ARMED ESCORT FOR SECUR AT LZ. IF LZ IS WELL SUITABLE, GR WILL BE PASSED FOR FUTURE USE AS NEC.

B. **RGF. NTR**

C. **OTHER. NTR**

3. **CIVIL AFFAIRS.** IT IS KNOWN THE PREFECT ^A ADMANTLY SUPPORTS THE STOPPAGE OF WFP TRUCKS AND HAS VOICED HIS CONCERN IN THE PAST.

4. **OWN ACTIVITIES.** PATROLS WERE DONE IN AREA OF RESP SIT IN

ALL AREAS PATROLLED WERE FOUND NORMAL.

5. **HUMANITARIAN.** MOSQUITO NETS (APPROX 75) HAVE BEEN ARRANGED FOR KAMEMBE MISERICORDE ORPHANAGE, AND ARE HOPED TO BE DELIVERED ON FLSG CONVOY 13 APRIL. REQ TO AUSMEND FOR SPRAYING HAS NOT YET BEEN FINALIZED, NO ONE SEEMS AWARE OF PREVIOUS HAC ARRANGEMENT. FLSG LOG OPS WERE INITIALLY ALSO UNAWARE OF A REPORTED ARRANGEMENT FOR THE NETS.

6. **LOGISTICS.**

A. **VEH STATE: WORKSHOP/ACCIDENT = 2(1070 - 1127)**
WORKSHOP REPAIRS = 1(1282)
OPERATIONAL = 4
TOTAL = 7

B. **VEH REPAIRS.** FOLLOWING VEHs NEED URGENT REPAIRS/REPLACEMENT OF FOL PARTS:

(1). **UNAMIR 1061.** ALL TYRES. INFO ON AVAL OF TYRES URGENTLY REQUESTED.

(2). **UNAMIR 1021.** STARTING PROBLEMS. ALSO REQ CHANGE OF BTY ASAP.

7. **MISC.**

A. **SECTOR STRENGTH. (INCL CIVPOL)**

TOTAL: 29

ON DUTY: 19

ON DUTY IN KIGALI: 02

ON CTO: 07

YET TO REPORT: 01 (DEPLOYMENT EFF 01 MAY 95)

B. **ANY SITREP AVAL ON NEW MILOB SECTOR COMD AND DATE OF HIS ARRIVAL?**

C. **COMMS WITH C/S CO DUTY OFFICER WERE NOT SATISFACTORY THROUGHOUT THE EARLY MORNING AND MID DAY TIMEFRAME.**

D. **QUICK ACTION ON OUR HEL QUEST FOR BUGARAMA TODAY AND AIR RECCE TOMORROW WAS APPRECIATED.**

11/04 95 21.20 11241
40 E110BATT 1
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UNITED NATIONS
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



NATIONS UNIES
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

FROM: MILOB 4C CYANGUGU
TO: MILOB GP HQ KILGALI//SOO//
INFO: UNAMIR HQ KIGALI//G3/HAC//

DATE: 09 APRIL 95

SRSR REPORT FOR MARCH 95

1. Aside from a worsening in the local security situation, there has been little change since the previous briefing given to the SRSR last month. Cyangugu was and could be again one of the more remarkable prefectures in the country, but it remains as the least stable. The devastation of the genocide and the destruction by a fleeing population has more effect as time marches on with a severe lack of infrastructure and a sound legal and justice system in place. the ability of the civil administration to operate independently is impeded by a lack of resources and continuing insecurity. the close proximity of the camps in Bukavu being supported by the international community, containing former govt soldiers, militia and supporters is the single most contributor to the ongoing insecurity in the prefecture. The difficult terrain, lack of observation equipment, clandestine support, vulnerability of the local peasant population, lack of RPA soldiers and UNAMIR transportation are other factors which contribute. The heightened situation in Burundi and the known presence of Former Army of Rwanda training and support within Zaire and Burundi are new forces competing against UNAMIR operations.

2. The number of returning refugees has decreased from an average of over 100 per week to approximately 50 from Burundi and Zaire. There is evidence to suggest that in the days leading up to the 6 of April, perhaps more than 2,000 locals sought refuge in Zaire. Propaganda, including a letter campaign directing threats against locals, and assorted rumours and various incidents caused by both the RPA and RGF, are the main factors in this.

ADMINISTRATION AND ORGANIZATION

3. The prefect of Cyangugu is still Theobald Rutihunza, the former director of the CIMERWA cement factory in Bugarama. His administrative organization is rather uncertain since the arrest of his sous-prefect on 10 March and the arrest of five burgomasters and several conseillers and intellectuals over the past few months. One of the burgomasters (Gishoma Commune) who was arrested was the brother of the current Prefect. Recently, the acting burgomaster of Gishoma was murdered by unknown RGF and Interahamwe from Zaire. He was predeceased by the murder of his daughter and son-in-law one week previous.

② CC
Treated
12/4

② G2
I note that you are
absent fm distr list
you may wish to correct
if you are interested in ①.
12

UNITED NATIONS / HUMANITARIAN ORGANIZATIONS

4. The prefecture enjoys and benefits greatly from the many UN and NGOs present. UNREO departed the area in mid-February and passed some responsibilities of coordination to UNHCR and the prefect himself. There has been a notable absence in effective coordination of NGOs and meetings since UNREO primarily fulfilled this task. The MILOB Humanitarian officer could assume many of these coordination and liaison responsibilities, but is severely impeded by lack of a dedicated vehicle. UNAMIR Ethiopian Battalion has stepped up its security routine for NGO during the tense first week in April and also continues to provide security for the Nyagatare transit camp, provides some assistance to NGOs and humanitarian assistance on their own accord. All agencies work closely together on all issues. information is shared as much as possible.

5. There has been no significant change to NGO activity in the area. The projects are effective and some have been re-evaluated and improved. There is more emphasis being placed on schools and agriculture. IRC are the only agency involved in schools; MDM run three of the four orphanages, and share the bulk of the medical clinic projects with MSF (Spain). ICRC, aside from prison, and other known tasks, share distribution efforts with Christian Reformed World Relief Committee of seeds, hoes and some food programs.

POPULATION

6. More and more, the govt requests that reference to Tutsi, Hutu and Twa be abolished and that people be referred to as Rwandan. Unfortunately, this desire is not translated into reality, nor is it believed by the locals. Figures of ethnic mix before and after the war and genocide are no longer available in Cyangugu.. It is estimated that before the genocide the population was approximately 85-90 % Hutu and 10-15 % Tutsi. However, given the questionable figures and the fact that people crossed the ethnic barrier due to politics and wealth, exact numbers would be difficult. It is also assumed that these pre genocide figures favored a hutu majority anyway. During the month of March, the Human Rights team in the prefecture completed an initial report on the genocide here. They estimate the number of persons killed in Cyangugu was approximately 68,000, with about 90% being Tutsi. In many areas of the prefecture, only a handful of Tutsis remain and they are mainly women and children.

<u>Commune</u>	<u>Inhabitants '91</u>	<u>Inhabitants '95</u>
Cyangugu	514,659	417,000 (est)
Kamembe	50,338	30,000 (est)
Gisuma	47,241	43,502
Gafunzo	47,192	43,327
Cyimbogo	37,415	23,467
Gishoma	41,486	40,229
Kagano	42,395	37,000 (est)
Kirambo	46,049	42,917
Gatare	53,849	51,772
Bugarama	52,326	40,000 (est)
Nyakabuye	37,668	36,759
Karengera	59,352	50,000 (est)

PRISONS AND DETENTION CENTRES

7. Gyangugu has a considerable prison population. As of end March, there was approximately 1600 prisoners in the Gyangugu prison, which has a capacity of 500, and approximately 2200 prisoners in total for the prefecture. ICRC predicts the prison population will reach four times its capacity within the next two months given the continued spate of arrests. The Kamembe brigade has approximately 180 prisoners, most of whom have been there for months. Legally, persons should only be kept in the brigade for 48 hours. Food in the prison is mainly provided by ICRC, food in the detention facilities is provided by families. The health situation is deteriorating due to overcrowding. Sanitation is generally acceptable, but there is a problem of sewage disposal. Due to the efforts of ICRC, the water plant is operating to the benefit of the prison. A listing of facilities and populations is available separately from this report.

8. Of primary concern is the current arrestation process. The RPA, not Gendarme, are the main arresting agent. The number of dossiers pale in comparison to the number of prisoners held. It is more necessary than ever that judging and sentencing of accused people from the genocide begins ASAP. The support of the international and national community is critical now. Unfortunately, the process will be painfully slow and relatively away from the public eye.

REFUGEES

9. From January to March 95, approx 3000 refugees and 1100 internally displaced persons have returned. The number of returnees is steadily declining to between 50-75 per week. Approx 300,000 Rwandan refugees remain in over 21 different sites in Bukavu, Zaire. Among these refugees are FRGF, former govt leaders and organizers/participants in the genocide. It is reported that these persons continue to directly and indirectly prevent innocent refugees from returning. UNHCR have recently reported large numbers of refugees fleeing to Zaire, but no accurate figures are available.

10. The most common complaints of returnees include the lack of accommodation, theft and destruction. The most vulnerable returnees include women and unaccompanied children who have limited ability to easily acquire land. It is also difficult to repossess land and property without a male relative. Many Tutsi women and children do not have adequate housing.

11. UNHCR conduct regular repatriation meetings. Representatives of all interested agencies and authorities attend with the aim of facilitating the repatriation of refugees in Zaire and Burundi. There cannot be a solution for Rwanda while hundreds of thousands of refugees remain outside the country. With the example of the time and situation regarding the returned refugees of Uganda since the 1959/60 exodus, and the current unique situation, we would be optimistic and perhaps naive to think refugees will come back soon; particularly because of the non-sound presence of a justice system, continued arrests, anti-propaganda campaigns and the large criminal element present in the camps.

HEALTH SERVICES

12. Health services, medical services, are provided by Medecins du Monde, International rescue committee for the Red Cross, Medecins Sans Frontier (Spain), German Emergency

Doctors, HELP, World Vision and Norwegians Peoples Aid. Other health services such as nutrition, maternity, family services, dispensary and patient care are found at the hospitals and most clinics. Listed below is a partial list of the health facilities. It should be noted that the hospital in Kamembe in Gihundwe sector has complete services, including major surgery and some dental services provided by UNAMIR Ethiobat. The hospital was renovated and provided with most of its equipment by NPA, and this restoration and rehabilitation continues with the added assistance of MDM. The hospital run by the Sisters at Ruzizi One Border point was renovated by Hopital Sans Frontiers (who departed in mid-January 95). Facilities at Bushenge and Nyamasheke include minor surgery capacity. MSF/E is investigating whether to open five more clinics in the prefecture.

<u>Commune</u>	<u>Site</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Facility</u>
Kamembe	Gihundwe	NPA,MDM MSF	Hospital Nutritional Centre
	Misericorde		
	Orphanage	MDM	Clinic
	Nkombo	IRC	Clinic
Bugarama	Nkanka	MSF	Clinic
	Bugarama	MDM	Hospital
	Bweyeye	MSF	Clinic
Gisuma	Nyagatare	IRC	Clinic
	Gisakura	GED	Clinic
	Bushenge	HELP	Clinic/Hosp
Kagano	Nyamasheke	GED	Clinic/Hosp
Kirambo	Kibogora		
	Orphanage	MDM	Clinic
	Kibigora Hosp	WV	Hospital
Karengera	Ntendezi	MSF	Clinic
Gatare	Gatare	IRC	Clinic
	Hanika	IRC	Clinic
Gafunzo	Muyange	IRC	Clinic
	Mukoma	IRC	Clinic
Cyimbogo	Mibilizi	MDM	Clinic
	Mwezi	MSF	Clinic
	Nyabitimbo	MSF	Clinic
	Yove	MSF	Clinic
Gishoma	Rusayu		
	Orphanage	MDM	Clinic

SCHOOLS

13. During the aftermath of the genocide and war, Cyangugu was severely looted including the schools. The looting of material and destruction of buildings occurred before and during OPERATION TURQUOISE. The result is that most schools in the prefecture are in bad condition. Almost all schools were at least partially destroyed by the damage sustained - loss of school material, desks, roofs, windows, doors, lighting, fixtures and even electrical sockets. The low priority and lack of supplies and repair expertise has compounded the problem. IRC

is the principal agency which is assisting in the rehabilitation of the buildings with the assistance from UNICEF based in Gikongoro. Most schools are primary schools and many were constructed or maintained by church organizations. The state, however, provides salaries for the teachers, normally between 10,000 to 30,000 FRF.

14. Most communes consist of approx 10 sectors with each having an average of 5,000 students and only 100 teachers. Each sector normally had several structures used as schools with one teacher assigned to each, resulting in the ration of approx 50 students to one teacher. Many teachers and students are deceased or have fled the country. Female students appear to outnumber male students two to one. Only the primary schools have reopened to date although 17 March was to be the opening day for the secondary schools.

15. In summary, it can be noted that not all sectors have schools that are usable and therefore children must often travel long distances to attend school. Given the fact that there are limited structures and equipment, the added student load from other sectors compounds the structural problems. There is a critical shortage of secondary schools. Roofing and structural fixtures are in high demand throughout the prefecture, let alone just for schools. The salaries are a state responsibility. The arrests of many inhabitants including intellectuals, such as the director of the agricole vetenaire in Ntendezi and the responsable of ISAR in Ntendezi compounds further the problem of providing experienced teachers in the schools that are open.

ORPHANAGES

16. Medecins du Monde administers three orphanages and GED one orphanage. There are many orphans from the genocide not in the organized orphanages, but are living with families. In some areas there are as many as 400 orphans spread throughout the commune. It is suspected that some of the female orphans are kept for labour. The total number of children organized into orphanages is about 750; predominantly Tutsi. The number of orphans in all the orphanages is slowly decreasing, but in Rusayu, new arrivals have come (incl unwanted babies born from rapes during the war and genocide). The greatest needs of the orphanages are the rehabilitation of the structures, basic necessities such as beds, mattresses, cooking facilities and a steady supply of food and educational materials.

Rusayu	Gishoma	215
Misericorde	Kamembe	255
Kibogora	Kirambo	135
Nyamasheke	Kagano	150

CURRENT SITUATION

17. The general situation in 4C is uncertain and unstable although there is a facade of normalcy. The civil government appears functioning: tea factories are struggling to re-open, cement factory is producing at a good rate, money was changed, appointment of civil authorities continues, etc. Nonetheless, the facade of an operational civil govt is just that, a facade. Given the special circumstances of the prefecture, the military controls many aspects of the administration. In Cyangugu the military demanded certificates of good conduct from residents of other prefectures for reason of security. As the instability here has increased, the military has increased its role. Recently, 32 trucks with WFP transporting food to Bukavu were denied

authority to leave from Rwanda, and was enforced by both the civil and military arm of the govt. It is known that this is intentional against the criminals in the camps, in particular due to the recent increase in incidents caused by FRGF/Interahamwe, and also due to the week of mourning. It is understood that this was not a "local" action, but directed by the ministry in Kigali. It is guessed that perhaps by 12 April, some veh will be allowed to cross.

18. Sector 4C was relatively quiet for many months after the genocide. Recently, however, activity has increased by bandits, FRGF, Interahamwe and also RPA. The situation is increasingly tense and insecure. As long as there are 300,000 refugees only a few kilometers away, of whom thousands are likely genocide participants, the situation will not change quickly. Using Ugandan refugees from 1959 as an example, it took most of them 30 years to return, and that was without an all out civil war and genocide. Recently, incidents involving mines have added to the general tenseness and insecurity of NGOs.

19. It is impossible to give a complete list in this report of the incidents which occur nightly; however, the incidents, and the rumours can give an overview and possible trends. The feeling of instability and insecurity is of grave concern because it has developed over a short period of time. Most actions, until the recent mine attacks, the attempted ambush of RPA patrol by FRGF, and the killing of a burgomaster, have been more indirect and non-confrontational; generally it is a continued low grade action. There is a sort of facade of confidence and cooperation, but there seems to be underlying conflicting currents. Regardless of whether many of these incidents are merely rumours, the fact that the local population believe them indicates the level of insecurity and lack of confidence. Aside from the facts of proximity to unstable borders, terrain and difficulty in observation, the RPA lack observation equipment and transport. The FRGF uses the defended borders of Zaire and Burundi in their propaganda campaign and as a safe base for offensive operations. It is assessed that the current situation including ongoing acts of banditry and murder, non-procedural arrests, deaths in custody, and the non-functional civil and judicial system will continue indefinitely.

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TELSTRA SATCOM-C SERVICE

95-04-09/16-07 UTC

MSG REF : 612530

FROM : 493139098 via Satellite

REGION : IOR (583)

LES ID : PERTH (302)

//

TO : FHQ (OPS)

OP-IMMEDIATE

FROM : SECTOR 3

SUBJECT : REPORT ONE MOVEMENT OF PRISONERS

1. ALL OFFICIALS CONNECTED WITH THE MOVE HAVE BEEN INTIMATED OF THE SAME.
2. 4 VEHS OF INDBATT REPORTED TO THIS LOCATION AT 1700 HRS, ONE ADDL VEHICLE REPORTEDLY FETCHING UP BY 1900 HRS. NO VEHS OF GHANBATT IN LOCATION YET.
3. ICRC INFORMED PRISON AUTHORITY OF THE MOVE AND PROVISIONAL LIST OF 100 PRISONERS PREPARED.
4. HUMAN RIGHTS AND MILOBS TEAM OF THIS SECTOR WARNED FOR ESCORT DUTIES.
5. ONLY STUMBLING BLOCK APPEAR TO BE THE RPA. NO ASSURANCE OF THEIR ESCORT YET RECEIVED. LIKELY THAT MOVE WILL BE DELAYED DUE TO THIS.
6. PRISONERS FOR GISEYNI ONLY BEING MOVED IN PHASE 1. MILOBS

SECTOR 5 INFORMED OF SAME.

7. NO INTIMATION YET RECEIVED ON ADDITIONAL MILOBS TEAMS TO
SUPPLEMENT EFFORTS OF THIS SECTOR. SUGGEST ONE TEAM FOR SECTOR 3 AND
SECTOR 5 EACH.

8. ADDITIONAL FUEL TO BE PLACED BY 95 FL SG NOT YET IN LOCATION.

SA HASNAIN

COL

SECTOR CDR

IN.429

TO : DCOS (OPS)
DCOS (SP)

INFO : DCMO, MILOBS GP HQ

FROM : SECTOR CDR, SECTOR 3

SUBJECT : HUMANITARIAN INITIATIVE

DATE : 10 APR 95

8/11/4
Ops B.
Sen
11/4

1. YOU MAY BE AWARE THAT THE KIGALI GITARAMA ROAD WHICH PASSES THROUGH THIS SECTOR HAS VIRTUALLY BECOME A DEATH TRAP IN TERMS OF TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS. ONE OF THE MAJOR REASONS FOR THIS IS THE PRESENCE OF A NUMBER OF DERELICT VEHICLES LYING ON BOTH SIDES OF THE ROAD WHICH BESIDES BEING A GRIM REMINDER OF THE WAR ARE ALSO MAJOR TRAFFIC HAZARDS. I HAVE DISCUSSED THIS MATTER WITH THE PREFET AND THE RPA CDR AND BOTH AGREED THAT AN INITIATIVE TO REMOVE THESE VEHICLES WITH THE HELP OF RECOVERY MEANS WOULD GO A LONG WAY IN REDUCING ACCIDENTS AND REMOVING WOUNDS OF THE WAR. THE PREFET HAS EVEN SELECTED A LOCATION TO WHICH HE PROPOSES TO MOVE ALL THESE VEHICLES.

2. I FEEL THAT SUITABLE GROUNDS EXIST FOR THE LAUNCHING OF AN INITIATIVE BY UNAMIR TO ASSIST THE PREFECTURE AUTHORITIES IN CLEARING THE ROAD. FOR THIS PURPOSE A TEAM OF RECOVERY EXPERTS WITH A RECOVERY VEHICLE AND A SUITABLE LORRY WILL BE REQUIRED AND THE OPERATION WILL BE COORDINATED BY THIS SECTOR. MAY I HAVE YOUR CONCURRENCE AND NECESSARY SUPPORT FOR THE PROPOSED HUMANITARIAN MISSION. I AM SURE IT WILL ASSIST IN KEEPING UNAMIR'S IMAGE AT A HIGH LEVEL BESIDES ACHIEVING A QUANTUM REDUCTION IN THE ACCIDENT RATE ON THE ROAD KIGALI - GITARAMA.

SA HASNAIN
COLONEL
SECTOR CDR

② DCOS OPS
a. I would like to respond
to Comd Sect 3 on this. Has
any decision been taken?
Mcomber
500 MILOBS
11.4.95

④ Copy to
500 MILOBS
11.4.95

③ 500 MILOBS
1. I have asked DCOS SP for his assessment WRT
what resource we could commit.
2. I am in favour of this type of assistance pending
subpara 1 and FC's direction!
11.4

IN.720

Page 1

UTC Time: 95-04-10 21:41:30

//
TELSTRA SATCOM-C SERVICE
95-04-10/19-35 UTC
MSG REF : 561900
FROM : 493139095 via Satellite
REGION : IOR (553)
LES ID : PERTH (302)
//

Sen
11/4

FROM : MILOB SECTOR 4C CYANGUGU

TO : MILOB OF HQ KIGALI

INFO : UNAMIR HQ KIGALI //G2/G3/HAC//

TAC HQ BUTARE//OPS//

SECT 4C MILOB TMS //GK1/GK3/GK5// ZEN

SUBJ : SITEEP NO.012 FROM 091800 APR TO 101800 APR 95

1. GENERAL SITUATION. GEN REMAINS UNSTABLE, BUT IS RELATIVELY QUIET AND BEGINNING TO STABILIZE MORE IN NYAMASHEKE. PEOPLE IN THIS AREA NOW EVER CONTINUE TO SLEEP IN SAFE SANCTUARIES AS USUAL.
2. FACTIONAL ACTIVITIES.

A. RPA. LOCAL RPA COMD AT NYAMASHEKE HAS ASSURED LOCALS OF THEIR SAFETY AND ASKED ALL TO ACCEPT EACH OTHER IN A SPEECH AT A FUNCTION ORGANISED BY GERMAN EMERGENCY DOCTORS (GED) AT THE ORPHANAGE.

B. RGF . NTR

C. OTHER. NTR

3. CIVIL AFFAIRS. MILOBS INVITED TO ATTEND COMMENCEMENT OF REBURIAL ACTIVITIES AT MIBILIZI PAROISSE TOMORROW.
4. OWN ACTIVITIES. PATROLS WERE DONE IN AREA OF RESP. SIT IN ALL AREAS PATROLLED WERE FOUND NORMAL.

5. HUMANITARIAN .

A. GED. AT NYAMASHEKE GERMAN EMERGENCY DOCTORS ORGANISED PARTY AT ORPHANAGE ATTENDED BY LOCALS INCL LOCAL RPA COMD. PARTY AIMED AT BRINGING PEOPLE IN AREA TOGETHER AS A CULMINATION TO

ORGANIZERS AND RPA COMD WHO BOOSTED LOCALS HOPE FOR SECURITY AND SAFETY.

B. REFUGEES

(1). ZAIRE. TWENTY ONE REFUGEES RETURNED TO RWANDA THROUGH BUGARAMA AND RUZIZI ONE.

(2). BURUNDI. SIX REFUGEES RETURNED TO RWANDA THROUGH BUGARAMA.

C. LOGISTICS.

A. VEH STATE: WORKSHOP/ACCIDENT -2 (1070-1127)

OPERATIONAL -5

TOTAL -7

B. VEH. INSPECTION. FOLLOWING VEHs WERE INSPECTED BY LOGO

10 APR 95:

(1). UNAMIR 1292. ANTENNA CABLE BROKEN AND RADIO NOT OPR.

(2). UNAMIR 1077. WINDOW OF REAR DOOR (ELECTRIC) NOT OPR.

(3). UNAMIR 1021. WINDSCREEN HIT BY BULLET DURING WAR AND CRACKED (REPORT OF DAMAGE MADE LONG AGO BUT NO REPLACEMENT AVAILABLE).

(4). UNAMIR 1061. WINCH WITHOUT STEEL CABLE. ALSO VERY BAD TYRES MAKES DRV UNSAFE. REPLACEMENT OF TYRES URGENTLY REQ. ALSO OPR INSTR FOR WINCH REQ.

7. MISC.

SECTOR STRENGTH. (INCL CIVPOL)

TOTAL: 30

ON DUTY: 23

ON DUTY IN KIGALI: 03 (ONE IN HOSP)

ON CTO: 06

YET TO REPORT: 01

NNNN

TO : MILOB GP HQ (OPS) ✓
 INFO : HQ UNAMIR KIGALI (DCOS OPS)
 TUNBATT
 FROM : SECTOR-5 MILOB HQ, GISENYI
 SUBJECT : SITREP COVERING PERIOD 061700 TO 071700 B APR 95

1.A. CALM.

1.B. ZAIRIAN/RWANDESE BORDER IS OPEN FOR ALL TRAFFIC EXCEPT UNAMIR PERSONNEL. NORMAL BORDER TRAFFIC BETWEEN UGANDAN / RWANDESE BORDER AT CYANIKA BORDERPOST.

2.A. NTR.

2.B. THERE ARE SIGNS OF THE RPA INCREASING ITS DEPLOYMENT IN THE PREFECTURES OF GISENYI AND RUHENGERI SUBSECTORS.

3.A. ONE MILOB TEAM MONITORED THE CEREMONY HELD AT GISENYI TO COMMEMORATE THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE GENOCIDE. THE CEREMONY COMMENCED AT 0930 H IN THE GISENYI TOWN. THE VENUE THEN SHIFTED TO THE CEMETARY WHERE THERE WERE SPEECHS BY THE PREFECT AND OTHER DIGNITARIES PRESENT. SUBSEQUENT TO WHICH THE REMAINS OF SOME OF THE VICTIMS OF THE GENOCIDE WERE LAID TO REST. THE ENTIRE CEREMONY WAS ATTENDED BY A LARGE NUMBER OF LOCAL POPULACE.

3.B. ONE MILOB TEAM PATROLLED GISENYI TOWN AND THE ADJOINING AREAS TO MONITOR THE SECURITY SITUATION AT REGULAR INTERVALS OF 2 H ENSURING A CONSTANT PRESENCE OF UNAMIR IN THE AREA. THE SECURITY SITUATION WAS REPORTED TO BE CALM.

3.C. REPORTS WERE RECEIVED FROM THE TUNBAT THAT THE BATTALION COMD OF THE RPA BATTALION LOCATED AT BIGOGWE HAD VISITED THE TUNBAT PLATOON LOCATED AT KORA FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE WFP WAREHOUSE. THE RPA INSISTED THAT THE TUNBAT PLATOON BE WITHDRAWN AT THE EARLIEST AS THEIR DEPLOYMENT IN THAT LOCATION WAS NOT IN ORDER. THE CLAIMED THAT THE PROTECTION IF DESIRED BY THE WFP WOULD BE PROVIDED BY THE RPA AND NOT THE TUNBAT. THE SAME WAS REPORTED TO THE MILOB GP HQ. INSTRUCTIONS WERE RECEIVED FROM THE MILOB GP HQ THAT THE TUNBAT PLATOON NOT TO BE WITHDRAWN AS THE RPA LIAISON OFFICER AT THE UNAMIR HQ WAS ESTABLISHING CONTACT WITH THE CONCERNED AUTHORITIES IN THE SECTOR. THE TUNBAT HQ WAS INFORMED ABOUT THIS MESSAGE FROM THE MILOB GP HQ. ONE MILOB TEAM WAS DESPATCHED TO LIAISE WITH THE BATTALION COMD AND TO INFORM HIM REGARDING THE MESSAGE

why
not
HQ

② G3 Ops

Why is/was our reporting / fdback comm system is so slow?

DCOS OPS
8.4

Seen
9/4

10/4

why
RECEIVED AT THIS END. HOWEVER THIS DID NOT MATERIALISE AND THE BATTALION COMD AGAIN REACHED THE LOCATION AND TOLD THE PLATOON COMD TO VACATE THE PLACE IN THE NEXT 5 MINUTES. WHEN THE MILOB TEAM REACHED THE LOCATION THEY FOUND THE TUNBAT PLATOON VACATING THE PLACE. THIS WAS AGAIN INFORMED TO THE MILOB GP HQ DUTY OFFICER IMMEDIATELY. THE TUNBAT WAS CONTACTED AND THEY INFORMED AS THEY WERE GETTING NO REPLY FROM THE UNAMIR FORCE HQ THEY HAD TO TAKE THIS DECISION. SUBSEQUENTLY THE MILOB TEAM TRIED TO LOCATE THE RPA BATTALION COMD BUT COULD NOT LOCATE HIM.

4. NTR.

5.A. NUMBER OF RETURNEES FROM THE CYANIKA BORDER POST WAS 04.

5.B. NUMBER OF RETURNEES FROM ZAIRE AT GISENYI/GOMA BORDER POST WAS 40.

6. THREE VEHICLES FROM THE SECTOR 1115, 1017 AND 487 ARE PRESENTLY IN THE WORKSHOP FOR REPAIRS.

7. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH: 37

PRESENT: 27

LEAVE/CTO: 3

MAJ SIDIBE

MAJ GUMBO

MAJ SINA

DEFICIENCY: 7

TO : MILOB GP HQ (OPS)
INFO : HQ UNAMIR KIGALI (DCOS OPS)
TUNBATT
FROM : SECTOR-5 MILOB HQ, GISENYI
SUBJECT : SITREP COVERING PERIOD 071700 TO 081700 B APR 95

1.A. CALM.

1.B. ZAIRIAN/RWANDESE BORDER IS OPEN FOR ALL TRAFFIC EXCEPT UNAMIR PERSONNEL. NORMAL BORDER TRAFFIC BETWEEN UGANDAN / RWANDESE BORDER AT CYANIKA BORDERPOST.

2.A. NTR.

2.B. NTR.

3.A. A MILOB TEAM PATROLLED THE AREA OF RWERERE (2723), MUTURA (3223) AND THE COMMUNE OF RUBAVU (2313). THE PATROL WAS TASKED TO MONITOR THE SECURITY SITUATION IN THE AREA AND REPORT ANY ABNORMAL ACTIVITY. THE PATROL REPORTED THAT THE SECURITY SITUATION IN THE AREA WAS CALM.

3.B. ONE MILOB TEAM PATROLLED GISENYI TOWN AND THE ADJOINING AREAS TO MONITOR THE SECURITY SITUATION AT REGULAR INTERVALS OF 2 H ENSURING A CONSTANT PRESENCE OF UNAMIR IN THE AREA. THE TEAM WAS ALSO TASKED TO BE THE STAND/BY TEAMS TO CATER FOR ANY CONTINGENCY. THE TEAM REPORTED THAT THE SITUATION WAS CALM.

3.C. ONE MILOB TEAM PATROLLED THE AREAS OF COMMUNES OF KANAMA (2813), NYAMYUMBA (2006) AND KAYOVE (2812). THE TEAM WAS TASKED TO MONITOR THE SITUATION IN THE AREA AND REPORT ANY ABNORMAL ACTIVITY. THE PATROL REPORTED THAT THOUGH THE SITUATION WAS CALM THE PEOPLE WERE STILL UNDULY SUBDUED IN THE AREA AND SEEM TO BE LIVING IN FEAR FOR THEIR LIVES. THE PEOPLE INFORMED THE PATROL THAT THEY WERE SLEEPING IN THE BUSH AT NIGHTS INSTEAD OF THEIR HOUSES.

4. NTR.

5.A. NUMBER OF RETURNEES FROM THE CYANIKA BORDER POST WAS NIL.

5.B. NUMBER OF RETURNEES FROM ZAIRE AT GISENYI/GOMA BORDER POST WAS 156.

6. THREE VEHICLES FROM THE SECTOR 1115, 1017 AND 487 ARE PRESENTLY

UNITED NATIONS
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



NATIONS UNIES
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

FROM : MILOB SECTOR 4C CYANGUGU

TO : MILOB GP HQ KIGALI

INFO : UNAMIR HQ KIGALI//G2/G3/HAC//
TAC HQ BUTARE//OPS//
SECT 4C MILOB TMS//GM1/GM3/GM5//

ZEN

SUBJ: SITREP NO. 010 FROM 071800 APR TO 081800 APR 95

1. GENERAL SITUATION. THE SIT WAS UNUSUALLY CALM AND PEACEFUL TODAY IN THE ENTIRE SECTOR. LAST NIGHT IN ISHARA GRID 0144 BETWEEN 2100 AND 2400 HRS A FIRE FIGHT TOOK PLACE BETWEEN RPA AND BANDITS. ONE BANDIT WAS KILLED AND ONE BOAT + 20 PADDLES WERE CAPTURED. IT SEEMS THAT THE OTHER BANDITS DID NOT GO BACK TO UWU ISLAND. THE SHORE AND THE AREA WERE SEARCHED WITH NO RESULT, SO IT IS SUPPOSED THAT THEY FLED TOWARDS THE FOREST.

2. FACTIONAL ACTIVITIES.

A. RPA. THEY HAVE PLANNED TO PATROL THE AREA SEARCHING FOR THE BANDITS OF THE ABOVE PARA.

B. RGF. NTR

C. OTHER. NTR.

3. CIVIL AFFAIRS. A MEETING WAS HELD AT NYAMASHEKE HOSPITAL. 200 PERS IN ATTENDANCE PLUS LOC RPA AND SELECTED REPRESENTATIVES. THEY TALKED ABOUT HISTORY OF RWANDA, PEACEFUL CO-EXISTENCE BETWEEN VARIOUS TRIBES AND SOCIAL LIFE.

4. OWN ACTIVITIES. PATROLS WERE DONE IN AREA OF RESP. AN AIR RECCE WAS DONE COVERING THE RAIN FOREST AND THE ENTIRE BORDER IN 4C SECTOR. IN BWEYEYE GRID 1111 A TWO PLATOON SIZE STATIC POSN WAS OBSERVED. THERE SEVERAL RWANDAN BUSES AND VEH IN PANZI CAMP GRID 7321. IT IS STRONGLY SUSPECTED OF BEING MILITARY MORE THAN A REFUGEES CAMP.

5. HUMANITARIAN.

A. MORE ABOUT VEH WFP. NO CHANGE IN THE STATUS OF THOSE VEH.

B. TWO REFUGEES CROSSED AT RUZIZI 2 TODAY.

C. 14 REFUGEES CROSSED THE ZAIRIAN BORDER AT UVIRA AND ARE AWAYTING EVAC TOWARD CYANGUGU.

6. LOGISTICS. VEH STATE: WORKSHOP/ACCIDENT = 2 (1070 - 1127)

OPERATIONAL = 5

TOTAL 7

7. MISC.

SECTOR STRENGTH. (INCL CIVPOL)

TOTAL: 30

ON DUTY: 19

ON DUTY IN KIGALI: 03 (ONE IN HOSP)

ON CTO: 07

YET TO REPORT: 01

Copy to FHQ (Ops Bn)
and cos.

Soc

5/4

From: MILOB Sector 5, Gisenyi

To: MILOB GP HQ

Attn: DCMO

Date: 24 Apr 95

Dev

9/4

1. The following information was received from Goma regarding some activities around the Mugunga Camp:-

a. Maj Gen KABIRIGI is likely to take over from Maj Gen BIZIMUNGO AUGUSTIN as the incharge of the Mugunga Camp. While the latter is more of a politician and basically looking for a peaceful solution to the problem while the former is a hard liner and is looking forward to action.

b. There seems to be a split in the camp at the moment as the people are divided in their support to the above leaders.

c. On the 28 mar 95 there was a meeting held at the HQ at Mugunga camp. The HQ is located about 5 km from the camp itself. The meeting was attended by the President in Exile BIZIMUNGO KAZIMERA, Maj Gen GASAKE (former Minister for Defence) and other high ranking officials. Col Marcel (Chief of Operations; Mugunga Camp) also attended. Other details are not clear. The President in Exile came from KINSHASA to attend the meeting.

d. The UNHCR has hired 850 Zairian soldiers for the protection of it's convoy from the camps in Goma. 300 of these soldiers are planned to be deployed at the Mugunga camp. At present 150 of these soldiers have deployed at the camp for the security.

2. The above information is not substantiated from reliable sources and the authenticity cannot be guaranteed

V Belski
Lt Col
Sector Comd

10/4

(1)

11255-
100.Seen
6/4

TO : MILOB GP HQ, KIGALI (Ops & Personnel)

INFO : DCOS (OPS), FHQ

FROM : HQ SECTOR 3

SUBJECT : REVIEW OF MANPOWER AND LOGISTIC REQUIREMENTS, SUB SECTOR 3A

DATE : 05 APR 95

1. After experience of operating in the new organisational format of Sector 3 for a little over a week some issues have arisen which it is felt need consideration at the higher HQ. These are submitted for consideration in the subsequent paragraphs.

2. While appreciating the need for enhanced manpower and logistic support to Sector 4b (Butare), it is felt that if this is done entirely at the cost of Sub Sector 3A (Kibuye), it would have a telling effect on the operational effectiveness of the sub sector. What perhaps could not be appreciated earlier is that with move of the new Malawi Coy to Kibuye and its constraints in availability of vehicles the overall information gathering apparatus will be so adversely affected. If the strength of MILOBS and vehicles is simultaneously reduced from the present levels the capabilities of the sub sector towards information gathering will be further diluted. As you are already aware from the daily sitrep of Sector 3, the situation in Kibuye Prefecture is perhaps at the worst level since the war and is continuously deteriorating. Being a border prefecture, open to forays across the lake, and with the current wave of arrests across it, we need to ensure that the level of information gathering is maintained so that a gap does not exist between what is available here and the quantum and quality of information available in Giseyni and Cyangugu Prefectures which lie to the North and South of it respectively. The attitude of the officials is also most intransigent and requires mature handling since the best of relationships does not exist between the officials and UNAMIR.

3. In view of the above I feel there is a need to review the manning and logistic pattern of MILOBS while simultaneously addressing the vehicle problems of Malawi Coy. I would like to recommend the following:-

(a) No change be effected in the command of the sub sector and the present incumbent (Lt Col Abul Bashar) be allowed to continue till his DDM, which is 08 Jun 95. A suitable relief (English speaking) be groomed to relieve him.

(b) The MILOB manpower increment of Sector 4B be more equitably shared by other sectors. Some reduction in strength

(2) G3 Plans
For info.
(3)cc
Treated.
06.4
DCOS OPS
6.4

Lt
07/4


of the sub sector is inevitable. Perhaps this can be effected progressively over a period of time.

(c) The sub sector be allowed to retain the organisational pattern of staff as applicable to a sector. An Ops O and a Log O are absolutely essential, considering its distance and nature of ops.

(d) The sub sector needs to retain an office complex because of the above recommended structural modifications to the existing pattern of sub sectors all over Rwanda.

(e) The distance from Kigali and the state of roads in Kibuye Prefecture as they exist are have a telling effect on vehicle availability - the down time being much more than normal. As such the minimum requirement of vehicles (runners) is 5 and this should not be reduced.

4. Finally it is my sincere belief that Sub Sector 3A does not deserve to be looked upon as just any other sub sector. The situation existing here and the state of communications merit special attention at all times. The command and control may continue to lie with Sector 3 Gitarama due to the fair similarity of problems but within this arrangement consideration for the problems of Sub Sector 3A may be required on a special basis.



SA Hasnain
Colonel
Sector Cdr

TO : MILOB GP HQ (OPS)

INFO : HQ UNAMIR KIGALI (DCOS OPS)
TUNBATT

FROM : SECTOR-5 MILOB HQ, GISENYI

SUBJECT : SITREP COVERING PERIOD 041700 TO 051700 B APR 95

1.A. CALM.

1.B. ZAIRIAN/RWANDESE BORDER IS OPEN FOR ALL TRAFFIC EXCEPT UNAMIR PERSONNEL. NORMAL BORDER TRAFFIC BETWEEN UGANDAN / RWANDESE BORDER AT CYANIKA BORDERPOST.

2.A. NTR.

2.B. NTR.

3.A. ONE MILOB TEAM PATROLLED THE AREAS OF GISENYI, RAMBA (4894), KIBILIRA (5785) AND SATINSYI (5800). THE PATROL WAS TASKED TO MONITOR THE SECURITY SITUATION IN THE AREA AND REPORT ANY ABNORMAL ACTIVITY OBSERVED.

3.B. ONE MILOB TEAM PATROLLED THE AREAS OF GISENYI, KARAGO (4417), GICIYE (5012) AND GASEKE (5105). THE PATROL WAS TASKED TO MONITOR THE SECURITY SITUATION IN THE AREA AND REPORT ANY ABNORMAL ACTIVITY OBSERVED. THE PATROL REPORTED THAT THE SITUATION IN THE AREA IS CALM. THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES ARE TRYING TO EDUCATE THE MASSES REGARDING THE RUMORS.

3.C. A JOINT MILOB / HUMAN RIGHTS TEAM PATROLLED THE AREA OF RWERERE (2723), MUTURA (3223) AND THE COMMUNE OF RUBAVU (2313). THE PATROL WAS TASKED TO MONITOR THE SECURITY SITUATION IN THE AREA AND REPORT ANY ABNORMAL ACTIVITY. THE PATROL REPORTED THAT THE SECURITY SITUATION IN THE AREA WAS CALM.

3.D. TWO TEAMS, ONE MILOB TEAM AND ONE JOINT MILOB / HUMAN RIGHTS TEAM PATROLLED GISENYI TOWN AND THE ADJOINING AREAS TO MONITOR THE SECURITY SITUATION AT REGULAR INTERVALS OF 2 H ENSURING A CONSTANT PRESENCE OF UNAMIR IN THE AREA. THE TEAMS WERE ALSO TASKED TO BE THE STAND-BY TEAMS TO CATER FOR ANY CONTINGENCY. THE TEAM REPORTED THAT THE SITUATION WAS CALM.

3.E. THIS HQ COORDINATED THE PATROL BY A CIVPOL TEAM TO THE COMMUNES OF KANAMA (2813), NYAMYUMBA (2006) AND KAYOVE (2812). THE TEAM WAS TASKED TO MONITOR THE SITUATION IN THE AREA AND REPORT ANY ABNORMAL ACTIVITY. THE PATROL REPORTED THAT IN THE KANAMA COMMUNE THE BOURGEMESTRE WAS ADDRESSING

THE LOCAL POPULATION AND TRYING TO DISPEL THE FEARS OF THE PEOPLE DUE TO THE RUMORS OF THE LIKELY ESCALATION OF VIOLENCE IN THE NEXT FEW DAYS. THE PATROL REPORTED THAT THOUGH THE SITUATION WAS CALM THE PEOPLE WAS UNDULY SUBDUED IN THE AREA AND SEEM TO BE LIVING IN FEAR FOR THEIR LIVES. THE PEOPLE INFORMED THE PATROL THAT THEY WERE SLEEPING IN THE BUSH AT NIGHTS INSTEAD OF THEIR HOUSES.

3.F. A DETACHMENT FROM THE TUNBAT WAS DEPLOYED TODAY AT THE HUMAN RIGHT RESIDENCE AT GISENYI FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE HUMAN RIGHT MONITORS. THE DETACHMENT WOULD BE CONDUCTING REGULAR PATROLS AROUND THE UNHCR COMPLEX TO ENSURE ITS PROTECTION.

3.G. ONE MILOB TEAM PATROLLED THE COMMUNE OF NYAMUTERA (5719). THE BOURGEMESTRE OF THE COMMUNE WAS ADDRESSING THE CONSEILLERS AND THE LOCAL POPULACE TO REMAIN CALM AND NOT TO PAY HEED TO THE RUMORS BEING SPREAD AROUND BY THE MISCREANTS.

4.A THE UNHCR IS COORDINATING THE MOVEMENT OF THE 1959-60 CASE LOAD RETURNEES FROM THE NURSING SCHOOL RECEPTION CENTER IN GISENYI TO THEIR PLACES OF RESETTLEMENT /THE COLLEGE RECEPTION CENTER. TODAY ALL THE RETURNEES HOUSED IN THE NURSERY SCHOOL CENTER WERE SHIFTED FROM THIS LOCATION TO THE COLLEGE RECEPTION CENTER LOCATED ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF THE GISENYI TOWN.

4.B. THERE WAS A FOOD DISTRIBUTION FOR THE RETURNEES BEING SETTLED IN THE COMMUNE OF MUTURA AND THE KARAGO COMMUNES TODAY. THE UNHCR WAS THE COORDINATING AGENCY FOR THE SAME. TWO UNAMIR TRUCKS WERE EMPLOYED FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF THE FOOD FROM RUHENGARI TO THE COMMUNE OF KARAGO.

5.A. NUMBER OF RETURNEES FROM THE CYANIKA BORDER POST WAS 02.

5.B. NUMBER OF RETURNEES FROM ZAIRE AT GISENYI/GOMA BORDER POST WAS 159.

6. THREE VEHICLES FROM THE SECTOR 1115, 1017 AND 487 ARE PRESENTLY IN THE WORKSHOP FOR REPAIRS.

7.A. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH: 37
PRESENT: 27
LEAVE/CTO: 2 MAJ SIDIBE
MAJ GUMBO

DEFICIENCY: 7

7.B. ONE NUMBER 36 HAND GRENADE WAS FOUND IN THE GARDEN OF THE ICRC AT RUHENGARI. THE GRENADE WAS PRESUMABLY LEFT IN THAT LOCATION DURING THE WAR LAST YEAR. THE RPA HAS BEEN CONTACTED AND THE RPA ENGINEERS WILL DISPOSE THE SAME TOMORROW.

To: D COS Ops

From: G2

Subject: NEW MILOBS/G2 WORKAREA

Reference: Discussions COS/D COS Ops/MILOB/G2, 31 March 1995

1. IAW reference, G2/MILOBS information was to assume the area of behind the current cafeteria to include the small room at its far end.
2. FSO has subsequently informed me that this small room will be retained by signals personnel who will live here on a 24/7 basis.
3. This situation is unacceptable for the following reasons:
 - a. the small room was to house sensitive material and charts such as:
 - (1) RPA orbat & dispositions (current working map);
 - (2) G2 Estimates/Plans collection planning chart;
 - (3) PIR/IR and indicator chart; and
 - (4) sensitive briefing/discussion area.
 - b. personnel currently live and cook in this small room. As duty personnel begin to work in this area, it will quickly become congested and the atmosphere will not be conducive to a work environment, especially in hot weather. It will make those living there uncomfortable, as well.
 - c. my decision on workspace requirements was based upon the understanding that this room was to be part of our work area. Without the small room, there is not adequate space to do the job intended.
4. It is understood that another move may have to occur in a few weeks' time. However, the information job must be done now if you want to know what may happen in the next few days. The information cell is currently inoperative until this situation is resolved. I recommend that the signallers be accommodated in the room immediately behind the reception desk even if only as an interim measure until new accommodation is freed up.

C.E. Kamenge
Major
G2
11060

② COS

1. I was under the understanding that the sig ops room would be available to G2.
2. It is not acceptable to have them remain adjacent / with G2 staff for security reason.
3. FSO and Camp Comdt await your dir.

③ CC
Sir, Treach 31/3

DCOS ops
31-3

NL BURUM LES 492400056=SRVS X 4-APR-1995 14:40:06 839207

TO: TAC HQ BUTARE
CC: UNREO BASE
UNAMIR HQ (FOR G3 OPS)
UNREO BUTARE
FROM: IOC (OPS OFFR)
SUBJ: REQUEST TO RELAY MESSAGE - WFP

Seen
4/4
5/4

A WFP CONVOY OF 14 VEHS IS IN TRANSIT FROM TANZANIA TO ZAIRE. THE EXACT LOCATION OF THE CONVOY IS CURRENTLY UNKNOWN. IT IS PROBABLE THIS CONVOY WILL LAY UP AT THE STAGING AREA NEAR TAC HQ LOC. ALL DRIVERS ARE ETHIOPIAN AND NON ENGLISH SPEAKERS. DUE TO MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THIS CONVOY BE ADVISED TO REMAIN IN LOCATION AND CONTACT WFP KIGALI AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. REQUEST UNAMIR ASSISTANCE IN CONTACTING THE CONVOY (IF IN BUTARE) AND ADVISE THEM TO IMMEDIATELY CONTACT WFP BEFORE ANY FURTHER MOVEMENT. ASSISTANCE APPRECIATED.

1. Only off Tac HQ Butare have received the msg.
2. Action Taken NK will be intimated by them as soon as possible.
Same.

Thuy
05/4

UNITED NATIONS
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDANATIONS UNIES
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

FROM : MILOB SECTOR 4C CYANGUGU

TO : MILOB GP HQ KIGALI

INFO : UNAMIR TAC HQ BUTARE
UNAMIR HQ KIGALI//G2//HAC//
SECT 4C MILOB TMS//GM1/GM3/GM5//

ZEN

SUBJ: SITREP NO. 006 FROM 031800 APR TO 041800 APR 95

1. GENERAL SITUATION. THE SITUATION REMAIN TENSE BUT STABLE.

A. AT 2200 HRS ON 3 APR IN ISHARA PENINSULA GRID 0144 WAS AN EXCHANGE OF FIRE BETWEEN RPA AND BANDITS. THERE IS NO CASUALTY REPORTED.

B. REF MY SITREP 004 OF 01 TO 02 APR THE BANDIT THAT KILLED NGWBIJI FOTITAS REPORTED IN PARA 1 A WAS IDENT AS MUDEUYA EMMANUEL, HE WAS WITH TWO OTHERS PERS, MUDAHAMBARA AND NGAWIYANITI. THE LAST BEING IDENT AS A RGF.

C. THE RWANDAN BORDER IS CLOSED TO FOOD CARRYING TRUCKS. THERE IS AT PRESENT 32 TRUCKS AWAITING XING. MOST OF THEM ARE WFP BUT NOT ALL OF THEM AND SOME OF THEM WERE THERE SINCE SEVERAL DAYS. 23 OF THEM AT RUZIZI 2. THERE IS LOOTING FOR NOW BUT THERE IS A POTENTIAL SECURITY PROBLEM. WE INFORMED ETHIOBATT THAT A STANDING PATROL WOULD BE A GOOD IDEA BUT THERE WAS NOBODY OF ETHIOBATT AS OF 1900 HRS. IT IS SUPPOSED THAT THE ORDER TO DO SO CAME FROM KIGALI TO SOMEWHAT BLACKMAIL THE RGF.

D. RPA PUT UP FROM TIME TO TIME A RD BLOCK AT GRID 783 254. THAT ROAD LEAD TO AN RPA FACILITY BUT ALSO TO THE LOCAL BAKERY. THIS MORNING ONE OF OUR PATROL WAS DENIED PASSAGE THROUGH EVEN AFTER REQUESTING TO GO TO THE BAKERY. THEY PROBABLY HAVE CERTAIN THINGS GOING ON IN THEIR CAMPS OCCASIONALLY THAT THEY DO NOT WANT PEOPLE TO SEE.

2. FACTIONAL ACTIVITIES.

A. RPA. WE SPOKE WITH LT EMMANUEL TONIGHT WHILE HE WAS

2/2

DEPLOYING HIS TROOPS IN KAMEMBE MARKET AREA - HE CLAIMED IGNORANCE OF THE TRUCKS BEING BLOCKED AT THE BORDER.

B. RGF. THE RGF HAD THREATEN ACCORDING TO ETHIOBATT TO MINE THE MAIN ACCESS FROM BUGARAMA TO CYANGUGU AND THE ONE GOING THROUGH THE FOREST. REF THE INCIDENT INVOLVING A VEH MDN THAT RAN OVER ANTI-TANK MINEIN MIBILIZI GRID 8216, AN ANTI-PERS MINE WAS FOUND ON THE SCENE OF THE INCIDENT AND WAS ID AS ITALIAN TYPE TS-50.

C. OTHER.

3. CIVIL AFFAIRS. IN MOST OF THE COMMUNES IN THE BURGOMASTER ARE STILL HOLDING SECURITY MEETING TO BRIEF AND REASSURE THE POPULATION.

4. OWN ACTIVITIES. PATROLS WERE DONE IN AREA OF RESP AND SPECIALLY IN

5. HUMANITARIAN.

6. LOGISTICS. VEH STATE WORKSHOP/ACCIDENT 2 (1070 & 1127)

WORKSHOP/REPAIR 1 (501)

WORKSHOP/A MAINT 1 (1282)

OPERATIONAL 3

TOTAL 7

7. MISC.

SECTOR STRENGTH. (INCL CIVPOL)

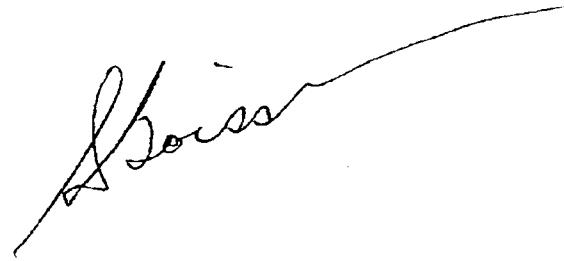
TOTAL: 30

ON DUTY: 18

ON DUTY IN KIGALI: 04

ON CTO: 06

YET TO REPORT: 02



, NL BURUM LES 492400056=SRVS X 4-APR-1995 14:40:06 839207

TO: TAC HQ BUTARE
CC: UNREO BASE
UNAMIR HQ (FOR G3 OPS)
UNREO BUTARE
FROM: IOC (OPS OFFR)
SUBJ: REQUEST TO RELAY MESSAGE - WFP

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A WFP CONVOY OF 14 VEHS IS IN TRANSIT FROM TANZANIA TO ZAIRE. THE EXACT LOCATION OF THE CONVOY IS CURRENTLY UNKNOWN. IT IS PROBABLE THIS CONVOY WILL LAY UP AT THE STAGING AREA NEAR TAC HQ LOC. ALL DRIVERS ARE ETHIOPIAN AND NON ENGLISH SPEAKERS. DUE TO MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THIS CONVOY BE ADVISED TO REMAIN IN LOCATION AND CONTACT WFP KIGALI AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. REQUEST UNAMIR ASSISTANCE IN CONTACTING THE CONVOY (IF IN BUTARE) AND ADVISE THEM TO IMMEDIATELY CONTACT WFP BEFORE ANY FURTHER MOVEMENT. ASSISTANCE APPRECIATED.

To: MILOB GP HQ ✓
Info: UNAMIR FORCE HQ
TUNBAT

From: Sector 5 MILOB, Gisenyi

Subject: CHANGE IN LOCATIONS OF UNAMIR FORCES IN SECTOR 5

Thunt
04/4

1. There was a meeting held at the office of the Brigade Comd 211 Inf Bde located at Ruhengeri. The Bde Comd was not available and the talks were held between the Bde Political Officer whom the Bde Comd had nominated and the Representative from this HQ.

2. The talks were centered around the movement and the readjustment of the formed troops deployed in Sector 5 that the RPA desired be made as soon as possible. The following readjustment was desired to be affected at the earliest:-

a. The 4 TUNCOY located at Gisenyi be moved from the present location of the Naval Base which it is presently occupying. It was stated that this move was required due to the fact that the RPA soldiers who had been sent abroad for training on operations on water had completed the course and had returned and were planned to be located at this base. The TUNBAT would have to do the recce for the alternate suitable area which they would like to occupy in lieu of the Naval Base.

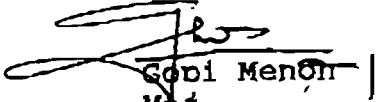
b. The 3 TUNCOY located at Busogo (4927) be moved of the location as the same is required by the RPA to deploy their RAPID REACTION FORCE which they plan to employ in case of any immediate threat from the direction of the Birungas Volcanic Range to the north of the sector. A alternate location for the coy was proposed as the Bishops school at RAMBURA (4514). The location proposed is self sufficient in terms of accommodation, water and electricity. The other alternative proposed was that TUNBAT carries out the recce of an alternate site which will be approved by the RPA.

3. The RPA representative expressed that they were very happy with the cooperation between the formed troops in Sector 5 and the RPA and hoped that this would not be taken as a measure of harassing the TUNBAT. The RPA further added that they would appreciate that the locations mentioned above will be handed over to them at the earliest. In fact in a time frame of 3 days. It was explained to the RPA that due to the infrastructure which had to be created /shifted in the move of the coys it would not be possible to move them in the time frame desired. However within three days a feed back would be given on what actions were being taken.

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4. However it was explained to the RPA that these talks should have been held with the TUNBAT COMD and not with the MILOBS, as TUNBAT were the affected unit. RPA requested that the message be passed to the TUNBAT for their further action. The same will be communicated to the TUNBAT by the undersigned today.

5. Best Regards.


Gopi Menon
Maj
Obs Officer
For Sector Comd

03 Apr 95

APR 95
FM : MILOB SECTOR 4A
TO : MILOB GP HQ, KIGALI

UNCLAS MILOB SITREP 248

SUBJ: DAILY SITREP COVERING PERIOD 011800 TO 021800 APR 95

1. SITUATION

A. GENERAL. CALM.

B. BORDER. AKABUGA BC WAS NOT PATROLLED AS THE ROAD WAS IMPASSABLE.

	INFLOW	OUTFLOW
REMERA BP 420899	NIL	NIL
AKABUGA BC 499887	-	-

2. FACTIONAL ACTIVITIES.

A. POLITICAL. NTR.

B. MILITARY. NTR.

3. OWN ACTIVITY.

A. SECTOR HQ. THE SECTOR COORDINATED ACTIVITIES OF THE TEAM AND MONITORED THE PATROLS.

B. TEAM 1. THE TEAM PATROLLED MURAMBI AND KIGEME CAMPS. THE STRENGTH IS 1287 AND 2250 RESPECTIVELY. THERE IS PROBLEM OF WATER AND MALNUTRITION IN BOTH CAMPS.

C. TEAM 2. THE TEAM PATROLLED KIBEHO 5107 AND NDAGO 520023. AT KIBEHO THE TEAM RECEIVED THE DELEGATION HEADED BY THE UN HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR HUMAN RIGHTS. THE PREFECT OF GIKONGORO, ICRC, ZAMBATT OC OF KIBEHO, THE HUMAN RIGHTS TEAM, MILOB TEAM, PROSECUTOR, THE BOURGEMESTRE OF MUBUGA COMMUNE AND THE CAMP CHIEF ATTENDED A MEETING WITH THE COMMISSIONER. THE DISCUSSION WAS CENTERED ON THE IDPs TO INCLUDE THE PROBLEMS OF JUDICIARY, DELAY IN JUSTICE DUE TO DEFUNCT JUDICIARY, ILLEGAL ARREST PROCEDURES, INCORRECT INVESTIGATION REPORTS AND INSECURITY IN THE CAMPS. IT WAS HIGHLIGHTED THAT THE FORMER RGF WERE PRESENT IN THESE CAMPS AND WERE DISCOURAGING THE IDPs FROM RETURNING TO THEIR HOME COMMUNES. THE COMMISSIONER STATED THAT HE WOULD DISCUSS THESE PROBLEMS WITH THE GOVERNMENT. HE LAUDED AT THE EFFORTS OF THE MILOBS AND THE HUMAN RIGHTS, IN PROMOTING PEACE AND HARMONY. HE HOWEVER MENTIONED THAT THE IDP CAMPS SHOULD NOT BE CLOSED

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FORCIBLY AND HURRIEDLY. A JOINT EFFORT HAS TO BE LAUNCHED BY THE GOVERNMENT AND THE UNAMIR FOR THE SUCCESSFUL CLOSURE OF THESE CAMPS.

D. TEAM 3. THE TEAM ON STANDBY DUTY DUE TO NON AVAILABILITY OF VEHICLES.

E. TEAM 4. THE TEAM ON OP RUBY AND PATROLLED KIVU 4004 COMMUNE TO INCLUDE NYABIMATA 3602, TANGABO 376043, MUYOVU 4105, MAGANZA 4930 AND CYANYIRANKORA 4111. RPA CAMP WAS OBSERVED NEAR THE COMMUNE OFFICE OF KIVU. A FOOTBAL MATCH WAS ORGANISED BETWEEN THE IDPs OF NDAGO AND MUNINI.

F. TEAM 5. THE TEAM PATROLLED NYAMIGINA 4523, BUHORO 465213 AND RURAMBA 4717. THE STRENGTH OF THE CAMPS IS: NYAMIGINA - 4500, BUHORO - 7100, RURAMBA - 12000. THE PEOPLE TO NYAMIGINA ARE COMING FROM BUTARE AND GITARAMA. THE STRENGTH OF THE IDPs AT BUHORO IS EXPECTED TO DECLINE DUE TO MIGRATION TO KIBEHO.

G. TEAM 6. THE TEAM ON STANDBY DUTY DUE TO NON AVAILABILITY OF VEHICLE.

4. EVACUATION ON OP RETOUR. NOT CONDUCTED.

5. HUMANITARIAN AFFAIRS. NTR.

6. CIVILIAN AFFAIRS. NTR.

7. LOGISTICS:

UNAMIR 1016 - STILL IN KIGALI WORKSHOP.

UNAMIR 1262 - WORKSHOP, KIGALI AWAITING SPARES.

UNAMIR 1112 - KIGALI, AWAITING SPARES.

UNAMIR 1058 - KIGALI FOR MAINTENANCE.

8. MISCELLANEOUS. NTR.

9. PERS STRENGTH.

POSTED STRENGTH	GIKONGORO	KIGALI	LEAVE/CTO	YET TO JOIN
29	22	2	5	-

TX BY FAX
TIME: 1834 HRS
FOLIO # 192
LOG # 312
816: *wa*

PRIORITY 02.2050...B APR 95

FROM: 4A/ZAMBATT

TO: HQ UNAMIR/OPS

INFO: TAC HQ/BUTARE

UNCLAS OPS:..467.....

SUBJECT: DAILY SITREP COVERING PERIOD FROM 011800 B APR 95 TO 02 021800 B APR 95

1. GENERAL SITUATION. CALM.
2. POLITICAL ACTIVITIES. NTR.
3. FACTIONAL ACTIVITIES:
 - A. RPA. NORMAL DAY AND NIGHT PATROLS.
 - B. FRGF. NTR.
 - C. MILITIA. NTR.
4. OWN MILITARY ACTIVITIES. CONTINUED TO PERFORM SECURITY TASKS IN AOR.
5. HUMANITARIAN ACTIVITIES. OUR MEDICAL TEAMS ATTENDED TO 43 IDPs.
6. CIVIL AFFAIRS. NTR.
7. LOGISTICS. NTR.
8. MISCELLANEOUS. THE COMMISSIONER FOR HUMAN RIGHTS VISITED KIBEHO IDPC AND HAD DISCUSSIONS WITH BOTH THE PREFECT AND PROSECUTOR OF GIKONGORO.

SIGNATURE:.....A

RANK/APPT:..Cpy. OPS off

PRIORITY 02.2055...B APR 95

FROM: 4A/ZAMBATT

TO: HQ UNAMIR/OPS

UNCLAS OPS: 468.....

SUBJECT: PATROL REPORT FOR 02 APRIL 1995AIM

1. To outline Patrols conducted for the day.

TYPES OF PATROLS

2. a. Confidence.
- b. Guard.

TASKS

3. a. To provide UN presence in AOR.
- b. Guard of Vulnerable points in AOR.

STRENGTH

4. 18 X 8 Man Teams.

ROUTES AND LOCATIONS PATROLLED

5. a. Routes
 - (1) Within RUNYOMBYI GR 4892.
 - (2) To BUSANZE GR 4292.
 - (3) To KAMANA GR 5197.
 - (4) Within MUNINI.
 - (5) To KITABI Tea Factory.
 - (6) To MATA Tea Factory.
 - (7) To KIGEME Refugee Camp.
 - (8) Within RURAMBA.
 - (9) To GASIZI GR 4914.
 - (10) Within RWAMIKO.
 - (11) Within KIBEHO.
 - (12) To MUNYENYELI.
 - (13) To KADUHA.
 - (14) To MUKO.
 - (15) To GOMA GR 5832.
 - (16) Within RUKONDO.
 - (17) To KABAGOCO GR 5949.
 - (18) To GIFURINE GR 3833.

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MEMORANDUM

TO: FHQ/DCOS OPS/HAC/G3/G2
MILOBS GP HQ/SSO OPS

FROM: SECTOR 3 HQ

SUBJECT: REPORT OF MEETING WITH PREFET OF GITARAMA, 1 APR 95

DATE: 1 APR 95

1. The Prefet of Gitarama Prefecture came to Sector HQ for an impromptu meeting early on 1 Apr. He raised the following points:

A. Request for assistance to transport seed potatoes from a warehouse in Gisenyi to Gitarama; we will provide but will need assistance as the maintenance state of our Bedford truck fleet will only permit one vehicle to be dispatched, request made to 95 FLSC,

B. The misunderstanding between the bourgemestre of Tambwe and members of the Gitarama Human Rights Team over the arrest of some twenty three persons; the bourgemestre had written to him to advise him that he had refused to give a list of names to the team because there were names of persons on the list that they were still searching for. The Sect CDR reviewed the general aim of the Human Rights Team and it was agreed that both the Prefet and the Sect Cdr would remind their respective colleagues of the need to cooperate with each other in the interests of transparency. The Prefet agreed that transparency was important to his efforts to diffuse tension over the approaching anniversary of the start of the genocide,

C. He advised us that he had not finalized his plans to mark the anniversary yet but mentioned that he was more inclined to focus on the plight of orphans than on grave site ceremonies though he may fit both in. He asked if we would be prepared to help him with transport to various sites in the Prefecture. We agreed and advised him of our intention to be as visible as possible between now and the 7 Apr.

2. The Sect Cdr then introduced the subject of the orphanages of BYIMANA and SHOGWE, which are both slated to move to new accommodation on 7 Apr. He suggested another date might be more appropriate and requested that the moves be staggered if possible so that we could more easily provide transport. The Prefet agreed and then explained some of the background problems of the SHOGWE orphanage; to wit, the present sponsor, JAM, has not delivered on its promise to build a new orphanage in NTONGWE and all the remaining buildings in the prefecture are required for their original purposes. He has found an interim solution only by borrowing facilities from the Anglican Church which will inevitably be needed for other purposes. Unless a reliable sponsor can be found, the orphans of SHOGWE will have little stability.

3. Finally, the Sector Cdr introduced the subject of the expansion of Gitarama prison and asked if the Prefet was aware of the progress. The Prefet explained that the present delay is the result of deliberations over the height of the wall. He will check and communicate back to us in the next few days.

4. It should be noted that the meeting was conducted in a very friendly manner and that it was initiated by the Prefet. During the discussions he was very cooperative and seemed more interested in finding practical solutions to problems than in rhetoric. He continues to be very aware of the dangers of his position as a Hutu trying to work effectively inside a Tutsi dominated hierarchy.



PC Hasnain, PhA5
S.A. HASNAIN
COL
CDR SECT 3

From : UNAMIR HQ OPS

3000.42 (OPS)

To : MILOB GP HQ/SOO

Date : 28 MAR 95

Subject : MILOB REPORT - GHANBATT INCIDENT 21 MAR 95

Ref :

A. Your ltr dated 23 Mar 95.

B. MILOB Sector 2 report ops/2 dated 22 Mar 95.

1. In reference "B" above at para 3(j) the report reflected that "ICRC and Human Rights were not allowed to participate in the handover process".

2. In view of the above, it is requested that clarification be sought from MILOBS Sector 2, as to why the representatives of the two organisations were denied participation in the handover process.

3. For your necessary action.

To : DCOS (OPS)

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CB3

From: SECTION SDR, SECTOR 3

Subject: INCIDENT : FLIGHT OF POPULATION FROM
RUGALIKA SECTOR 21 MAR 95

1. Attached is a translation of a summary of discussions at the minute of Interior's public meeting at Rugalika Sector, Runda Commune of Gitega Province. It gives a fair idea about the type of accusations and counter accusations made by members of both ethnic communities.
2. Rugalika Sector is being constantly monitored by us. There is still an air of tension and it is confirmed that 3 of the 29 people, who fled the Sector ~~to~~ to obtain UNAMIR security, have been arrested.
3. Best regards

② G2

For bkgrd info.

§ (SA Nassim)

Col

Sector Cdr.

③ CC

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DCOS OPS
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DRAFT Summary of the meeting on 23/3/1995 sector Rugarika commune Runda

Officials present at the meeting:

Minister of Interiors
The prefect of the prefecture Gitarama
Colonel Ngoga
Colonel Hasnain UNAMIR
Representatives of the High Commissioner for Human Rights
The Bourgemestre of the commune Runda
The conseiller of the sector Rugarika

The prefect introduces the officials present at the meeting to the population (around 500 people) and announces that the objective of this meeting concerns the security in the sector.

Ministers speech: " I have come here to see for myself the situation in this sector, since I have been told that a number of people from this sector have sought refuge in the UNAMIR compound in Kabgayi. As far as I have understood that action was taken due to two reasons:

- the rumours of another genocide in april 1995
- the attack by people of Kambanda who have fled our country

These are all just rumours, I want to let you know that there will be no more genocide, the new government wants the entire population to leave together in peace. It is not true that the government authorities will kill people, nor is it true that the survivors of last years genocide will kill you. We have told the survivors not to falsely accuse people, or to seek revenge.

There are also rumours going around that the refugees in Zaire will attack , they try to make the population believe that they still control parts of our country. This is not true, please stay calm, resume your work and live together peacefully.

For those of you who have problems in terms of having eaten your neighbours cows. You have to make arrangements with the survivors in order to pay them back. You have to address these problems at the level of the conseiller and the bourgemestre.

It is now time to live together peacefully and to respect the rights of each and everyone. The ethic tensions have to end. Stop falsely accusing people. Arrests will be conducted in the proper manner. The military personnel that have committed offenses are also taken into custody.

Some of the people who sought refuge in Kabgayi have been arrested. They will be charged and everything will be handled properly. Please do not go to UNAMIR immediately, if you have any problems consult your conseiller, the bourgemestre or the prefect. Right now I am here to listen to your problems and to answer your questions. I would like to extend my gratitude to the Gitarama UNAMIR chef for informing me on this matter".

The bourgemestre now encourages the population to express their problems in public without any hesitation or fear.

Mr. Gahinda: " With two other people I ate the cow of our neighbour. The other people have

disappeared, I don't know where they are. Now I have to pay for that cow all by myself, 20.000 Frs. I have paid 10.000 so far, but have no more money now. My neighbours are harassing me. I want to know where the other people are, why should I have to pay everything myself?"

The minister thanks Mr. Gahinda for speaking so frankly and openly. The minister asks why the other people who live in the sector are not paying. Sure enough not just three people ate that entire cow. The minister propose that everyone shares the cost of this cow and gives some money to Mr. Gahinda so that he can pay off his debts.

Mr. Badege: "Says that he doesn't agree with criminals of course, and he would like to be sure when it is correct to admit witnesses in order to stop the bad habit of pointing at people".

The minister explains that the crime of genocide can be pursued even after 50 years. He adds that after 6 months witnesses can only be admitted for people who were absent from the village and have come back.

Nyirabuhunzi: "Why has my husband been arrested on 16/3/1995, and imprisoned in communal detention in Rugarika, later he was released by the bourgemestre, but then he was arrested again".

The bourgemestre answers that the military person who arrested him has declared that people have accused him of participating in the genocide.

Since this particular case created a lot of discussion, the bourgemestre announces that this case should be solved by the conseiller, in accordance with the military person Egide and the woman who has expressed accusations.

Mr. Nunyeniwari: "Since 1990 until 1994 people have died, president Habyarimana has also died, the former government has fled. Those who have participated in the genocide have received orders from the former authorities. Now we should forget what happened in the past and focus on reconciliation.

The minister declares that the people who have planned the genocide are to be condemned, and definitely guilty. The farmers have been tricked into participating. But everyone who participated should be sentenced, if not, people could start to think that genocide is permitted.

Madame Nukankusi: "There is a certain Muhire, Aron (a military) who has said he will exterminate my family. And when I came back from Kabayi after seeking refuge, I met Muhire's sister (Agathe Musabyimana) who asked me where my son Majyambere was and said he is a criminal".

Agathe Musabyimana is asked what she meant by saying those things to Madame Nukankusi. She replies that she hasn't accused Madame Nukankusi's son, and had said no such thing at all. She knows of no one who is killed by her son.

The minister "If you now declare in public that you are not accusing Majyambere, you should never accuse him again, and I therefor consider this affair closed".

Marc Karekezi: "There are former soldiers who come to do military exercises here and

terrorize the population while doing so. Names: Munyakayanza, Minani, Ndahayo et Rurangirua . They came to my house one evening, they told me that I was convoked by the conseiller of the sector. But they had no papers with them. I refused to go with them. They threatened to beat me. The morning after that I went to see the conseiller, who told me that nobody accused me. He told me to come back with the responsible of the cellule and the soldiers".

The minister: "The bourgemestre should examen this case and talk to all the people involved. Marc, please stay calm, nobody will arrest you until this case is examined properly".

Vénantie Nakure: Declares that Sempundu has been arrested by Kandeke Benoît, and is now in Gitarama prison. He has been accused of having killed a member of the Kandeke family, despite the fact that there are no witnesses. She declares that he was first put in Rugarika "cachot" and then in Runda's. He was told that he could be freed after the hearing of the witnesses.

The bourgemestre says that his file is complete and that is why he is transferred to Gitarama prison.

Kandeke: Declares that he only pointed out Sempundu to the militaries carrying the warrant of arrest.

The conseiller says that he has not seen the warrant of arrest as the file that had been established at the commune.

The bourgemestre says that he is going to examen the case with Kandeke, the conseiller and Vénantie.

Vénantie Nakure says that Kandeke ordered Karasi should be arrested at the communal office and he was accompanied by a soldier as usual.

The bourgemestre announces that he is going to examen all the cases in the commune. He adds that people should stop falsely accusing people and stop spreading rumours. He stresses that this country has enough problems as it is, and that one should not create more. One should accuse the people that are really guilty and leave the innocent alone. He explains that this gathering is aimed at showing the population that the authorities take the problems of the population serious. He then states that the population should not mistake the military for something that they are not, they are here to help the people and are concerned about the safety of the population. He ends the gathering by stressing one again that one should try to solve one's problems first amongst each other, if that doesn't succeed, then one should consult the conseiller, the prefect or the bourgemeistre, before going to UNAMIR .

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Seen
25/3

TO : G3 OPS, FHQ
MILOBS GP HQ, KIGALI(OPS)

FROM : SECTOR CDR, SECTOR 3, GITARAMA

SUBJECT: INTERIM REPORT - INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUIREMENT

DATE: 22 MAR 95

1. PLEASE REFER TO YOUR MEMO - INFO COLLECTION 002, ACCORDING TO WHICH INFORMATION IS REQUIRED FOR FC BY 27 MAR 95.
2. SINCE THE SUBJECT OF REFUGEE OUTFLOW FROM RWANDA INTO BURUNDI HAS BEEN RAISED, I CONSIDER IT PERTINENT TO POINT OUT SOME OBSERVATIONS ON THIS AS AN INTERIM REPORT.
3. THE MOVEMENT OF REFUGEES FROM RWANDA INTO BURUNDI IS OF TWO TYPES. FIRSTLY THE MOVEMENT OF RWANDESE NATIONALS INTO CAMPS IN BURUNDI, ACROSS THE BORDER. THIS MOVEMENT IS NOT REGISTERED BY UNHCR WITHIN RWANDA AND IS ILLEGAL MOVEMENT ACROSS THE BORDER AS A RESULT OF THE SECURITY SITUATION AT ANY GIVEN TIME. THE REFUGEES ARE REGISTERED WHEN THEY ENTER CAMPS IN BURUNDI. THERE ARE 5 SUCH CAMPS LOCATED AT KAYANZA, NGOZI, KIRUNDO, MUYINGA AND CIBITOKI. THE SECOND IS MOVEMENT OF REFUGEES OF BURUNDI ORIGIN WHO HAD SOUGHT REFUGE IN RWANDA OVER A PERIOD OF TIME SINCE AS EARLY AS 1972. THESE REFUGEES ARE BEING REGISTERED BY THE UNHCR AND ARE BEING TRANSPORTED BACK TO BURUNDI. IT IS ESTIMATED THAT A TOTAL OF 3000 SUCH REFUGEES ARE STILL UNREGISTERED BUT LIVING IN RWANDA AS FREE LIVERS.
4. AS PER INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM UNHCR, A TOTAL OF 8865 REFUGEES OF RWANDESE ORIGIN HAVE ENTERED THE 5 CAMPS ACROSS THE BORDER IN THE 11 WEEKS OF 1995 THUSFAR. THIS MOVEMENT IS CONSIDERED TO BE UNDETECTED AND TAKES PLACE ACROSS THE STRETCH OF BORDER AND MOSTLY AT NIGHT AND IS THUS DIFFICULT FOR UNAMIR FORMED TROOPS AND MILOBS TO DETECT. PERHAPS IT IS THESE FIGURES OF MOVEMENT WHICH HAVE BEEN REFERRED TO BY THE UN AGENCIES AND NGOS IN THEIR REPORTS. THIS APPEARS TO BE AUTHENTICATED BY THE FACT THAT IN MARCH 95 ALONE 3797 SUCH REFUGEES HAVE BEEN REGISTERED IN THE CAMPS IN BURUNDI.
5. MILOBS GP HQ ONLY. A COPY OF FHQ MEMO IS ATTACHED FOR REFERENCE SINCE IT DOES NOT APPEAR TO HAVE BEEN ADDRESSED TO YOU. IT MAY BE USEFUL TO SEND A COPY OF THE SAME TO ALL MILOBS SECTOR HQ SINCE THIS TYPE OF INFORMATION IS FAIRLY EASILY AVAILABLE WITH THEM.

② G2
Ack: FNA
DCOS OPS
24/3

H
25/3

SA HASNAIN
COLONEL
SECTOR CDR

③ cc
Tmeat
24/3

Thurmont
25/3

TO : G3 OPS, FHQ
MILOBS GP HQ, KIGALI(OPS)

FROM : SECTOR CDR, SECTOR 3, GITARAMA

SUBJECT: INTERIM REPORT - INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUIREMENT

DATE: 22 MAR 95

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SA HASNAIN
COLONEL
SECTOR CDR

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24/3

TO : DCOS(OPS), FHQ
DCMO, MILOBS GP HQ, KIGALI

FROM : SECTOR CDR, SECTOR 3, GITARAMA

DATE : 18 MAR 95

SUBJECT : UPDATE ON SECURITY SITUATION IN SECTOR 3

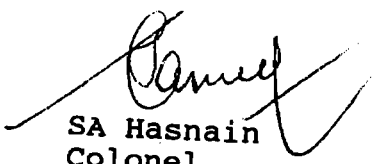
1. Further to our analysis of the security situation in Sector 3 forwarded vide our 30353/Ops dt 04 Mar 95 as a DO letter addressed to DFC, COS and DCMO.
2. With the continued pressure of our patrols, it was becoming increasingly evident that the local authorities were adopting a "cooling off" attitude towards UNAMIR in the GITARAMA Prefecture. Although the patrols continued to bring in information of large scale arrests, beatings and killings, it was felt that we may be overstepping our mandate and treading on too many toes, thereby upsetting the carefully nurtured liaison and relationship with the local authorities. An example was the incident involving the RPA Cdr's sudden demand on us to subject all UN vehicles to checks at RPA roadblocks on the suspicion that a large consignment of RPA uniforms had been unloaded at the UNAMIR complex at Kabgayi. It was therefore decided that the current week would be adopted as 'Humanitarian Week', with transparent efforts to display our resolve towards collecting information only of a humanitarian nature and coordinate the efforts of the NGOs while simultaneously keeping a surveillance over the security situation. The decision appears to have paid off and the tension has perceptibly diluted. Some observations of significance, however, are outlined in succeeding paragraphs.
3. The Northern communes (North of Road Kigali-Gitarama) continue to remain comparatively quiet, with the exception of TABA where the situation is reportedly changing for the worse. Reasons for this are discussed subsequently. Some arrests have taken place in BULINGA and MUSHUBATI communes. Approximately 15-30 prisoners each were observed in the commune holding facilities. No apparent efforts have been made by the authorities to hide this fact.
4. There appears to be an increase in the activities of individual RPA soldiers who belong to Gitarama but are located elsewhere with their units. These soldiers, on leave or otherwise have been seeking personal revenge in their home communes, thereby adding to the already chaotic conditions and level of existing fear and suspicion.
5. Secret detention centres continue to be unearthed. The most recent ones are at RUNDA and MUSAMBIRA communes. This is addition to the one located at KIGOMA commune. No action to approach these has been taken as yet, nor have the local authorities been confronted with the information. However, a BBC report monitored here has made mention of the existence of secret detention centres all over Rwanda. As such the Government is obviously aware of our knowledge of these.

6. The Western communes of MURAMA and MASANGO, which border Sector 4A and to which a large number of IDPs have walked back, continue to be calm although an undercurrent of tension appears to be building up. There have been reports of night time arrests and killings by the RPA but are yet to be confirmed. The envisaged arrests, the intention of which the Bourgemestres had made known to us a few weeks back, do not appear to have been executed yet. An unconfirmed report indicates that the names of some suspects were announced at a recent public meeting in MASANGO at which the opinion of those present was sought. The situation is being monitored.
7. The problem communes remain the ones bordering Kigali - NTONGWE, MUGINA, MUSAMBIRA, RUNDA and now a fresh addition TABA. It is confirmed that the RPA is carrying out night operations in these communes with the intention of flushing out suspected militia elements, who allegedly seek shelter in these areas at night but flee to the swamplands adjoining the river valley, by day. The effects of the RPA campaign are most telling in the RUGARIKA secteur of RUNDA commune where the male Hutu population appears to have fled out of fear. A few individuals from this area approached the Human Rights Monitors of Gitarama with a request that they be provided security within the precincts of the Kabgayi complex of UNAMIR. This, however, was discouraged even by the monitors under advice from us as any encouragement in this direction may result in a multitude of people fleeing into our compound. They would, in any case, have to be handed over to the Prosecutor, with Human Rights presence and would ultimately reach the Gitarama Prison.
8. A major effect of the campaign of arrests is that the much publicised Gitarama Prison is now nearing a population of 6000 with 400 having been added this week, the single largest figure over the last couple of weeks. A visit to the prisoners ward at the MSF Hospital at Kabgayi revealed that a number of prisoners admitted there have been tortured and beaten. As per ICRC officials there is a serious threat of the possibility of a prison riot in the near future. This would spell another catastrophe. They also reported the outbreak of a few cases of Meningitis with the possibility of this taking epidemic proportions. The ICRC Coordinator Mr Laurent Fellay has proposed that a meeting be set up between the RPA Cdr, Prefect, Bishop of Kabgayi, ICRC reps and the UNAMIR Sector Cdr to address the issue afresh. We are still examining this and do not want to act overenthusiastic until a clear UNAMIR policy on the entire issue of prisons is outlined. However, a positive suggestion of the ICRC Coordinator may be worth considering. He pointed out that the strength of inmates at the prison at Kibuye is still not anywhere near its capacity due to the absence of doors and windows in some parts of the prison. He felt that if these could be repaired a part of the prison population of Gitarama Prison could be shifted to Kibuye since many prisoners belong to that prefecture. The Sector Cdr will examine this during his recce of Kibuye on 20 Mar 95 and forward a report on the same.
9. Assessment. The security situation in Sector 3 may continue to be termed as ominously calm. While the heat appears to be on in the Eastern communes bordering Kigali, the situation

appears to be taking a turn for the worse in the Western communes although these still remain fairly calm. The inclusion of TABA commune amongst the disturbed ones is the first indicator of the possibility of the surcharged environment entering the Northern communes. The immense pressure placed by the RPA on the male Hutu population may result in a mass episode of population from these communes which could skittle the overall process of reconciliation. It is felt that every possibility exists of a movement of population Northwards into the comparatively stable communes. This will possibly result in the RPA intensifying its campaign and extending it into the Northern communes. The RPA Cdrs have made it known that a cordon and search operation of the type launched in Butare recently is also likely to be carried out in Gitarama soon.

10. Over the next week this sector will continue monitoring activities, albeit on a low key through an intensified effort to witness NGO humanitarian activities. It is hoped that our efforts will bring about more information without raising any eyebrows.

11. Best Regards.


SA Hasnain
Colonel
Sector Cdr

MILOB GP HQ

TO : HAC

DATE: 13 MAR 95

FROM : MILOB GP HQ

INFO : FHQ (OPS)
HQ SECTOR 1

SUBJECT: PROPOSAL FOR COMMUNITY WORK ON ROADS
IN THE BYUMBA PREFECTURE

Thur
15/3

1. Attached is a letter received from Sector 1 on the above subject.
2. You are please requested to take the necessary action to provide the assistance required.
3. Please accept for action.

K Thacker

K THACKER
MAJ
A/SOO

cc
Per for translation
15/3

cc
Copy to UNREO

15/2 *Treated*
15/3



UNITED NATIONS
Assistance Mission for Rwanda

UNAMIR - MINUAR

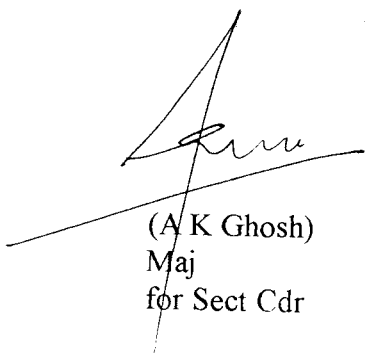
NATIONS UNIES
Mission pour l'Assistance au Rwanda

To : Milob Gp HQ **Attn :** HAC
From : Sector 1 Milob HQ (BYUMBA) **Date :** 06 Mar 95
Ref : Ops/HUM/ 06 / 03 / 01

**SUBJECT : PROPOSAL FOR COMMUNITY WORK ON ROADS WITHIN
BYUMBA PREFECTURE**

Ref : A Sector 1 Milob HQ letter No Ops/HUM/ 20 / 02/ 01 dated 21 Feb 95.
B Sector 1 Milob HQ breif on Humanatarian Activities for CHAO meeting on 03 Mar 95.

1. The Prefect of Byumba has received a favourable repl- to the proposal from the WFP vide the letter dated 03 / 03 / 95 . Copy att as Appx.
2. You are requested to kindly use your good office to pursue the matter with UNREO (IOC) for provision of the few tools and implements required for the programme to take off. Since the cost amount is not much , it is felt that it should be easy to provide the items through the Food, Seeds and Tools Cell.
3. Best Regards.


(A K Ghosh)
Maj
for Sect Cdr



World Food
Programme

Programa
Mundial
de Alimentos

Programme
Alimentaire
Mondial

برنامج
الأغذية
العالي

The Food Aid Organization of the United Nations System

MINITRAPE

Byumba Sub Office

Byumba Prefecture

03/03/95

Re. AMENAGEMENT DE LA VILLE DE BYUMBA

Dear Sir,

WFP are pleased to be able to support your project as per the proposal issued last week, subject to the following conditions :-

- 1) Approval for the project is gained from the Prefecture Project Vetting Committee.
- 2) MINITRAPE and UNMIR agree to fund the non food items (Cash payments for supervisory staff and Tools respectively) as per the proposal.
- 3) MINITRAPE agree to provide any transport for the food as deemed necessary.
- 4) MINITRAPE provide a monthly and final report to WFP giving details of work completed and food distribution, along with a general description of the achievements of the project.
- 5) It is understood that WFPs' contribution is limited to that stated in the proposal, i.e. a maximum of
6.400 MT Maize Grains
4.000 MT Beans
0.960 MT Vegetable Oil
- 6) While WFP will make every effort to supply this food it cannot guarantee it, as conditions may intervene beyond its' control.
- 7) Deliveries of food ex-store at a minimum interval of two weeks, taken from the start of work.

Final approval to be given on receipt of agreements by the above mentioned parties.

Yours Sincerely

Tom Glue, WFP Field Programme Officer, Byumba.

B.P. 1150
Kigali, Rwanda

Telephone: 250 - 76368/74688
Telex: 528 UNDP
Facsimile: 250 - 73550

(SdO) OHL

UNITED NATIONS
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



NATIONS UNIES
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA
UNAMIR - MINUAR

POLITICAL ANALYSIS
MILITARY OBSERVER SECTOR COMMANDER CONFERENCE
11 MARCH 1995

General Observations:

There is a substantial increase in the number of arrests, many of which are arbitrary, which are being carried out by the Gendarmerie, judicial police officers, bourgmestres, RPA commanders, and even individual soldiers. It is estimated that 1300 individuals are arrested and imprisoned weekly throughout the country. The total number incarcerated is believed to be 27,000.

There is intense screening of returnees, mostly centering on possible involvement in the genocide.

There is increasing hesitancy on the part of the population to provide information to, or even speak with, UNAMIR officials.

There is an escalation in intimidation on the part of the RPA, in some cases in coordination with local civilian officials, perhaps in response to a perceived threat from the Hutu population.

There is rising tension between old-caseload and new-caseload refugees. In some cases, old case-load returnees who are already settled are making active efforts to identify and accuse new case-load returnees of participation in genocide.

There is a spiralling number of cases of illegal occupation of property and land, most of which are old case-load returnees occupying the property of new case-load returnees.

The judicial system is, on the whole, not functional. Although in a few cases, real efforts are being made to follow correct procedures, in general, arrests are being made arbitrarily and individuals are being detained without trial. Since evidence is not being collected in preparation for trials and therefore no case files exist, the release of suspects could potentially cause suspicion and controversy which could lead to even greater human rights abuses.

The Judicial System

Of the eleven Courts of First Instance, nine are currently staffed with a functioning Prosecutor's Office. This court requires a legal quorum of three judges in order to try cases, and since, with a few exceptions including Butare, the large majority do not meet this requirement, most have not held trials since the war.

④ CC
SIR

Treated 29/3

③

CC

PTSe Passover

to G2

Thunt 29/3

1

② G2
1. FYI

2. This was produced
by K. Scott.

29.3

The Parliament is currently discussing the nomination of the President of the Supreme Court. The Government has already suggested two candidates, Mrs. Albert MUHAYEYEZU and Venant NZAMUKWEREKA. The President of the Supreme Court is named by the Parliament while the other judges are designated by the High Council of the Magistrature. The members of the High Council of the Magistrature are chosen by their peers and named by the President of the Supreme Court. No action has yet been taken to put in place the four Appellate Courts of Rwanda. Four of the approximately 143 communal courts are functioning.

The UN Centre for Human Rights is facilitating a study of Customary Law which is being carried out by the National University at Butare's Institute for Science and Technological Research. It is hoped that this study will generate creative means with which the Government can address the question of genocide, as well as a system which will handle accomplices to genocide of various categories.

There is concern that: (a) prosecutors are hesitant to try cases because of fear of reprisals; there is no appeal structure in place, thus in case of protest, the only recourse is revenge or violence; and (b) the release of a suspect by a prefect or a prosecutor as a result of a lack of evidence could potentially engender even greater human rights abuses. The lack of evidence is simply due to the fact that no investigation has been carried out and no evidence has been collected. It is in no way an indication of innocence, and the release of such a suspect therefore creates suspicion and could potentially result in violence.

There are several initiatives which have been proposed to address these problems. One involves the establishment of 147 (one for each commune) teams of three investigators, of which one member is named by the Ministry of Interior, one by the Ministry of Justice and one by the RPA. These teams would collect evidence and prepare dossiers for trial.

The Conseil de Ministres has recommended the placement of expatriate legal personnel in order to initiate action in the judicial system and in order to train Rwandan staff. The donors are preparing to finance such a project, however, there are concerns that the appointment of expatriate judges and magistrates at a time when no background investigation has yet been carried out to prepare dossiers, will be ineffective. The fundamental issue which the Government must resolve is how to deal with the April 1994 genocide. A clear policy and plan of action must be developed. Only the Government and the Rwandan people can make these important and sensitive decisions. No solution or decision can or should be imposed on Rwanda, and neither the Government nor the population will act until it is ready to do so.

Reconciliation

Current Efforts

Several returnees have been appointed as bourgmestres. Prefects are addressing crowds and holding meetings on the subject of reconciliation.

Steps are being taken in certain areas to streamline arrest procedures and to educate the population on human rights.

Detrimental Factors

The arbitrary arrests being carried out by some bourgmestres are certainly detrimental to reconciliation.

The exhumation of bodies from mass graves is seen by some as potentially detrimental in that it revives bitter emotions and memories.

Other Factors

The unique attitudes and personalities of bourgmestres, prefects and RPA commanders in each sector are very important. The personal suffering that each individual has experienced appears to play an important role in determining each individual's attitude.

From a political perspective, the Government's attitude towards reconciliation is very strongly influenced by the survival instinct and its accompanying fear of showing weakness while faced with a threat.

- - - - -

UNITED NATIONS
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



NATIONS UNIES
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

MILOB GP HQ

TO : FHQ(OPS) ✓

FROM : MILOB GP HQ

OPS/CIV AFFAIRS

INFO : DCMO

11 MAR 95


SUBJECT- MEETING BETWEEN COMD SECT 2 AND PREFECT KIBUNGO
ON 09 MAR 95

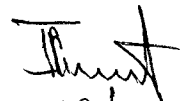
Reference-

A Our HQ SITREP dated 10 Mar 95.

1. Please find herewith attached a report on the above subject for your information please.
2. Best Regards.

cc
copy to COS and
DCOS ops psc
H
12/3


KIRON THACKER
MAJOR
FOR CMO


13/3

FROM :Milob Sect 2 KIBUNGO
TO :Milob HQ KIGALI

DATE :10 Mar 95
FILE :Ops/2

SUBJECT :MEETING WITH PREFET KIBUNGO

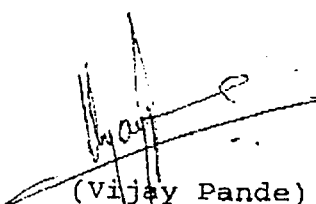
1. The Sector Cdr had a meeting with the Prefet of Kibungo on 09 Mar 94. Main issues discussed are given in succeeding paragraphs.
2. Law and Order. The Prefet mentioned that in Feb 21 killings had occurred in the prefecture. Out of these, 12 had taken place in Rukira, 5 in Muhazi and 4 in Birenga. Around 3000 arrests had been made since the war, out of which 600 persons had been transferred to Kigali. In view of the overcrowding in the prisons, he stated that he was interested in reducing the arrests but could not help it because he was afraid that this would lead to people taking the law into their own hands and may even vent their anger on him.
3. Judiciary. No trials have been done since the end of the war. Investigations were however being done. There are 8 judges in the prefecture but the requirement is of 3 judges in each commune as per law. Consequently, no trials have taken place. Recommendations have been made by the Prefet to the Ministry of Justice that two panels be made out of the existing number of judges and they visit all communes by turn. This way at least the process of dispensing justice would start. However, no decision has yet been given by the Govt.
4. Prisons. The govt is making attempts to construct an additional prison in Kibungo to reduce the load on the existing one.
5. Humanitarian Aid:-
 - (a) Medical. The level and quality of medical support is good. There is a shortage of medical equipment which needs to be looked into.
 - (b) Agriculture. The prefecture has received 120 tons of seeds, mainly beans and peas, as against a projected requirement of 500 tons. Pesticides have not been received at all. These are especially required for coffee and tomatoes. Rusumo, Kigerama, Kaborondo and Mugesera are the worst affected communes.
 - (c) Orphanages. There are six orphanages in the prefecture housing approx 600 children. However, there are an estimated

30,000 orphans in the prefecture. There are problems of water, food and electricity in the orphanages.

(d) Essential Services. The power station at Kibuye needs to be made operational as soon as possible. Water supply is erratic mainly because the generators running the pumps are old and they break down often. The Prefet requested UNAMIR assistance in this regard.

6. Revenue. The Prefet informed that as of now, revenue was being collected only from markets. Normally every family is required to pay 100 AF per year but at present they are not being taxed. At present only teachers and medical staff are being paid by the Govt.

7. Miscellaneous. The prefet requested UNAMIR permit him to accompany milobs during heli recce missions as he was interested in seeing the extent of settlement and cultivation in the commune. This was agreed to.


(Vijay Pande)

Major

Ops Offr

For Sect Cdr

UNITED NATIONS
ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



NATIONS UNIES
MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

UNAMIR - MINUAR

MILOB GP HQ

TO : FHQ(OPS)✓

FROM : MILOB GP HQ

OPS/RPA

INFO : DCMO

11 MAR 95

SUBJECT- MEETING BETWEEN COMD SECT 2 AND LOCAL RPA COMD
ON 10 MAR 95

Reference-

A Our HQ SITREP dated 11 Mar 95.

1. Please find herewith attached a report on the above subject for our information please.

2. Best Regards.

Thur
13/3

rc
Pce fwd to
DCOG ops.
[Signature]
13/3

[Signature]
KIRON THACKER
MAJOR
FOR CMO

FROM :Milob Sect 2 KIBUNGO
TO :Milob HQ KIGALI

DATE :10 Mar 95
FILE :Ops/2

SUBJECT :MEETING WITH RPA CDR

1. The Sector Cdr had a meeting with the RPA Bn Cdr at Kibungo on 10 Mar 95. The purpose was to discuss inter relationships and foster better understanding of each other.
2. The RPA cdr stated that he had no problems regarding the functioning of milobs in the area. When questioned about the restriction of movement in the Muhazi area, he stated that this matter would have to be taken up with the concerned cdr.
3. He agreed to milobs visiting the Kibungo prison and said that he was also willing to accompany them. A visit will accordingly be planned in the near future.
4. The RPA Cdr requested for fuel from the milobs but was informed that this would not be possible as milobs are drawing fuel as required either from Ghanbatt or from the authorised fuel stations at Kigali. He also requested for a set of maps. He was asked to forward a formal request for the same.

(Vijay Pande)

Major

Ops Offr

For Sect Cdr

UNITED NATIONS

ASSISTANCE MISSION FOR RWANDA



UNAMIR - MINUAR

NATIONS UNIES

MISSION POUR L'ASSISTANCE AU RWANDA

From: DCOS Ops

To:

SRSG

LEGAL OFFR SRSG

FC

DFC

COS

FMO

A/DCOS Sp

INDBATT

HRL FOR UNHRFOR

CHAO FOR UNDP, ICRC AND IOC

Date: 7 March 95

Subject: CONDITION REPORTS KIGALI AND BUTARE PRISONS

1. Please find attached the two graphic reports mentioned in the subject for perusal and necessary action.
2. It is obvious from these reports that the recently commenced action to improve the prison conditions requires urgent impetus in order alleviate the inhumane conditions in existence.
3. The original photographs at Annex A to the Kigali report are available for viewing from the A/DCOS Sp.

TO : DCOS (OPS)
DCMO MILOBS GP HQ, KIGALI

INFO: HQ SUB SECT 3A, BUTARE

FROM: HQ SECTOR 3, GITARAMA

SUBJECT: REPORT ON BUTARE PRISON

DATE : 27 FEB 95

1. Following the initiative taken by this sector towards revealing the prison conditions in Gitarama, I tasked Sub Sector 3A to carry out a visit to the Butare Prison, in conjunction with the Human Rights Team. I feared that the conditions in this prison would be something akin to Gitarama Prison. These fears were proved correct. A report on the prison, prepared by the Butare Team, is attached for your perusal please. My comments on the same are given in succeeding paragraphs.

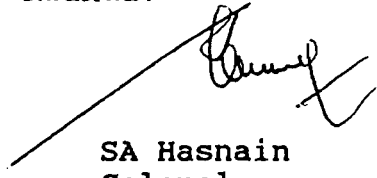
2. The prison conditions in Sector 3 continue to be appalling and may be considered to be a major human rights disaster. The authorities till now, when questioned were always of the opinion that the detainees are all criminals of the worst kind and thus deserve the conditions that they languish in. This line of thinking, which appears to be changing substantially after the Force Commander's visit to Gitarama, is obviously not in consonance with the Rwandese Govt's policy of diluting ethnic tension through transparent justice. If justice is to return to Rwanda we need to follow up the Force Commander's visit with efforts towards changing the psyche of the bureaucracy and the military.

3. On the face of it, the increasing number of arrests in the communes in the last few weeks appears to be a direct result of OP RETOUR. This cannot yet be confirmed until a more detailed check is made on the number of arrests and whether these pertain mainly to IDPs. OP RETOUR has quite evidently achieved substantial success in its primary aim of getting the people home but if its ultimate aim of targeting the refugees across the boirder is to be achieved, we have to find the means to convince the Rwandese Govt of the need to stop witch hunting. The operation appears to have indirectly created a situation where personal vendetta and extortion can carry on under the garb of detaining suspected criminals who in actual effect may be innocent IDPs, having returned under the assurances of the Govt and the UN. The increase in prison population does seem to be a direct result of this.

4. The Force Commander's visit to Gitarama Prison appears to have woken the authorities to the realities of the situation. Already, the Prefect of Gitarama, the local RPA Bde Cdr and the Bishop of the local Diocese have met and discussed the issue. It is learnt that the Bishop has promised to make available some funds for the efforts towards improvement of prison conditions. However, these

efforts can, at best, be considered to be purely local. What, perhaps needs to be looked into is the possibility of a national effort towards this end which could then include other prisons, such as the one in Butare, within its fold.

5. While the overall effort towards improvement in prison conditions goes on, UNAMIR needs to guard against the possibility of the local authorities (at commune level) resorting to holding arrestees within their confines in clandestine holding facilities. The authorities could well make transparent efforts to prove that prisons are no longer being filled, while continuing these arrests and detaining arrestees away from the eyes of the UN organisations. There is already evidence of one such possible clandestine holding centre in KIGOMA Commune in Gitarama Prefecture. The same is being investigated and a detailed report will be forwarded subsequently. Possibly it may be worth suggesting that efforts to ascertain similar actions by Govt authorities in other sectors be made, if not already done so, to obtain a larger picture of what may be a deliberate effort on the part of authorities to dilute the pressure that UNAMIR has already brought about through the active interest being taken in the prison conditions all over Rwanda.



SA Hasnain
Colonel
Sector Cdr

FROM: SECTOR 3A BUTARE MILOBS. (1)
TO: SECTOR HQS GITARAMA.

MILOBS REPORT ON A VISIT IN BUTARE PRISON.

On wednesday 15 Feb,95 a team of Milobs and human Rights(HR) representatives jointly visited Butare prison to make a general assessment of the prison living conditions.

The team was welcomed by the prison Director who gave out a short brief before the Milobs and HR representatives took a tour of the prison. The first observation the team took note was the Directors inability to give instructions to soldiers responsible for the prison security. The team had to negotiate on its own to be let into the main prison complex. This indicated to the team that the Director is there just as a figure head, while total control of the prison is the responsibility of the gendarmerie.

PRISON CAPACITY.

As on the 15 Feb,95 there were 4,445 detainees in the prison. The standard capacity of the prison is 1,200. The present number of detainees clearly shows the stretch on the prison facilities designed for a smaller number of detainee. And from the current trend, more detainees are expected to be flooded into the same complex. Almost 60% of the detainees sleep outside the blocks in the open. Eventually, even the open area will not be enough. Presently, some people use bathrooms as lodging facilities.

The prison is holding:

1. 75 Women
2. 75 Minors
3. 17 Children staying with their mothers.

Women detainees are now living in a separate block from male detainees. However, minors are still staying with adults.

SANITATION.

The prison has piped water, limited electricity, bathrooms and toilets(pit latrines). However, these facilities were designed for 1,200 detainees while the number has now tripled.

The bathrooms and toilets are in a pathetic condition. The water is not enough through-out, as such, the stench becomes unbearable though some people use bathrooms as lodging areas. ICRC is taking some limited responsibilities in putting things in order.

FEEDING.

The detainees feed once a day. Food is provided by ICRC. However, the cooking facilities are only supposed to cater for 2,500 people. Therefore, in such a situation food has to be prepared twice.

There is a serious shortage of firewood. Detainees sometimes feed on high energy biscuits provided by ICRC. Some people bring food for their detained relatives to subsidize on the little given in the prison. However, the amount of food provided is unbelievably small.

(2) SECT CDR
THIS SOUNDS
FAMILIAR - NORTH
DISCUSSING TOMORROW?
RHS

MEDICAL.

ICRC is running a clinic in the prison compound. Most of the medical staff manning the clinic are detainees themselves. Several medical staff in the former Government are in detention and as such they assist in treating fellow inmates. There is only one Government nurse employed to look after the detainees. The average number of patients treated in a day is about 120. Due to persistent exposure to the cold, several detainees have breathing problems (pneumonia). The main common diseases in the prison are:

1. Pneumonia
2. Dysentery
3. Malaria

It is believed that for every thirteen detainees brought into the prison one dies. 82 detainees have died in the last five weeks. The improvised wards are full of patients of which most of them seem to be hopeless cases.

CONCLUSION.

As outlined in the report, the Milobs visit was to assess the prison conditions. As such the team perceive that there is an immediate need to improve the prison conditions by possibly reducing the number of detainees. However, such an action should be done in conjunction with ICRC which is doing its best in sustaining the situation now.



PHOTO 1 PRISONERS



PHOTO 3 PRISONERS



PHOTO 2 PRISONERS



PHOTO 4 PRISONERS.

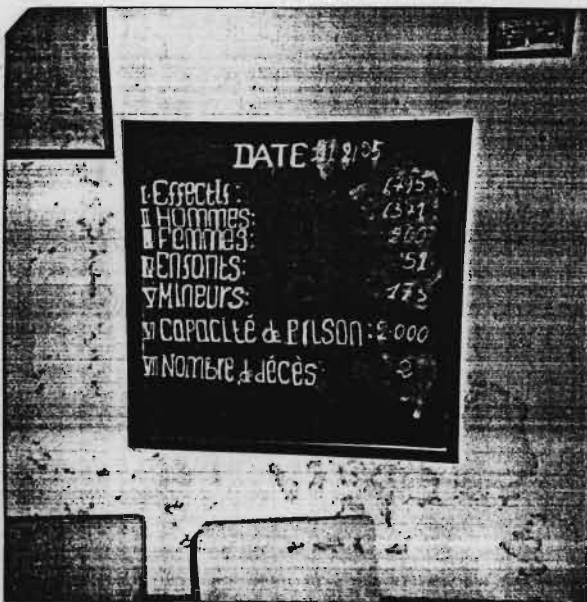


PHOTO 5.
STATISTICS BOARD IN PRISON
DIRECTORS OFFICE.



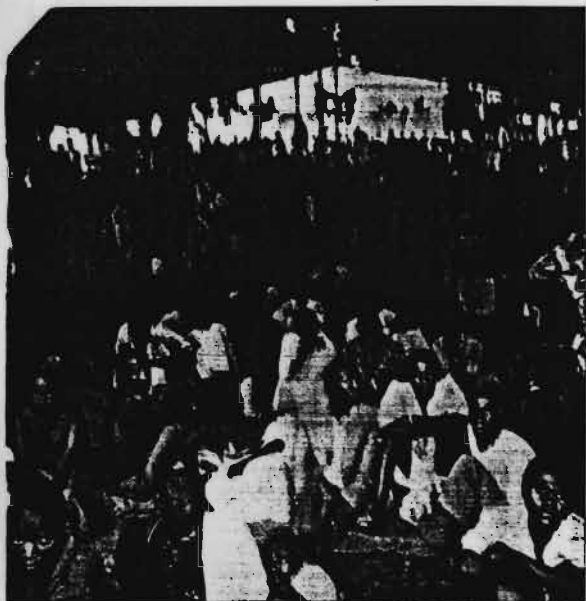
PHOTO 7
INFANTS.



PHOTO 6
6 AND 10 YEAR OLD



PHOTO 8
ADULTS AND CHILDREN.



OTO 9
PRISONERS IN THE SHELTERED
AREA



PHOTO 11
BUNKS IN ACCOMMODATION BLOCK

PHOTO 10
BUNKS IN ACCOMMODATION BLOCK



INFIRMARY AND TOILET

PHOTO 12
TOILET IN MAIN PRISON

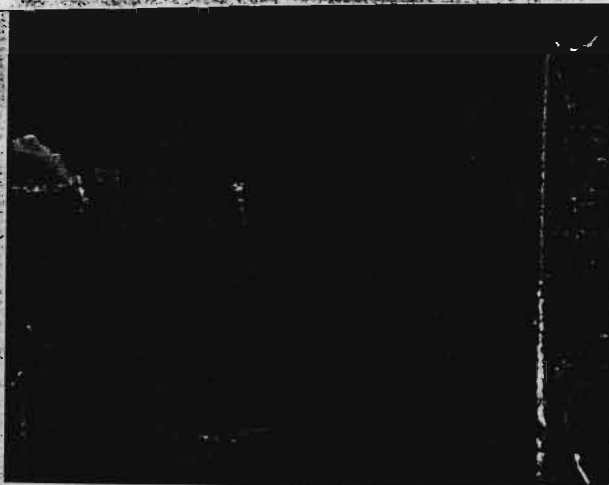


PHOTO 110
THE TOILET IN THE MINORS SECTION.



PHOTO 13.
WASH POINT



PHOTO 15
THE MINORS SECTION



PHOTO 14
INFIRMARY AND TOILET.



PHOTO 16
THE TOILET IN THE MINORS SECTION.



PHOTO 17
FEMALE SECTION



PHOTO 19
PRISONERS



PHOTO 18
FEMALES AND INFANTS IN JAIL



DATE: 15 Feb 95

REF: AIROPS 116

TO: Lt Col Brimelow

INFO: Col Yella

FROM: C. Ouattara
Chief AirOps/MovCon

SUBJECT: MILITARY OBSERVER DUTIES AT KIGALI AIRPORT

REFS: A. Your 5000.7 (Plans) dated 21 Dec 94.
B. My AIROPS 070 dated 04 Jan 95.
C. Your 3000.3/OPS/1 dated 12 Jan 95.

1. As per ref B, I would like to reiterate that the duties related to UNAMIR Air Operations which the Military Observers were carrying out are now being done by civilian Air Operations.

2. Consequently, I would like to point out the following items regarding your memo at ref C (each letter corresponds to your subparas at ref C):

a. Liaison with the Rwandese Airport Authority should be carried out by Air Operations based at UNAMIR HQ. This is presently being done, and another office acting on behalf of UNAMIR will only complicate matters. Liaison regarding purely Military Observer matters excepted;

c. Regarding what matters will the Military Observers be performing liaison? All day to day operations are handled by AirOps/MovCon;

e. All liaison regarding clearances and schedule changes are handled by Air Operations;

f. All passenger assistance required is currently handled by the passenger handling personnel at the UNAMIR check-in counter at the airport. To go a step further, since the Military Observer office is located upstairs within a restricted

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are at the airport, passengers are unable to reach the Milobs even when required; and

g. Queries from any Rwandese officials regarding the use of Kigali Airport facilities should be directed to either the office of the Force Commander or the OIC Administration. Queries from passengers are handled by the passenger service.

3. Essentially, we are left with five duties which are purely Milob related. As laid out in your memo, these are:

a. Monitoring and reporting on the passage of all United Nations, humanitarian relief, and NGO air activity at KIA;

b. Monitoring and reporting on any movements of arms and ammunition;

c. Monitoring the activities of the Rwandese Security Services (RPA/Gendarm) at KIA with regard to all security aspects at the airport and its immediate area;

d. Maintaining and executing all UNAMIR contingency plans involving KIA; and

e. Drafting inputs to the Daily SITREP on all security and operational aspects at KIA.

4. I hope that this clears up any misunderstandings.

5. Best regards.



File No 5000.7 (PLANS)

To: DISTRIBUTION LIST

From: G3 PLANS *f. Desfayr*

Date: 21 Dec 94

Subject: PROPOSED DUTIES OF AIR LIAISON CELL

1. You are requested to provide comment on the subject list of duties, enclosed, and indicate any additional duties required.
2. All comments are to be sent to G3 Plans 4 for collation and approval of Chief of Staff.

Enclosures: 1

Distribution List:

Action:

MOV CON
G3 Air
Air Ops Offr (Civilian)

Info:

COS

PROPOSED DUTIES OF
AIR LIAISON CELL - KIA

The duties of the AIR LIAISON CELL, KIA are as detailed below:

- a. To maintain liaison between the FHQ Air Ops and the Rwandese Airport Authority;
- b. To maintain close co-ordination with the Rwandese Airport Authority and all UNAMIR flights;
- c. Maintain close liaison with KIA Movement Control;
- d. Monitor and report to UNAMIR HQ of any incoming Arms and Ammunition;
- e. Co-ordinate any last minute change in the UNAMIR flight schedule with the Rwandese clearance issuing authority;
- f. Assist arriving/departing UNAMIR military personnel with appropriate information concerning all air movements;
- g. Co-ordinate with the representative of the Ministry of Transport and Communication regarding UNAMIR flight movement;
- h. Monitor the activities of the RPA Liaison Office at the Airport on the maintenance of the day-to-day security and alerting FHQ on the possible breach of security;
- i. To continuously maintain and execute UNAMIR contingency plan in the event of any eventuality; and
- j. Forward daily SITREP on all security and operational activities at the Airport.



INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

DATE: 04 Jan 95

REF: AIR OPS 070

TO: G3 Plans

INFO: D/COS Ops

FROM: C. Ouattara
Chief AirOps/MovCon

through P. Hornsby
Chief Integrated Support Services

SUBJECT: PROPOSED DUTIES OF AIR LIASON CELL

REF: Your 5000.7 (Plans) dated 21 Dec 94.

1. As of 01 Dec 94, the Military Observers located at Kigali Airport ceased performing any duties related to UNAMIR Air Operations. As such, the list of proposed duties which has been published should be amended to reflect this development.

2. The following are comments based on the list of proposed duties. Please note that each letter identifier below relates to the letter identifier associated with a specific duty from your reference:

a. UNAMIR Air Operations (that is to say the civilian Air Ops) has always had, and will continue to maintain, a close working relationship with the Rwandese Airport Authority. Having two separate groups of people addressing the same issue with the authorities will only complicate matters. The exception, of course, would be when such liason is required for the Observers to carry out their mandate as Military Observers at a Port of Entry.

b. UNAMIR Air Operations/Movement Control has dedicated personnel located at Kigali Airport. When there are questions regarding UNAMIR air movements, these issues should be addressed directly to the AirOps/MovCon personnel

at the airport.

e. UNAMIR Air Operations currently coordinates all aircraft movements, and any changes associated with those movements, with the Rwandese clearance issuing authority. Air Operations should remain the point of contact.

f. In order to assist the Military Observers located at the airport with this function, as well as many others, UNAMIR Air Operations furnishes the Military Observers located at Kigali Airport with a UNAMIR Flight Schedule daily. This information may also be obtained from the AirOps/MovCon personnel located at the airport.

g. As stated in para "e" above, UNAMIR Air Operations is responsible for coordinating all UNAMIR aircraft movements with the Director of Aeronautics who operates under the authority of the Ministry of Transportation and Communications. Again, a second point of contact from UNAMIR for this purpose would confuse issues.

j. The Military Observers located at the airport should continue to report on their activities and observations, however, for the purposes of the Air Operations Daily SITREP, UNAMIR Air Operations should have input as to aircraft movements and associated activities.

3. The time of crisis which precipitated the need to use Military Observers for continued UNAMIR Air Operations at Kigali Airport has passed. During and just after the war, there were insufficient civilian personnel in UNAMIR Air Operations to carry out the mandate for that period. Some of the Military Observers with a background in aviation serving with UNAMIR at that time were picked to work in Air Operations. This group of officers has performed for a number of months, under some very difficult circumstances. The mission has now changed, however, and there is now an adequate number of staff working in Air Operations. With this in mind, I propose that the Military Observer duties at Kigali Airport should revert from that of Air Operations back to their original observer role, liaising with UNAMIR AirOps/MovCon when required.

4. I would welcome any questions or comments which you may have on this matter. Please do not hesitate to contact UNAMIR Air Operations for further clarification.

5. Best regards.

PROPOSED DUTIES OF
AIR LIAISON CELL - KIA

The duties of the AIR LIAISON CELL, KIA are as detailed below:

- (a.) To maintain liaison between the FHQ Air Ops and the Rwandese Airport Authority;
- (b.) To maintain close co-ordination with the Rwandese Airport Authority and all UNAMIR flights;
- c. Maintain close liaison with KIA Movement Control;
- d. Monitor and report to UNAMIR HQ of any incoming Arms and Ammunition;
- (e.) Co-ordinate any last minute change in the UNAMIR flight schedule with the Rwandese clearance issuing authority;
- (f.) Assist arriving/departing UNAMIR military personnel with appropriate information concerning all air movements;
- (g.) Co-ordinate with the representative of the Ministry of Transport and Communication regarding UNAMIR flight movement;
- h. Monitor the activities of the RPA Liaison Office at the Airport on the maintenance of the day-to-day security and alerting FHQ on the possible breach of security;
- i. To continuously maintain and execute UNAMIR contingency plan in the event of any eventuality; and
- (j.) Forward daily SITREP on all security and operational activities at the Airport.



File No 3000.3/OPS/1

To: C. Ouattara
Chief Air Ops/ Movecon

Info: P Hornsby (Chief Integrated Support Services)

Date: 12 Jan 95

Subject: PROPOSED DUTIES OF KIA AIR LIAISON CELL


References:

A. Air Operation Memo 070 dated 4 Jan 95. (1)

1. Thankyou for your note, at Reference, concerning the proposed revision of functions for the Air Liaison Cell at Kigali International Airport (KIA).

2. In general, I concur your assessment that we must avoid needless duplication of the civilian air operations functions now carried centrally by your office in HQ UNAMIR. Accordingly, I am content that you should now take the lead in civilian air operations matters in respect of KIA. However, there remains a significant reporting function for MILOBs at KIA; namely to reassure the Force Commander that we have ready access to the airport in the event of an emergency, and that all security breaches are adequately reported. Additionally, given the recent turbulence in our relationship with the RPA at KIA, I also believe that there is an ongoing need to improve our relations with the Rwandese security agencies, both RPA and Gendarm. These tasks will continue to be performed by the MILOBs.

3. To accommodate this shift of emphasis, it will be necessary to alter Terms of Reference (TOR) for the Air Liaison Cell, to redescribe its function as a joint supporting agency working to the joint military and civil air operations cell in HQ UNAMIR. Accordingly, a revised draft set of TOR for the KIA Air Liaison Cell is attached for your consideration.


A D BRIMELOW
Lt Col
for DCOS Ops

PROPOSED TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR THE AIR LIAISON CELL AT KIA

1. The Officer in Charge of the MILOB Air Liaison Cell at Kigali International Airport is responsible, through the joint military and civilian air operations cell at HQ UNAMIR, to the Force Commander for carrying out the following duties:

- a. Liaison with the Rwandese Airport Authority.
- b. Monitoring and reporting on the passage of all United Nations, humanitarian relief and Non Government Organisation (NGO) air activity at KIA.
- c. Close liaison with KIA Movement Control.
- d. Monitoring and reporting on any movements of Arms and Ammunition.
- (e.) Last minute liaison with the Rwandese clearance issuing authority on any late changes to UN flight schedules.
- (f.) Assisting arriving/departing UN personnel with information regarding passage to/from Rwanda, and all aspects of air movements.
- (g.) Answering queries regarding the utilisation of KIA facilities by UN personnel.
- h. Monitoring the activities of the Rwandese Security Services (RPA/Gendarm) at KIA with regard to all security aspects at the airport and its immediate area.
- i. Maintenance and execution of all UNAMIR contingency plans involving KIA.
- j. Drafting inputs to the daily SITREP on all security and operational aspects at KIA.



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UNAMIR - MINOAR

THIS FAX HAS THREE PAGES 1/3

SECTOR 4C MILOB HQ

FROM : MILOB SECTOR 4C CYANGUGU

TO : MILOB GP HQ KIGALI

INFO : UNAMIR TAC HQ BUTARE

UNAMIR HQ KIGALI//G2/G3/HAC//

SECT 4C MILOB TMS//GM1/GM3/GM5//

ZEN

SUBJ: SITREP NO.05 FROM 041800 TO 051800 MAR 95

1. GENERAL SITUATION.

a. Calm except in the area of Nyamasheke where the acts of banditry are still growing and may be getting worst since some of the Ethiopian's locs have been vacated in view of there repat.

b. At about 19:30 hrs the 4 Mar in Kirambo 0242 a gp of bandits coming in a boat landed directly in a RPA ambush. At one point a grenade was thrown in the boat, killing its 3 or 4 occupants. As of now, the bodies have not come back to the surface. They were carrying letters telling the Hutus to move to Zaire where they would be safe and protected.

c. At the same time an other gp of bandits attacked the home of a former Commune Policeman at Gasayo 9941. While looting the place they were disturbed by the firing in Kirambo and then opened fire at random, spraying bullets in the night. There was nobody injured in the incident and it is not known if they left back to Ijwi Island or they are still in the area.

In the whole area, people are concerned of the present state of affairs.

d. It is believed that the Burgemeister of Cyimbogo commune has fled to Zaire. He has been not seen since last week and was believed to be hiding in the Cyimbogo area until today when sources report his probability in Zaire.

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copy to G3 PLANS
Pse and FSO

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2. FACTIONAL ACTIVITIES.

A. **RPA.** Maj Kalindi is still not back in the Nyamasheke area.NTR.

B. **RGF.** It is possible that RGF are responsible for the killing of one and injuring of another in incident reported occurring 28 Feb in Rangiro.

C. **MILITIA.** NTR.

3. **CIVIL AFFAIRS.** Minister of the Family visited today. Milobs assisted in tpt of many orphans from MDM orphanage to the event. The event was hosted by the Prefet with about 300 attending, MDM staff incl Orphanage Msn Chief of Rwanda, UNHCR rep, and elms of RPA.

4. OWN ACTIVITIES.

a. Patrols were carried out in the area of responsibility and the reports are being sent separately.

5. **HUMANITARIAN.** 6 Refugees crossed from Zaïre in Uvira today.

b. Liaised with UNHCR, MSF, IRC, NPA, MDM and Human Rights today. No real problems being encountered. NPA reqr asst in assuring Gendarme and RPA cease entering hosp at Kamembe with wpns. UNHCR and certain NGO gps would appreciate access to utilize helicopter on low priority basis occassionally. Human Rights would like to attend as a non-participant in Milob Sector Comd conf 8 March. Advise.

c. Humanitarian offr will be dir assisting in International Tribunal data investigation. A patrol program will also be established.

6. LOGISTICS.

a. We have 3 veh in workshop plus one that is overdue for maint with brakes and suspension problems, leaving us with only two servicable veh for the Sect. The CTO has informed Sector 4C that 15 new veh will be issued to Milobs, and as req, sector 4C should remain a priority for two of the 15. Req status on our req for motorcycle - experienced drivers and safety helmets are aval. **Please ADVISE.**

b. Req replacement film for polaroid camera.

c. Req cord for generator to plug into office; reqr toner immed for photocopier (cylinder type)

3/3

d. What is the status of Ethiobat providing A and B maint?

7. **MISC.**

a. Channel 12 remains overused and is often experiencing jamming/repeater problems. Repeater for sector 4 reqr maint, possibly of battery power for repeater op. Sector 2 reqr its own freq repeater to be repaired. Is it possible for Human Rights to be on same (repeater) freq for all sectors rather than use channel 12.

b. Req the outline plan for Ethiobat rotation from UNAMIR HQ and what the plans are for refueling, comms between/from Sector Milob HQ, etc with new battalion. Also, how is the contingency plan affected, and will we receive a copy/brief?

SECTOR STRENGTH. (INCL 4 CIVPOL)

TOTAL: 28

ON DUTY:19

ON DUTY IN KIGALI:03

ON CTO:06



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UNAMIR

MILOB GP HQ

TO : ALL SECTORS

FILE : OPS/CONF

FROM : MILOB GP HQ

DATE : 04 MAR 95

INFO : DFC/CMO
FHQ (OPS) ✓
CIVPOL
HAC

ATTN : SECT COMDS

SUBJECT- SECT COMDS CONFERENCE

Reference:

A Ours OPS/SECT COMD CONF dated 01 Mar 95(only to action addressees).

1. The next Sect Comds Conference will be held at NYAMASHEKE in Sect 4C on 08 MAR 95.
2. Movement and concentration. Request for two Helo will be submitted by this HQ. One Halo will be used by DFC/CMO, DCMO, CHAC, Commissioner CIVPOL and three SOs. The departure time would be 0745 hrs. The second Halo will be used as per our letter under reference.
3. Agenda. Please see Annx attached.
4. Best Regards.

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for A ANOCHKINE
LT COL
FOR CMO

ANNX

(refers to MILOB GP
HQ letter No OPS/
CONF dt 04 Mar 95)

SECT COMDS CONFERENCE - 08 MAR 95
AGENDA

<u>TIME</u>	<u>EVENT</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
0830	Arrival of participants	
0845	Arrival of CMO	Tea/Coffee
0855	All seated	As per seating plan
0900	Welcome Address	Sect Comd 4C
0905	Opening Remarks by CMO	
0910-0920	Mins of Last Conf	SOO
0920-1040	Sect Briefs	Each Sect Comd to get 10 mins only
1040-1100	Tea/Coffee Break	
1100-1130	Staff Offrs Brief	10 mins per SO
1130-1140	CIVPOL Brief	
1140-1150	HAC Brief	
1150-1200	DCMO's Remarks	
1200-1215	CMO's Concluding Remarks	
1215-1230	Spare	
1230-1330	Lunch	
1330 onwards	Dispersal	

FROM: UNAMIR HQ

TO: MILOB GP HQ

INFO: ALL SECTOR MILOBS HQS

DATE: 03 MAR 95

SUBJECT: UP DATE OF MILOBS SUB SECTORS HQS

1. Request that you furnish this Hq with current MILOBS subsector Hqs indicating their GRs.
2. Regards.

To: MILOB GP HQ

From: MILOB Sector 5, Gisenyi

Date: 26 Feb 95

Subject: PLANS TO STOP POSSIBLE LOOTING OF CARE WAY STATION IN GISENYI.

INTRODUCTION

1. We have just received reports from reliable sources/informants that there are plans by the local to loot CARE way station in GISENYI. The looting is planned to take place on Tuesday, Feb. 1995. As a way of information, CARE International is the implementing partner of UNHCR in Rwanda. It handles all returnees on entry into Rwanda from Goma in GISENYI area providing them with their 7 days survival kits before they are moved to their home communes. CARE as a result has a large stock of edible and non edible items in the store /warehouse.

PLANS TO PREEMPT THIS LOOTING

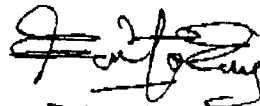
2. The Sector HQ staff with UNHCR coordinator for GISENYI met at 0900 H Sunday, 26 Feb 95, to draw up contingency plans to preempt this looting. After a critical analysis of the situation, and based on lessons learnt from the previous looting incident of WFP trucks, we have decided that :

- a. The local Gendarmerie be requested to carry out increased patrols (mobile/foot) in GISENYI metropolis - show of force for the whole week. The local Gendarmerie could well be contacted for this.
- b. RPA will also be requested to increase its physical presence in GISENYI during the week. Efforts are on to contact the local RPA comd for same.
- c. TUNBAT will again be requested to patrol (mobile /foot) in GISENYI metropolis during the week.
- d. Gendarmerie has accepted to deploy troops at the CARE station wef Monday, 27 Feb 95.
- e. MILOBS teams will conduct patrols in GISENYI metropolis at regular intervals during this week.
- f. Reports of refusal or reluctance on the part of any of the security agencies or UNAMIR formed troops will be communicated to you.

Attached
Hr Sent to
TUNBAT
28/2

3. Meanwhile, all MILOBS/UN civil staff have been requested to be on the alert and monitor the situation around town. Our informants will also be directed to be on the alert and report indications to this effect to this HQ.

4. MILOBS GP HQ will be informed of further developments.



E Essien
Lt Col
Sector Comd

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UNAMIR - MINUAR

THIS FAX HAS FIVE PAGES 1/5

SECTOR 4C MILOB HQ

FROM : MILOB SECTOR 4C CYANGUGU

TO : MILOB GP HQ KIGALI

INFO : UNAMIR TAC HQ BUTARE

UNAMIR HQ KIGALI//G2/G3/HAC//

SECT 4C MILOB TMS//GM1/GM3/GM5//

ZEN

SUBJ: SITREP NO.01 FROM 281800 FEB TO 011800 MAR 95

1. GENERAL SITUATION. Calm but remains unstable. Acts of banditry continue.
A SITREP summary and assessment is attached to this SITREP.

A UNESCO veh had an accident around 15:00 hrs 01 Mar 95, on the main road 31 Km East of Cyangugu. There was three pers injured in the accident and two ambulances were dispatched from C/S 4C.

2. FACTIONAL ACTIVITIES.

A. RPA. NTR.

B. RGF. NTR.

C. MILITIA. NTR.

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Copy to CTO
for action at para 6a.

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3. **CIVIL AFFAIRS.** The Cyangugu prefet had a meeting today in Nyagatabire 81 16 to explain political issues.
4. **OWN ACTIVITIES.**
 - a. Patrols were carried out in the area of responsibility and the reports are being sent separately.
5. **HUMANITARIAN.** There are 7 refugees waiting evacuation from Bugarama to Cyangugu.
6. **LOGISTICS.**
 - a. We have 4 veh in workshop plus one that is overdue for maint with brakes and suspension problems, leaving us with only two servicable veh for the Sect. **Please ADVICE?**
 - b. Reqr replacement film for polaroid camera.
7. **MISC.**
 - a. Channel 12 remains overused and is often experiencing jamming/repeater problems. Is it possible for Human Rights to be on same (repeater) freq for all sectors rather than use channel 12.

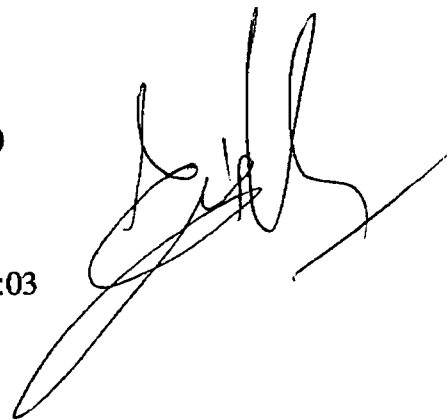
SECTOR STRENGTH. (INCL 4 CIVPOL)

TOTAL: 32

ON DUTY:23

ON DUTY IN KIGALI:06

ON CTO:03



FROM: SECTOR 4C MILOBS CYANGUGU
TO: MILOB GP HQ KIGALI
INFO: UNAMIR HQ KIGALI//G2/G3//

SUBJ: SITREP SUMMARY AND ASSESSMENT AS OF 01 MARCH 95

1. THE GEN SIT REMAINS RELATIVELY CALM, BUT IS ALSO UNSTABLE. FOR APPROX THREE WEEKS THE RPA IMPOSED AND ENFORCED A CURFEW THROUGHOUT THE PREFECTURE. THE CURFEW LAST FEW DAYS HAS BEEN LESS RIGIDLY ENFORCED AND HAS BEEN MODIFIED FROM 1900 TO 2100 HRS. REGARDLESS, ACTS OF BANDITRY, MURDER AND A MARKED INCREASE IN ARRESTS IN THE AREA CONTINUED. THIS INCLUDED A BOOBY TRAP EXPLOSION IN THE MARKET, FIREFIGHTS BETWEEN ETHIOBAT AND FRGF, ARRESTS OF FRGF AND ALSO THE ARREST OF SEVERAL OFFICIALS/INTELLECTUALS IN THE COMMUNITY. IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT THE RPA, NOT THE GENDARME, CONDUCTED ALL THE ARRESTS. THERE WAS AN APPARENT LACK OF INTEGRATED TASKS AND RESPONSIBILITIES BETWEEN THE RPA AND THE GENDARME. DISAGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PRIME MINISTER AND THE VICE PRESIDENT MAY INCLUDE THE DISPUTE BETWEEN HAVING THE GENDARME BECOME UNDER AUTH OF THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE, RATHER THAN REMAIN UNDER THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE, AS IS THE RPA. IT IS POSSIBLE THAT THIS SIT MAY BE AFFECTING THE ROLES AND COMMAND RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE SECTOR. INCIDENTS THAT COULD BE ASSOCIATED WITH INSURGENCY, OFFENCES WITH FIREARMS AND GRENADES STEADILY CONTINUE.

2. THE PREFET IS REMAINING OVERTLY DILIGENT IN CALMING THE POPULATION AND IS CONCERNED OF ALL SECURITY MATTERS, OFTEN ARRIVING ON THE SCENE PERSONALLY TO MAKE ENQUIRIES. MILOBS AND NGO'S ARE COOPERATING WELL AND MUCH INFO HAS BEEN PASSED FOR MUTUAL BENEFIT. IT IS POSSIBLE THAT THE INCREASE IN REPORTS TO UNMAIR KIGALI OF CRIMINAL ACTIVITY IS MORE A RESULT OF THE STEADY INCREASE IN COOPERATION FROM THE NGO AND COMMUNITY WITH MILOBS VICE A CERTAIN INCREASE IN THE ACTIVITY ITSELF. HUMANITARIAN ACTIVITIES CONTINUE AND THE NGO COMMUNITY SUPPORTS THE REPAT OF REFUGEES, BUT THE CONTINUED ACTS OF BANDITRY, LACK OF TRUST OF SOME RPA PROCEDURES, THEIR OCCASIONAL SUSPECTED INVOLVEMENT AND LACK OF A SOUND LEGAL PROCESS SYSTEM IMPEDE AN OPTIMISTIC AND ENERGETIC APPROACH TO THE PREFETS MANY IDEAS FOR PREFECTORIAL ENHANCEMENT.

3. THE SECTEURS LOCATED ALONG THE RUZIZI RIVER, LAKE KIVU AND PARTICULARLY THE AREA KNOWN AS NYAMASHEKE REMAIN THE MOST ACTIVE WITH CRIMINAL ACTIVITY. FRGF ARE CONFIRMED TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SOME INCIDENTS, RPA ARE SUSPECTED FOR OTHERS, AS ARE SIMPLE BANDITS IN SOME CASES. IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT INCIDENTS SUSPECTED OF BEING RPA USUALLY IMPLIES THAT MEMBERS OF RPA MAY BE SUSPECTED OF COMMITTING A CRIME ON THEIR OWN ACCORD, NOT NECESSARILY AN ORDER. THE INTERESTING MODIFICATION TO SOME OF THE RECENT INCIDENTS IS: IN BUGARAMA AREA KNOWN FRGF HAVE BEEN REPORTED TO BE CROSSING FROM BURUNDI TO VISIT FAMILY; SECONDLY, PROBABLE INTERAHAMWE FROM WEST SIDE OF RUZIZI IN ZAIRE HAVE ATTACKED TUTSI FAMILIES IN CYMBOGO

② cc
Pse make copies for DFC
COSXDCOS OPS for their info

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③ treated
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COMMUNE. THE SECOND INCIDENT WHICH OCCURRED APPROX 25-26 FEB IS THE FIRST KNOWN INCIDENT WHICH DID NOT INVOLVE HUTU VICTIMS. IT IS REPORTED THAT MANY FAMILIES IN THE AREA ARE SEEKING REFUGE FROM NEARBY ETHIOBAT PL POSN DURING THE NIGHT. IT APPEARS THE MIL AND CIV COMMUNITY IS BEING VERY CAUTIOUS IN DISSEMINATING INFO THAT IS A REMINDER TO SENSITIVE MEMORIES. THE PREFET HIMSELF HAS CANCELLED MEETINGS TO PERSONALLY LOOK INTO THE MATTER.

4. IT HAS BEEN NOTED THAT THERE HAVE BEEN SEVERAL INCIDENTS IN LAST FEW DAYS IN NYAMASHEKE AREA. SOME OF THE INCIDENTS INVOLVE RPA SOLDIERS BEING RESPONSIBLE FOR WPN DISCHARGES, EXCESS DRINKING, AND SUSPECTED OF CERTAIN SHOOTINGS AND DEATHS. IT IS POSSIBLE THAT, IF TRUE, THESE LOCAL INCIDENTS MAY BE RELATED TO THE TEMPORARY ABSENCE OF AN OFFICER AFTER THE DEATH OF LT MUHIGO EARLIER IN THE WEEK.

5. DURING THE LAST FEW DAYS SEVERAL INCIDENTS HAVE OCCURRED IN SECTOR 4C:

A. NYAMASHEKE. DRUNK SOLDIERS FIRED SEVERAL ROUNDS INTO THE AIR THROUGHOUT THE EARLY MORNING HRS OF 28 FEB. GP OF UNKNOWN ROBBERS LOOTED HOME OF MUKABA HARARA-NO INJURY REPORTED.

B. ISHARA 0245. GP OF UNKNOWN BANDITS LOOTED SUBSTANTIAL AMOUNT OF GOODS AND ANIMALS FROM A HOMESTEAD IN EARLY MORNING OF 28 FEB. RPA SHOT AND KILLED BLACK MALE NAMED MUNYASHEMA AT APPROX 1800 27 FEB. RPA CLAIM VICTIM WAS ESCAPING ARREST.

C. KIRAMBO COMMUNE. ON 18 FEB FERDINAND JAMUNITA SHOT BY RPA WHILE HE WAS REPORTED BY RPA TO BE ESCAPING CUSTODY. RPA ACCIDENTALLY SHOT AND KILLED FEMALE ADULT MORNING OF 28 FEB NAMED NYIRASHUTI. SHE WAS IN CUSTODY OF RPA WHEN A WEAPON APPARENTLY DISCHARGED. AT RANGIRO 0634 AT APPROX 2000 27 FEB, A GP OF UNIDENT SOLDIERS ATTACKED THE HOME OF BUSINESSMAN NIYIGENA AND STOLE 150,000 RF AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS. THEY ALSO ROBBED HOME OF A LOCAL PASTOR. THESE SAME INDIVIDUALS UPON ENCOUNTERING TWO BROTHERS NAMED BAVUGARUSHE AND NSABIMANA, SHOT THEM. BAVUGARUSHE SUCCOMBED IMMEDIATELY FROM THE RIFLE FIRE, THE OTHER RAN AWAY BUT WAS HIT BY 5 BULLETS IN THE LEGS AND FEET, AND WAS TPT BY MSF AND TREATED AT KAMEMBE.

D. BUGARAMA COMMUNE. 26 FEB AT RUGANDA 8908 ARMED BANDITS LOOTED A HOME OF JEAN MARIE. NIGHT OF 26 IN AREA OF MUHEWE 8708/CYUNGURIZO 8907 ARMED BANDITS LOOTED SHOP OF BONIFACE. ON 27 FEB IN MUHEWE 9007 BURGEMEISTER ARRESTED (HOW - NOT CFM) AND DELIVERED TO GENDARME MR JEAN HABIMANO FOR FORGERY (THIS MAN WAS WANTED FOR LAST 3 MONTHS).

E. GISHOMA COMMUNE. NIGHT OF 26 FEB NEAR MIDNIGHT IN AREA OF GISAGARA/BUKOWOZO 8011 IT IS REPORTED THAT ARMED BANDITS IN UNIFORM AND COMING FROM ZAIRE ATTACKED FAMILY OF FAGAHUTU THEOGENE. HE WAS WOUNDED BY A BULLET IN THE STOMACH WHILE TRYING TO RUN AWAY. HIS PREGNANT WIFE WAS SERIOUSLY BEATEN. THE HOME WAS LOOTED OF GOODS AND ANIMALS.

6. IT IS REPORTED THAT MANY PRISONERS THAT ARE DETAINED BY RPA ARE BEATEN AND/OR TORTURED BEFORE TRANSPORT TO THE GENDARMERIES IN BUGARAMA AND CYANGUGU, AND SEPERATE ACCOUNTS OF BEATINGS IN THE GENDARMERIE ITSELF. HUMAN RIGHTS TMS ARE STILL EXPERIENCEING

ACCESS PROBLEMS TO MANY DETENTION FACILITIES AND IN PARTICULAR THE GENDARMERIE JAIL IN CYANGUGU (KAMEMBE). ICRC HAVE ALSO HAD DIFFICULTY AND WERE APPROACHED WITH POSSIBLE ACCESS IF FOOD WAS DELIVERED. ICRC RIGHTFULLY DECLINED.

7. ACTS OF BANDITRY, INSURGENCY, ETC ARE EXPECTED TO CONTINUE. IT IS PRESUMED THAT AT SOME POINT POSSIBLE MORE ORGANIZED MIL ACTION MAY OCCUR. THE LARGE AMOUNT OF REFUGEES AND ITS INHERENT ELEMENTS ON IJWI ISLAND AND THE CAMPS AT BUKAVU AND THE KNOWN FRGF AT THE BURUNDI BORDER MAKE IT MORE POSSIBLE NOT LESS POSSIBLE AS TIME GOES BY. IT IS RUMOURED THAT ONE FRGF CAMP IN ZAIRE IS NOW TRAINING AT A HIGHER LEVEL THAN BEFORE; ALSO, THAT THE DATE OF APRIL 06 1995 IS THE NEW REVISED DATE OF POSSIBLE RETURN OF RGF TO RWANDA. REPORT THAT INTERAHAMWE HAVE DONE SOME REORG AND HAVE POSSIBLY CHANGED THE NAME IS STILL UNCONFIRMED.

8. This summary and assessment do not cover the past month but only the past few days as the acts of banditry increase.

